The Palmer Journal.

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—BY—
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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at liberal rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed in the best style, and at short notice.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.34, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11,07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 3.00 and 7.08 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, House-Shoeing and Jobbing Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LYMAN DIMOCK, dealer in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Mrs. A. C. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of American House.

R. J. GARDNER & SON, Central street, House Painters, Grainers, and Paper Hangers.

S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

SILAS RUGGLES, M. D., residence, Dickinson Place, Three Rivers.

S. R. LAWRENCE, will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

TOCKWOTTON HOUSE, Main street, E. M. Turner, Proprietor. A first-class house.

W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

WARE.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

C. E. & J. T. STEVENS, agents for the Anchor, Inman, Cunard, Tapscott's and William's line of steamers.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

G. K. CUTLER, Bookseller and Stationer, and dealer in Paper Hanging, Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

GREEN & MARSH, dealer in Stoves and Ranges. Agents for the best furnaces made—set and warranted. Roofing and Job Work solicited.

HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, R. Snow, Proprietor. Good livery stable. Free carriage to and from depot.

H. P. PAIGE, Fancy and sign Painter, at Zenas Marsh's.

J. KEEFE & CO., dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc.

JERRE BYRNS, Ware Bakery—Bread, Crackers, Cake, &c., supplied to families and the trade.

R. N. ROBERTS, Photographer, and dealer in Rustic and Oval Frames, Albums, &c., Ely's Block.

PATRICK McMAHON, manufacturer of and dealer in every variety of American and Foreign Marble, Church street.

MISS L. A. HASTINGS, Dressmaking in the latest styles. Rooms on Pleasant street.

MRS. C. PHIPPS, Hoop skirt and Corset Rooms, Maple St., opp. Depot. Ladies fitted in extra large sizes. Skirts and Corsets made to order.

H. L. BARNES, Licensed Auctioneer. Orders left at Chas. A. Stevens' counting room.

T. McBRIDE, repairs Boots and Shoes in the best style.

WARE HOTEL LIVERY—F. Gilmore, Proprietor. Good teams to let at fair prices.

W. S. DUNHAM, dealer in Stoves, Furnaces, &c. Repairing and plumbing done at reasonable rates.

ZENAS MARSH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Sign Painter, and dealer in Sash and Blinds, Bank street.

MONSON.

ARBA SQUIER, Carpenter & Builder and dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Flooring, and Building Material.

A. H. BLISS, manufacture of fine Harness and Livery Goods.

A. L. CALKINS, Painter, Grainer, and Paper Hanger. A good assortment of Paper Hangings on hand. Shop on Washington street, Monson.

GEO. W. BURDICK, Blacksmith, Stone Shop, Monson.

CUSHMAN HOUSE, L. G. Cushman, Proprietor. A good livery connected with the house.

G. H. NEWTON, Real Estate Agent, Insurance Solicitor, Auctioneer and Appraiser.

JOHN A. ORCUTT, Carpenter and Builder, Timber and Lumber for sale.

JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Nothing But Work.

BY MRS. M. A. KIDDER.

"Nothing but work," said poor motherless Nell,
As she entered the shop at the stroke of the bell;
As she took up her needle and broke off her thread.
"Nothing but work—why, one better be dead.
Would I might ramble from morning till night,
With nothing to do—what a blessed delight!
My lily-white hands like a lady's would be,
My life, oh, so happy—my actions so free!"

"Nothing but work!" said young carpenter Ben,
As he labored, the most discontented of men;
"Hand-saw and chisel, and anger and plane,
Nothing but work, with but little of gain.
Yonder fine gentleman roams at his will,
Cash in his pockets and cash in his till,
While fate keeps me busy, with no chance to shirk—
Nothing but work! ah, nothing but work!"

Suddenly something came into the day;
Gloom, like a pall, o'er heritage lay;
Fear and distrust cooled the ardent man's zeal—
Ruin and panic stopped short the mill-wheel.
"No work!" soon muffled the factory bell—
"Nothing to do!" was soon whispered to Nell;
"No houses building," says carpenter Ben—
"Nothing to do for the busiest men!"

"Nothing to do!" what a terrible cry!
Cobwebs hung thick as the stars in the sky,
Over the factory windows and doors—
Dust-heaps, ungathered, now littered the floors.
Nell had enough of her "lady-like" walks;
Ben had too much of his pipe and his talks—
Idleness, now, that had glittered like gold,
Proved like a tragical story oft told.

By and by confidence reigned in the land;
Hope, with her angels, a beautiful band,
Marched through the cities and through the towns;
Labor sent forth her sweet musical sounds.
Pretty Nell took up her needle and thread,
Singing, "'Tis labor that sweetens our bread;"
Ben, in his work-shop, begs, rather, to-day,
For over-much labor than over-much play.

THE SOCIAL SERPENT.

A lady, whom we will call Mrs. Harding, touched with the destitute condition of a poor, sick widow, who had three small children, determined from an impulse of true humanity, to awaken, if possible, in the minds of some friends and neighbors, an interest in her favor. She made a few calls one morning with this end in view, and was gratified to find that her appeal made a favorable impression. The first lady whom she saw, a Mrs. Miller, promised to select from her own and children's wardrobe a number of cast-off garments for the widow, and to aid her in other respects, at the same time asking Mrs. Harding to call in on the next day, when she would be able to let her know what she could do.

Pleased with her reception, and encouraged to seek further aid for the widow, Mrs. Harding withdrew and took her way to the house of another acquaintance. Scarcely had she left when a lady, named Little, dropped in to see Mrs. Miller. To her the latter said, soon after her entrance:

"I've been very much interested in the case of a poor widow this morning. She is sick, with three little children dependent upon her, and destitute of almost everything. Mrs. Harding was telling me about it."

"Mrs. Harding!" The visitor's countenance changed, and she looked unutterable things. "I wonder!" she added, in well-assumed surprise, and then was silent.

"What's the matter with Mrs. Harding?" asked Mrs. Miller.

"I should think," said Mrs. Little, "she was in nice business, running around, gossiping about indigent widows, when some of her own relatives are so poor that they can hardly keep body and soul together."

"Is this really so?" asked Mrs. Miller.

"Certainly it is. I had it from my chambermaid, whose sister is cook next door to where a cousin of Mrs. Harding's lives, and they say they are, one-half of their time, she really believes, in a starving condition."

"But does Mrs. Harding know of this"

"She ought to, for she goes there sometimes, I hear."

"She didn't come merely to gossip about the poor widow," said Mrs. Miller. "Her errand was to obtain something to relieve her necessities."

"Did you give her anything?" asked Mrs. Little.

"No; but I told her to call and see me tomorrow, when I would have something for her."

"Do you want to know my opinion of this matter?" said Mrs. Little, drawing herself up, and assuming a very important air.

"What is your opinion?"

"Why, that there is no poor widow in the case at all."

"Mrs. Little?"

"You needn't look surprised. I'm just in earnest. I never had much faith in Mrs. Harding, at the best."

"I am surprised. If there was no poor widow in the case what did she want with charity?"

"She has poor relations of her own, for whom, I suppose, she's ashamed to beg. So you see my meaning now."

"You surely wrong her."

"Don't believe a word of it. At any rate, take my advice, and be the almoner of your own bounty. When Mrs. Harding comes again ask her the name of this poor widow, and where she lives. If she gives you a name and residence go and see for yourself."

"I will act on your suggestion," said Mrs. Miller, "Though I can hardly make up my mind to think so meanly of Mrs. Harding; still, from the impression your words produce I deem it only prudent to be, as you term it, the almoner of my own bounty."

The next lady upon whom Mrs. Harding called was a Mrs. Johns, and in her mind she succeeded in also awakening an interest for the poor widow.

"Call and see me, to-morrow," said Mrs. Johns, "and I'll have something for you."

"Not long after Mrs. Harding's departure, Mrs. Little called, in her round of gossiping visits, and to her Mrs. Johns mentioned the case of the poor widow, that matter being, for the time, uppermost in her thoughts."

"Mrs. Hardings poor widow, I suppose," said Mrs. Little, in a half-sneering, half-malicious tone of voice.

Mrs. Johns looked surprised, as a matter of course.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"Oh, nothing much. Only I've heard of this destitute widow before."

"You have?"

"Yes, and between you and me"—the voice of Mrs. Little became low and confidential—"it's the opinion of Mrs. Miller and myself, that there is no poor widow in the case."

"Mrs. Little! You astonish me! No poor widow in the case! I can't understand this. Mrs. Harding was very clear in her statement. She described the widow's condition, and very much excited my sympathies. What object can she have in view?"

"Mrs. Miller and I think," said the visitor, "and both with good reason, that this widow is only put forward as a cover."

"As a cover to what?"

"To some charities that she has reasons of her own for not wishing to make public."

"Still in the dark. Speak out more plainly."

"Plainly, then, Mrs. Johns, we have good reasons for believing, Mrs. Miller and I, that she is begging for some of her own poor relations. Mrs. Miller is going to see if she can find the widow."

"Indeed! That's another matter altogether. I promised to do something in the case, but I shall now decline. I couldn't have believed such a thing of Mrs. Harning! But so it is; you never know people until you find them out."

"No, indeed, Mrs. Johns. You never spoke a truer word in your life," replied Mrs. Little, emphatically.

On the day following, after seeing the poor widow, ministering to some of her immediate wants, and encouraging her to expect more substantial relief, Mrs. Harding called, as she had promised to do, on Mrs. Miller. A little to her surprise, the lady received her with unusual coldness; and yet, plainly, with an effort to seem friendly.

"You have called about the poor widow you spoke of yesterday," said Mrs. Miller.

"Such is the object of my present visit."

"What is her name?"

"Mrs. Aitkin."

"Where did you say she lived?"

The residence was promptly given.

"I've been thinking," said Mrs. Miller, slightly coloring, and with some embarrassment, "that I would call in and see this poor woman myself."

"I wish you would," was the earnest reply of Mrs. Harding. "I am sure if you do so all your sympathies will be excited in her favor."

As Mrs. Harding said this she arose, and with a manner that showed her to be hurt as well as mortified, bade Mrs. Miller a formal good morning, and retired. Her next call was upon Mrs. Johns. Much to her surprise her reception here was quite as as cold. So affected was she by the singular, and to her unaccountable change in the manner of these ladies, that Mrs. Harding had no heart to call upon two others, who had promised to do something for the widow, but went home disappointed, and suffering from a troubled and depressed state of feeling.

So far as worldly goods were concerned, Mrs. Harding could not boast very large possessions. She was herself a widow, and her income, while it sufficed with economy to supply the moderate wants of her family, left her but little for luxuries, the gratification of taste, or the pleasures of benevolence.—Quick to feel the wants of the needy, no instance of destitution came under her observation that she did not make some effort toward procuring relief.

What now was to be done? She had excited the sick woman's hopes—had promised that her immediate wants, and those of her children, should be supplied. From her own means, without great self-denial, this could not be effected. True, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Johns had both promised to call upon the poor widow, and, in person, administer relief. But Mrs. Harding did not place much reliance on this; for something in the manner of both ladies impressed her with the idea that their promise merely covered a wish to recede from their first intentions.

"Something must be done," said she, musingly. And then she set herself earnestly to the work of devising ways and means. Where there's a will there's a way. No saying was ever truer than this.

It was, perhaps, a week later, that Mrs. Little called again upon Mrs. Miller.

"What of Mrs. Harding's poor widow," said the former, after some ill-natured gossip about a mutual friend.

"Oh, I declare! I've never thought of the woman since," said Mrs. Miller, in a tone of self-condemnation. "And I promised Mrs. Harding that I would see her. I really blame myself."

"No great harm done, I presume," said Mrs. Little.

"I don't know that. I'm hardly prepared to think as meanly of Mrs. Harding as you do. At any rate I'm going this day to redeem my promise.

"What promise?"

"The promise that I made Mrs. Harding, that I would see the woman she spoke of, and relieve her, if needed."

"You'll have all your trouble for nothing."

"No matter, I'll clear my conscience, and that is something. Come, won't you go with me?"

Mrs. Little declined the invitation at first; but, strongly urged by Mrs. Miller, she finally consented. So the two ladies forthwith took their way toward the neighborhood in which Mrs. Harding had said the needy woman lived. They were within a few doors of the house, which had been very minutely described by Mrs. Harding, when they met Mrs. Johns.

"Ah!" said the latter, with animation, "just the person, of all others, I most wished to see, How could you, Mrs. Miller, so greatly wrong Mrs. Harding?"

"I wrong her, Mrs. Johns? I don't understand you." And Mrs. Miller looked considerably astonished.

"Mrs. Little informed me that you had good reasons for believing all this story about a poor widow to be a mere subterfuge, got up to cover some doings of her own, that Mrs. Harding was ashamed to bring to the light."

"Mrs. Little!" There was profound astonishment in the tones of Mrs. Miller, and her eyes had in them such an indignant light, as she fixed them upon her companion, that the latter quailed under her gaze.

"Acting from this impression," resumed Mrs. Johns, "I declined placing at her disposal the means of relief promised; but, instead, told her that I would myself see the needy person for whom she asked aid. This I have, until now, neglected to do; and this neglect, or indifference I might rather call it, has arisen from a belief that there was no poor widow in the case. Wrong has been done, Mrs. Miller, great wrong! How could you have imagined such baseness of Mrs. Harding?"

"And there *is* a poor, sick widow in great need?" said Mrs. Miller, now speaking calmly, and with regained self-possession.

"There is a sick widow," replied Mrs. Johns, "but not at present in great need. Mrs. Harding has supplied immediate wants."

"Well, Mrs. Little!" Mrs. Miller again turned her eyes, searchingly, upon her companion.

"I—I—thought so. It was my impression—I had good reason for—I—I—" stammered Mrs. Little.

"It should have been enough for you to intercept the benevolence in my case, by your unfounded suggestions. Not content with this, however, you must use my name in still further spreading your unjust suspicions, and actually make me the author of the charges against a noble-minded woman, which had their origin in your own evil thoughts."

"I will not bear such language," said the offended Mrs. Little, indignantly; and turning with an angry toss of the head, she left the ladies to their own reflections.

"I am taught one good lesson from this circumstance," said Mrs. Miller, as they walked away; "and that is, never to even seem to have my good opinion of another affected by the allegations and surmises of a social gossip. Such people always suppose the worst, and readily pervert the most unselfish actions into moral offences. The harm they do is incalculable."

"And, as in the present case," remarked Mrs. Johns, "they make others responsible for their base suggestions. Had Mrs. Little not coupled your name with the implied charges against Mrs. Harding, my mind would not have been poisoned against her."

"While not a breath of suspicion had ever crossed mine until Mrs. Little came in, and wantonly intercepted the stream of benevolence about to flow forth to a needy, and, I doubt not, most worthy object."

"We have made of her an enemy. At least you have; for you spoke to her with smarting plainness," said Mrs. Johns.

"Better the enmity of such than their friendship," replied Mrs. Miller. "Their words of detraction cannot harm so much as the poison of evil thought toward others, which they ever seek to infuse. Your dearest friend is not safe from them, if she be pure as an angel. Let her name but pass your lips, and instantly it is breathed upon, and the spotless surface grows dim."

GIRLS—BY A BOY.

Girls are the most unaccountable things in the world, except women. Like the flea, when you have them they ain't there. I can cipher clean over to improper fractions, and the teacher says I do first rate; but I can't cipher out a girl, proper or improper, and you can't neither. The only rule in the arithmetic that hits their case is the double rule of two. They are as full of the Old Nick as their skins can hold, and they would die if they couldn't torment somebody. When they try to be mean, they are as mean as parsley, though they ain't as mean as they let on, except sometimes, and then they are a good deal meaner. The only way to get along with a girl, when she comes at you with nonsense is to give her tit for tat; that will flummax her, and when you get a girl flummaxed she is as nice as a new pin. A girl can sow more wild oats in a day than a boy can sow in a year; but girls get their wild oats sowed after a while, which boys never do, and they settle down as calm and placid as a mud puddle. But I like the girls first rate, and I guess the boys all do. I don't care how many tricks they play on me—and they don't care either. The hoity-toitiest girls in the world can't always boil over like a glass of soda. By-and-by they will get into the traces with somebody they like, and pull as steady as an old stage horse. That is the beauty of them. So let them wave, I say; they will pay for it some day, sewing on buttons and trying to make a decent man of the feller they have spliced on to, and the chances are ten to one if they don't get the worst of it.

BREAKING IN A KING.

"We vaguely recall a custom," says the Milwaukee Sentinel, "said to prevail among a tribe of negroes, in the interior of Africa. When the king dies the heir apparent is first seized by the people and clothed in the most wretched garments. Then he is seated on the ground, and the people address him in the vilest language and treat him to a perfect shower of abusive terms. After this they attack him and drive him through the streets, pelting him with mud the while and lashing him vigorously with switches. At the close of this interesting performance he is washed, arrayed in the most gorgeous apparel, treated with the most lavish courtesy and respect, crowned with infinite ceremony, and ever after implicitly obeyed. This tribe is so remote from civilization that only a few hardy explorers have penetrated its territory. Hence the negroes must be acquitted of having organized a burlesque upon the American system of choosing a ruler; otherwise it would be difficult to resist the conviction that the practice had some such sinister purpose."

LANGUAGE OF FINGER RINGS.—In the case of a gentleman wishing to marry—literally "in the market" with his heart—he wears a plain or chased gold ring on the first finger of the left (or heart) hand.

When success attends his suit, and he is actually engaged, the ring passes to the second finger.

After marriage it passes to the third finger.

If, however, the gent wishes to tell the fair ones that he not only is not in market, but he does not design to marry at all, he wears the signet upon his little finger, and all the ladies may understand that he is out of their reach.

With the fair sex the "laws of the ring" are:

A plain or chased gold ring on the little finger of the right hand implies "not engaged," or, in plainer words, "ready for proposals, sealed or otherwise."

When engaged, the ring passes to the first finger of the left hand.

When married, the third finger receives it.

If the fair one proposes to defy all siege to her heart, she places the ring on her first and fourth fingers—one on each, like two charms to keep away the tempter. It is somewhat singular that this disposition of rings is rare!

A fond father sent his young hopeful of four into an adjoining room to get a book. The boy came back and said it wasn't there. "Yes it is, my son," said the father; "it's on the table." The boy went back, and reported again that there was no book there. The father got impatient, and sent another child for the book, and in the meantime the mother brought the book from a different room, with the remark, "Here's your book; it was on the mantel-piece." The gentleman composed himself to read, but about ten minutes afterward discovered the young hopeful still standing by his chair and regarding him intently. As he raised his eyes the boy broke out, solemnly, "Father, there's a fib about somewhere, and I didn't tell it."—*Woman's Journal.*

"You come well recommended, I suppose?" said a gentleman to a boy who wanted an easy place. "Oh, yes, sir; the man I was with last recommended me; he recommended me to leave and get work more congenial to my disposition."

The Clergyman and the Peddler.

A clergyman, who longed to trace
Amid his flock a work of grace,
And mourned because he knew not why
Yon fleece kept wet while his kept dry,
While thinking what he could do more,
Heard some one rapping at the door;
And, opening it, there met his view
A dear old brother whom he knew,
Who had got down, by worldly blows,
From wealth to peddling cast-off clothes.
"Come in, my brother," said the pastor;
"Perhaps my trouble you can master;
For since the summer you withdrew
My converts have been very few."
"I can," the peddler said, "unroll
Something, perchance, to ease your soul;
And, to cut short all useless speeches,
Bring me a pair of your old breeches."
The clothes were brought, the peddler gazed,
And said, "No longer be amazed—
The gloss upon this cloth is such,
I think, perchance, you sit too much,
Building air castles, bright and gay,
Which Satan loves to blow away.
And here, behold, as I am born,
The nap from neither knee is worn!
He who would great revivals see,
Must wear his pants out at the knee.
For such the lever prayer supplies,
When pastors kneel, their churches rise."

A SELF-TAUGHT BOY.

The Duke of Argyll, who lived in Queen Anne's reign, was one day walking in his garden, when he saw a Latin book lying on the ground. Thinking it had been brought from his library, he gave directions for it to be taken back; when a lad, called Edmund Stone, then in his eighteenth year, a son of the gardener, claimed it as his own. The duke was surprised, and on questioning him was still further astonished at his answers.

"But how," said the duke, "came you by the knowledge of these things?"

Stone replied, "A servant taught me, ten years since, to read;" and, on being further pressed by the duke, he thus continued:

"I first learned to read. The masons were at work upon your house. I approached them one day, and observed that the architect used a rule and compasses, and that he made calculations. I inquired what might be the use and meaning of these things, and I was informed that there was a science called arithmetic, and I purchased a book of arithmetic, and learned it. I was told that there was another science called geometry; I bought the necessary books, and learned geometry. By reading, I found that there were books on these two sciences in Latin; I bought a dictionary, and I learned Latin. I understood, also, that there were good books also in French; I bought a dictionary, and learned French. And this, my lord, is what I have done; it seems to me that we may learn everything when we know the twenty-six letters of the alphabet."

Edmund Stone afterward published some scientific works, and was chosen a Fellow of the Royal Society. All know the twenty-six letters of the alphabet, but how few have thought the knowledge of them was so valuable as to enable them to learn everything.

WHY BOILING MILK FOAMS.

When milk is boiled its volume is greatly enlarged, while water merely bubbles without any increase in bulk why is it that the two liquids under the same circumstances behave so differently?

When water is gradually heated to the boiling point, the portion nearest the fire first reaches the temperature of 212 degrees, and the first particle that is heated to this degree is immediately converted into steam. As in its new form its volume is about 1700 fold greater than in the liquid state, while its weight remains the same, it floats upward through the water, being held in a nearly spherical shape by the nearly equal pressure of the water on all sides. When it reaches the surface it is lighter than air, and consequently floats away into the atmosphere, and being invisible, it is lost to our sight. The rapid formation of these little globes of steam, and their rising through the water, produce that peculiar disturbance of the liquid which we call ebullition or boiling.

When milk is boiled the same little globes of steam are formed, but their surface is coated with an exceedingly thin film of the casein which is one of the constituents of milk, and which has sufficient tenacity to prevent the bubbles from breaking when they reach the surface, or from being separated from the liquid. They consequently accumulate as they successively rise to the surface, forming the white foam which so frequently flows over the edge of the vessel into the fire.

THE WAISTCOAT POCKETS.—A young man from one of the suburban districts was in one of our tailor shops getting measured for a new vest the other forenoon.

"Married or unmarried?" queried the merchant taking down the number.

"Unmarried," said the young man with a blush.

"Inside pocket on the left hand side, then," observed the tailor as if to himself, making a memorandum to that effect.

After a pause the young man from the suburbs inquired:

"What difference does my being married or unmarried make with the inside pocket of the vest?"

"Ah, my dear sir," observed the tailor, with a bland smile, "all the difference possible, as you must see. Being unmarried you want the pocket on the left hand side, so as to bring the young lady's picture next to your heart."

"But don't the married man also want his wife's picture next to his heart," queried the anxious youth.

"Possibly there is an instance of that kind," said the tailor, arching his eyebrows, "but I never heard of it."—*Danbury News.*

THE FOOT.—A perfectly beautiful woman's foot should be in length a little less than one seventh of her height. It should be arched on the top so that the line is one half of Cupid's bow, and underneath so that if it is wet and set upon the floor, it will leave in the middle only a slender water-mark. It should be broadest across the ball; and the rosy toes, of which the second should be the longest, should spread flat upon the ground at every step. The heel, which should also be rosy, should descend almost in a straight line from behind the ankle, and should be delicately rounded. It should be as white as ivory, and marked upon the soft and cushion-like instep with faint indications of blue veins. It is remarkable that there seems to be some very fascinating idea connected with a woman's foot, and particularly with its length; for to "know the length of a woman's foot" has long been, according to an old adage, to enjoy the highest degree of her favor.

Many a man worth a million is utterly worthless.

A BAD PROSPECT.

The northern hemisphere is now having its great summer. In about 10,000 years it will be in the midst of its great winter; and whatever differences there may be between the two hemispheres, owing to astronomical causes, will then be in full force against the northern. A distinguished Scotch mathematician, Mr. James Croll, has estimated that the melting of a mile in thickness of present Antarctic ice would raise the level at the North Pole 300 feet, and at Glasgow 280 feet. We have calculated from data which were intended to be under-estimates in every case, that there were at least two and a half miles of average thickness in what geographers call the great ice cupola of the South Pole. If, therefore, not only this were removed, but an equal quantity of ice were deposited at the North Pole, there would be a deepening of the sea at the Arctic Circle of 1500 feet. Thus it is seen that, as certainly as terrestial revolutions continue, in the course of 10,000 years there must come an entire reversal of polar conditions. The southern waters must be drained off to make the ocean of an opposite hemisphere. New lands, enriched with the sediment of centuries, will rise up to extend the borders of the old south continents, and islands joining together will expand into mainlands. At the same time the northern continents must be in a great part submerged, and their summits and ranges become the bleak islands and the bold headlands of a tempestuous ocean. Central Asia, with its broad table lands, may still retain the name of a continent; but, beyond a few outlying islands, there will be no Europe, and but little of North America left. The Atlantic waters will stand five hundred feet over Lake Superior, and will wash the Rocky Mountains in all their length. A new Gulf stream may again, as it must often have done before, flow up the valley of the Mississippi, returning the deltas to the prairies, and making the beds of the garden of the world. These are no idle or impossible fancies. Not only as they are the results of rigorous calculation, but they accord perfectly with the unmistakable evidences which the ocean left, all over our land, of its recent work and presence.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

AN EXTRAORDINARY FIREPROOF SUIT.—An exhibition of the Oestberg fire extinguishing apparatus took place on the Lindenstrasse in Berlin, recently, in the presence of the Emperor, the Empress and other distinguished persons. The inventor is a Swede, named Oestberg. Captain Ahlstrom appeared in a peculiar looking costume, made of the Oestberg invention, and walked into an immense fire made of wood saturated with petroleum. The heat of the fire was so intense that no one else could approach within eighty paces without being burned or scorched. The captain, however, walked around in the glowing pile perfectly undisturbed, leaning on the burning wood, and finally quietly seating himself on the coals. He remained in the fire for fifteen minutes, and on his coming out every one pressed round to see how much he had been injured. He was unharmed, and in spite of the Emperor's asseveration that he had seen enough of so dangerous an experiment, Captain Ahlstrom went again into the fiery oven. On finally emerging he took off the suit and appeared in red flannel.

STOP THE INTEREST.—Daniel Webster once dined with an old Boston merchant, and when they came to the wine, a dusty old bottle was carefully decanted by Peter and passed to the host. Taking the bottle, he poured out Mr. Webster's glass and handed it to him. Then, pouring another for himself, he held it up to the light and said:

"How do you like it, Mr. Webster?"

"I think it a fine specimen of old Port."

"Now you can't guess what that cost me," said the host.

"Surely not!" said Mr. Webster; "I only know that it is excellent."

"Well now, I can tell you, for I made a careful estimate the other day. When I add the interest to the first price, I find that it cost me the sum of just one dollar and twenty-five cents per glass!"

"Good gracious! you don't say so," said Mr. Webster; and then, draining his glass, he hastily presented it again, with the remark, "Fill up as quick as you can, for I want to stop that confounded interest."

HOW FRANCE GETS HER REVENGE.—The Germans never could have wrought out such a revenge—so sure, so effective, and so mortifying—as the French are wreaking on the German nation. The whole country is flooded with notices, pamphlets, and addresses, from Bon Marche and all other leading houses in Paris, containing samples and prices of goods, fashions, models, etc., that are so much better, cheaper, and more tasteful than German work and goods, that scarce a woman, even if she have but one dress a year, does not order it from Paris. The Berlin merchants have protested, appealed to the national pride, and used every exertion to break up this ruinous competition; but, even with submissive German women, the one womanly weakness is too strong to yield. A pretty dress and a cheap dress are irresistible. A society is about to organize and petition the Crown Princess to be its ruling head, whose object is to banish French goods and French modes, and originate their own fashions.

ORIGIN OF THE GOD HYMEN.—Danchet, the French poet, tells us respecting the deification of Hymen, that he was a young man of Athens, obscurely born, but extremely handsome. Falling in love with a young lady of distinction, he disguised himself in a female habit in order to get access to her and enjoy the pleasure of her company. As he happened to be one day in this disguise, with his mistress and her female companions, celebrating on the seashore the rites of Ceres Eleusina, a gang of pirates came upon them by surprise and carried them off. The pirates, having conveyed them to a distant island got drunk for joy and fell asleep. Hymen seized his opportunity, armed the virgins, and despatched the pirates; after which, leaving the ladies on the island, he went in haste to Athens, where he told his adventure to all the parents, and demanded her he loved in marriage as her ransom. His request was granted; and so fortunate was the marriage, that the name of Hymen was ever afterward invoked in all future nuptials, and in progress of time the Greeks enrolled him among their gods.

Two card-playing friends were passing through a pine forest, when one asked the other this audacious conundrum: "Why cannot the proprietor of this forest fell his own timber?" "Because no one is allowed to cut when it is his own deal."

The Journal.

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1876.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

"The Glorious Fourth!"

This being the centennial year of our nation's birth, the Fourth of July, which had begun to be a little neglected as a national holiday, will receive fresh baptism, and a renewal of patriotic observance. It is a hundred years since our fathers declared this to be a free and independent nation—a hundred years since every man in this national domain was declared free and equal. It is quite appropriate, therefore, to celebrate the occasion with more than usual demonstration.

One hundred years ago the colonists were feeble in national strength, but they were strong in purpose, brave in heart, and fearless in courage. It is well at this time to recall their sufferings, to recite their deeds of bravery and celebrate the day which dates the birth of a nation. To do this appropriately the people of the United States will observe the occasion by public gatherings, oratory, dinners, fireworks and other demonstrations of an enthusiastic character.

Our country a hundred years ago was largely a wilderness. It was populated with only about three millions of people, and the hardships of the settlers were many. Now the original thirteen states have increased to thirty-eight, and the population of the country to forty millions. No other nation on the globe has ever exhibited such remarkable growth as our own; no other nation has shown such enterprise, thrift and development in a hundred years, and none ever celebrated with greater enthusiasm than ours will celebrated on the coming Fourth of July.

PRESIDENT Grant has issued a second proclamation concerning the celebration of the 100th anniversary of American Independence, suggesting that the people should mark the glorious event by public thanksgiving to God "who has made and preserved us a nation." He says:—The centennial anniversary of the day on which the people of the United States declared their right to separate and equal station among the powers of the earth seems to demand an exceptional observance. The founders of the government at its birth and in its feebleness evoked the blessings and the protection of a divine Providence, and the thirteen colonies and three millions of people have expanded into a nation of strength and numbers commanding the position which was then asserted, and for which fervent prayers were then offered. It seems fitting that on the occurrence of the one-hundredth anniversary of our existence as a nation a grateful acknowledgment be made to Almighty God for the protection and the bounties which He has vouchsafed to our beloved country. I therefore invite the good people of the United States on the approaching Fourth of July, in addition to the usual observances with which they are accustomed to greet the return of the day, further, in such manner, and at such time as in their respective localities and religious associations may be most convenient, to mark its recurrence by some public religious and devout thanksgiving to Almighty God for the blessings which have been bestowed upon us as a nation during the century of our existence and humbly to invoke a continuance of His favor and of His protection.

PROBABLY one of the most effectual methods of "doctoring" the potato bug is by sprinkling the potato vines with Paris green mixed with fine wheat flour, in the proportion of one pound of Paris green to thirty pounds of flour, and sprinkling the mixture over the vines with a small sieve. The flour adheres to the potato leaves, and any moderate shower only serves to stick it to them the firmer, while in this way one application will last much longer than in any other, and oftentimes proves sufficient. It is claimed that each potato bug will lay over a thousand eggs, and will reproduce itself in twenty-one days. At first the eggs are glued closely to the under side of the leaves, but in a short time they drop into the ground, and in from a week to ten days the grubs appear, clamber up the vine, and begin their destructive work. This is the time to apply the poison, and it will prove thoroughly efficacious. In mixing the Paris green and flour, and also in applying it to the vines, care should be taken to keep to the windward of it so that none of the poison be inhaled; and it is safer still to cover the mouth and nostrils with a thick veil or handkerchief.

A COMMITTEE has been at work in Boston, for some time past, endeavoring to raise money for the purpose of securing the preservation of the Old South Church edifice from destruction; and the prospect now is that this monument of the Revolutionary period will be permitted to stand, though no longer to be used for religious purposes. Its demolition would be a disgrace to Boston, and a cause of sincere regret throughout the country.

The County Commissioners have given the contract for building the abutments and piers of the new iron bridge across the Connecticut just above Hampden Park, Springfield, to Beattie & Dresser of New York for $68,066. The work is to be completed by Dec. 1st.

Bishop Paddock has issued a note to the clergy of his diocese authorizing and recommending a commemorative service in the churches on the Fourth of July, for which service a form has been prepared and published.

Springfield's Fourth of July celebration has dwindled down to a horse trot.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS!

Tilden for President, and Hendricks for Vice President!

The Democrats who assembled at St. Louis to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, organized on Tuesday with Gen. John A. McClernand of Illinois for President. A great deal of skirmishing was had behind the scenes, in molding the Convention into shape and order. Outside, the drunkenness and disorder were disgraceful, but quite characteristic of the party leaders from New York and the western cities. The great bone of contention was the financial plank of the platform. On this there was a sharp fight, some of the Sampsons of the party urging soft money, while the advocates of Tilden's nomination succeeded in getting it made up without any declaration at all, except to demand the repeal of the Resumption Act. The platform promises Reform, and we all know what sort of Reform the democrats have given the country. Two ballots were taken in the Convention, on Wednesday, for a candidate for President. Whole number of votes cast on second ballot, 738; number necessary for a choice 492. Samuel J. Tilden, Governor of New York, had 535, and was declared nominated.

The Convention, on Thursday, nominated Gov. Thomas A. Hendricks of Indiana for Vice President, and it appears that the honor was forced upon him much against his will.

The opposition to Tilden in his own party is serious, but there were enough sensible democrats to see that he is the only man in whom they can place any hope of success. Gov. Tilden has acquired a reputation for honesty, since he became Governor of New York, but those who know him best believe this to be all put on. His long association with Boss Tweed, and his silence concerning that villain's rascality till the public drove those in authority to action, is no credit to Tilden. The American people are quick to fathom the motives of aspiring politicians, and the great show of honesty made by Tilden in his latter days looks very much as if it were assumed to further his political ends.

THE LATEST LICENSE DODGE.—Persons having a license of the fourth class are not allowed by law to sell liquor to be drank on the premises. But several Lowell retail dealers have had made a number of tin pails that will hold but one glass. The customer goes in and calls for a drink. The dealer informs him that he cannot sell to be drank on the premises, but says: "I will lend you a pail." He then fills the small pail and the customer takes it, turns his back, drinks the contents and returns the pail.

HEAVY FIRE AT NORTHAMPTON.—A disastrous fire at Northampton Tuesday destroyed a venerable land-mark, the First Cong. church, which has stood the storms of more than half a century. The old church was built in 1812 at an expense of $20,000, and had a seating capacity of 1600. The court house caught fire in the tower and was damaged $1000 worth by fire and more by water. Several buildings were only saved by hard work, and the heat was intense. Total loss estimated at $80,000.

A DANGEROUS PLAYTHING.—On Thursday, Mrs. George Dunham of Raynham gave some children a pistol to play with. Soon after a little girl named Ashley pointed it at her face and pulled the trigger. It was discharged; the ball entering near the left temple, cut its way through the side of her head and embedded itself in the scull bone back of the ear. The wound was not fatal, and the child is recovering. The ball when extracted was found to be as flat as if taken from under a car wheel.

A DEMOCRATIC SABBATH.—Last Sunday was rather too democratically observed at St. Louis. A correspondent says the hotel corridors were crowded with excited multitudes. The bar-rooms, beer saloons, the low variety and amusement halls all over the city were open the same as on week days, and crowded with a class of people who added fuel to an already excited populace. The State delegations met as usual, and the pool selling began in the evening and was kept up till midnight.

GOOD ADVICE GRATIS.—An ex-Mayor of Poughkeepsie, Mr. Eastman, has given 500 of the street boys of that city a straw hat each, with this advice pasted in the crown: "Don't drink, don't swear, don't chew, don't smoke. Be industrious, work hard, study hard, play hard, and you will never be 'hatless.' With the best wishes for your future welfare."

A STUNNING CROQUET.—The daughter of the sheriff of Waupaca, Wis., while playing croquet in the jail yard the other day, noticed a prisoner who had just escaped from the jail attempting to pass boldly by, and raising her mallet brought it down on the top of his head with such force as to stun him and to render his recapture an easy matter.

WAS IT HYDROPHOBIA?—Clara Sherman, a 13-year-old Providence girl, died on Monday, of a disease resembling hydrophobia. It is not certainly known that she was bitten by a dog, although that is possible as one was kept in the house and bit Mrs. Sherman a few weeks ago.

FIRE AT FALL RIVER.—The American Linen Company's mill at Fall River was destroyed by fire Thursday night, throwing one thousand hands out of employment, and causing a loss of a quarter of a million dollars. It will be a severe blow to the industries of the city.

A woman seventy-six years old, pretends to have walked from Woonsocket to Providence and back, thirty-two miles in one day, recently, and she says the feat is nothing uncommon for her.

James Young of Springfield, aged 28, was drowned in Water-shop pond, Thursday evening, while bathing.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Don't forget to decorate on the Fourth.

The public schools close to-day for the summer vacation.

A. B. Dickerson, formerly of Palmer, is Gov. Tilden's private secretary.

Rev. Mr. Holman of Three Rivers will preach in the Baptist church to-morrow.

Mrs. H. H. Perry has put up a neat tablet in our village cemetery, to the memory of her late husband.

The Second Advents baptized two persons by immersion at Blanchardville pond last Saturday afternoon.

Horace Kimball has sold his Maple street house to M. W. French, and removed with his family to Wilbraham.

The probate court at Springfield next week will be held on Wednesday, on account of the Fourth coming on Tuesday.

The house at Blanchardville lately occupied by Frank Wellman, was bid off at auction last Saturday by S. S. Taft.

Mr. Nash, of Tufts Divinity School, will preach for St. Paul's Church, in Union Hall, to-morrow, at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

A man and woman were arrested, Monday, for drunkenness, and the woman was sent to the Bridgewater Workhouse for two years.

Frank Mason's new tonsorial sign is patriotic as well as appropriate—a scroll border of red, white and blue around the doorway.

Those needed posts have been set out in front of the Nassowanno block,—strong wooden posts with iron heads, and connected by an iron bar.

The senior class of Amherst College passed through Palmer Thursday afternoon, on a special train for New London, where, after a sail on the harbor, they ate their class supper.

W. W. Leete, son of Rev. T. A. Leete of Three Rivers, distinguished himself at the Amherst college commencement this week, by carrying off the junior composition prize of $50.

Horace Sanderson, baggage master on the Ware River railroad, is to pass his three weeks vacation this summer in the wilds of Maine, camping out with a party of young men from Winchendon.

The body of Mrs. Sarah Skinner, oldest daughter of the late Dr. Davis of Three Rivers, was brought to Palmer, Tuesday afternoon for burial, accompanied by friends from Amherst.

The Palmer market was broken into Sunday night by unknown parties, who obtained entrance by prying up a window. The money drawer was investigated by the intruders and found empty.

The Young People's Literary Club will hold a special meeting in Union Hall, this (Saturday) evening at 8 o'clock, to decide what disposition shall be made of the funds belonging to the club, now on deposit in the Palmer savings bank.

Misses Sadie, Ella and Fannie Stimpson, whose performances on the piano were so well received at the concert of Prof. G. C. Wheeler in this village, last winter, appeared at Music Hall, Westfield, recently, playing a trio for piano, organ and violin, which was greeted with applause.

Mrs. Malloy, an Indiana lady sent out as a missionary by the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, lectured in Union Hall, Tuesday evening to a small audience. She is a fair speaker, and gave plenty of facts and figures to strengthen and support her theories. She will visit Palmer again in July.

The heavy thunder storms of Sunday and Tuesday did considerable damage to trees and growing crops in this vicinity, several of the former being blown down or uprooted by the gale. The storm of Sunday was accompanied by sharp hail, and a bolt of lightning struck the railroad track east of the village, with a terrific crash.

The quarterly convention of the Hampden and Hampshire Good Templar's Union is to be held in this village on Tuesday, the 11th inst. As usual the morning session will be private, and devoted to the transaction of business, while the afternoon session is entirely free and open to the public. The place of afternoon meeting, whether in a hall or grove is not yet decided.

Ice cream and sponge cake at hard pan prices were served up at Mrs. Mason's near the foundry Thursday evening from 5 to 10 o'clock. They will be continued every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening during the warm weather if they are sufficiently patronized, and those who know Mrs. Mason will need no further guarantee of the excellence of her "cream and cake.

The Boston & Albany R. R. issued a new time-table Monday, the only change in time at this station being in the train from the west, which now reaches Palmer at 11.37,—seven minutes earlier. On the Ware River railroad the noon train north has been changed to leave Palmer at 11.45 A. M., arriving in Ware at 12.18 P. M. The full corrected time-table will be found on our first page.

S. R. Lawrence has laid a concrete walk in front of his block and residence on Main street, and M. W. French has done the same in front of his Central street block. Dr. Holbrook has also commenced a similar walk in front of his residence, and John Feeney will follow suit in front of his block. Thus we shall soon have a continuous line of good sidewalk on Main street from Church to Thorndike.

The insurance men lift a warning voice "in view of the extraordinary demonstrations that are to be made all over the country, in the celebration of our centennial anniversary, and urge that every possible precaution should be taken to guard against such accidents of fire as our citizens, in the exuberance of their patriotism may occasion." We can't be too careful, especially in a town where the facilities for extinguishing fires are as limited as they are here.

The Young Men's Christian Association, of Springfield, invite parents, and others interested, to send them the names and residences of any young men who are now residing in that city, or who may from time to time go there to live, thus enabling their committees the more easily and quickly to find such young men, and to invite them to enjoy the comforts and benefits of their newly furnished, free reading rooms, and their social meetings. Address, S. J. Lincoln, Secretary Y. M. C. A., Springfield, Mass.

The Congregationalists took a new departure in the matter of strawberry festivals last week Friday evening, by holding their annual festival at the residence of H. P. Holden, instead of at the church vestry. It was an unusually social and enjoyable gathering, partaking more of the nature of an evening party than a church festival, and the absence of the usual lotteries, post office and other catch-penny affairs completed the illusion. Of course the inevitable guess cake was there, for guessing is the predominant Yankee trait. The net proceeds, some $40, go into the church fund.—This week the ladies' society of the church held their sociable, Wednesday afternoon and evening at the residence of S. W. Lawrence on Thorndike St.—O. L. Slader has resigned his superintendency of the Sunday School, which is temporarily in charge of the pastor, as the church holds no afternoon service during the summer months.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The arrangements and program for the celebration are nearly completed by the several committees, although imperfect in some of the smaller details. In this village the glorious day will be ushered in at sunrise by the ringing of the church and school bells, and cannon salutes, repeated at noon and sunset. At 9 o'clock the civic procession will form on the park of the agricultural society, and start as promptly as possible thereafter, under the leadership of Capt. H. E. W. Clark, of Thorndike, chief marshal, and in about the following order:

Marshal and Aids.
Monson Cornet Band—23 pieces.
President of the Day, Orator, Reader, and Invited Guests in Carriages.
Drum Corps.
State Primary School Company, 250 strong.
1st Division A. O. H., 50 men.
The Trades—1st Division.
Centennial Minstrels.
The Trades—2d Division.
Antiques and Horribles.
Citizens in Carriages and on Foot.

From the park the procession will march up South Main street to Main, Main to Thorndike, Thorndike to Pleasant, Pleasant to Bridge, Bridge to Park, Park to Thorndike, Thorndike to Pine, Pine to Knox, Knox to Main, Main to Central, Central to Wales Hall, where the exercises of the day will be held. All citizens are requested to decorate their stores and residences along the route of the procession.

The exercises in Wales Hall will consist of an oration by Rev. B. M. Fullerton, reading of declaration by George Robinson, etc., after which a public dinner will be served at the Tockwotton House, followed by the usual toasts. In the afternoon games; in the evening fireworks. A full program will be published on the morning of the Fourth.

Tickets for the dinner at 50 cents each can be had of the committee—George Robinson, J. K. Warren or G. H. Appleton—and all are invited to procure them as early as possible, that provision may be made.

Arrangements will be made on the railroad to accommodate the people of Monson, and a special train will be run down after the fireworks in the evening, if 100 tickets are sold, at 30 cents for the round trip.

A. V. Blanchard, Esq., has been invited to act as President of the day.

WILBRAHAM.

The hen stories of our Monson correspondent have reached the borders of Wilbraham, and Mrs. O. P. Benedict of Glendale, rises to say that she has brought up 200 chickens by hand this season; the chickens being taken away, and each hen making three sittings. The eggs placed under her hens hatched out in the ratio of about 12 to 15.

THORNDIKE.

The exercises next Sabbath in the church will be a centennial prayer meeting in the morning, with some notice of local history—what the parish was 100 years ago, and in the afternoon a sermon appropriate to the Sabbath nearest the Fourth of July, by the acting pastor, H. L. Reade.

George Denison Moores, son of George Moores of Thorndike, has a shovel and pair of tongs that are said to have been brought over in the Mayflower, or at least to have come from the mother country soon after. They descended to him from his maternal ancestry, are unique in pattern and finish, and have what seems to be a crown for a trade-mark. In these days of relics they are noticeable.

The floral Sunday school concert passed off to the delight of all. The flowers were abundant and beautiful, the singing, under the direction of J. Dutton, was good, as a matter of course, the children did their parts well, the house was full, and altogether it was a profitable an enjoyable occasion, much to the credit of Dea. Roswell Hastings, the superintendent, and others, who were most efficient helpers.

MONSON.

The band stand in front of the postoffice is nearly completed, and is quite a tasty looking structure.

The 72d annual Exhibition of Monson Academy occurred last Tuesday at Green's Hall, and drew a full house. The annual examination was on Monday. There has been an average attendance during the past year. There were four graduates—Arthur W. Fiske of Granby, Ct., Albert D. Washburn of West Stafford, Ct., W. W. Leach of Monson, and Morris Sullivan of Monson. None of the ladies took part in the exercises, except in the presentation of bouquets. Rev. Mr. Perkins of Ware was re-elected President, C. W. Holmes, Jr., Secretary, and E. F. Morris Treasurer. Hon. M. P. Knowlton of Springfield, who is one of the trustees, was present both days, as was also Rev. C. B. Kittredge of Westboro. The Monson Cornet Band furnished music. Morris Sullivan was awarded the first prize for declamation, and Wm. W. Leach the first prize for dissertation. Rev. Mr. Hammond, for 23 years Principal, continues another year, as do also his assistants, Herbert B. Perkins of Ware and Miss Mary L. Pettibone of Stafford, Ct. About 300 of the alumni "interviewed" each other at the Academy, and the band enlivened the occasion. In one account published of the proceedings, the reporter takes occasion to remark that the standard of the school had been lowered by admitting high school scholars; but such is not the case, as the standard of the school was never higher than at present.

WARE AND VICINITY.

One more runaway this week. No damage.

The remainder of the schools close this week for the summer vacation.

The church at the center hold a picnic the Fourth in Mr. Anderson's grove.

One of our citizens paid about three dollars for using profane language, this week.

Three hundred dollars have been raised by private subscription, for fireworks, etc., on the Fourth.

The St. Williams Catholic Temperance and Benevolent Societies have a picnic in Eaton's Grove on the Fourth.

The George H. Gilbert Manufacturing Co. will shut down their mills at Ware and Gilbertville all next week.

Potato bugs have made their appearance in force, and our farmers are put to work to prevent the total destruction of the potato crop.

A division A. O. H., organized at Ware on the 21st ult., have the following officers: President, P. C. Nolan; Vice President, W. J. Canavan; Recording Secretary, P. H. Monahan; Financial Secretary, J. Sullivan; Treasurer, John Kelley.

Our town clerk has licensed, to date, 165 dogs, realizing therefor $364. It is interesting to note, in this connection, that, although the whole number of dogs licensed falls short of the number last year, yet it is about a third more than the number returned by the assessors. If any one has a pup, and has not so informed the assessors, let him know that he is liable to a fine.

At Northampton, last week, the replevin case of David Gould against H. C. Davis was decided in favor of Davis; and at the criminal term James Harrison was found guilty of breaking and entering into the house of Mrs. H. C. Wethrell and stealing therefrom. Sentenced to three years in the House of Correction at Northampton. Patrick Flaherty was brought up for assault, but the jury disagreed in his case, as well as in the case of B. W. Adams, who was arrested by Canterbury recently for horse stealing.

The meeting of the Reform Club held Monday evening was well attended, and the exercises were very entertaining. The meeting was opened with prayer by Wm. E. Lewis, followed by singing by Mrs. M. J. Cummings, James Brennan, and others. J. R. Lawton gave an interesting reading, and especially worthy of mention was "The Fatal Mistake," by the Misses Strahan and Gates. Rev. M. B. Cummings was unanimously elected President of the club, to fill the vacancy. The next meeting of the club will be held July 10.

According to the announcement last week, a meeting of citizens was held Monday evening, to arrange for the celebration of the Fourth in an appropriate manner. The following outline will give some idea of the programme, which will be more fully arranged hereafter: National salute at sunrise and sunset; procession of Antiques and Horribles at 6 A. M.; procession of trades and societies forms on Main street at 9 A. M., and march to the depot to receive the Gilbertville "Centennial Guards" at 10 A. M., then to continue line of march through principal streets, returning to the depot at 12 M., and disband. At 2 P. M., all are invited to meet in Music Hall, to listen to addresses by the clergy and others, a poem by Rev. John Lyon, and singing, with other music. In the evening, there will be fireworks in the park opposite Dr. Richardson's, commencing at nine o'clock. S. B. Bond is to be Marshal of the day. The citizens on the line of march are requested to decorate their houses, stores, and the streets generally.

Our thanks are due to the town clerk, assessors, and collector of taxes, of Ware, for the following statistics:

	1875.	1876.
Total number of polls,	800	867
Tax on polls,	$1,600	$1,734
Valuation of real estate,	1,239,470	1,232,710
Valuation of personal estate,	482,770	430,230
State, county, and town tax,	39,043	24,068
Total valuation, May 1st,	1,722,240	1,652,940
Rate per cent. of total tax,	2.10	1.35
Total number of dwelling houses,	528	531
No. of acres of land taxed in town,	17,321	17,321
Number of horses,	339	303
Number of cows,	667	671
Number of sheep,	121	99

The tax-payers who draw cash prizes to the amount of $50 or over are as follows—the tax including State, county, town, highway and bank tax: J. C. Breckenridge $94, J. W. Breckenridge 76, F. H. Brakenridge 52, D. P. Billings 134, A. & F. Blair 73, Anson Bassett 66, C. E. Blood 104, Josiah Beaman 74, Ware National Bank 54, Thomas Coney 62, W. F. Coney 62, G. K. Cutler 60, J. A. Cummings 152, Perry Cheever 51, H. H. Chilson 70, Lewis Demond 51, Demond & Sagendorph 54, W. C. Eaton 87, Benj. Eaton 73, Geo. H. Gilbert Manufacturing Co. 1,069, George H. Gilbert's estate 317, Mrs. John B. Gould 58, George Gould 59, D. B. Glines 79, V. Guild 124, Calvin Hitchcock 244, C. C. Hitchcock 76, F. E. Hall 54, Wm. Hyde 386, W. S. Hyde 145, Harriet S. Hyde 64, Joseph Hartwell 89, H. H. Hart 65, G. C. Holden 90, I. N. Lewis 113, Otis Lane 125, J. R. Lawton 156, Samuel Morse 156, D. W. Miner 105, Owen McArdle 81, Otis Co. 5,535, O. B. Owen 56, S. H. Phelps' estate 126, Mrs. J. H. Pepper 56, Chester Pierce 93, Parker & Hall 74, E. C. Richardson 101, J. W. Robinson 117, C. S. Robinson 54, O. Sage's estate 382, Chas. A. Stevens 1,453, A. Sandford 391, R. Snow 276, Mrs. B. Snow 74, C. F. Smith 86, B. Snow 65, W. C. Sheldon 82, W. C. Sheldon & Co. 63, J. H. Storrs 173, Robert Tucker 73, Utley & Fourtelotte 57, Mrs. S. J. Wethrell 79, John Yale 94, Ware Savings Bank 627; non residents—Daniel S. Collins 115, Elisha Webb 134, John Webb 203. Those who pay up before the first of August will get a discount of six per cent., and others who pay before October 1st a discount of three per cent. The collector may be found at C. S. Robinson's store.

The gatekeepers at the centennial are ordered to permit nobody to pass into the grounds except through the turnstiles. A fat boy from Illinois, only 15 years of age, visited the Centennial, but upon reaching the usual place of entrance found it impossible to pass through any of the stiles, to the great embarrassment of the gate-keepers. He was finally admitted through the wagon gate. He weighed 375 pounds, and was 6 feet 7 inches tall.

The record of Hon. William A. Wheeler on the so-called "salary grab" is entirely unique. He voted against the measure at every stage and on its final passage. After it passed he drew his back pay, converted it into U. S. bonds, and turned the bonds into the treasury, with the request that they be canceled, saying he would "stop the interest on that much of the national debt, at least."

A single daughter of a very respectable citizen of Newport, R. I., has given birth to a child. In the meantime the police had arrested in Swansea, Mass., a married man named Willard Arnold, and he was brought to Newport Monday night, and arraigned on a charge of adultery. In default of $2000 bail he was committed.

The famous trotter "Goldsmith Maid" fairly outdid herself at Philadelphia, last week. She was to attempt to beat her previous best record of 2.14. She didn't beat her record, but fully equaled it, trotting the first heat in 2.17¾, the second in 2.14 and the third in 2.17¼.

The Vermont Republican State Convention was held at Montpelier Tuesday, 20th, and Hon. Horace Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury nominated for Governor, Redfield Proctor of Rutland for Lieutenant Governor, and John A. Page of Montpelier for State Treasurer.

Harry Stewart, a boy 13 years of age, reached Athol on Wednesday, having come through from Des Moines, Iowa, which place he left with $1.25. He has made the journey by walking and riding on freight trains, and was nearly two months on the road.

Near John O'Groat's, Scotland, recently, three boys, cousins, each nine years old and named Manson, fell over a precipice 150 feet high, and were dashed to pieces. They were engaged in hunting birds' nests.

In Java a fruit tree is planted on the birth of each child; in Biscany a land owner is obliged to put down two plants for every tree he fells; in Japan every tree cut down must be replaced by another.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has engaged to lecture 80 nights next season, for which he is to receive $40,000.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Brockton uses 12,000 tons of coal annually.

Judge Pease of Lee found $200 on a tramp the other day.

Winchendon's oldest citizen is Moses M. Reed, now in his 93d year.

The Old Colony Brick Company, at Bridgewater, is making 60,000 bricks per day.

Those who come home from Philadelphia have but one answer to all questions: "Red hot."

The dory Centennial, from Gloucester for Liverpool, was spoken off Seal Island, N. S., all well.

During the past year 116,670 pairs of shoes were made at the factory of James S. Allen, in Brockton.

New York is to have an "Elite Directory," in which are to appear only the names of the "upper ten."

Mr. Blaine, it is reported, last Tuesday refused an offer of $2000 a week to lecture during next autumn.

A swindler has been getting pay in advance for a Centennial Gazette, in Attleboro. Fifty cents was the low price.

It is estimated that 1500 children will participate in the floral procession in Gloucester on the coming Fourth of July.

The Congregational Church at North Brookfield has contributed $43 to the fund for saving the Old South Church in Boston.

Philadelphia has 20,000 unmarried women, which fact is supposed to confirm its right to the name of the "City of Brotherly Love."

A paper factory, requiring the investment of $50,000 and employing from forty to fifty operatives, is about to be started at Lyndon, Vermont.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes has written a hymn of welcome to all nations, to be sung at Philadelphia during the Centennial ceremonies, July 4.

There was an immense meeting in Montgomery, Ala., Saturday night, to make arrangements for an old-time Fourth of July celebration.

There is a partial strike at the Potumska Mills, New Bedford, thirteen speeder tenders quitting work on Friday, on being refused an advance of wages.

One Osborn, a murderer, attacked Sheriff Henderson in the jail at Robinson, Ill., on Friday of last week. The citizens gathered and hung Osborn to a tree.

Dinah Gibbs, a colored woman, who died at Paris, Ky., a few days ago, was reported to be 110 years old. She had been a member of the Baptist church for 75 years.

In Spain, a mail train on the Saragosa and Barcelona Railway ran off the track on Saturday, between Tauregia and Cervia. Seventeen persons were killed and thirty-seven injured.

Over $5000 in silver was paid to operatives by the leading corporations of Lowell, in making change, last month, all the corporations but one paying entirely or in part with silver.

There are more cottages occupied at Newport than last year at this time, and larger prices have been obtained than for a couple of years. Hence the season has been pronounced a success.

The recent reduction of wages at the Pacific Mills, Lawrence, averaging 8 to 10 per cent., is to be followed by a still further reduction, which, it is understood, will be mainly in the weave-room.

Thomas B. Quackenbush, for rape upon Mrs. Sarah Norton, 76 years old, from the effects of which she died, was, on Saturday, at Batavia, N. Y., found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged Aug. 11.

William Liput, a Province man, about 45 years of age, committed suicide at the Commercial House, Bangor, Me., Monday night, with a revolver. He had a large sum of money in his pocket, and was traveling to the Centennial.

The barn of Mr. J. D. Foster, in Petersham Centre, was unroofed by the wind last Sunday, and the large farm barn of Col. Josiah White, in the easterly part of the town, was moved from its foundation so that one end fell into the cellar.

At Syracuse, N. Y., on Monday, Charles S. Cushing, the pedestrian, accomplished the feat of walking 124 miles in 21 hours and 25 minutes. He essayed to walk the distance in 22 hours. He did not make a moment's stoppage in the time.

OUR COUNTRY AND ITS RESOURCES.—This is the title of a large and handsome volume, by James McCabe, Jr., a popular writer on historical subjects, which we have just examined. This work gives a brief sketch of the early settlement of the country and the chief events that have marked its history, and presents a pen and pencil view of the splendid results achieved, and our present boundless natural and artificial resources. It is such a presentation of the condition of the republic at the present day, its achievements, wealth, power, property and resources, as every American will read with the greatest interest, satisfaction and profit. The publishers seem to have done their utmost to make the book worthy of the subject and the occasion. It is filled with finely executed engravings, the typography is clear, and the binding rich and elegant. A deeply interesting and valuable Century Map accompanies the book showing accurately the scope and settlement of the original thirteen colonies, 1776, and the United States in its one hundredth year, 1876, with statistical matter of great value. We have not room to give an extended review of the work, but commend its careful examination by all when it is presented by the agent, Mr. H. A. Ellis, who is now canvassing Wilbraham and Palmer.

A cat in Rutland having killed seventeen chickens belonging to a physician the owner took the creature to the doctor to be killed. The animal bit the doctor so badly that he had to take to his bed, and the owner was so badly bitten that he was laid up for two days. The cat still lives, though often under fire of shot guns.

John A. Jordan, a janitor at the Boston & Albany depot in Boston, stabbed an unknown tramp in the water closet last week, with a jack-knife. Jordan at first denied the crime, saying the man committed suicide, but afterwards confessed that he killed him, pleading that the act was done in self-defence.

Notwithstanding the terrible hot weather, the Centennial is doing better as regards the number of visitors. During last week it paid a satisfactory advance upon its daily expenses.

A drunken tramp created a sensation in St. Louis Tuesday morning by smashing eight plate glass in the show window in the Lindell House block worth over $2000.

Family troubles caused Michael Smith of Stafford Springs to shoot himself last week Friday night. He was a young man of 22.

Hampden County News.

Westfield has a basket picnic on the Fourth.

Springfield has added a drum band to its attractions.

Holyoke is troubled to find an orator for the Fourth.

Two picnics and nothing more at Chicopee on the Fourth.

Andrew Drew, 26, was drowned at Westfield on Sunday afternoon.

The Westfield Normal School graduated a class of thirty-two on Thursday.

Springfield celebrates the Fourth by a horse race on Hampden Park.

Mrs. Nellie Grant is president of the Methodist Y. P. S. of Westfield.

The Holyoke Transcript issues an illustrated centennial edition to-day.

The State St. Baptists of Springfield picnic at Greenwich on the Fourth.

M. W. Mick has received a call to the Central Baptist Church at Chicopee.

The City and Peabody guards of Springfield will join in the Holyoke celebration.

The Westfield high school alumni had a pleasant reunion last week Friday, with music, refreshments, and dancing.

It is said there is less intemperance in Chicopee than ever before, owing to the reduced wages paid by the mills.

A Chicopee dog run mad this week and killed another dog, and then died himself at the hands of the enraged populace.

Building is dull at Holyoke. Only two or three large buildings and a half dozen private residences are going up this season.

Russell received $4 in fines, on the day her new bridge was opened, from persons who drove over it faster than a walk.

Mrs. Adler of Holyoke was taken to the Insane Asylum at Northampton last week, making the fourth last month from that city.

The Holyoke Hibernians propose to make a big show in the Fourth of July celebration. Five bands have been engaged for the procession.

The son of Presiding Elder Whitaker distinguished himself in declamation at the graduation exercises of the Westfield School of Observation.

Judging from the morning paper's echo, the chief drinks of Springfield are Ludlow water and sherry cobbler—the latter being thought preferable.

A Springfield policeman gets $700 from the "Alabama" awards, for personal effects destroyed by that privateer while he was on board an American whaler.

Mrs. William Hazlebourn of Springfield is another victim to the dangerous practice of pouring kerosene oil on live coals. Her body was burned to a crisp, from her feet to her waist.

The pardon of John Cahill is asked for by the mayor and other prominent citizens of Holyoke. He was sentenced to two years in the House of Correction for stealing a box of paper collars.

Mr. Levi Hitchcock, a well known and much respected citizen of Millbury, died suddenly on Saturday. He stepped on a nail last Tuesday, but did not think much of the accident at the time, as the nail only entered about one half of an inch, but on Friday the wound began to pain him, and on Saturday mortification set in and he died at noon. His age was about 70 years.

Look to the "Monitor" announcement in another column. There's music for you.

A good chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

A lady writes us: "I suffered intensely from an attack of pleurisy. My nurse obtained a bottle of Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil, applied it as directed; in three hours I was entirely cured. I would recommend to ladies the use of Renne's Magic Oil as invaluable to relieve pain and suffering, and as being neat and delicate to use and worthy of your confidence." Keep it in the house for use.

So thoroughly does Hunt's Remedy brace up and strengthen the constitution that Kidney, glandular, and Bright's Disease are promptly dispelled, and health surely ensues. Sufferers from Gravel, Stone, or Calculous in the bladder, Brick-Dust Deposits, Incontinence of Urine, Affections of the Prostate Gland, Diabetes, and all diseases of the Urino-Genital Organs, are speedily cured by Hunt's Remedy. Hunt's Remedy grants new life to a worn-out constitution.

Lyon's Kathairon prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents.
1y3-26

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of James Pyle. None genuine without. 1y12†

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured Atwood's Vegetable, Physical, Jaundice Bitters will effect a speedy cure. They have never failed to satisfy all who have used them for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals, 13w6

BORN.

At Palmer, 24th ult., a son to P. Marous Shearer.
At Monson, 16th ult., a daughter (Cynthia Cordelia) to Orrin S. and Julia M. Bradley. [Corrected.]
At Wales, 22d ult., a son to Fred. M. Royce.
At Warren, 29th ult., a son to Rev. Fayette Nichols.
At Monson, 22d ult, a son to Frank C. and Jennie E. Park.
At Springfield, 23d ult., a son to Edwin A. Burdick; 23d ult., a daughter to S. B. Winchester.
At Northampton, 23d ult., a son to E. M. Couch.
At Athol, 20th ult., a son to Dr. A. Dean.

MARRIED.

At Ware, 24th ult., by Rev. Dr. Perkins, John Strahan and Mrs. Elizabeth Smith.
At Springfield, 25th ult., Hubert P. Osborne of West Springfield and Ann R. Griffin.
At Haddam, Ct., 21st, Rev. Warren A. Luce and Ella A., daughter of Wm. P. Arnold.
At North Amherst, 21st ult, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. George Whitaker, Dwight W. Adams of Shutesbury and Emma M. Taylor.

DIED.

At Palmer, 16th ult., Mrs. Emily Bell, 63. Funeral to-day (Saturday) at 4 p. m.
At Ware, 24th ult., Elizabeth A. Gould, 15.
At Springfield (Sixteen Acres), Maria, 46, daughter of Horace Pease.
At Springfield, 29th ult., Arthur M., 5, son of Henry Want.
At South Wilbraham, 26th ult., Miss Persis Newell, 80.
At Warren, 25th, of consumption, William R., 33, son of John H. Powers.
At Stafford, Ct., 19th ult., Charles H. Winter, 38; 24th, Michael Smith, 21.

TO RENT.

No. 49 South Main Street, two large front rooms, unfurnished. Enquire on the premises.
Palmer, June 30th, 1876. 2w14*

SEWING MACHINES!

SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at Low Prices.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON,	"DOMESTIC,"
SINGER,	VICTOR,
WILSON,	WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE,	HOWE,
WEED,	AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

I STILL LIVE.

MY STOCK OF

CLOTHING

—AND—

DRESS GOODS

MARKED

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN

To Cost and Below Cost!

NEW GOODS DAILY.

PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!

LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!

Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!

Please call and examine goods and Prices!

FRESH LINE OF

CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

STRAW MATTINGS,

LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,

TICKINGS, &c.

A. H. WILLIS.

Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—Hampden ss.—June 17th, A. D. 1876. By virtue of an execution which issued on a judgment recovered at the District Court of Eastern Hampden, holden at Palmer, within and for said county, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1876, in favor of John Jennings of Springfield, in said county, and against William M. Burns, otherwise known as Michael W. Burns, of said Palmer, I have taken all the right in equity that the said Burns had on the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1876, the day when the same was attached on mesne process to redeem certain mortgaged real estate situated in Palmer Depot village, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a boundary stone on the westerly side of land of New London Northern Railroad Company, thence southerly on land of formerly of Winnifred Wilder, six rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands of John M. Converse 2½ rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands or formerly of the late F. Morgan, grantor, six rods to said railroad company's land, thence southeasterly on said railroad company's land 2½ rods to the place of beginning, containing 15 rods of land, more or less, with the buildings thereon standing, together with the right to use one undivided half of the well of water standing just northerly of the premises, being the same described in a deed thereof recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 266, page 456, and on the twenty-second day of July next, A. D. 1876, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the above described premises, in said Palmer Depot village, I shall offer for sale by public auction, to the highest bidder, said right in equity of redemption.
3w14 GEO. W. RANDALL, Dept. Sheriff.

DOG FOUND!—A small black and white COACH DOG, with strap on neck. Owner will please call, prove property, pay charges and take away. D. CLIFFORD, Thorndike. 2w13*

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD-OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways, on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

THE GREAT CHANCE OF THE YEAR.

The GRAND EVENT in the

MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS MARKET

And CLEARING-OUT SALE at

The "MONITOR."

Thousands of Dollars saved to the people through the sweeping reductions we have made

In STRAW GOODS,
In TRIMMED GOODS,
In FRENCH FLOWERS,
In RIBBONS,
In TRIMMING SILKS,

Even in the most STAPLE GOODS we are making determined SLAUGHTER and are offering EXTRAORDINARY Bargains.

In LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE!

In LADIES' LISLE GLOVES at 12½c.

Corsets! Corsets! from 30 cts. to $1.00.

PARASOLS!

VICTORIA LAWNS from 10½c.
SWISS MUSLINS from 10 cts.

HAMBURG EDGINGS! HAMBURG EDGINGS!

TABLE LINENS! TOWELS!

FINE IRISH LINENS!

GENT'S MERINO UNDERWEAR! Gent's Fine Dress Shirts $1,00. Gent's Cheviot Shirts 88 cts. French C. G. Socks, 3 pair for 50 cts.

OURS IS ALWAYS THE MOST RELIABLE SALE OF THE SEASON,

And we offer this time the largest variety of goods in Springfield, fully 20 per cent less than our competitors.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

MALLEY & COSTELLO,

"MONITOR,"

490 MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - MASS.
3m15

THE SPIRIT of '76 IS ABROAD.

1776. Hip, Hip, 1876.

HURRAH!

CENTENNIAL GOODS in ABUNDANCE.

G. H. APPLETON

ALWAYS AHEAD IN QUANTITY, PRICE and VARIETY, so say we all of us.

CENTENNIAL FLAGS, STREAMERS, AND BALLS.

CRACKERS, TORPEDOES,

—AND—

FIREWORKS

For the Wholesale and Retail Trade at Hard Pan Prices!

DON'T FAIL TO CELEBRATE!
DON'T FAIL TO DECORATE!
DON'T FAIL TO CALL!

At G. H. APPLETON'S.
Palmer, June 22d, 1876.

PALMER

Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,

Neck Ruffings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!

Complete Stock!

Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE!

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed given by Henry A. Pierce of Springfield, Hampden county, Massachusetts, to John P. Cady of Wilbraham, Hampden county, and State of Massachusetts, bearing date April 21st, 1873, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, and assigned to Joseph P. Davis and Gardner S. Davis, both of Stafford, Tolland county, Connecticut, by an assignment bearing date June 3d, 1876, and entered for record in said registry, June 8th, 1876, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, for a breach of the condition contained in said mortgage deed, on Saturday, July 29th, 1876, at 11 o'clock a. m., all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, described as follows, viz: A certain parcel of land situate in Monson, in said county, and being the same premises conveyed to said Henry A. Pierce by John B. Warren of Springfield, by deed, dated March 25th, A. D. 1873, and recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 298, page 338, to which said deed and record reference may be had for a full and particular description of said property. Subject to taxes if any.

JOSEPH P. DAVIS, GARDNER S. DAVIS, } Assignees.
By G. H. Newton, their Attorney.
Monson, Mass., June 27, 1876. 14

MORTGAGEE'S SALE!

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed given by Eliza Merritt of Monson, Hampden county, to S. S. Taft of Palmer, in said county, bearing date Dec. 7, 1874, and recorded with Hampden registry of deeds, book 320, page 300, will be sold at public auction on the premises, for a breach of the conditions contained in said mortgage deed, on Thursday, the twenty-seventh (27th) day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., all and singular, the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stake and stones on the southerly side of the highway leading from Monson to Brimfield, at corner of land of A. V. Blanchard and Almon Stebbins, thence northerly to the high way, thence westerly on said highway 10 rods to stake and stones, thence southerly on line of A. V. Blanchard 16 rods to stake and stones, and thence easterly to the first mentioned bound, containing an acre of land, more or less, with the buildings thereon standing.

Said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage to F. H. Brown of $78.50 and accrued interest, and the taxes if any. The purchaser will be required to pay $25 at time and place of sale.
3w13 S. S. TAFT, Mortgagee.

CEMETERY WORK.

Those citizens of Palmer and vicinity who may be in want of Cemetery Work of any description, will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber and examine

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS

of work erected by the

RUTLAND MONUMENTAL WORKS,

before purchasing elsewhere. Work manufactured from the best varieties of

MARBLE or GRANITE, either AMERICAN or FOREIGN,

and finished in a superior manner and at

HARD TIMES PRICES.

O. L. SLADER, Agent.
Palmer, May 5th 1876. 7tf

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at

JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

DR. HIGGINS' ORIGINAL AND GENUINE MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SYRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are Special Agents for the sale of

GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS

in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

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500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS

—IN—

38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS

FOR 1876,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

J. S. LEEDHAM,

WATCHMAKER,

69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

Great Reduction in Elgin Watches!
Great Reduction in Waltham Watches!
Great Reduction in Springfield Watches!

If you are in need of a good Watch of any grade or make, call and get my prices, which are as LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING

All kinds of Watches thoroughly and scientifically repaired. Imperfect or unsatisfactory timekeepers corrected and made to perform well at moderate charges. Ordinary watches of sound construction can be converted into good timekeepers by the application of chronometer balances with accurate adjustment.

CHARGES THE LOWEST, CONSISTENT WITH GOOD WORK.

J. S. LEEDHAM,
11tf 69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and Canned Fruit constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.

E DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of

H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,

DENTIST,

SPRINGFIELD, Mass
Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-26

POTASH

FOR SALE

3tf **At APPLETON'S.**

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,

All at Very Low Prices!

GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscription for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; elegantly illustrated; terms only $1.00 per year. The Record is devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial Year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 x 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Maine. 2m13

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

MORSE'S

RULE OF THREE.

Comparison Invited!
Competition Defied!
Satisfaction Guaranteed!

O. D. MORSE,
Central Shoe Store,
376 Main street, Springfield,
4w12 Sign of the Boot and Shoe.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6mS

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the

JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD

FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRY.

Mrs. J. W. Smith has opened a First-class Laundry in rear of Cross' Block, Palmer, and will do all kinds of fine and common washing in the best manner. Polishing, fluting and ruffling done in the nicest style.
Palmer, April 22, 1876. 4tf

CANCER! CANCER! CANCER!

Cancer can be cured by the application of a plaster which causes little pain, and the use of a Syrup which effectually cleanses the blood.

Mrs. F. J. OBERRY, having several patients in this vicinity, will be at the HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, Ware, Mass., on Wednesday and Thursday of each week. Her success in treating Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, and other diseases of the blood, can be attested by a large number of reliable people. For further information apply to Reuben Snow, Proprietor Hampshire House, Ware. No charge for consultation. 4w11

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality. FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

---

MACHINE OR HAND SEWING

WANTED by
Mrs. FRANK H. WOODS,
CENTRAL ST., over Weld's Restaurant.
Palmer, June 16, 1875. 3w12

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for July 2, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

David's Charge to Solomon—1 Chronicles, 28, 1–10.

V. 1. The time of this solemn assembly of the leading men of David's kingdom was in the last year of his reign, about one thousand years before Christ. The enumeration of classes here is according to their rank and authority.

"THE PRINCES OF THE TRIBES." All branches of Abraham's descendants kept together in a body, like the ancient Germans or the Scottish clans. Each tribe formed a lesser commonwealth. Together the twelve tribes made one great republic. That republic was democratical. Each tribe had its own hereditary patriarchal chief magistrate, or Prince of the Tribe. This magistracy was kept up, for a time at least, after the establishment of the monarchy. "*The Captains of the Companies* that ministered to the King by course." David organized a national militia, divided into twelve legions, each of which was called out for one month in the year. Each legion was a body of 24,000 men. Their term of service was a month in rotation. In an extraordinary emergency there could be called out a force of 288,000 men; or, including the 12,000 officers, of 300,000 men. This performance of military duty being a mark of honor, the expense would not have to be borne by the king. The twelve commanders or generals were called "the chief fathers," and were staff officers. The legions of 24,000 were divided into regiments of 1000, the officers of which, corresponding to our colonels, were "Captains over the Thousands." The regiments were sub-divided into companies of 100 men each, and their leaders were called "Captains over the Hundreds." There were thus twenty-four captains of thousands and 240 centurions—the centurions answering to our captains. There was no cavalry force, in those times, in Israel. "The Stewards" were a body of officers belonging to the social and moral institutions established by David. They were entirely for pastoral, agricultural, and financial purposes. "Possession" (see ch. 27, 25–31) in this verse means cattle. "The officers" here are attendants on the court, and were, perhaps, eunuchs. After regal government was instituted the former officers were retained, and constituted a sort of senate. There were "the royal Counsellors," the "Princes of the Provinces," "the King's Friend," "the Captain of the Guard," etc., etc. The assembly was a mixed one. "The mighty men" were those who held strongly with David when he struggled for the kingdom. There was "the Tachmonite that sat in the seat, chief among the captains; the same was Adino the Eznite: he lift up his spear against eight hundred, whom he slew at one time. And after him was Eleazer, the son of Dodo the Ahohite, one of the three mighty men with David, when they defied the Philistines that were there gathered together to battle, and the men of Israel were gone away; he arose and smote the Philistines until his hand was weary, and his hand clave unto the sword." But see ii Samuel, xxiii, 8, and the following verses. All the "valiant men" were invited, so that the assembly was very general and various in its make up.

V. 2. David's address, "My brethren," shows him to have been such a king as Moses recommended to the people, Deut. 18, 20. He proposed a permanent Temple for God. "The footstool of our God" refers to the coverlet of the ark. God, seated between the cherubim at the two extremities of the ark, might be said to have the ark's cover for his footstool. David had elaborately prepared and heaped up immense treasures for the Temple whose model he gave to Solomon.

V. 3. Solomon was to reign in peace. The preparatory reign of David was full of wars. The spiritual kingdom which was to be presided over by the Prince of Peace could not be so fitly typed by David as by Solomon his son.

V. 4. David acknowledges the grace of God in choosing him to be king. God chose David's tribe; of that tribe, David's family; of David's family, David himself.

V. 5. Of the many sons of David, God selected Solomon to be king. It was not ambition or merit of any kind, but Jehovah's grace, to which is due the praise of this enthronement for himself and his son.

V. 6. The name Solomon means "peaceable." This reminds us that it was designed from earliest times to show "thoughts of peace" toward sinful men. It carries us forward to the thought of Him whom we may make "our peace" toward God.

V. 7. God set this same condition before Solomon himself. He must maintain justice and be obedient. Solomon's kingdom was to be established forever, not through the eternal endurance of the Jewish nation with rulers descended from Solomon, but through the everlasting spiritual reign of God in Christ, who, in his human nature, was from David's line.

V. 8. David's exhortation here resembles one of Moses's. It was addressed to all Israel through their representatives. Observe how he reminds the people that God takes notice of them. The commandments of God are not to be merely passively received, but searched after. Blessing will ensue upon obedience to them.

V. 9. The best possession for Solomon, in his aged royal father's view, is sincere piety and fidelity to God. "Know God." To have a deep understanding and feeling that the Lord exercises loving kindness, judgment and righteousness in the earth, really to know God, is life eternal. This is not mere head knowledge. "The Lord searcheth all hearts," looking not, as man does, on the outward appearance. "He understandeth our thought afar off." Furnaces try gold, and fining pots silver, but the Lord tries hearts. "All the churches shall know that I am he which searcheth the reins and hearts." "The Lord is with you while ye be with him; but if ye forsake him he will forsake you."

V. 10. "An house for the sanctuary." The sanctuary here is a consecrated place, probably the Holy of Holies, where was the revelation of a righteous will requiring righteousness in man.

Reflections. David did, and so may we, start movements for good which shall continue after we are gone. Many a man, on the other hand, begins something whose perpetuation curses the world when he is dead. Persevere in well-doing; intermittent beneficence fails to accomplish much. We cannot serve God without knowing him. "God never casts off any till they first cast him off." "The Lord hath chosen *thee* to build for him."

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,

57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

FIRE WORKS.

THE NEW ENG. FIRE WORK LABORATORY,

C. E. MASTEN, PYROTECHNIST,

18 Hawley Street, BOSTON, Mass.,

Announce that their stock for the

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATIONS OF JULY 4TH, 1876,

is most extensive and complete. We have produced this season the best lot of goods we have ever manufactured, and introduce this year new and elegant devices in Fire Works, made only at our Laboratory, together with a large variety of Decorations, Flags, Lanterns, Fire Crackers, Torpedoes, and Illuminating Specialties, most appropriate for this anniversary. For public or private displays, no superior goods can be found. We guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser and liberal prices. Committees should apply immediately. Give your orders [illegible] now, or write us what your proposed arrangements or w[illegible] plans per[illegible]lay; good selections can thus be made, perfected and success assured for a brilliant celebration of this "Glorious Fourth." Send for our descriptive catalogue and price list. For private displays we put up boxes of assorted Fire Works, from $1.00 to $100 in value, which are safely shipped any distance, C. O. D. Address

B. T. WELLS, Agent for N. E. Laboratory,

4w10 18 Hawley St., cor. Milk, Boston.

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 3.00 and 7.08 p.m., connecting for Montreal.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.

June 12, 1876. New London, Conn. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day. No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.

E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

THORNLESS BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES.

I can supply any in want of this delicious fruit with good, strong plants, well rooted, this spring, for $1.50 per dozen at my place, or by mail, free, for $2.00 per doz. Also, a few pounds of

A. NO. 1 EXTRA

YELLOW DANVERS ONION SEED,

of my own raising, for $3.50 per lb. at my place, or $3.60 per lb. by mail, free.

J. K. KNOX.

Palmer, Feb. 25th, 1876. 49tf

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25–38tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER,..... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels.
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks.
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads.	Masonic Printing.
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Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills.	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

A. B. BURDICK,

MANUFACTURING JEWELER, ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

Vest Chains, Guards, Roman Neck and Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Plain and Seal Rings, made to order. Workmanship first-class; quality as represented. Repairing and remodeling fine work a specialty. Society Badges made to order. Address P. O. BOX 1114,

3m5§ Springfield, Mass.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

FORBES & WALLACE

Clearing Sale.

Everything in the way of SUMMER and DRESS GOODS marked down, regardless of cost, in order to clear out the entire stock. At this time we give our customers a chance right in the midst of the season to buy goods at clearing out prices, seldom or never offered unless at the end, when everybody is supplied. In this sale it is not odd lots, but our entire stock of

FANCY DRESS GOODS

that have been sold up to the present date at 37½, 50 and 62 cts. Your choice at the extremely low price of 25 cts.—certainly a rare opportunity. Another lot at 37½ cts., which takes in higher priced goods. Everything, including the finest goods imported, at an immense sacrifice.

Auction Sales.

We are now offering several lots of goods bought at the recent New York sales. In the

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT,

COTTONS, TICKS and DENIMS by the yard, at less than they can be bought by the bale to-day. BEDSPREADS—several cases which we secured at the late sales to be sold in this offering at fearfully low prices. Everything sold at

THIS TIME, STRICTLY CASH.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT!

Here we offer extraordinary inducements in all kinds of Hosiery and Gloves. KID GLOVES, warranted real kid, that have been sold until now for $1.50, reduced to $1. Thomson's Lock Stitch, Seamless Imported, $1.25; price everywhere $2.25.

Guipure Laces

FROM AUCTION, AT HALF VALUE!

HAIR SWITCHES, warranted real French, at less than the common Naples.

PAROSOLS, SUN SHADES AND SUN UMBRELLAS,

in the best boiled Serge, with elegant Horn, Ivory and Inlaid Handles, from $1 to $1.50 under value, which is worth saving.

Never in the history of Dry Goods have they been offered for sale at such a great sacrifice from what they cost to produce as we offer them to day for **CASH!**

FORBES & WALLACE,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

☞ Agents for Butterick's Patterns. 4w11†

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

CURTAIN FIXTURES,

CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

Is now offering his stock of

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WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

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Palmer, April 1, 1875.

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Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

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AGENTS—25 elegant 9x11 Chromos, $1; 100 for $3. National Chromo Co., Phila., Pa. 4w11

AN ACTIVE AGENT WANTED to manage exclusive sales of Cigars in every county. Address N. Y. TOBACCO Co., 38 Renwick Street, New York. 4w11

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A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

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LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

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M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1876. NUMBER 15.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.34, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11,07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express.

Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 3.00 and 7.08 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

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A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

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B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

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CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

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E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

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E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

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S. R. LAWRENCE, will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

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CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

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JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Only a Little While.

Only a little while
Lingers the springtime, with its gentle rain,
That feeds the noisy, ever-babbling brook,
And wakes to life and beauty every nook;
Then hasten, sower, scatter wide the grain.

Only a little while
The summer tarries, with its sun and dew,
Ripening the vintage with its sultry heat,
Whitening the harvest for the gleaners' feet,
And tinting flowers of every shade and hue.

Only a little while
The autumn paints with gorgeous tints the leaves,
Ere the fierce wind shall strip them from the bough,
To drape the earth's dark, corrugated brow;
Hasten, oh loiterer! gather in thy sheaves.

Only a little while
The wintry winds shall moan and wildly rave,
While the fierce storm-king walks abroad in night,
Clothing the earth in garments pure and white,
Ere the grim monarch, too, shall find a grave.

Only a little while
The morning sun glints our exultant feet,
Transforming dewdrops into kingly gems,
Fit to enrich a monarch's diadem,
But vanish like a dream—as bright and fleet.

Only a little while,
At life's meridian time, we earnest toil,
Weary amid the noonday's glare and heat.
Longing to rest us in some cool retreat,
Who soon shall rest from all our care and pain.

Only a little while,
And lo! the westering sun we quickly view;
Happy for us if all our tasks be done,
For if we loitered 'neath the mid-day sun,
How shall we labor in the falling dew?

Only a little while,
And eyes that wept through sad and weary years,
And wet the couch by night, shall cease to weep—
No more the anguished heart its vigils keep,
For God, our God, shall wipe away all tears.

THE BRIDE OF THE CARNIVAL.

"Does she really love me?" said Captain Ernest Von Steinberg, aid-de-camp to King Louis of Bavaria, as he left the presence of the young and beautiful baroness, Anna Von Graffenberg, the belle of Munich, and his passionately beloved mistress, "or is she really the heartless coquette which common rumor makes her?"

As he passed down the staircase, he encountered the baroness' pretty French chambermaid, Lisette.

"Lisette, you are looking charmingly to-day—do you know it?"

"My mirror told me so this morning," said the soubrette, looking up boldly into his face.

"What lips! what eyes! and what a figure!" said the soldier. "But, do you know, I think you would look infinitely prettier in a lavender-colored silk robe, with cherry-colored ribbons?"

"Very possible, monsieur," answered the waiting-maid; "but that costs money—and how is a poor girl like me to dress like a lady?"

"I have thought of that difficulty," said Ernest, "and have provided a remedy. Will you allow me to present you with a slight token of my gratitude and admiration?"

As he spoke, he drew forth a little net silk purse, through the interstices of which several newly-coined gold pieces showed their pleasant, brilliant countenances. Lisette's eyes reflected their brightness.

"Monsieur is altogether too generous," she said; but the little white fingers clasped the glittering offering and conveyed it to one of the side pockets of the coquettish black silk apron which she wore.

"Now tell me, Lisette, is your mistress going to the masked ball at the palace to-morrow night?"

"Ah, but that is a great secret, monsieur, which I promised madam not to reveal," replied the Parisian, archly laying her fingers on her lips.

"She *is* going, then?" said Ernest.

"Monsieur says so," said the soubrette, smiling.

"And what else did your mistress charge you to keep secret?" asked the officer, smiling in his turn.

"That she was going to wear a rose-colored domino, with a bunch of sky-blue ribbons on her right shoulder," replied the waiting-maid, hurriedly; and she ran up stairs, as if to avoid further catechism, fully satisfied that her indiscretion had been an ample offset to the aid-de-camp's present.

"Very good, Madam Anna," said the young officer to himself. "I have now reconnoitered the ground, and I shall know where to open my trenches. All's fair in love and war. And now to my friend the sculptor's—if his ingenuity aid me, my success will be certain."

* * * * * * * *

On the night of the masked ball the royal palace of Munich was a blaze of light. Every window glowed as if the interior were a mass of fire, and the brilliant rays, streaming forth upon the night, fell upon the glittering helmets, breastplates and sabres of the mounted cuirassiers, or were reflected from the bayonets of a detachment of infantry of the line drawn up as a guard of honor in the square without. Chamberlains stood at the entrance of the palace, and files of lackeys, with wax tapers flaring in the evening air, shed almost the light of day on the grand staircase. Carriage after carriage rolled up in succession, with their living freights of youth and beauty, and as light feet fell like snow-flakes on the carpeted marble, as graceful forms vanished within the portals, the ears of the bystanders were lulled by the pleasant rustling of silks, while the breeze was perfumed by a thousand delicate odors.

But if such were the external manifestations of the fete, how far more brilliant and bewildering was the interior of the palace of pleasure. How those lofty halls glowed with the dazzling effulgence of thousands of wax tapers! How softly beautiful were the marble statues that graced the niches, lined the corridors, and looked down from their pedestals on the grand ball-room! How oriental in their magnificence were the gorgeous draperies of velvet and satin, with their fringes of gold bullion; but above all, what music floated on the enchanted air from an orchestra composed of a hundred of the best instruments in the city. And the life, the animation, of the throngs that filled that brilliant saloon—who shall describe it?

Ernest Von Steinberg, who looked but for one person in that brilliant multitude, was so masked and muffled that his disguise was perfectly impenetrable. Therefore, when he found the rose-colored domino at last, he hesitated not to address her.

"Good evening, fair mask."

"Good evening, gallant cavalier; but how know you that I am fair?"

"Were I to pronounce you the fairest in Munich, none would dispute your title."

"Do you know me?"

"The belle of Munich hides her face in vain," answered Ernest. "That inimitable hand and foot are her betrayers."

"You may be mistaken, after all."

"I cannot be, and I claim the hand," said Ernest, "and will find employment for that dainty foot. The music sounds."

"I believe my hand is promised already," answered the fair one; "so take it quick, before some one disputes the prize with you."

The next moment they were whirling round the vast saloon to a music that might keep dancers on their feet for life. Anna leaned upon the shoulder of her partner, and he breathed in her ear words that she could not listen to without a thrill of pleasure. At the conclusion of the dance, Ernest led her into a side room, in which they found themselves quite alone.

"You persist, then," said the lady, "in calling me the Baroness Von Graffenberg."

"If I had doubted before, your dancing would have convinced me. The leader of the sylphides is known by her step."

"I am a perfect Taglioni, then!" said the baroness, laughing. "Well, mein herr, you have guessed right. And now, in return for my confidence, may I request you to raise your mask?"

"I can refuse you nothing," said Ernest Von Steinberg.

He raised his mask as he spoke, and disclosed to the astonished eyes of the baroness the well known features of King Louis, of Bavaria.

"But I thought you assured us that the cavalier was Ernest Von Steinberg!" exclaims the reader. Let us explain. To give additional zest and pleasure, and to complicate the mysteries of a masquerade, the courtiers of Louis XIV of France had invented the following expedient: They procured fine wax likenesses of their friends, or of eminent persons, and wore them under their masks. When requested to declare their identity, they would raise the outer mask, and the inner wax one, seen for a moment, in most cases completely deceived the spectator. It is easy to imagine what an infinite field for mystification this contrivance afforded. Captain Ernest had a friend, a sculptor, who had modeled a bust of the king; and from him he had procured a wax mask, beautifully colored, and so well executed as to deceive the eyes of the baroness for the moment they rested on it. Ernest, satisfied with his success, replaced his black velvet vizard, and continued the interview.

"Yes, baroness," whispered the disguised aid-de-camp. "It is Louis who stands before you—not as your king, but as your subject, your slave—the thrall of your beauty."

"Ah, sire!" sighed the belle of Munich, "you are sporting with the sensibilities of a weak woman."

"No, by heaven!" replied the false king. "I am incapable of that. Behold me at your feet, and hear me swear eternal allegiance to your charms."

"Rise, rise, sire," said the baroness, very much agitated. "We may be seen or overheard."

"Long have I thought," continued the false king, "that beauty such as yours should grace a throne."

"A throne!" echoed the baroness.

"But you are right," he continued, hurriedly. "This is no time or place for confidence like ours. Hark! the clock is striking twelve. Will you trust my honor, and meet me at this hour to-morrow night?"

"Where, sire?"

"In the Chinese pavilion in the garden of the palace. The wicket of the postern gate that leads to the door of the pavilion shall be left open for you."

The baroness gave him her hand. "To-morrow night at twelve," said she, and glided from the room.

"O, woman! woman! woman!" said Ernest, when left alone; "false as fair! Is it for this we rank you with the angels? But tremble, faithless one—your punishment shall be as bitter as the agony I suffer." And he followed the baroness into the dancing saloon.

He had no sooner left the room than a masked figure stole forth from beneath a mass of crimson drapery.

"The Chinese pavilion—to-morrow night at twelve!" said the stranger. "Bravo! bravo! Captain Von Steinberg!"

And he, too, vanished.

A few minutes before twelve o'clock on the following night, Captain Von Steinberg, wearing his wax mask, unlocked and entered the Chinese pavilion in the royal garden. The inside shutters of the windows were closed, so that he ventured to produce a match and light a wax taper, taking care to place a shade over it, so that the room should be very dimly lighted. After completing these arrangements he glanced around, and started on seeing the figure of a man near the table. The stranger was dressed in the uniform of an aid-de-camp and wore a mask upon his face.

"Who are you?" demanded Ernest, advancing to the intruder.

"You have anticipated a similar question," replied the mask.

"But I have a right to know," said Ernest.

"So have I," was the quiet answer.

"Sir," said Ernest, placing his hand on the hilt of his sabre, "I carry a sword."

"So do I," replied the mask; "but I reserve it for the enemies of my country."

"Who are you? I implore you to tell me," said Ernest.

"Ah! now you speak in a different manner. I, sir, am Captain Von Steinberg, at your service, aid-de-camp to His Majesty, King of Bavaria."

"The deuce you are!"

"But, confidence for confidence," said the imposter. "Now you must tell me who you are, and by what right I find you in the royal pavilion at this hour."

"By the very best right in the world," replied Ernest boldly. "I, sir, am King Louis of Bavaria," and he raised his outward mask, displaying the features of the king.

"Pardon me, sire," said the stranger, falling on his knee. "But, making my rounds in the garden I found the postern gates unlocked, and, fearing treachery to your royal person, deemed it my duty to keep watch in the pavilion, of which, as your majesty is aware, I have a duplicate key."

"Zounds, man! you haven't locked the postern, have you!" asked the pretended king.

"No, sire; it remains as I found it."

"Then, my good fellow, there is no harm done," said Ernest; "and I'll tell you a secret: I expect a lady here every instant, who has accorded me a private interview. The best service you can render me—is to leave me to myself."

"A hint from your royal lips is a command," said the pretended Ernest. "That your majesty's suit may prosper, is the warmest wish of your most devoted subject."

And the stranger vanished. Before Ernest had an opportunity to frame any hypothesis with regard to this mysterious being, the door opened cautiously and admitted the baroness. She threw herself at once at the feet of Ernest.

"Rise, lady," said the pretended monarch. "I should rather be at your feet—rise!"

"Not," said the baroness, "till your majesty pledges his royal word to pardon me in advance for whatever I may confess."

"I freely pledge you that," said Ernest, aiding the lady to rise.

"Know, then," continued the baroness, "that I am an ungrateful woman. Your majesty distinguished me, last night, and held out hopes so brilliant that a subject might well be dazzled by their promise. I *was* dazzled, and I heard you with pleasure; but it was only a momentary weakness; in the delirium of the dance you told me that you loved me—my consent to meet you here seemed a confession of reciprocal affection; but in truth my heart is given to another. I love—and love with all the fervor of my being—not a monarch, but a subject."

"A rival!" said the pretended king, sternly. "His name?"

"Promise that you will not harm him, sire."

"I make no promises in such a case as this."

"Then I shall keep my secret," said the baroness, firmly.

"And you would love this man, even if I commanded you to tear his image from your heart?"

"I love him, and him only," replied the baroness; "in good report and evil report—in sorrow and sickness—in shame and in honor. Truly I pledged him my hand—my heart went with it. I am his forever."

"And he is thine, dear Anna," said Ernest, tearing off his disguise. "Will you forgive the trial I have subjected you to?"

"Will you forgive the weakness of a moment that made me listen to temptation?"

"Freely and fully," said Ernest, folding the baroness in his arms. "And now—when shall we be married?"

"To-night!" said a voice beside them; and there stood the King of Bavaria, but still in the uniform of an aid-de-camp, in which he had entered the pavilion that evening, and first encountered Ernest. He it was who overheard the appointment at the masquerade. "To-night!" he repeated, smiling on astonished auditors. "The chapel is lighted up, the priest is in waiting, the wedding guests are bidden and the wedding feast prepared. Louis of Bavaria awaits to conduct you to the altar, and to give away the bride! And may the pleasures of this carnival be but the precursors of a life of joy."

The delight of the lovers—the joy of Lisette—the surprise and pleasure of all their family, must be left to the imagination. There are episodes in life whose brightness baffles pen and pencil both.

THE DUTCHMAN'S BURGLARS.—I hears much dings about de purglars all a vile; hears tey prakes stores into 'em very much. Vell, I dinks I vixes 'em; so de oder dime dey gooms to mine store dey no goom at all. So I puys a pig 'orse bistel, and fastens it to der floor, wid de moozle pointing to ter door; then I fastens a string mit der trigger, and runs it up mit der vall and down mit der floor, so ven Mr. Purglar opens himself mit der door, vy, if he blow de prains out wid de bistel, I can't help, ain't it? Vell, von day I left te door pointing at ter moozle of ter bistel, mit two pullets in it, and goes out ter dhrink some lager mit der poys. I sometimes dhrinks too much lager. Vell, I can't help it, don't I? I pour mineself into more as twenty sixteen klass lager, and den I goes home. Ven I pass mine shtore, I dink I better ash look in and see if nothidg pese all right. That is right don't it? If it don't, I can't help it. I forgets all about ter pig 'orse-bistel, and ven I opens mineself mit ter door, I shoost gets von pullet through my elbow, und von pullets to my hat through it all de viles. Vost I scart? Vell, if I vas I can't help it a'n't it? I vas *not* skare, but I never any more sets a bistel-draps for de purglars, don't I?

A Pittsburgh man has invented an apparatus for picking up passengers at way stations without stopping the trains. The candidate for a ride is stood up on the platform, and as the train approaches, a machine like the top of a table, working on an elbow-like joint, reaches out suddenly, strikes the awaiting traveler in the middle, he falls forward on the table, and before he is aware of it the conductor is holding him by the collar, while the train clerk goes through his clothes for his ticket or cash fare. By the time the traveler has recovered his breath the porter of the parlor car has blacked his boots and dusted his clothes.

A lately-appointed postmaster of a Western Massachusetts town came down from Boston the other day to "qualify" and have his bond for six hundred dollars approved. The bond was all right, and the regular question was put to the postmaster, "How much are you worth, sir?" "Wa'll," he said, "I don't tell how much I'm worth. Bradstreet sets me down at ten thousand dollars. I guess you'd better put it down at that figger." "How much do the assessors set you at?" "Wa'll, the assessors don't set me at quite so high a figger; but"—in a confidential whisper—'tween you'n me, I'm one of the assessors."

He waltzed out of a Liberty street front door yesterday, followed by a washboard and two bars of Babbitt's soap; and, as he straightened himself and walked firmly down the street, he remarked: "A man must draw the line somewhere or he can't be boss of the house; and I'll be hanged if I pump more than one barrel of water for no washing, and there ain't no woman can make me do it, unless she locks me in."

A west side man who saw a load of coal at a house and arranged to go over and borrow a part of it after the other man was in bed, got around that night and found that it had all been put in the cellar and carefully locked before nightfall. He remarked the next day that it was shocking to think how little trustfulness people seemed to have in human nature.

An exchange wants ladies to take off their hats in church, but as long as half the ladies go to church for the purpose of displaying their hats, it is hardly possible that the suggestion will be adopted—unless a glass case is placed alongside of the pulpit for their accommodation, and the name of the owner is prominently affixed to each hat.

Mrs. Swisshelm declares that "the coil of an anaconda would make a better girdle for a young woman's waist than the arm of a drunken husband." I believe it, for the first would end her sufferings quickly, while the last would inflict upon her life-long misery.

What to Drink.

The lily drinks the sunlight,
The primrose drinks the dew,
The cowslip sips the running brook,
The hyacinth, heaven's blue;
The peaches quaff the dawn-light,
The pears the autumn noon,
The apple-blossoms drink the rain,
And the first warm air of June.

The wind-flower and the violet
Draw in the April breeze,
And sun and rain and hurricane
Are the tipple of the trees;
But not a bud or greenling,
From the hyssop on the wall
To the cedars of Mount Lebanon,
Is steeped in alcohol.

From the earth's great emerald basin,
From the blue sky's sapphire bowl,
No living thing, of root or wing,
Partakes that deadly dole.
I'll quaff the lily's nectar,
I'll sip of the cowslip's cup—
I'll drink the shower, the sun, the breeze,
But *never* the poisoned drop.

A WOMAN'S VIEW OF IT.—The "lodge" gives some Benedicts such an excuse for not staying at home evenings, and is withal such an exclusive institution so far as the gentler and reputedly more curious sex is concerned, that it is small wonder the great Masonic demonstration in Philadelphia failed to excite any enthusiasm in that Minervan paper, The New Century for Woman, but evoked the following pointed inquiry for some wearer of the knightly panoply to answer:

There must be some pleasure in it, or men would not do it.

But—suppose 7000 women were to put on their summer hats, tie pretty little aprons around their waists and lovely sashes over their shoulders, and parade for hours in the hot sun over stony streets—what *would* it prove?

Suppose 7000 women were to block all lines of travel on their route, keep men from business, travelers from their depots, prevent all keeping of appointments, and throw all kinds of work out of time—what *would* be said?

A TRULY PRUDENT MOTHER.—A dwelling house on Clifford street took fire in one of the chambers, recently, from an exploding kerosene lamp. The flames were extinguished after a sharp struggle by the woman of the house, who had her hands pretty badly burned. She was relating her adventures next morning, and the woman asked:

"Why didn't you raise an alarm—where was Bessie?"

"Bessie and her beau were courting in the parlor," was the calm reply.

"And you never called them?"

"Not a word. I have known of cases where a sudden alarm has upset a young man just as he was about to propose, and changed the whole future of two lives."—*Detroit Free Press.*

A GOOD KALSOMINE.—Take 4 lbs. Paris white, put in a pail, cover with cold water, and let it stand over night; put in a tin kettle a handful of glue, cover with cold water; in the morning set the glue on the stove, and add enough warm water to make a quart, and stir until dissolved; add the glue to the Paris white, stir well, and pour in enough warm water to make a pail three quarters full; then add blueing, a little at a time; stir well until it is very slightly bluish. Use a good brush; go over one place in the wall until thoroughly wet; if your brush dries quickly, add more warm water, as the mixture is too thick; the brush must be kept wet. This mixture costs 38 cents.

BOTH ENDS.—He had been to the theatre and had improved the long waits between the acts, and when his street was reached he rose on his feet, staightened his legs as well as he could, adjusted his hat, looked up and measured for an instant the distance to the bell strap, made a dive for it, caught it at the third attempt, put his entire weight upon it, and of course rang both bells violently. "Here! here! what's the matter with yer?" yelled the conductor. "What are you ringing the bell at both ends for?" "Because," replied the passenger, with great contempt, "because (hic) I want both ends of the (hic) car to stop.

His mother killed a mosquito, the other day, and his eyes, that have looked upon the world for four years, barring the nights, were thoughtful for many moments. "That skeeter will never go home to her children," he said after a time, "will she? They also will come out and bite me and find out why it was that she never came home to them."

A scientist affirms that eventually, as our globe contracts, there will be only thirteen days in the year. It will be jolly to have Fourth of July, Christmas, Washington's Birthday, and all the rest of the holidays in one week, and be able to remind creditors who come nosing around that legal holidays must be respected.

"Woman," said the fat man on the cracker barrel, reflectively, "woman is like a boil. When another man has her we laugh at him; when we have her ourself we cherish and protect her.

Squabbles, an old bach, showed his stockings, which he had just darned, to a maiden lady, who contemptously remarked, "Pretty good for a man darner." Whereupon he rejoined, "Yes, good enough for a woman, darn her."

There are two gallons of whiskey per year manufactured for each inhabitant of the United States, and it is a clear case that somebody's got to go without.

If men would but hate themselves as they do their neighbors, it would be a good step toward loving their neighbors as they do themselves.

We can prostrate ourselves in the dust when we have committed a fault, but it is not best to remain there.

Be noble-minded! Our own heart, and not other men's opinion's of us, forms our true honor.

Since we are exposed to inevitable sorrows, wisdom is the art of finding compensation.

The heart makes the man, and the outward life is only the fruit of seeds sown within.

Remembrance is the only paradise out of which we cannot be driven.

IN SEARCH OF A RETAIL.

A green-appearing genius, on his visit to Boston, observed a sign over a store thus: "Wholesale and Retail Store." Working his way through the crowd of ladies until he faced one of the clerks who was exhibiting some articles to a young lady, he broke out;

"Say, Mister, who's boss here?"

"The proprietor has just stepped out, sir," responded the clerk.

"Well, is this a retail store?"

"Yes, sir; a wholesale and retail store."

"Guess you understand your trade;"

"Oh, yes," replied the clerk, wrapping up a bundle for his lady customer; "what can I do for you?

"Well, as the cold weather is coming on, I thought I might as well come and give you a job.

"I don't understand you, sir," replied the clerk, who began to think the fellow had got into the wrong box.

"Zackly so; well, I'll tell you."

"Explain what you mean, my friend," said the clerk, as he saw him produce a bundle from under his coat.

"Well, as I said before, the cold weather's coming on, and I thought I mought as well be fixin' for it. Come mighty near freezin' t'other winter, tell you I did; but—"

"I hope you will tell me what you want, so I may serve you."

"Certainly, Squire, certainly; I always do my business in a hurry; and just as quick as the old master will let you, I want you to retail these old shirts—let 'em come down about to the knees, kase I don't wear drawers."

The loud burst of laughter that followed served to convince the poor fellow that he had committed himself, and his long legs were soon put in motion for the door.

"Suppose," said Adolphus Slabside, our village school-teacher, addressing the first geography class, "suppose—now listen, boys and girls—I were to go out here on the playground and pierce a hole through the centre of the earth, and drop a stone in it, where would it come out?" "Out of the other end of the hole, sir," was the ready response of little Johnny Sharp.

A scholar in a country school was asked, "How do you parse 'Mary milks the cow?'" The last word was disposed of as follows; "Cow, a noun, feminine gender, third person, and stands for Mary." "Stands for Mary! How do make that out?" "Because," added the intelligent pupil, "if the cow didn't stand for Mary, how could she milk her?"

"Plase, sur, what's the fare from Dublin to Glasgow?" inquired a son of the Emerald Isle one day of the clerk of a shipping office. "Eighteen shillings," replied the other. "An' what d'ye charge for a pig or a cow?" "Oh, 1s. 6d. for a pig, and 3s. for a cow." "Well," replied Pat, "book me as a pig."

Society is like the echoing hills. It gives back to the speaker his words; groan for groan, song for song. Wouldst thou have thy social scenes resound with music? then speak ever in the melodious strains of truth and love. "With what measure ye mete it shall be measured to you again."

There are a good many pious people who are as careful of their religion as they are of their best service of china, only using it on holy occasions, for fear it should get chipped or flawed in working-day wear.

He that tears away a man's good name tears his flesh from his bones, and, by letting him live, gives him only a cruel opportunity of feeling his misery, of burying his better part, and surviving himself.

Religion is the fear of God, and its demonstration good works; and faith is the root of both: "For without faith we cannot please God;" nor can we fear what we do not believe.

Every human being has a work to carry on within, duties to perform abroad, influences to exert, which are peculiarly his own, and which no conscience but his own can teach.

Some fellow, after saying there is one physician to every eight hundred inhabitants, adds that they begin this way, but after awhile there are not so many inhabitants.

An Essex farmer is obliged to chalk his nose every time he takes a walk round the farm, to save himself from an old bull which has a strong antipathy to red.

"Is the moon made of green cheese, youngster?" "No, sir, certainly not." "How do you prove that?" "Oh, easy—the moon was made before the cows."

There may not be gold, but there's no question about the quantity of lead in the Black Hills. Every Indian has a gun full of it, and isn't stingy.

A lady says there are more superfluous men than women, and the rest of her sex would like to know where they are.

While one hymn book is good enough for lovers it takes two to supply them with music after they are married.

A Chinaman spoke all the English he knew in Indianapolis the other day, and was fined $7 for profanity.

It is not etiquette for a young lady to peruse an ice cream sign aloud while walking with a gentleman.

The principal objection to female barbers is that they're apt to turn their customer's heads.

A youth who appears to be on the right track—Prince 'Oscar.

Tongue-tied women are very scarce and very valuable.

All's well that ends well. Ben Butler wears a No. 5 boot.

A two-foot rule—"Boots and shoes for cash only."

The iron horse has but one ear—the engineer.

Pluck will carry a man where a palace car will not.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1876.

OUR CENTENNIAL.

Palmer did well in its observation of the Centennial Fourth. There was a good display of the trades and business of Palmer in a well planned and better executed procession in the morning, and then the exercises of the day were very appropriate, very homelike, very patriotic. We give them in other columns, including Rev. Mr. Fullerton's oration, which is an interesting, patriotic and valuable address, worth reading, even by those who heard it. We publish the address in full, and a pretty full account of our local celebration, because they have value as Centennial exercises, and copies are to be preserved by the Centennial exhibition, at Philadelphia, of all the newspapers published, giving accounts of this year's Fourth of July celebrations.

The National anniversary has been so extensively celebrated that it would be impossible for us to give even a brief account of the numerous observances. It is enough to say that about everybody celebrated in one way or another, and the country from one end to another echoed with the roar of cannon, the crack of guns, and the snap of crackers. Almost every town and city did something to commemorate the Centennial Fourth, and the serious accidents which usually occur were fewer this year than usual.

At Philadelphia, where the Fourth of July was made memorable, it being the cradle of Independence, the exercises were on a magnificent scale. They commenced the night before with a torchlight procession, in which military companies joined, making a procession miles in length. The city was all afire with torches, lanterns and calcium lights. As the bell struck twelve the whole city broke into a bedlam of bells, cannon, rockets and hurrahs. On the Fourth the streets were crowded all day. The procession, which was very long, contained a company from each of the original thirteen States. The exercises were held in Independence Square, and were of a most imposing character. The original copy of the Declaration of Independence was read by Richard Henry Lee of Virginia, a poem was read by Bayard Taylor, and the oration was delivered by William M. Evarts of New York. The stand was occupied by some of the most distinguished men of the country, and also by distinguished visitors from abroad.

New York also did its best in ushering in the glorious day. Processions, illuminations and fireworks filled the evening till after midnight.

Boston also celebrated, as did most of the cities and towns in Massachusetts, and it may be truthfully said that never since the Declaration of Independence was made has there been greater or more general observation of the occasion.

A MOST disgraceful exhibition of lawlessness was witnessed at Springfield Monday night, when several hundred men and boys visited the houses of the mayor, councilmen Harris and Carr, and alderman Newell, giving them a hideous serenade. At Mr. Harris's the rowdies smashed in windows, throwing fire-crackers, stones, bricks, etc. All because the city government had voted not to appropriate money for a celebration of the Fourth. Several arrests were made.

IOWA was visited on the Fourth by a terrific gale, which caused great destruction of life and property. At Port Madison, all the churches were destroyed or damaged, and almost every building in the city was more or less injured. At Rockdale, the entire village was washed out, and 42 persons drowned. At Burlington, several were killed and injured, and their houses swept away. The storm was of brief duration, and the destruction like a flash of lightning.

THE death of Gen. Custer, our gallant cavalry officer during the rebellion, will cause a pang of sorrow throughout the country. He, with the whole of his command, fell into ambush and were slaughtered by the Indians near the mouth of the Big Horn river. The news of this catastrophe has created great excitement at Washington and elsewhere, and at Monroe, Mich., the home of Gen. Custer, the town was draped in mourning.

SANTA ANNA, several times President of Mexico, and an old war horse of that unfortunate country, died at the City of Mexico on the 20th of June. He was born in 1798 and began his military career in 1821. He was once condemned to death by Jaurez, but finally pardoned on condition that he would leave the country forever. He left, but was allowed to return on the death of Jaurez.

THE Prohibitionists held a State Convention at Boston on Thursday, and nominated John I. Baker of Beverly for Governor, and Rev. Dr. D. C. Eddy of Boston for Lieut. Governor. The meeting passed a long set of resolutions covering their view of the situation. There were 450 delegates present.

WE surrender this week's paper to an account of our local Centennial celebration, to the exclusion of other matters. Our readers will, no doubt, find this account interesting, and as it will be an hundred years before we shall have to do the same thing, they will excuse us for filling so much space.

YALE carried off the honors in the eight-oared race on the Connecticut at Springfield last week Friday, beating Harvard easily by eight boat's lengths, and making the four miles in 22.02.

ANOTHER fearful marine disaster is reported in the loss of an East India steamer, with 230 persons on board, all drowned.

A New Bedford physician has given each hackman of the city a dollar's worth of soda water tickets in the interest of temperance.

THE CENTENNIAL IN PALMER!

A GLORIOUS DAY AND ENTHUSIASTIC CELEBRATION!

A GRAND TRADES PROCESSION!

ORATION OF REV. B. M. FULLERTON IN FULL!

A BIG CROWD, GOOD ORDER, AND A ROUSING TIME GENERALLY!

The glorious Centennial Fourth was ushered in at midnight by the ringing of bells, firing of cannon, and screaming of steam engines, and at sunrise the cannon belched forth their greeting. The decorations of buildings and dwelling was never more general, the Commercial block being especially gay with flags and bunting, while in front of the stores of F. B. Perkins and C. A. Brown & Co. were displayed the flags of all nations; the stores of Messrs. Perkins and Brown, with that of E. S. Brooks, watchmaker, were also handsomely decorated with evergreens; Rev. Mr. Goddard hung out tasty decorations and a representation of the original "pine tree banner." Many large flags were flung to the breeze from other buildings, and all the engines on the N. L. N. R. R. and two or three on the Ware River R. R. were gaily decorated with flags.

THE PROCESSION.

At 10 o'clock the grand civic procession started from the Park, headed by the Monson Cornet Band of 23 men, in elegant uniform and waving plumes, followed by the President of the day, A. V. Blanchard, Esq. The Ancient Order of Hibernians, Division No. 1, in full regalia, and carrying fine banners, were just in advance of the long line of boys from the State Primary School. Then came the "ambulances," or ox-carts, filled with women and children from the School, well sandwiched in and evidently enjoying the excitement, despite the heat. In the trades division the PALMER JOURNAL was represented by a large four-horse wagon, covered with the American flag, and containing a printing press in operation, throwing off copies of the "Centennial Offering;" also showing the manner of type-setting; E. J. Wood showed tasteful specimens of paper hanging work; F. B. Perkins, the sewing machine agent, in an evergreen bower, drawn by four horses, showed six specimens of those household necessities in operation; he was preceded by Zolva Williams, in police uniform, leading a dog labeled "Remington Guards;" J. F. Holbrook's coal team; A. W. Wilder, making harnesses; Foskett & Holkrook, grain team; A. E. Park, grocer; C. W. Cross, dentist; M. Fox, restaurant, cooking meals for imaginary customers; Burnham's city express; the Palmer Carpet Company's team was covered with specimens of their work, worth upward of $1000, most tastefully arranged, beneath which they showed machinery in operation. The second division was led by a band of "negro minstrels," who sang and played *en route* for the delectation of the multitude; J. Feeney and W. Thompson, liquorists; Hubbard Lawrence, making brooms; Stacy and Simonds, blacksmiths, with forges; H. Loomis, furniture; American Express Co.; A. Hastings and A. Tanner, milkmen; H. A. Northrop, ice; Mr. Brainard, fish; C. H. Keith and E. Dodge, meat markets; G. Cobb, bakery; Geo. Robinson, hardware, well displayed; S. Leach and John Barnes, carpenters; A. Wing, laying brick; the Antiques and Horribles, "too numerous to mention," brought up the rear.

IN WALES' HALL,

which was thrown open to the public by Mr. French, the exercises were after the following programme:

1. Music by the Band.
2. Prayer by Rev. T. A. Leete.
3. Reading of the Declaration of Independence by George Robinson, Esq.
4. Music.
5. Oration by Rev. B. M. Fullerton.
6. "America," sung by the audience.

THE COLLATION.

At the close of the exercises in the hall a procession was formed and marched to the Rockwotton House, where a bountiful collation was provided by mine host Turner. At the table Rev. O. W. Adams, late of Palmer, invoked Divine blessing. After dinner the president of the day introduced G. H. Appleton, who offered the following toasts, which were responded to in a pleasant manner:

The Day We Celebrate. The anniversary of a nation's birthday. One hundred years ago, our fathers breathed the breath of life into a nation that has since become great and powerful; to-day we celebrate the deeds and the glory of the century past, and convey to our successors the duty of making more glorious the history and more powerful the nation at the next centennial gathering.

Response by the Band.

The President. The office the highest and best gift of a nation; the man, the choice of a great people. We honor the officer; the officer honors the men. Let us *Grant* honor to both.

Response by the Band.

The Governor. The pride of Massachusetts. May the *Rice* of the present year be none less glorious than the past, filled with so many precious memories.

Response—Band.

The Orator of the Day. Our exponent this day. May the noble sentiments expressed, the patriotism enjoined, and the history cited be the means of enkindling higher sentiments, nobler aspirations, broader views for our entire land and the world. Long may he live to give utterance to similar sentiments, and the next centennial gathering be more glorious and the nation itself better and purer, on account of the example this day.

Response—Rev. B. M. Fullerton.

The State Legislature. Massachusetts looks with pride at her law-makers, who are always her selected sons, and Palmer with still more pride that her Representatives are always not only law-makers but law-observers, and obey what they rule, thus by precept and example, maintaining correct and upright government.

Response—C. L. Gardner, Esq.

Massachusetts. The pride of New England, the glory of the nation, always first in times of danger, first in reform. May she lead the van in the years that are to come by greater strides than she has in the past, and always be found true to the principles of the men and women who shaped her early history.

Response—Rev. Mr. Ball.

The Local Press. Our news gatherer. We are indebted to it for our opinions (for who dares to have any until we have consulted the leader of our favorite Journal?) and for our knowledge of events. May it be a power for good to all, for to us it is chronicling the second centennial of Palmer.

Response—G. M. Fisk, of the JOURNAL, who offered the following:

OUR COUNTRY'S CENTENNIAL.

One hundred years have fled!—
One hundred springs have gone!—
Three generations dead!—
One country still our own!

Our fathers braved the storm
Which made this people free!
We keep their memory warm
In this grand jubilee!

We spread our banners wide!
We hail this glorious day!—
From hill to ocean's tide
Behold the grand display!

One nation at one shrine!—
One people brave and free!—
One chorus swells sublime
Their song of liberty!

Loud let the welkin ring!—
Rejoice! the day has come!
Give thanks to God, our King,
For this, our nation's home!

Our English Neighbors. We took tea with them in Boston Harbor (it is true without invitation); we met them again at Lexington; the friendship was firmly cemented at the time of the arbitration. May it continue through the coming years, growing stronger and stronger as each of the great questions shall be settled on the principles of Christian civilization.

Response—God Save the Queen—Band.

Temperance Reform. A noble work, which has the best wishes and should have the aid of all good citizens. We toast its success.

Response—George Robinson, Esq.

The Clergy. On the religion and morals of a community depend the welfare. The clergy are the able and proper teachers of both, but even in this great and good work their labors do not end. They visit the sick, they comfort the afflicted, bury the dead and give sympathy to the mourning; leading upright lives, they point the way to a better existence for all, and not saying *go* but *come*, they merit the respect of all for their lives and labor.

Response—Rev. T. A. Leete.

Education. The key-note of our national prosperity. The universal school, education of the young, training them for the duties of a later life and the care of the nation's honor. It is and always must be the spoken pride of all citizens of the United States, of Massachusetts particularly, of Palmer most surely, that her public schools are so flourishing and her teachers so capable and true to their trusts.

Response—Band.

The Ladies. During all the century of the Republic, the ladies of America have been loved for their sentiments, and *this* sentiment to the ladies shall be our love to them. They increase our joys, lighten our sorrows, divide the labors of life, lessen the trials, brighten our many moments. They encourage, strengthen and counsel from the cradle to the grave. We depend upon them, and about midway between the two borders of life we think we gain our greatest joy in *their* society. Mothers, wives and daughters, we love them all, and give them here our hearty sentiments.

Response—Homer C. Strong, Esq.

The afternoon was spent by the crowd on the Park, where a picked nine from this village was defeated by a club from Monson by a score of 11 to 21. The sack, wheelbarrow and potato races were omitted for want of time and interest in them. Many passed the afternoon in quiet family picnics, or by resting at home.

In the evening the band gave a fine open air concert on the railroad common, where the fireworks were displayed, until the rain put a damper upon them. Several of our prominent citizens were serenaded by the band after the fireworks.

THE ORATION.

This day is, first, the anniversary of American independence. I say American independence, because it is scarcely probable that the United States of America, in their strength, would permit any portion of the Old World to crush any portion of the New. While we would not interfere in the legitimate adjustment of disputes between Western countries and Eastern empires, we, in some sense, constitute ourselves jealous watchers against tyrannous encroachments by the ancient governments upon any part of American territory, from the Arctic Ocean to the Straits of Magellan. America, South and North, is all within the cordon of our sympathy and our moral protection. When, in the developments of history, our national birth-hour struck, there loomed in the western hemisphere a giant guardian of the fortunes of this half of the world.

But this day is, second, the anniversary of the birth of the American Union—of the United States—of the most colossal and adventurous Republic known to the annals of the world. By the declaration of our independence, a somewhat imperfect, yet a national, government was established; a war going on with Britain was transformed from a civil into a foreign war; and every inhabitant of thirteen colonies, whose territory stretched along the Atlantic seaboard to the Gulf, was changed from a subject of the British king to a citizen of a new republic. Otherwise, all continued as before. There was no relapse into savagery; no bartering of individual rights; no dissolution of States; and no social revolution. Each separate State could "enter upon the career of domestic reforms," because internal police and law-giving were reserved to the individual bodies as State rights. The United States of America simply "assumed powers over war, peace, foreign alliances and commerce."

It may be a fact not popularly known, that the day we celebrate was not the day on which the declaration which set forth these changes was signed. The country had to fight the battles of independence for some time before that celebrated instrument had the signature of those empowered to represent the several colonial States. Prejudices against so revolutionary a step had to be disarmed. There was a "never-sleeping dread," says Bancroft, "of the absorption of the States." The United States, as a confederation, had not enlisted a single soldier. Citizens had not been enrolled but for short terms of service, on account of the natural popular fear of a standing army as a deadly foe to liberty. Petty dissensions interposed insufficient but effectual reasons for delay in signing. In the general order for the first of August, however, Washington thus spoke for Union: "Divisions among ourselves most effectually assist our enemies; the provinces are all united to oppose the common enemy, and all distinctions are sunk in the name of an American." "On the next day," is the record, "the members of Congress, having no army but a transient one, no confederation, no treasury, no supplies of materials of war, signed the Declaration of Independence, which had been engrossed on parchment." The first to sign it was the President himself. The next was Samuel Adams of Massachusetts, of whom it was said in those times that he had "the greatest part in the greatest revolution in the world." The body which signed and that which voted the declaration was not entirely the same. Innate unwillingness in the several States to give up power, combined with jealousy of putting it into other hands than their own, had postponed the completion of the declaratory act. But, while put off, the fateful pressure of events would not permit it to fall and end in mere proposition and discussion. The public mind had become familiar with its idea. Yeomen and merchants, fishermen and mechanics, from the coast to the farthest inland border, had considered it; town meetings and pulpits had wrought the people up to it; newspapers and pamphlets had discoursed upon it; in many a social gathering and about many a camp-fire it had been the theme of talk; and conventions of counties, committees of conference, and colonial congresses, had all passed it under their review. The Continental Congress waited only to hear the verdict of the people. By the first day of July, 1776, the popular voice had been so generally uttered, and so distinctly heard in Congress, that John Adams, also of Massachusetts, "confident as if the vote had been taken, invoked the blessing of heaven to make the new-born republic more glorious than any which had gone before." Fifty statesmen, most of them venerable on account of age, and nearly all of them great in council, were present in their places at the appointed hour. They represented every colony. All but one had full power of action. The reading of various letters opened the business of the day. In one of these was a report from Washington of the number of his men, artillery force and all—seven thousand seven hundred and fifty-four. Fourteen hundred of these had bad firelocks; more than eight hundred had none at all; three thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven possessed no bayonets. This was the force with which the General must defend extensive lines against an army of thirty thousand veterans. But one after one the colonies had avouched their readiness to combine for freedom in an irreversible compact of union; and, as if to offset the uninspiring intelligence from the Continental Army, the unanimous vote of the Maryland Convention, sent by express, was produced and read. The order of the day was the "consideration of the resolution respecting independency." Congress is in a committee of the whole, and a perfect silence of minutes prevails. The mover of the resolution was absent. It was Richard Henry Lee who, in the name and with the authority of Virginia, had made the proposition in Congress. He had made it on the seventh of the previous June. The debate had been long and copious. Edward Rutledge had said that it "required the impudence of a New Englander for them, in their disjointed state, to propose a treaty to a nation now at peace; that no reason could be assigned for pressing into this measure, but the reason of every madman—a show of spirit." On the other hand, John Adams, who, by the way, was the seconder, had spoken of the proposed measures as "objects of the most stupendous magnitude, in which the lives and liberties of millions yet unborn were intimately interested." Discussion had been kept up till seven in the evening. Sunday intervening, the question was postponed until Monday. When, on that day, the Congress met, Edward Rutledge had moved to postpone three weeks, in order that meanwhile "the plan of a confederation and of treaties might be matured." Seven colonies to five, after another discussion until seven, had voted to assent to the postponement. It was on the expiration of this interval, the first morning of July, before the resolution had passed, that John Adams, as has been noted, invoked the blessing of heaven upon the republic, although it was yet unborn. The mover of the resolution not being present, all eyes were turned to the seconder, John Adams. There is no record of his unpremeditated and impassioned speech. It, however, urged the present time for resolving on independence as the most suitable, "inasmuch as it had become the first wish and the last instruction of the communities they represented." There was much debate. The resolution was, however, reported. Still, South Carolina requesting, voting was put off till the next day. On the second of July, twelve colonies, without a single dissent, resolved upon their right to freedom, independence, and the severance of all political connection between them and Great Britain. John Adams wrote, at night, with heaving breast: "The day is past. The second day of July, 1776, will be the most memorable epocha in the history of America; to be celebrated by succeeding generations as the great anniversary festival; commemorated as the day of deliverance, by solemn acts of devotion to God Almighty, from one end of the continent to the other, from this time forward forevermore." It remained to set forth the reasons for this act. The rising empire must declare the foundation of its faith.

The necessary committee had already been chosen by vote, and Thomas Jefferson appointed to draught the declaration, which had been reported to Congress the twenty-eighth of June. After the resolution favoring independence was passed, the second of July, Congress began to scan the declaration of reasons, and occupied the remainder of that day and the next two in its examination. On the fourth of the month it was agreed to and published to the world, authenticated by the President and Secretary. As has been shown, it was not until the second of August that the members signed the instrument. As Bancroft says, "The nation, when it made the choice of a day for its great anniversary, selected not the day of the resolution of independence, when it closed the past, but that of the declaration of the principles on which it opened its new career." The signing by the members of Congress was a formality which needed no special celebration to mark its occurrence. The fourth of July, which saw the definition of America's reasons for coming forth among the nations of the world, is the day which may most fitly hear the peal of bells, the booming of cannon, the glad hurrah, and the grateful recognition of God's hand in her history.

This day is, third, the centennial anniversary of the republic. A century is not much. It seems almost a superstition that leads a people to celebrate its hundredth year. A hundred is but ten times ten. What is there in a hundredth year that should lead us to make so great an ado about it? After this question is asked, and no intelligent answer to it comes, the fact remains that a hundred years is a good round period, whose lapse we somehow instinctively incline to mark. Three generations have passed by since we became a Union of States. We turn to look upon the path on which we have trod. We note the expansion of our territory. We consider the immense development of our resources, the growth of our cities, and the increase of our population. Each item is dazzling. The aggregate is brilliant and splendid in the extreme. We owe the present to the act of our wise fathers, done a hundred years ago to-day, upon the demand of the popular voice. The land in which we live was discovered, indeed, by Old World adventurers, three hundred and eighty-four years ago. Cortes touched California three centuries and a half ago. From the year 1600, onward through that century, this country saw the colonization of Acadia by the French, the settlement of Jamestown by the English, the founding of Quebec, New Amsterdam and Boston, the Puritan occupation of New England, emigrations to New York, Maryland and North Carolina, the first introduction of tobacco, slaves, and the printing press, and the reduction of the language of the Indians to a printed form; experienced the trials of Indian wars, witchcraft, and the piracies of Captain Kidd. The same century saw the translation of the Bible in the present common version, the discovery of the circulation of the blood, the invention of thermometers, air guns, air pumps, and railroads with wooden rails, the first use of lotteries, the first importation of calico and coffee into England, the manufacture of Gobelin tapestry, chain shot and bayonets, the first cutting of logwood, the beginning of St. Paul's Church, the production of Pilgrim's Progress, the making of telescopes, telegraphs, and white paper, and the finding of phosphorus. Harvard and William and Mary's Colleges had been founded, and the eighteenth century opened with the founding of Yale. After 1700, and before 1776, rice had been brought into Carolina from Madagascar, the Boston News Letter had been started, and by 1721 was followed by the establishment of two other papers in Philadelphia and New York. In 1775 there were, in all the colonies, thirty-seven newspapers; in 1870, 5871, with a circulation of 1,508,548,250 copies. Now there are among us 56,000 libraries, not private, containing 19,500,000 volumes. The first coal used in this country was a little anthracite by a single blacksmith in the Wyoming valley, in 1775. The product in 1865 was 22,000,000 tons. In 1791, our exports amounted to $19,000,000; in 1866, to $530,000,000. At the former date, our imports aggregated $52,000,000; at the latter, $437,000,000. At the close of the Revolution, the tonnage of our shipping was a little over 500,000; in 1866, over 4,000,000. In 1790, the number of postoffices was seventy-five, and the extent of post-roads 1875 miles; in 1859, the number of offices was 28,539, of mail routes 8,273, and the aggregate length of the routes 260,052 miles. The population of the United States in 1790 was less than 4,000,000; now it is about 40,000,000. Pennsylvania has nearly as many, and New York has a million more than all the colonies had in Revolutionary times. At the close of the Revolution, and in fact for nearly fifty years thereafter, there were no railroads in the United States; yet as long ago as 1863 about 36,000 miles had been completed, at a cost of nearly $1,500,000,000. Doubtless a hundred million passengers are now annually carried on the street railways of New York alone. "In 1790, Philadelphia was the only city in the Union numbering 40,000 inhabitants. St. Louis and New Orleans were mere villages; Pittsburg was but a frontier fort; the site of Cincinnati had merely been chosen; and the name of Buffalo did not exist." But Cincinnati had, in 1840, fifty years after its site was chosen, a population of 46,338; in 1860, 161,044—the number doubling every seven or eight years. At this rate of increase it ought to contain, before 1900, 2,000,000 of inhabitants. St. Louis has doubled every five, Chicago every four years. Other cities have had a growth scarcely less rapid. The average increase of the population of the country, every ten years, has been about 35 per cent. Our resources are yet comparatively untouched. The soil, it is calculated, is capable of supporting as many inhabitants as there are now on the whole surface of the globe. Should the past rate of increase continue, even, a little less than 130 years longer, our domains would teem with a population of more than sixteen hundred millions—forty-two times as many as are living here to-day. And since the country can support so many, it probably will.

The territory of the United States is a parallelogram, averaging twenty-four hundred miles in length by thirteen hundred in breadth, with a frontier line of more than ten thousand miles. Its length and narrowness, mark you, are most favorable conditions. There are *very many* physical characteristics of our country which tend to enable this to support a vaster population than any other continent on earth. The position of our mountain chains, stretching north and south and lying near the coast; the consequent effect upon the rainfall; the mighty rivers, a single one of which drains an area of 1,200,000 square miles, or a territory one-third as large as the whole of Europe; and many other physical facts which I have no time to detail nor you to hear, have given to us (and please observe the striking fact) as many or more acres of arable land than are to be found in Europe, Asia, and Africa combined. The whole world could live here and run no risk of starving. If so many can live on our soil, who shall say that not so many will?

We have tall mountains, and those which may conveniently be climbed. Of minerals, we have great wealth of tempting gold, considerable veins of sheeny silver, huge masses of almost unadulterated copper, the richest lead deposits on the globe, iron mines most widely diffused and yielding yearly millions of tons, coal in inexhaustible supply, springs of salt and minerals—medicinal and useful, enough and enough. No portion of the globe is more favored with navigable waters, internal and external, than the United States. Our great lakes, magnificent rivers, and commodious bays and gulfs, are of national importance. There is every variety of climate and soil, and consequently every variety of product. The ice fields of British America pour cold blasts southward over our northern limits, but our domain is too vast for them to nip the orange buds of Florida and the cotton blossoms of Texas. The 2,044,077 farms of the United States, with their improved acres numbering 163,110,720, and of unimproved once and a half as many more, whose cash value in 1860 was $6,645,045,007—an increase of 103 per cent. in ten years—produce Indian corn, wheat, rye, barley, buckwheat, oats, peas and beans, rice, potatoes, hay, hops, sugar, butter and cheese, cotton, wool, flax, hemp, silk, and a great variety of fruits, besides horned cattle, horses, sheep and swine, by scores of millions. No country can boast so many species of noble forest trees as are found within the territory of the United States. We have numerous oaks, the tall, straight pine, and the graceful and magnificent elm. These are but types of the varieties, which range from the redwood of California, thirty feet in diameter and three hundred in height, to the beautiful flowering magnolia of the South.

But the foremost productions of this country are its men and women. Of the former, we have all grades and kinds—all varieties of talents, from those of a Barnum to those of a Sumner. If any one doubts that we raise women, I shall cite him the ladies of Palmer. The modifications which various nationalities have undergone by force of climate, by the action of our institutions, and by social commingling, have given rise to a type of humanity sufficiently understood when designated by the epithet American.

In view of the multiplicity of origins our people had, the wonder is that they are so unified and homogeneous. New England has been most effective in giving intellectual and moral tone to the nation, and, directly or indirectly, exerts to-day the majority of influence. She dragged the reluctant colonies after her into the war of the Revolution. Her principles and men were in the van in our late struggle.

Very largely the credit of the popular respect for education is due to her. From 1638 to the present time, the number of our colleges has grown from one to 455. The first one was planted in New England. Our scientific institutions are becoming numerous and highly respectable. "When it is considered," said one a few years since, "that the United States have been a nation scarcely beyond the period of an ordinary life, and have not yet finished cutting down their forests and clearing their lands, and that almost the entire energies of the people have hitherto been directed to procuring a subsistence and erecting habitations, they surely have no cause to blush if their literature has not equalled that which has grown up in Europe under the fostering care of a wealthy aristocracy, amid institutions which had been enriched by all the choicest productions extant, of ancient and modern learning, long before the white man had fixed his dwelling on any part of the vast domain of the United States. This country has, indeed, just ground to glory, that, in spite of all the disadvantages alluded to, it has produced so many names illustrious in science, literature, and art—names which posterity, whether in the Old or New World, will not willingly let die." These foster and feed, and the press diffuses, general intelligence, becoming thus a most powerful engine to promote or undermine the interests of morality and religion.

We have no State religion. Perhaps I ought to say, no stated religion. I do not mean by this that we have none to speak of; for we are prolific in denominations. Each letter of the alphabet except I, K, N, and V, begins the name of some religious sect among us, some of them being the initials of more than one; and I am not entirely sure about the four exceptions. And if, as the poet says, there are no sects in heaven, one wonders how the United States is ever to go there. But when we cannot agree to agree, we agree to disagree, and the government lets our sectarian nonsense alone.

The ancient policy of the Roman empire no more effectively consolidated and welded conquered peoples together than our republican institutions have compacted these States. The let-alone principle under which our States control themselves internally; and according to which our counties, cities and towns manage their own county, city and town affairs, has resulted in making the people self-helpful, enterprising, strong in self-restraint, and obedient to law. The privilege of electing the national law-makers and the chief national executives has insured a popular interest in all general public ends. We secure peace amidst change, and reform evils without resort to revolutions. We are not obliged to right wrongs by violence. Our government is "beneficent in what it leaves undone." If legislation were still more sparingly indulged in, both by State and nation, if fewer special privileges were annually granted to persons and corporations, and if less restriction was placed upon cities and towns, our governments would be still more useful than they are, our smaller municipalities still more efficient, and our individual citizens more thoroughly inspired with a sense of their personal responsibility for the public weal.

Yet notwithstanding all the evils which have arisen from certain defects in our political system, the fact remains unchallenged that, within a century, we have become one of the first powers on the globe. The President now peaceably directs the affairs of a confederacy of almost forty States—of a nation whose boundaries are the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and the middle of the northern temperate and the torrid zones. All sorts of trials have tried our government, famine alone excepted. We have experienced rebellion, pestilence, war, the strife of parties, the jealousies of sections. We have scarcely yet emerged from the sorrows of a colossal civil war, in which Americans, both northern and southern, gallantly fought, part for a lost, part for a victorious cause. The soldiers who were embattled against each other have since clasped hands in amity, and belligerent States wheeled into line in harmony and concord. A dove, with an olive branch in its beak, has flown from each State capitol to the Goddess of Liberty, who, out of these gathered emblems of peace, has twined and woven a wreath, wound it about the dome of the national capitol, and surmounted all with a palm branch of victory—of victory, not of part over part, but of law and right over the spirit of dissension and sentiments of division; of victory of the masses of a newly enfranchised nation over the domineering and destructive leadership of a local aristocracy. Cotton can never again be king. The "Father of Waters" will "roll unvexed to the sea" through the next hundred years. For to-day we are stronger than ever, and, with a favoring Providence, shall avoid in future the blackest danger which has loomed in the pathway of our past.

It has been said that the Roman eagle never flew so far, in its longest flights, as from Maine to Texas, and from the everglades of Florida to the far Northwest,

"Where rolls the Oregon, and hears no sound
Save his own dashings."

In the pathway of no nation lie such dangers as threaten us; for none are there so glorious promises. When we consider our more than imperial domain, our almost infinite resources of soil and wealth, our possibilties and therefore probabilities of population in the future, and our immensely developing industries, we begin to see that danger and promise are both under-estimated.

We hear much, the present year, of the scholar in politics. But what we need, ladies and gentlemen, what we need is a whole people scholarly in politics. What we require is the courage to right ourselves, and to sacrifice the hour and the dollar for the weal of the land. Many a strong nation before us has had its rise, its progress, and its decline. As compared with the life-period of even Republican Rome, our republic is scarcely yet a youth. From the overthrow of the Roman monarchy to the formation of the first triumvirate was a period of about four hundred and fifty years. We are yet in the gristle. It has been said that republics have an era of construction, and an era of corruption, which is followed by an era of reformation and reconstruction, or else of decline and death. We are only safe with a citizenship that fears God, eschews soft luxury, and stands by the stern virtues. We see many an empty sleeve and know many a bereft mother, vivid reminders of a struggle which cost the country six hundred thousand manly lives. We read of 2,688,523 men enlisted into the national service while that struggle was pending. But that conflict were all in vain if it do not teach us that there are patriotic virtues to be cherished, and that a nation is worth preserving at the expense of a steady self-sacrifice.

A German university professor asked a friend of mine why, over here, they had elected such a man to office. He was told that the man was "smart." He instantly replied, "Yes; that word 'smart' will break America's neck, by and by." There was, alas! too much reason for the warning. A people who by birthright are the sole depositaries of political power can have no insured safety unless they will insist upon confiding all civic trusts to men of ennobled purpose, to men undazzled by the shining of riches, to men untemptable by bribes, to men uninclined to lie, to men unsceared by the prospect of honorable poverty, to men who do not sneer at the traditional simplicity of republics. De Tocqueville says that "the principle of equality makes the passion for physical gratifications and the exclusive love of the present predominate in the human heart." Pity 'tis if this be true. Every American citizen to-day ought to look forward, and never backward but for warnings. A new and untried century is opening upon us. 'Forests will still fall beneath the settler's axe; the bowels of the earth will still be searched for mineral wealth; railways will be laid down, rivers deepened, commerce extended, schools and colleges fostered, books disseminated, cities built, populations swarm in sufficient numbers to form a State almost every successive year, thus expanding and extending the area of truth, light, and liberty; and, with the blessing of Him without whom no increase is given,' our institutions will go on, moving the world up to higher planes, nobler duties, and broader privileges. All this will be, provided that nobility of soul which trod the deck of the Mayflower, fought the Revolution through, and struggled for perpetuity and unity in the last sad war, shall be maintained throughout the coming era which is now begun.

"Hail, happy land,
The seat of empire, the abode of kings;
The final stage, where time shall introduce
Renowned characters, and glorious works
Of high invention and of wond'rous art,
Which not the ravages of Time shall waste,
Till he himself has run his long career."

We have measured one century with most rapid steps. Our strides in material progress have been like the bound of the horses of the Gods. We stand, now, looking forth toward an unexplored future.

"The crisis presses on us; face to face with us it stands,
With solemn lips of question, like the Sphinx in Egypt's sands!
This day we fashion Destiny; our web of Fate we spin;
This day for all hereafter choose we holiness or sin;
Even now, from starry Gerizim or Ebal's cloudy crown,
We call the dews of blessing or the bolts of cursing down:

"By all for which the martyrs bore their agony and shame;
By all the warning words of truth with which the prophets came;
By the future which awaits us; by all the hopes which cast
Their faint and trembling beams across the blackness of the past;
And by the blessed thought of Him who for Earth's freedom died;
O, my people! O, my brothers! let us choose the righteous side.

"So shall the northern pioneer go joyful on his way,
To weal Penobscot's waters to San Francisco's bay;
To make the rugged places smooth, and sow the vales with grain,
And bear, with Liberty and Law, the Bible in his train.
The mighty West shall bless the East, and sea shall answer sea;
And mountain unto mountain call, *Praise God, for we are free!*"

PALMER AND VICINITY.

The Lone Stars of Palmer and a Warren club played base ball yesterday.

J. F. Holbrook was the recipient, Tuesday, of a comfortable arm-chair, as a birthday present from friends.

Preaching for St. Paul's church, in Union Hall, to-morrow, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m., by C. H. Eaton of Tufts divinity school.

F. B. Perkins displays some very ancient relics in his store windows—among them a plate 370 years old and a tea-pot used 115 years ago.

Orrin P. Allen fell from a cherry tree in his yard Wednesday evening, and unlike George Washington found that *lying* was the best policy for a day or two.

A. Pinney sells at auction at 10 o'clock, today, (Saturday) in French's block, the household goods, etc., belonging to the estate of the late widow Pinney.

The New London Northern Railroad announces a grand excursion to Mount Tobey, next Tuesday, 11th. Fare for the round trip from Palmer $1.00. Carriages and guides will be on hand to take visitors up the mountain. For a cool and romantic resort Mount Tobey is well worth a day's visit.

On the evening of the Fourth, a Monson team containing a man and woman, was upset in front of the Nassawanno House, during the fireworks.——Dan Coleman of Monson fell in a fit during the ball game on the Park.——Fire-crackers set fire to three ladies' dresses. The noonday and sunset salutes were omitted in consideration of the nerves of the invalids.

The following in the intermediate department of our village school, H. Ethel Wallace, teacher, were neither absent nor tardy during the past term—Cora Brown, Lena Brown, Lottie Deming, Mary Higgins, Carrie Hawks, Etta Macaulay, Mary Robinson, Helen Robinson, Effie Smith, Marcella Thompson, Fred Higgins, Milton Holdsworth, Myron Lawrence, Thomas Murphy and Sandy Thompson.

One of the saddest events we have been called upon to chronicle in the village for a long time, is the death of Alonzo, oldest son of Charles E. Dewey, last Saturday afternoon. With a party of his mates he was in bathing near the New London Northern R. R. bridge, when he suddenly sank, and despite all attempts of his companions to rescue him, was drowned. His body was recovered about an hour later. From the appearance of the body, the physicians say that congestion, or heart disease, must have been the cause of his death. He was 17 years old, and had just finished a term in the high school. His funeral was attended Wednesday at his father's residence on South Main street. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Fullerton. The school of which deceased was a member sang a beautiful hymn, "Our little band is broken now," written by G. C. Wheeler for the occasion, and Mrs. A. E. Park the solo "Pass Under the Rod." The grave was lined with green and trimmed with a profusion of flowers, floral tributes also being thrown upon the coffin by his sorrowing class-mates.

DISTRICT COURT.

On the 29th, Guy Hatch of Monson was up for an assault on Marianne Hatch, and the case was continued till to-day.

On the 5th Lyman Abercrombie of Wilbraham paid $7.50 for celebrating the Fourth with a drunk. Timothy B. Shea of Palmer paid $7.35 for doing the same thing; John Linnehan paid $8.35 for doing the same thing; Timothy O'Brey couldn't find $7.75 to pay for his celebration and went to jail; Ann Vanall, a white darkey, for celebrating with a drunk was sent up for two months.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM.

Isaac W. Ladd is recovering from injuries caused recently by the kick of a horse.

No service at the Cong. church to-morrow, on account of the absence of the pastor.

A trio of Monson gentry came over Monday night to steal our cannon, bringing liquor with them, but went home drunk and without the cannon.

THORNDIKE.

Last Sabbath was a centennial day in this parish. In the morning scraps of local revolutionary history were plentifully given, gleaned from the talk of the "oldest inhabitant" and the silent sayings of the Old Palmer Centre church yard. In the afternoon Rev. Mr. Reade gave a sermon appropriate to the day, telling the story of the nation's growth, the signing of the declaration, and of God's providential leadership, from the time the Mayflower left England to the present hour. The church was most beautifully decorated with flags and flowers, and the day was, notwithstanding the intense heat, one of rare interest and good.

THREE RIVERS.

Suitable centennial services were conducted by the pastor at the Mission Chapel, Sabbath evening.

John Bowker, artist, in the employ of Ruggles Bros., left on Monday to spend a week or ten days at the Centennial.

Mr. Landers has sold out his saloon and fruit store to Mr. Charles Squiers, of this place. Mr. Squiers has poor health and hopes a change of business may improve it.

The village has erected a fine liberty pole 103 feet high. Much credit is due Mr. Dailey for the hard work done in preparing the pole for erection. It was intended to raise a flag upon it on the Fourth, but the raising was postponed because they could not get the flag in time.

The Fourth passed off quietly, with but little excitement. The horribles appeared well and they were treated with good cool lemonade before they left the village to go to Palmer. The day was so hot that many of the villagers felt best in a good shade. The sports on the common, and the tub race at the pond were extremely tame. In the evening there was a good display of fireworks on both sides the river. One taing our correspondent is proud to say,—he did not see a single person intoxicated in the village during the day or evening. Can this be said of all the villages in town?

MONSON.

The Monson National Bank pays a dividend of 5 per cent.

Rev. John Lemley, editor of the Censor, will preach in the M. E. church Sunday morning, July 16th.

The great event which happened 100 years ago last Tuesday was commemorated to a limited extent. Flags, bunting, powder, &c., were in great demand on Monday. At 12 o'clock Monday night a pistol shot near the M. E. church ushered in the glorious Fourth, a small cannon was fired off, and for nearly an hour fire crackers and small firearms sent forth peal after peal. Special watchmen had been stationed at the church and other localities to prevent the ringing of the bells, but the sexton of the church suddenly became converted, and patriotic impulses, together with the express desire of the ladies to have the old bell help sound forth the fact that it was the centennial anniversary, and he that was stationed to keep others from ringing the bell *rang it himself*. The streets were not overcrowded during the night, the artillery company failed to get their six-pounder, and the firing occasionally of small arms served to break the monotony of the steam whistles of the N. L. N. R. R. There was some talk of arresting the boys for being too demonstrative and too personal in their enthusiasm, but none was made, and at sunrise there was no salute. Several hundred of our citizens went to Palmer, and the remainder of the day was as quiet as could have been expected.

WARE AND VICINITY.

An effort is to be made to secure a uniform for the new fire company.

A Tilden and Hendricks flag was raised from Frank Gilmore's stable on the Fourth, with a rooster on the top of the staff.

We have heard it suggested that the park on Main street be opened to the public and seats placed therein, in order that those who occupy the street corners and other places may have some place in which to enjoy themselves.

An incendiary fire at 2½ o'clock Friday morning destroyed the large stage barn belonging to David Gould, together with four horses, coaches, hay and farming tools. Loss about $2300, insured for $1525 in the Prescott company of Boston, and the Standard of New Jersey, which were equal losers. The insurance was divided as follows; barn $500, hay straw and bedding $150, horses $250, 4-horse coach $150, 2-horse carriage $100, carriage and sleigh $50, family carriage $20, farming tools, halters and whips $50. One 6-horse coach was all that was saved. The Oregon drawn by the new fire company made a prompt appearance at the fire.

"THE FOURTH"—ITS SCENES AND INCIDENTS.

The long looked for Fourth of July commenced early on the evening of the third, by the firing of torpedoes and crackers and blowing of horns, which continued during the night receiving perhaps new strength about midnight. The sun was hailed at its rising by the ringing of bells and firing of a cannon, kindly provided by the Ames Company of Chicopee; again at noon and at sunset the salute was given. At 6 o'clock in the morning the horribles appeared, consisting of "Our little German Band;" The "Columbia" engine company, "No. 1" with a hose cart labeled "Plenty of hose, where's your water?" "Father and Mother Allen" and numerous other noted personages. The "One Hoss Shay" was in the procession and three families, one of whose children had to be fed frequently with peppermints to prevent its crying. Two ladies of the period were out in "pull back" costume, and altogether this part of the celebration was not to be "sneezed at" by any means. Next in the order of the day came the trades and societies in procession with S. B. Witherell, marshal. At 9 A. M., 13 trades at least were represented including a team from McMahon's marble works, two from the Otis Company, two from Dunham's stove and tin shop, one from Clark's dry goods and grocery store, one from Geo. Eddy's boot shop, one from the boot and shoe store in Sagendorph's block, one from the Ware bakery, one from C. E. Merriam's Cunard steamship office, one from M. L. Snow's curtain manufactory and paint shop, one of D. C. Spear's with spring beds etc. Eddy the printer had a team out printing and distributing a centennial poem on the way, one from N. G. Reed's grist mill, and the laughable part of it was that the whole trades procession was followed by a couple of undertakers; the societies represented were the engine company, the Grand Army, the base ball clubs, the St. Jean Baptiste society, the Ware Catholic Temperance and Benevolent societies and the Reform Club. A team with the representatives of all the states was also in the procession, and the original thirteen states were also represented. The Gilbertville Centennial Guards added life to the whole by their music and their excellent performances. Many of the citizens decorated their stores and residences with flags, etc. In the afternoon exercises were held in the hall. S. B. Bond was president of the day, and Rev. Dr. Perkins opened the exercises with prayer, which was followed by singing, remarks by the president, reading of the declaration of independence by H. P. Perkins, a poem by Rev. John Lyon, remarks by Rev. Dr. Perkins and Rev. Charles Boucher, who spoke both in English and French; and of national songs frequently interspersed. In the evening there was a display of fireworks which was somewhat hurried and damaged on account of the approaching shower. In a word the celebration was gotten up in a week's time, costing about $300, and the best enjoyed by Ware for several years.

Crimes and Casualties.

Warren Howard was killed by the kick of a horse in the Providence (R. I.) trades procession.

A policeman at Wolcott, N. Y., was shot dead, while attempting to arrest a rowdyish drunken fellow.

A twelve-year-old, Arthur Bowen, was daowned at East Brookfield, Tuesday, in South pond.

Two sudden deaths at Providence, R. I., one drowning the other found dead on Wednesday morning.

Henry Jones, a Greenfield druggist's clerk, was severely injured by the premature discharge of an overheated cannon.

An explosion of chemicals in a Philadelphia drug store, killed a druggist, his brother, and two other men, almost instantly.

At Middletown, Ct., a well-known baker, Jacob Cramer, while intoxicated, was killed by a hotel proprietor who had previously ejected him from the house.

Three men at Great Barrington, Charles Phillips, Charles Rayee and Charles Decker were seriously injured by the premature discharge of a cannon on the morning of the Fourth. Phillip's injuries are probably fatal.

One man was killed and another fatally hurt at Holyoke, about 1 o'clock, Tuesday morning, by the bursting of an over-heated cannon. Another man, who had his thumb over the vent, was blown into the air several feet, and came down with a broken thumb, and badly mangled hand.

The Fire Record.

The usual list of Fourth of July fires is apparently smaller this year. At Philadelphia, the blazing wadding from a cannon set fire to a block of business establishments, and caused a loss of $200,000.—The Soda Springs House, a summer resort at Sheffield was burned, loss $20,500.—Sixty-eight small fires and forty-eight minor accidents are reported from New York as one result of Tuesday's celebrating.—Syracuse lost Collins block, $25,000.—Hyde Park, by an explosion of fire-works, lost properly valued at $21,000, and one man was dangerously injured.

A Card.—We desire to express our most heartfelt thanks to our neighbors and friends, for their loving sympathy and generous aid, during our recent deep affliction.

CHAS. E. DEWEY and family.

A PREPARATION which meets a want never before supplied to the invalid is HUNT'S REMEDY. HUNT'S REMEDY is the anchor of hope to the youth and aged of either sex, for the cure of Kidney, Bladder and Glandular Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gravel, Excesses and Intemperance, Mental and Physical Debility, and affections of the Urino-Genital Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY regenerates and buoys up the whole nervous system.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y3-26

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12‡

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals. 13w6

MARRIED.

At Three Rivers, 3d, by Rev. T. A. Leete, JOSEPH MURDOCK and MARY J. MCLEALON, both of Palmer.

At Monson, 2d, by Rev. O. W. Adams, ALECK M. WALKER and HATTIE B. PARKHURST.

DIED.

At Palmer, 1st, ALONZO N., 17, eldest son of CHAS. E. DEWEY.

At Palmer, 2d, JOHN VIZARD, 60.

At Monson, 4th ult., ALICE I., 8 months, daughter of Oliver and Katie Bliss.

At West Warren, 29th ult., of diptheria, HATTIE MABEL, 8, daughter of Hattie I. and Robert C. Solee.

At Cambridgeport, 6th, EMMA, 29, wife of H. H. Fales. Funeral this (Saturday) afternoon, at two o'clock, at M. E. church, Monson.

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.
S. S. TAFT.
Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE, Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,
T. J. SULLIVAN.
Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

WANTED—AGENTS to canvass for the authentic and complete Life of Gov. Hayes, our next President, by Col. H. R. Conwell. Now is the opportunity. The people are ready for it. Address B. B. Russell, Publisher, Boston, Mass. 4w15

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT CENTENNIAL HISTORY.
It sells faster than any other book. One Agent sold 61 copies in one day. Send for our extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w15

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
And all throat diseases,
USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.
Put up only in BLUE boxes.
TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by all druggists. 4w15

AGENTS WANTED to sell the new book, EVENTS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AND THE CAMPAIGN OF 1876.
Just the book for the times. Gives a full history of the National Capital and Government. Shows how the government has been managed since its organization. Explains how jobs are put through Congress. Gives a full history of the Whiskey Frauds and Belknap Scandal. It gives the lives of Hayes, Wheeler, Tilden and Hendricks. Grand chance for agents. Address JAMES BETTS & CO., Hartford, Conn. 4w15

BOOK AGENTS WANTED to sell the new book!
TELL IT ALL!
THOUSANDS of canvassers have answered our call to sell this famous new book, and yet we want 5000 more. It is the true story of a "Woman's Life in Mormonism." Introduction by Mrs. H. B. STOWE. 60,000 copies have been sold, and it outsells all other books three to one. Ministers say, "God speed it." 200,000 readers say, "It is splendid." Thousands are waiting for it; agents sell 10 to 20 a day. ☞ OUTFIT FREE to all. Large pamphlets with EXTRA terms, free. Address A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Ct. 4w15

Men are earning $40 to $120 per week!! selling OUR COUNTRY and its RESOURCES.
Complete in the thrilling history of 100 eventful years; also of the great "Exhibition,"—grand in description of our mighty resources in agriculture, commerce, minerals, manufactures, natural wonders, curiosities, etc., all richly illustrated. A "Century" Map and "Bird's-Eye View" free. Sells marvelously fast. 1000 more agents wanted quickly for this and our standard "LIFE OF LIVINGSTONE," 60,000 already sold, also new Bible, 2,000 illustrations. Has no equal. For extra terms write to
4w15 HUBBARD BROS., Springfield, Mass.

SEWING MACHINES!
SEWING MACHINES!
All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.
F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON,	"DOMESTIC,"
SINGER,	VICTOR,
WILSON,	WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE,	HOWE,
WEED,	AMERICAN,

And any other in market.
Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.
EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency
F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

I STILL LIVE.
MY STOCK OF
CLOTHING
—AND—
DRESS GOODS
MARKED
DOWN! DOWN! DOWN
To Cost and Below Cost!
NEW GOODS DAILY.
PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!
LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!
Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!
Please call and examine goods and Prices!
FRESH LINE OF
CLOTHING,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,
TICKINGS, &c.
A. H. WILLIS.
Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

PALMER
Fancy Goods Store
E. L. DAVIS,
Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,
IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF
HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,
AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.
New Store!
Complete Stock!
Special Prices!
Palmer, March 25, 1876.

CEMETERY WORK.
Those citizens of Palmer and vicinity who may be in want of Cemetery Work of any description, will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber and examine
PHOTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS
of work erected by the
RUTLAND MONUMENTAL WORKS,
before purchasing elsewhere. Work manufactured from the best varieties of
MARBLE or GRANITE, either AMERICAN or FOREIGN,
and finished in a superior manner and at
HARD TIMES PRICES.
O. L. SLADER, Agent.
Palmer, May 5th 1876. 7tf

VISIT
FAY'S SHOE STORE,
4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

WANTED!
To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRY.
Mrs. J. W. Smith has opened a First-class Laundry in rear of Cross' Block, Palmer, and will do all kinds of fine and common washing in the best manner. Polishing, fluting and ruffling done in the nicest style.
Palmer, April 22, 1876. 4tf

TO RENT.
No. 49 South Main Street, two large front rooms, unfurnished. Enquire on the premises.
Palmer, June 30th, 1876. 2w14*

DR. HIGGINS' ORIGINAL AND GENUINE MEDICINES
are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.
DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA
is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.
THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM
is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,
BUY DR. HIGGINS'
SCROFULA AND CANCER SPRUP.
We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.
ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND
CATARRH REMEDY
is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,
and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are SPECIAL AGENTS for the sale of GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS
in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!
A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!
For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of
DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES
kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS
—IN—
38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS
FOR 1876,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

J. S. LEEDHAM,
WATCHMAKER,
69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.
Great Reduction in Elgin Watches!
Great Reduction in Waltham Watches!
Great Reduction in Springfield Watches!
If you are in need of a good Watch of any grade or make, call and get my prices, which are as LOW AS THE LOWEST.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING
All kinds of Watches thoroughly and scientifically repaired. Imperfect or unsatisfactory timekeepers corrected and made to perform well at moderate charges. Ordinary watches of sound construction can be converted into good timekeepers by the application of chronometer balances with accurate adjustment.
CHARGES THE LOWEST, CONSISTENT WITH GOOD WORK.
J. S. LEEDHAM,
1tf 69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

VISIT
FAY'S SHOE STORE,
4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
S. W. SMITH & CO.
Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in
NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,
Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES
FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.
Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

NEW MARKET.
Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best
MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,
and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.
E. DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!
In large or small quantities. Enquire of
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,
DENTIST,
SPRINGFIELD, Mass
Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-20

POTASH
FOR SALE
3tf At APPLETON'S.

SEND 25c to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

HARDWARE!
MECHANICAL AND
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.
Pocket and Table CUTLERY
EMPIRE WRINGERS.
Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.
FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.
PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,
All at Very Low Prices!
GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.
H. W. HOLDRIDGE
would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!
One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

VISIT
FAY'S SHOE STORE,
4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.
Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,
At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality. FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,
The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.
CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.
EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

PIANO TUNING!
Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN ss.—June 17th, A. D. 1876. By virtue of an execution which issued on a judgment recovered at the District Court of Eastern Hampden, holden at Palmer, within and for said county, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1876, in favor of John Jennings of Springfield, in said county, and against William M. Burns, otherwise known as Michael W. Burns, of said Palmer, I have taken all the right in equity that the said Burns had on the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1876, the day when the same was attached on mesne process to redeem certain mortgaged real estate situated in Palmer Depot village, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a boundary stone on the westerly side of land of New London Northern Railroad Company, thence southerly on land or formerly of Winnifred Wilder, six rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands of John M. Converse 2½ rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands or formerly of the late F. Morgan, grantor, six rods to said railroad company's land, thence southeasterly on said railroad company's land 2½ rods to the place of beginning, containing 15 rods of land, more or less, with the buildings thereon standing, together with the right to use one undivided half of the well of water standing just northerly of the premises, being the same described in a deed thereof recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 266, page 456, and on the twenty-second day of July next, A. D. 1876, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the above described premises, in said Palmer Depot village, I shall offer for sale by public auction, to the highest bidder, said right in equity of redemption.
3w14 GEO. W. RANDALL, Dept. Sheriff.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE!
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed given by Henry A. Pierce of Springfield, Hampden county, Massachusetts, to John P. Cady of Wilbraham, Hampden county, and State of Massachusetts, bearing date April 21st, 1873, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, and assigned to Joseph P. Davis and Gardner S. Davis, both of Stafford, Tolland county, Connecticut, by an assignment bearing date June 3d, 1876, and entered for record in said registry, June 8th, 1876, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, for a breach of the condition contained in said mortgage deed, on Saturday, July 29th, 1876, at 11 o'clock a. m., all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, described as follows, viz: A certain parcel of land situate in Monson, in said county, and being the same premises conveyed to said Henry A. Pierce by John B. Warren of Springfield, by deed, dated March 25th, A. D. 1873, and recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 298, page 338, to which said deed and record reference may be had for a full and particular description of said property. Subject to taxes if any.
JOSEPH P. DAVIS, GARDNER S. DAVIS, } Assignees.
By G. H. NEWTON, their Attorney.
Monson, Mass., June 27, 1876. 14

MORTGAGEE'S SALE!
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed given by Eliza Merritt of Monson, Hampden county, to S. S. Taft of Palmer, in said county, bearing date Dec. 7, 1874, and recorded with Hampden registry of deeds, book 320, page 300, will be sold at public auction on the premises, for a breach of the conditions contained in said mortgage deed, on Thursday, the twenty-seventh (27th) day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., all and singular, the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stake and stones on the southerly side of the highway leading from Monson to Brimfield, at corner of land of A. V. Blanchard and Almon Stebbins, thence northerly to the highway, thence westerly on said highway 10 rods to stake and stones, thence southerly on line of A. V. Blanchard 16 rods to stake and stones, and thence easterly to the first mentioned bound, containing an acre of land, more or less, with the buildings thereon standing.
Said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage to F. H. Brown of $78.50 and accrued interest, and the taxes if any. The purchaser will be required to pay $25 at time and place of sale.
3w13 S. S. TAFT, Mortgagee.

Dr. Champlin, one of the predecessors of Dr. Lyman Beecher, of Litchfield, fell into a religious monomania, the burden whereof was that he had sinned against the Holy Spirit, and in consequence was certain of eternal damnation. But the good old man expressed his entire acquiescence in the divine will, and began to prepare himself for his infernal residence. It did not seem to him the fittest possible place in which to find an employment suitable for glorifying his Maker: but one day a happy thought struck him. He resolved *to open a prayer-meeting* just as soon as he got there.

A clergyman in Washington County, Me., driving along a country road, overtook a countryman on foot, whom he invited to ride. After the crops had been discussed, the clerical gentleman asked his companion "if he was prepared to die?" whereupon the countryman leaped from the wagon and fled to a place of safety, doubtless considering this question synonymous with "Your money or your life!"

A QUAKER'S LETTER.—"Friend John: I desire thee to be so kind as to go to one of those sinful men in the flesh, called attorneys, and let him take out an instrument with a seal thereunto, by means whereof we may seize the outward tabernacle of Charles Green, and bring him before friend Barnard, the judge, and teach him to do, in future, as he would be done by. Thy friend."

Some mistaken genius has invented a pocket photograph apparatus. You meet a woman who pleases you; you draw out the machine, and before she has time to be astonished you have her likeness in your pocket. A man operating with such an apparatus is warranted to have an eye poked out with a parasol several times a day.

A gentleman having engaged a bricklayer to make some repairs in his cellar, ordered the ale to be removed before the bricklayer commenced his work. "Oh, I am not afraid of a barrel of ale, sir," said the man. "I presume not," said the gentleman; "but I think a barrel of ale would run at your approach."

Circumstantial evidence: "Circumstances alter cases, you know," remarked a Scotch lawyer to an old farmer client. "Verra true, sir," replied the farmer; "and cases alter circumstances as weel; for, mon, I mind when ye were young and had but few cases, *your* circumstances werna ower braw."

A clergyman, observing a poor man by the roadside, breaking stones, and kneeling to get at his work better, made the remark: "Ah! John, I wish I could break the stony hearts of my hearers as easily as you are breaking these stones." "Perhaps, master, you do not work on your knees," was the reply.

A few nights ago, as a young man stood in the gospel tent, busily taking notes, Dr. Tyng came up, and laying his hand upon the other's shoulder, suddenly asked, "My friend, are you a Christian?" "No, sir," answered the startled note-taker; "I'm—I'm only a reporter."

A young man who started for the Black Hills, halted twenty miles this side of the objective point and commenced to dig, and the result was a quarter of a pound of lead inside of fifteen minutes. He dug it out of his leg, where it had been deposited by a noble red man.

Now is the time for lovers to get spooney over ice cream—she taking a few pretty dabs at his vanilla, and he borrowing a taste of her chocolate. This process inspires confidence in the day when they will be throwing corned beef and cabbage across the table.

A couple of countrymen, looking at new hats in one of our hat stores, were delighted with a sample that had a small mirror on the inside of the crown; "it being put there," as one of them said, "so a fellow can always tell just how his hat fits him."

An experienced physician has discovered, in the course of a long and varied practice, that every one wishes to go to heaven; also, that most people are willing to take a great deal of very disagreeable medicine first.

The guests at a first-class hotel were recently startled at seeing "mice pie" among the items of dessert on the bill of fare. In charity to the landlord, we are induced to believe that "mince pie" was the article intended.

A Frenchman brought two mugs to the milkman, in place of one as usual, and on being asked the meaning of it, replied: "Dis for te milk, and dis for te water, and I vill mix them so as to suit myself."

An Irishman went to live in Scotland for a short time, but didn't like the country. "I was sick all the time I was there," said he; "and if I had lived there till this time, I'd been dead a year ago."

The few men who are still earnest advocates of the theory that lager beer does not intoxicate, still cling fondly to the good old custom of winding the clock at two a. m., with a hair brush.

A would-be wit asked his uncle if the tolling of a bell did not put him in mind of his latter end. "No, sir," he replied, "but the rope puts me in mind of yours."

A photographer in Indianapolis exposes delinquent customers by displaying their pictures upside down, and labelled, "Not paid for."

If your furs ever get worn down short, whip them with forty rods, for forty rods is said to make a fur-long.

When a printer can't find a cap A, why ought he to use B? Because it is the next thing to it.

The happiest paper in the United States is an Indianapolis daily. It has but one "want."

NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,

57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscription for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; elegantly illustrated; terms only $1.00 per year. The Record is devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial Year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 x 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Maine. 2m13

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls, &c., 8.20 a. m., 3.00 and 7.08 p.m., connecting for Montreal.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

June 12, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,000.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

THORNLESS BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES.

I can supply any in want of this delicious fruit with good, strong plants, well rooted, this spring, for $1.50 per dozen at my place, or by mail, free, for $2.00 per doz. Also, a few pounds of

A. NO. 1 EXTRA

YELLOW DANVERS ONION SEED,

of my own raising, for $3.50 per lb. at my place, or $3.00 per lb. by mail, free.

J. K. KNOX.

Palmer, Feb. 25th, 1876. 49tf

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER, ... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels.
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks.
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads	Masonic Printing.
Business Cards.	Mottoes.
Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills.	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

A. B. BURDICK.
MANUFACTURING JEWELER, ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

Vest Chains, Guards, Roman Neck and Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Plain and Seal Rings, made to order. Workmanship first-class; quality as represented. Repairing and remodeling fine work a specialty. Society Badges made to order. Address P. O. BOX 1114,

3m5§ Springfield, Mass.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways, on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Sui's for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.

3m14

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

Is now offering his stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES

At prices that will WARRANT A LARGE REDUCTION OF STOCK.

Largest stock of CROQUETS to be found in the city.

JAMES D. GILL,

Near Massasoit House,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

PORTLAND STONE WARE CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in

DRAIN & SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK,

Chimney Tops, Terra-Cotta Garden Vases,

EARTHEN and FANCY FLOWER POTS,

Land Tile, Antiquarian Ware, &c. We Warrant all our goods.

400 Federal Street, 50 Kilby, } BOSTON, Mass.

3m52c GEO. C. DUNNE, Agent.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 51

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,
FANCY WARE,
CUTLERY,
PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

Guild, Church & Co.,

Manufacturers of

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS!

Used and recommended by Public Schools and Conservatories of Music throughout the United States.

OVER TEN THOUSAND NOW IN USE.

Used by some of the most Eminent Artists.

UPRIGHT PIANOS!

Our Uprights are the

FINEST COMBINATION OF EXCELLENCE IN TONE AND FINISH.

ALLEN & COWAN, Agents,

PALMER, MASS. 3m51

O. I. C.

FURNITURE

—FOR—

PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS,

Libraries, Dining and Sitting Rooms,

all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts.

Crockery.

From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

Stoves.

Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

CROCKERY.

T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

METCALF & LUTHER,

Opposite Court Square,

6m1§ Springfield, Mass.

How to Paint.

USE

HARRISON BROS. & CO'S.

"TOWN AND COUNTRY"

READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
Handsome and Permanent.
No waste or loss of time in mixing.
Do not crack or peel.
Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
Can be applied by any one.
Free from poisonable ingredients generally used in so-called "Chemical" Paint.
Sample cards on application.
Order this brand from your dealer.
Insert it in your contracts.
Take no other.
Do not accept any substitute.

For sale (wholesale only) at
179 WATER STREET, NEW YORK,

Retailed by all reputable Dealers. 1y46

$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me

AMERICAN & FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

FOR INVENTIONS, TRADE MARKS OR DESIGNS.

No. 76 State St., opp. Kilby St., Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also, in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and papers for patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the the validity and utility of patents or inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignment recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most capital and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitations in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the patent office."

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patent, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

MILLER, ALLEN & CO.,

Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,

Massasoit House Block,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

A large and select assortment of the most reliable goods always on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices. 8w5†

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

A CURIOSITY. A ten-dollar bill of 1776 sent free for stamp. Address Hurst & Co., 77 Nassau St., N. Y.

THE PEOPLE'S PUMP and 50 feet of Hose for $20. C. W. KING, 27 Devonshire street, Boston. Send for Circular. 4w13

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING."—How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple, mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian oracle, dreams, hints to ladies, wedding-night shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAMS & CO., Pubs., Phila. 4w13

DODD'S NERVINE

The New England Family Medicine, relieves pain almost instantly, induces good sleep, helps the appetite, strengthens the system, and is altogether the best family medicine and tonic now in use. At all drug stores. 4w13

AGENTS WANTED for the new Historical Work,

OUR WESTERN BORDER.

A complete and graphic history of American Pioneer life 100 YEARS AGO. Its thrilling conflicts of red and white foes. Exciting adventures, captivities, forays, scouts, pioneer women and boys, Indian war-paths, camp life and sports. A book for old and young. Not a dull page. No competition. Enormous sales. Agents wanted everywhere. Illustrated circulars free. J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w13

Men are earning $40 to $120 per week!! selling

OUR COUNTRY and its RESOURCES.

Complete in the thrilling history of 100 eventful years; also of the great "Exhibition,"—grand in description of our mighty resources in agriculture, commerce, minerals, manufactures, natural wonders, curiosities, etc., all richly illustrated. A "Century" Map and "Bird's-Eye View" free. Sells marvelously fast. 1000 more agents wanted quickly for this and our standard "LIFE OF LIVINGSTONE," 60,000 already sold, also new Bible, 2,000 illustrations. Has no equal. For extra terms write to

4w13 HUBBARD BROS., Springfield, Mass.

MORSE'S

RULE OF THREE.

Comparison Invited!

Competition Defied!

Satisfaction Guaranteed!

O. D. MORSE,

Central Shoe Store,
376 Main street, Springfield,
Sign of the Boot and Shoe.

4w12

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

If any lady or gentleman wants a good fit and something that will last, let them call on the subscriber, where satisfaction is guaranteed.

N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for everthing is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

ENVELOPES!

ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.

Printed to order, At the JOURNAL OFFICE.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1876. NUMBER 16.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

—BY—

GORDON M. FISK & CO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars a year. A discount of 25 cents made to those who pay in advance. Six months, $1.00; three months, 50 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at liberal rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed in the best style, and at short notice.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.34, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 3.00 and 7.08 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. GROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LYMAN DIMOCK, dealer in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Mrs. A. G. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of American House.

R. J. GARDNER & SON, Central street, House Painters, Grainers, and Paper Hangers.

S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

SILAS RUGGLES, M. D., residence, Dickinson Place, Three Rivers.

S. R. LAWRENCE, will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

TOCKWOTTON HOUSE, Main street, E. M. Turner, Proprietor. A first-class house.

W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

WARE.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

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The Loved and Lost.

"The loved and lost!" why do we call them lost?
Because we miss them from our daily road?
God's unseen angel o'er our pathway crost,
Looked on us all, and loving them the most,
Straightway relieved them from life's weary load.

They are not lost; they are within the door
That shuts out loss and every hurtful thing—
With angels bright, and loved ones gone before,
In their Redeemer's presence evermore,
And God himself their Lord, and Judge, and King.

And this we call a loss; O! selfish sorrow
Of selfish hearts! O! we of little faith!
Let us look round some argument to borrow,
Why we in patience should await the morrow
That surely must succeed the night of death.

Aye, look upon this dreary desert path,
The thorns and thistles wheresoe'er we turn;
What trials and what tears, what wrongs and wrath,
What struggles and what strife the journey hath!
They have escaped from these; and lo! we mourn.

Ask the poor sailor, when the wreck is done,
Who with his treasure strove the shore to reach,
While with the raging waves he struggled on,
Was it not joy, where every joy seemed gone,
To see his loved ones landed on the beach?

A poor wayfarer, leading by the hand
A little child, had halted by the well,
To wash from off her feet the clinging sand,
And tell the tired boy of that bright land
Where, this long journey passed, they hoped to dwell.

When lo! the Lord, who many mansions had,
Drew near and looked upon the suffering twain,
Then, pitying, spake, "Give me the little lad;
In strength renewed, and glorious beauty clad,
I'll bring him with me when I come again."

Did she make answer, selfish and wrong—
"Nay, but the woes I feel he too must share!"
Or, rather, bursting into grateful song,
Went she her way, rejoicing, and made strong
To struggle on, since he was freed from care?

We will do likewise; death hath made no breach
In love and sympathy, in hope and trust;
No outward sign or sound our ears can reach,
But there's an inward, spiritual speech,
Which greets us still, though mortal tongues be dust.

It bids us do the work which they laid down—
Take up the song where they broke off the strain;
So, journeying till we reach the heavenly town,
Where are laid up our treasures and our crown,
And our lost loved ones will be found again.

KATE YALE'S MARRIAGE.

"If ever I marry," Kate Yale used to say, half in jest, half in earnest—"if ever I marry, the happy man—or the unhappy one, if you please—shall be a person possessing these three qualifications:

"First, a good fortune.

"Second, good looks.

"And thirdly, common sense.

"I mention the fortune first, because I think it the most needful and desirable qualification of the three. Although I could never think of marrying a fool, or a man whose ugliness I would be ashamed of, still I think to talk sense for the one and shine for the other, with a plenty of money, would be preferable to living obscurely with a handsome, intellectual man—to whom economy might be necessary."

I do not know how much of this sentiment came from Kate's heart. She undoubtedly indulged lofty ideas of station and style, but that she was capable of deeper, better feelings none doubted, who had ever obtained even a partial glance of her true woman's nature.

And the time arrived, at length, when Kate was to take that all-important step of which she had often spoken so lightly; when she was to demonstrate to her friends how much of her heart was in the words we have quoted.

At the age of eighteen she had many suitors; but, as she never gave a serious thought to more than two, we will follow her example, and, discarding all but those favored ones, consider their relative claims.

If this were any other than a true story, I should certainly use an artist's privilege, and aim to produce an effect by making a strong contrast between the two favored individuals. If I could have my way, one would be a poor genius and somewhat of a hero, and the other a wealthy fool and somewhat of a knave.

Our genius was not much of a genius, nor very poor either. He was by profession a teacher of music; and he could live very comfortably in the exercise thereof—without the most distant hope, however, of attaining to wealth.

Moreover, Francis Minot possessed excellent qualities, which entitled him to be called by discreet elderly people, a fine character; by his companions, a "noble good fellow;" and by the ladies generally, a "darling."

Kate could not help loving Mr. Frank, and he knew it. He was certain she preferred his society even to that of Mr. Wellington, whom alone he saw fit to honor with the appellation of a rival.

This Mr. Wellington (his companions called him the "duke")—was no idiot or humpback, as I could wish him to be, in order to make a good story. On the contrary, he was a man of good sense, education, good looks, and fine manners, and there was nothing of the knave about him, as I could ever ascertain.

Besides this, his income is sufficient to enable him to live superbly. Also, he was considered two or three degrees handsomer than Mr. F. Minot.

Therefore, the only thing on which Frank had to depend, was the power he possessed over Kate's sympathies and affections. The "duke," although just the man for her in every other respect—being blessed with a fortune, good looks, and common sense—had never been able to draw these out, and the amiable and conceited Mr. Frank was not willing to believe that she would suffer mere worldly considerations to control the operations of her heart.

However, she said to him one day, when he pressed her to decide his fate—

"Oh, Frank! I am sorry that we have ever met!"

"Sorry!"

"Yes—for we must part now—"

"Part!" repeated Frank, turning very pale.

It was evident that he had not expected this.

"Yes—yes," said Kate, casting down her eyes, with a sigh.

Frank sat by her side; he placed his arm around her waist, without heeding her feeble resistance; he lowered his voice, and talked to her until she wept bitterly.

"Katie!" said he, with a burst of passion: "I know you love me! But you are proud, ambitious, selfish! Now, if you would have me leave you, say the word, and I go!"

"Go!" murmured Kate, very feebly; "Go!"

"You have decided?" whispered Frank.

"I have!"

"Then, love, farewell!"

He took her hand, gazed a moment, tenderly and sorrowfully, upon her tearful face, then clasped her to his bosom.

She permitted the embrace. She even gave way to the impulse, and twined her arms about his neck. But in a moment her resolution came to her aid, and she pushed him from her with a sigh.

"Shall I go?" he asked.

A feeble "Yes!" fell from the quivering lips.

And an instant later she was lying on the sofa and weeping passionately—alone.

She lay upon the sofa, sobbing and weeping passionately. Gradually her grief appeared to exhaust itself; her breathing became more regular and calm; her tears ceased to flow, and at length her eyes and cheeks were dry. Her head was pillowed on her arm, and her face was half hidden in her curls.

The struggle was over. She saw Mr. Wellington enter, and she arose cheerfully to meet him. His manners pleased her; his station and fortune fascinated her still more. He offered her his hand; she accepted it; a kiss sealed the engagement—but it was not such a kiss as Frank had given her.

There was a magnificent wedding. Splendidly attired, Kate gave her hand to the man her ambition—not her love—had chosen.

Nothing was wanting in the whole circle of her outward existence to adorn it, and make it bright with happiness. But she was not long in discovering that there was something lacking within her breast.

Her friends were numerous, her husband tender, kind and loving; but all the attentions and affections she enjoyed could not fill her heart. She had once felt its chords of sympathy and love moved by a skillful touch; she had known the charm of their deep, delicious harmony; and now they were silent—motionless—muffled, so to speak, in satins.

These chords still and soundless, her heart was dead—none the less so because it had been killed by a golden shaft—having known and felt the life of sympathy in it, consoled by the life of luxury; in short, Katie in time became magnificently miserable, splendidly unhappy.

Then a change became apparent to her husband; he could not long remain blind to the fact that his love was not returned. He sought the company of those whose gayety might lead him to forget the sorrow and despair of his soul.

This was unsatisfactory, however, and, impelled by powerful longings for love, he went astray to warm his heart by a strange fire.

Katie reproached her husband for deserting her thus, and he answered with angry taunts of deception and a total lack of love.

"You do not care for me," he cried; "then why do you complain that I bestow elsewhere the affection you have met with coldness?"

"But it is wrong, sinful," Katie responded.

"Yes, I know it," said the husband, fiercely.

"It is the evil fruit of an evil seed. And who sowed that seed? Who gave me a hand without a heart? Who became a sharer of my fortune, but gave me no share in sympathy? Who devoted me to the fate of a loving, unloved husband? Nay, do not weep, and clasp your hands, and sigh and sob, for I say nothing you do not deserve to hear."

"Very well," said Katie, calming herself; "I will not say your reproaches are undeserved; but, granting that I am the cold, deceitful thing you call me, you know this state of things cannot long continue."

"Yes, I know it."

"Well?"

Mr. Wellington's eyes flashed with determination.

"I have made up my mind," said he, "that we should not live together any longer. I am tired of being called the husband of the splendid Mrs. Wellington. I will move in my circle; you shall shine in yours. I will place no restraint on your actions, nor you on mine; we will be free."

"But the world?" shrieked Katie, trembling.

"The world will admire you the same—and what more do you desire?" asked her husband, bitterly. "This marriage of hands, not of hearts, is mockery. We have played the farce long enough. You know the conventional meaning of the term, 'husband and wife,' but do you know what it should mean? Do you feel that the only true marriage is that of love and sympathy? Then enough of this mockery. Farewell. I go to consult my friends about the terms of a separation. Nay, do not tremble, and cry, and cling to me now—for I shall be liberal to you; as much of my fortune shall be yours as you may desire."

He pushed her from him; she fell upon the sofa. From a heart torn with anguish, she shrieked aloud:

"Frank! Frank! why did I send you from me? Why was I blind until sight brought me misery?"

She lay upon the sofa, sobbing and weeping passionately. Gradually her grief appeared to exhaust itself, her breathing became calm, her eyes and cheeks dry. Her head lay gracefully upon her arm, until, with a start, she cried:

"Frank! oh, Frank! come back!"

"Here I am," said a soft voice by her side.

She raised her head, and opened her astonished eyes. Frank was standing before her.

"You have been asleep," he said, smiling kindly.

"Asleep!"

"Dreaming, too, I should say—not pleasantly, either."

"Dreaming!" murmured Katie; "and was it all a dream?"

"I hope so," replied Frank, taking her hand. "You could not mean to send me away from you so cruelly, I knew; so I waited in your father's study, where I was talking with him, for an hour. I came back to plead my cause once more, and found you here, where I left you, asleep."

"Oh, what a horrid dream!" said Katie, rubbing her eyes. "It was so like a terrible reality that I shudder now to think of it. I thought I was married."

"And would that be so horrible?" asked Frank. "I hope you did not dream that you were married to me?"

"No—I thought I gave my hand without my heart."

"Then, if you gave me your hand it would not be without your heart?"

"No, Frank," replied Katie, her bright eyes beaming happily through her tears; "and here it is."

She placed her hand in his—he kissed it in transport.

And soon there was a real marriage; not a splendid, but a happy one, followed by a life of love and contentment; and that was the marriage of Frank Minot and Katie Yale.

Dr. Vander Weyde says a first-rate article of jelly can be made of old boots. And almost any printing office can furnish enough old boots to make a barrel of that sort of jelly.

A man had a lot of powder explode in his face the other day at Amsterdam, N. Y. His name is Going, and his eyesight is gone.

HASH.

It is high time something new was written about hash. The comprehensive jest of poor Artemas Ward—that "he always took hash, and then he knew what he was getting," to wit: *hash*—has done duty as an excuse for eating all sorts of compounds of meat and potatoes until it deserves to be retired on a pension.

Now, it almost seems needless to observe that there are several kinds of hash; but it is not so unnecessary, in a treatise like this, as one might suppose; because the great army of boarding-house keepers, ninth-class cooks in our cheap hotels, and untutored savages in our kitchens, unite in acting on the theory that "hash is hash." But it isn't. Hash is sometimes, we should judge from viewing it, a compound of meat-rinds, gristle, and the leavings of potatoes cooked in three different ways, all stirred up with an iron spoon and warmed half-through in the dish-water.

Again, when there has manifestly been an attempt to chop some meat and potatoes, the result indicates either a gutta-percha quality in the former, a knife with an edge like an old pair of shears, or a cook who is either constitutionally very tired or has a beau awaiting her at the gate. The mess certainly isn't chopped. You might, out of courtesy, call it haggled—but haggled hash is a fraud. To make hash it must be *hashed*. Then there is the make-believe hash—one big potato to a mouthful of meat; a sort of shabby-genteel mixture which alternates with sickly fish-balls on the boards of mistresses who "have seen better days," and don't take boarders, bless you, but just a few acquaintances to board and lodge, for company's sake. They make up for any lack on the table by a display of company manners, some old family jewelry, rumpled silks, and much-befrizzled hair.—Heaven forefend us from the hash of make-believe, musty, pretentious, make-shift respectability.

For the real and only genuine hash three ingredients, aside from the seasoning, are required: Nice corned beef—if home prepared, sweet, tender and red, all the better; good potatoes, boiled "on purpose;" and—fidelity. The last is the most necessary, for it ensures that the meat shall be carefully looked over, and every bit excluded that a self-respecting woman would not put into her mouth at dinner; that it shall be chopped *fine*—nearly to the condition of mince meat; and that the potatoes shall be treated separately with equal care. Then mix together thoroughly in the chopping-bowl, with the knife. Cook slowly, not being afraid of spoiling it by too much stirring. Moisten with milk—which improves hash as much as it does warmed-up potato—and season with butter, pepper and salt. Pack it snugly in a covered dish. When done, and if you want to give an extra finish, put in the oven and crisp over the top to a delicate brown. Always serve hot. A little vinegar or catsup gives it a fine relish for many.—Horse-radish furnishes a lively accompaniment. Such a dish is—well, it is *hash*, and fit for anybody's breakfast table.—*Golden Rule.*

A STRANGE CASE.—Yesterday forenoon an old lady and her daughter drove into the city on the Gratiot road in a one-horse wagon, and the horse was secured in an ally near the lower park on Randolph street, while the women went off in search of a dry goods store. Some boys wandered through the alley, saw a chance for a joke, and one of them borrowed a wrench, another got a pry, and in about five minutes they had placed the hind wheels of the vehicle where the fore wheels had been in the habit of running. By and by the woman and her daughter returned, untied the horse, led him out, and the mother looked at the vehicle and remarked:

"Seems as if this darned old horse had been kicking in the dash-board."

"Pile in, mother," called the girl, as she tied up the halter; but the mother couldn't. The pitch was so great that the seat slanted skyward, and the woman got off the hub, walked around the wagon, and said:

"I'll bet onions that this horse is hitched to the wrong end of this wagon."

They were in a great puzzle, when a boy came along, saw the true state of affairs, and he leaned up against a stone and laughed till the tears came. A blacksmith was sent for, the wheels properly placed, and the old lady remarked, as she climbed up:

"Blamed if I wasn't afraid for one spell that I'd either got cross-eyed or was losing my reason. I just want to get hold of some of these Detroit boys!"—*Free Press.*

JOSH BILLINGSISMS.—Love is like the measles, it goes hard late in life; there is not so much credit in playing a good hand, but in playing a poor hand well; very poor people have no friends; young man, don't cry for spilled milk, but pick up your pail and milking-stool and go for the next cow; the life insurance agent is the most anxious business man, he talks to you till he convinces you that life is a hardship and death a blessing—to your widow and children; fuss is like a drop of cold water in hot grease, it splutters and splutters, and then splutters again; a flunkey is human dough made to order; success in life is apt to make us forget the time when we wasn't much; a man that can wear a paper collar a whole week and keep it clean isn't good for anything else; the world loves to be cheated, but wants it done by honest men; the country horse-jockey is a red-hot speciality; it is a singular fact that a man can trade cows and be pious, but can't swap horses without trying to cheat somebody; if a man puts down a poor umbrella and picks up a good one it is a mistake; if he puts down a good umbrella and picks up a poor one it is a blunder; I have known men so pious that when they went fishing on Sunday they prayed for good luck; there is no sure cure for laziness, but a second wife sometimes helps it a little.

THE OLEANDER IS POISONOUS.—Lovers of house plants will be sorry to know that the oleander is a dangerous plant; but it is so. Children have been poisoned by eating the flower petals; cattle have been killed by browsing on the foliage; a single drop of the milky, acrid juice that exudes when a twig or leaf is broken off may produce the death of an infant. The odor exhaled from the blossoms is also deleterious to the health.—*Christian at Work.*

An obliging Mississippi judge recently adjourned court for fifteen minutes to get time to go and pummel an offending lawyer, who had rudely made application for a *nice-eye*.

Profanity in Texas is against the law, $100 worth each time. They think of enforcing the law for a month and paying the national debt.

Adoon the Lane.

Upon ane stormy Sunday,
Coming adoon the lane,
Were a score of bonnie lasses—
And the sweetest, I maintain,
Was Caddie,
That I took beneath my pladdie,
To shield her from the rain.

She said the daisies blushed
For the kiss that I had ta'en;
I wadna hae thought the lassie
Wad sae of a kiss complain.
"Now, laddie!
I winna stay under your pladdie,
If I gang hame in the rain!"

But on ane after Sunday,
When cloud there was not ane,
This self-same winsome lassie—
We chanced to meet in the lane—
Said Caddie:
"Why dinna ye wear your pladdie?
Who kens but it may rain?"

A WOMAN'S FIRST BEAU.

You know at once by her general appearance, says a writer in the Rochester Chronicle, and the manner in which she smiled, and the giggles she giggled, and the way that she talked, that this was the first time that she ever had a beau. She was, in fact, very much excited; and like a person stricken with the first attack of dumb palsy, didn't know exactly how to use her tongue. The blood rushed to her head until there was a tremendous buzzing in her ears, and she recognized all her acquaintances, old and young, and called them by name in a loud tone of voice, and wore at the same time a very triumphant expression of countenance. It was a moment of intense ecstacy (to her)—a moment looked and longed for ever since she entered her teens; and all the heroes and heroesses of all the dime novels she had ever read went trooping across her vision like a row of bees in swarming time. Apples, and peaches, and hollyhocks, and mushrooms, and pumpkins, and hedge fences, as they hung on trees, or blossomed on stalks, or grew in the grass, or tore her new dress as she swept by them, borne almost from her feet by an electric force, all passed as an accessory panorama of bliss on her way to the circus, that glorious, grand, never-to-be-forgotten noon-day of her new experience. Did she enjoy the show? Did she remember how the elephant stood on his hind feet? Did she follow the flight of the great, unsurpassed, unrivalled, wonderful, astonishing, most daring bare-back rider in the world, as he dived in a doubled-up way through two hoops and alighted on his horse again right side up? Was the music the most delightful she had ever heard? Of course! But somehow these things got all mixed up in one glorious whirl of delight, in the one glorious fact that she had a beau—a nice beau in black cloth, and a red neck-tie, and a stove-pipe hat, and who smoked a cigar, and bought peanuts, and candy, and lemonade every time the man who sold it came around and whispered his goods so softly that the noise of the band, and the best ten-year-old joke of the clown was drowned out of hearing entirely. O, how her little heart went pit-a-pat, and throbbyty-throb, and bobbyty-bob on her way home that glorious afternoon!

LOOK OUT, YOUNG MAN!

When it is said of a young man, "he drinks," and it can be proven, what store wants him for a clerk? What church wants him for a member? Who will trust him? What dying man will appoint him as his executor? He may have been forty years in building his reputation—it goes down. Letters of recommendation, the backing of business firms, a brilliant ancestry, cannot save him. The world shies off. Why? It is whispered all through the community, "He drinks! He drinks!" That blasts him. When a young man loses his reputation for sobriety, he might as well be at the bottom of the sea. There are young men who have their good name as their only capital. Your father has started you out to city life. He could only give you an education. He gave you no means. He started you, however, under christian influences. You have come to the city. You are now achieving your own fortune, under God, by your own right arm. Now, look out, young man, that there is no doubt of your sobriety. Do not create any suspicions by going in and out of liquor establishments, or by any odor of your breath, or by any glare of your eyes, or by any unnatural flush of your cheek. You cannot afford to do it, for your good name is your only capital, and when that is blasted by the reputation of taking strong drink, all is gone forever.

TEN EXCELLENT RULES.—1. Never put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day.

2. Never trouble others for what you can do yourself.

3. Never spend your money before you have it.

4. Never buy what you do not want because it is cheap.

5. Pride costs more than hunger, thirst or cold.

6. Never have to repent of having eaten too much.

7. Nothing is troublesome that we do willingly.

8. How much pain have those evils cost us which never happened! Wait, then, till trials come.

9. Take things always by their smooth handle. Make the most of mercies and do not exaggerate trials.

10. When angry, count ten before you speak; if very angry, a hundred. He that does this will save himself from much sin and many sorrows.

SOMETHING FOR THE SICK.—Frequently we find sick people whose stomachs reject all kinds of nourishment until conditions follow that in many instances terminate fatally. In twenty instances in which we have heard the popular sick-bed nourishments prescribed and rejected by an invalid's enfeebled stomach, we have never known the simple saucer of parched corn pudding, or gruel refused. The corn is roasted brown, precisely as we roast coffee, ground as fine as meal in a coffee mill, and made either into mush, gruel, or thin cakes baked lightly brown, and given either warm or cold, or with whatever dressing the stomach will receive and retain. Parched corn and meal boiled in skimmed milk, and fed frequently to children suffering from summer diarrhœa, will almost always cure, as it will dysentery in adults, and, we believe, the cholera in its earliest stages.

THIRST.—When persons are feverish and thirsty beyond what is natural, one of the best "coolers" is to take a lemon, cut off the top, sprinkle over it some loaf-sugar, working it downward into the lemon, and then suck it slowly, squeezing the lemon and adding sugar as the acidity increases.

SPRINGS.

A spring is always a vital point in the landscape; it is indeed the eye of the fields, and how often, too, it has a noble eyebrow in the shape of an overhanging bank or ledge. Or else its site is marked by some tree which the pioneer has left standing, and which sheds a coolness and freshness that makes the water more sweet. In the shade of this tree the harvesters sit and eat their lunch and look upon the quivering air of the fields. Here the Sunday saunterer stops and lounges with his book, and bathes his hands and face in the cool fountain. Hither the strawberry girl comes with her basket and pauses a moment in the green shade. The ploughman leaves his plow, and in long strides approaches the life-renewing spot, while his team, that cannot follow, look wistfully after him. Here the cattle love to pass the heat of the day, and hither come the birds to wash themselves and make their toilets.

Indeed, a spring is always an oasis in the desert of the fields. It is a creative and generative center. It attracts all things to itself—the grasses, the mosses, the flowers, the wild plants, the great trees. The walker finds it out, the camping party seek it, the pioneer builds his hut or house near it. When the settler or squatter has found a good spring he has found a good place to begin life; he has found the fountain-head of much that he is seeking in this world. The chances are that he has found a southern and eastern exposure; for it is a fact that water does not readily flow north; the valleys mostly open the other way; and it is quite certain he has found a measure of salubrity; for where water flows fever abideth not. The spring, too, keeps him to the right belt, out of the low valley, and off the top of the hill.

Then there seems a kind of perpetual spring-time about the place where water issues from the ground—a freshness and a greenness that are ever renewed. The grass never fades, the ground is never parched or frozen. There is warmth in winter and coolness in summer. The temperature is equalized. In March or April the spring runs are a bright emerald, while the surrounding fields are yet brown and sere, and in fall they are yet green when the first snow covers them. Thus every fountain by the roadside is a fountain of youth and of life. This is what the old fables finally mean.

HOW MUCH IS A HORSE POWER?—"A Young Farmer" inquires of the New York Herald, "How much is a horse power?"

Reply. This question is frequently asked: What is understood by a horse power, and why that way of reckoning came to be adopted and brought into general use? Before the power of steam was generally known and applied to mechanical purposes, horses were used to raise coal and other heavy bodies. Mr. Moots, in his experiments, carefully compared the relative power of the different breeds of horses, and found its average equal to raising 33,000 pounds one foot per minute, or, what is equivalent, to raise 330 pounds 100 feet, or 100 pounds 330 feet during that space of time, when attached to a lever or sweep of a given length. This afterward became the standard of measuring power or force applied to mechanical purposes, and which is still retained in common use.

FAT MEAT.—A celebrated French instructor in the art of cookery says that fat meat is the most profitable. He adds: Many buy inferior meat on account of the waste of the fat that is always found in good meat. When the fat is wasted it is the fault of the cook, who does not know how to use it. The fat skimmed off the broth of boiled meat, and that coming from the trimming of raw or cold beef, is much superior to lard to fry with. Lard flies all over; beef fat never does when properly melted. To melt beef fat or suet, cut it in small pieces, and set on rather a slow fire, in an iron pan. As soon as it begins to melt, skim the melted part off with a ladle, and pour it into a stone jar, which you cover when cold. Put it away in a cool, dry, and dark place. A careful cook never needs lard for frying purposes, but always has more fat than is necessary out of boiling or roasting pieces.

A NEW ADULTERATION OF SUGAR.— A case of adulteration of sugar, recently tried at Marseilles, has excited a good deal of attention there. Fraud of the kind had long been suspected by the customs officials, and the cargo of sugar in the present case was from Reunion. The Reunion sugars, of brown hue, are very rich in saccharine matter, and well suited for mixture. It was at first thought that the sugar had been mixed with pounded bricks and sand; but on analysis the added matter was found to be slag (a sort of opaque glass formed in the working of various metals, or vitreous lava from volcanoes) along with sand; and a "saving" of about a cent a pound was expected from the operation. The slag has a bright granular fracture, so that it makes a very good imitation of sugar; the sand was added to make up the weight.

A "BEAUTY SOCIETY."—Mr. Geo. Dawson, in a recent lecture at Birmingham (England) said, that the office of a man's house was not only to give shelter, food, and meat, but also to surround his children with those fair sights and sounds by which the sense of beauty might be developed. There were houses in that town in which not a poem was read nor a song sung throughout the year, and yet people wondered why their children were vulgar. Attention to the beauty of towns was one of the most neglected duties and one of the most deserving. If a town was beautiful, people took pride in it, liked to live in it, and were sorry to leave it. In Birmingham they wanted a new society, to be called "the Beauty Society."

BUILDING A CHARACTER.—There is a structure which everybody is building, young and old, each one for himself. It is called *character*, and in it every act of life is a stone. If, day by day, we be careful to build our lives with pure, noble, upright deeds, at the end will stand a fair temple, honored by God and man. But, as one leak will sink a ship, and one flaw break a chain, so one mean, dishonorable, untruthful act or word will forever leave its impress and work upon our characters. Then, let the several deeds unite to form a day, and, one by one, the days grow into noble years, and the years, as they slowly pass, will raise a beautiful edifice, enduring forever to our praise.

The future pitcher and catcher of some champion base ball nine were observed yesterday practising with a half brick done up in an old stocking. This is what may be called the ragged edge of the game.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1876.

DOM PEDRO, having made a pretty thorough tour through our country, in a quiet, unostentatious way, has left for Europe. The emperor left a splendid impression of his gentlemanly manners upon the American people, and doubtless took away as good an impression of our wealth, enterprise and culture.

THE White House is pronounced an unhealthy place, and for the summer President Grant and his family have moved into a house in the suburbs of Washington to stay for a few months. The President, however, seems to be quite active, and is provoking his enemies considerably with the way he does things.

IT would seem to be folly in the midst of this heated term to discuss politics and get red in the face in talking of candidates for the Presidency. Readers had rather wait till cooler weather for that. For the present let Hayes and Tilden keep cool, if they can, with the assurance that there will be enough to warm them up before next November.

GOV. HAYES has accepted the Cincinnati nomination, and his letter of acceptance is a clear, manly, unequivocal declaration of principles which embody the strongest desires of all honest and thinking American citizens. The minor planks of the platform are passed over, but the great questions before the country are recognized in language which cannot be mistaken.

THE latest proposition in regard to "the Old South" is that the Boston Catholics buy and occupy it. The bare thought of such a result may have good effect in stirring up the Puritan blood of New England, and rolling out the dollars necessary for its salvation.—The time is short, and next Monday will probably tell the story whether this ancient landmark is to stand or fall.

THE Centennial Commission have at last given their final decision by a vote of 29 to 10 against opening the great show on the Christian Sabbath. The principal advocates of the Sunday opening were from the Southern States and the far west, where the New England Sabbath is not so well known and respected. Gen. Hawley and his associates deserve much praise for the decided ground they have maintained in this matter.

SENATOR Morrill after long deliberation, on Saturday took his place at the head of the Treasury department, and Mr. Blaine has accepted his vacant seat in the Senate. In the cabinet, another important change has been made by the resignation of Postmaster-general Jewell and the appointment of Mr. Tyner of Indiana, one of the assistant postmaster-generals to succeed him. Mr. Jewell's withdrawal was made at the request of President Grant, who thus loses one of the most able members of his Cabinet.

THERE is little change in the condition of Mr. Blaine, who is now at his home in Augusta, Me. The malarial features of the disease are made very manifest by the fact of his being decidedly worse every alternate day. The nervous prostration is still the marked characteristic of his case. He is not able to leave his room, and is almost entirely confined to his bed. His physician thinks it will be many weeks before he will resume active work. The investigation of the matter of the Fort Smith & Little Rock Railway bonds, so far as Mr. Blaine is concerned, has been postponed until the next session of Congress, by unanimous vote of the judiciary committee.

FROM all parts of the country come tidings of great suffering by man and beast on account of the torrid heat of the past week. Last Saturday, the thermometer in the vicinity of Boston was close up to 100 during the day and even at midnight had only got down to 82°, in New York it was 90 at midnight, in Washington it reached 102° in the shade, and at Camp Belle, Trenton, where the New Jersey militia were encamped it went up to 110° in the shade. Here 170 men were prostrated by the heat, many of them dangerously ill, and 40 dropped from exhaustion at evening dress parade. Many of the cases it is feared will prove fatal. In all the large cities the record of death and sickness from sunstroke is alarmingly large.

CHICAGO is an enterprising and money-making community, but just now the city is in a queer condition—it is out of money; it owes several months' pay to its employes, who are suffering for want of it; it cannot avoid the necessary expenditures for sustaining the police and fire departments; it is inhibited from adding to its bonded debt by constitutional provision, and can no longer raise money by discounting its tax levy. To add to its troubles, by a decision of the Supreme Court last week, $2,000,000 of back taxes, on which the city was depending to pay current expenses, have been declared to have been illegally assessed and cannot be collected. Thus it is temporarily bankrupt. It is proposed to get out of the ditch as soon as possible by loans from private citizens, as other cities refuse to advance money. The city papers recommend the cessation of public work, the extinguishment of half the gas-lights, and rigid economy in every department.

The house and barn of Christian Hawk at South Hadley Falls was burned, Monday morning, the family saving none of the furniture, and barely escaping with their lives. The loss is $1000, insurance $400 on the house and the same on the furniture.

Congress has appropriated $200,000 for two new military posts on the Indian frontier, which Gen. Sheridan reported to be imperatively needed.

CUSTER'S MASSACRE.

We noticed last week the horrible massacre of Gen. Custer and his gallant band by the hostile Sioux, and later reports only serve to strengthen the first report and prove that it was not exaggerated. The brave cavalry officer, surrounded by over 250 companions-in-arms, lies buried on the field where he fought nobly as long as life remained. The story of the massacre and the events which led to it are thus told:—

Gen. Terry had sent Major Reno with six companies of cavalry to scout along the head-waters of the Powder River, with instructions to join the main column at Tongue river. Major Reno went as far as the Rosebud, and brought word that he had discovered a heavy Indian trail. The command at once set out for the Rosebud; Gen. Gibbon's command was also soon on the march in the same direction. June 22, Gen. Custer, after consultation with Gens. Terry and Gibbon, started on his fatal errand. Gen. Terry assured Custer that he would be at the forks of the Big Horn and Little Big Horn rivers by the evening of June 26, with Gen. Gibbon's column. Gen. Terry and staff, with Gen. Gibbon, steamed up the Yellowstone, and on Saturday, the 24th, arrived at the mouth of the Big Horn. On Monday, 26th, scouts were sent in advance, and soon after the march was resumed a small trail was struck. Soon after Lieut. Bradley, chief of scouts, reported that he had followed the trail and met two Crows, who had joined Custer's command at the Rosebud, and who now reported that he had been cut to pieces on the little Big Horn. The report was not believed, and the column pushed on, momentarily expecting to see the scout which Custer had promised, but who did not appear.

On Tuesday, June 27, clouds of smoke hung in front. The command hastened on and soon entered a beautiful plain over three miles long. On the east was a line of bluffs; on the west was the Little Big Horn with bluffs beyond it. Two tepees were still standing, and in them lay nine Indian chiefs, with their dead horses close by. As the men advanced hundreds and hundreds of tepee poles could be counted. Buffalo robes, cooking utensils, clothing, and tools of all kinds had been abandoned in hot haste. As they drew rein for a moment they noticed some United States regulation saddles of the new pattern. A moment more and the advancing soldiers were aghast with horror. Two hundred of our cavalrymen lay dead in the ravines and on the bluffs on the right bank of the river. Bradley had gone to the front and counted them. The Crows had not lied. It was the awful truth. Faces paled, eyes moistened, teeth were set. An advance was now ordered. At every step were seen tokens of the dreadful carnage.

The horrified soldiers wondered whether any of the gallant command ahead had been saved to tell the story, when two lieutenants rode up and reported that the survivors of seven companies under Reno were intrenched on a bluff at the end of the plain. They told the story of the battle and massacre:—Gen. Custer's regiment had marched 78 miles without leaving the saddle. Suddenly an Indian village over three miles long was discovered. It was Sunday morning, and although the odds were five to one Custer could not wait. He ordered Benteen to make a detour to the left with three companies, and instructed him to go as far as he could into the Indian camp. He left one company to protect the packs. With the other eight companies he pressed on. As he approached the high bluffs surrounding the plain where the village was situated, he divided his force. Reno, with three companies, was directed to advance, ford the Little Big Horn, and enter the southern end of the village. Custer himself, with five companies, marched around the bluffs facing the village on the right bank of the stream. His plan of battle was very simple. While Reno was attacking the village from the south he would assault the Indians on the flank and in the rear. Reno was attacked on all sides by the Indians, and driven back up the bluff, together with Benteen's companies, and there intrenched themselves. Custer's five companies, meanwhile, had gone around the bluffs and attempted to ford the river at the northern end of the village. The Indians were massed in his front and on his flanks. The whole command dismounted and made a determined resistance, which checked momentarily the onset of the Indians. Then Custer ordered a retreat, his force dividing in order to take advantage of two ravines on the left flank. The enemy had already appeared in large force on the right, and closed the door of escape in that direction. At the head of the upper ravine Calhoun's company was apparently thrown out as skirmishers, to defend the entrance. Here their bodies were found after the battle. The skirmish lines were clearly marked by the rows of slain; with heaps of empty cartridge shells. The Indians, baffled for a moment, immediately flanked the force on the left, rushed up another ravine which led into the main one, and attacked Keogh's company. That gallant officer fell, surrounded by his soldiers. Retreat was cut off from this ravine, and the soldiers were then killed off one by one. Meanwhile, the soldiers in the other ravine had been subjected to a severe fire. The line of retreat led through a deep gully, at the mouth of which 28 men were killed. They fought desperately, but the Indians had surrounded them and there was no escape. Capt. Smith fought his way to a peak, where a last stand was made. Here were Custer and his brother, Adjutant Cook, Capt. Yates, Lieut. Riley, Capt. Smith, and a few soldiers. Making ramparts of their fallen horses, they fought to the end. Here their bodies were found. The only survivor was a Crow scout, who escaped on a Sioux horse. From his accounts, the Indians must have numbered full 3000, and their loss many hundreds. The dead soldiers were stripped and their bodies mutilated. An Indian chief tore out Custer's heart, and bore it in triumph through the camp. The loss in the battle is officially reported as 278 officers and men.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Gov. Rice and his council visited the State Primary school Tuesday.

Judge Allen, whose health is poor, started Friday morning for Nantucket.

A concrete walk has been laid in front of Commercial block on the east side.

Mrs. Mason has opened an ice cream room in the corner store of American House block.

Rev. Mr. Fullerton will preach a centennial sermon at the Cong. church to-morrow forenoon.

The salary of presiding elder Whitaker of the Springfield district has been fixed at $2200.

A. Pinney sold the balance of the household effects of the late widow Pinney, at auction, last Saturday.

The "Centennial cane and camp chair," combined, is just what ladies need when visiting the Exhibition.

Elder E. Owen of Portsmouth, N. H., preaches at the Advent chapel to-morrow at the usual hours of service.

The oldest son of H. G. Cross, who was run over by a team on the morning of the 3d inst. has fully recovered from his injuries.

C. H. Eaton, of Tufts Divinity School, has been engaged to preach for St. Paul's Church, in Union Hall, every other Sabbath for a year.

George H. Justin has laid on our table several bunches of mammoth currants, which just increase our appetite for more of the same sort.

The excursionists to Mount Tobey, Tuesday, returned well satisfied with the salubrity of the mountain atmosphere on a hot and "muggy" day.

The Palmer boys played the Stars from West Warren and its suburbs, last week Friday, and were defeated by only twelve tallies, —score 24 to 12.

Some of the more prominent temperance men are moving for the formation of a Temple of Honor in this village, with a good prospect of success,

Geo. M. Stearns and wife drove through town last Saturday, in their own team, en route for the seaside, where they intend to pass a summer vacation.

A bare quorum of the members of the Palmer Literary Club, at a recent special meeting, voted the $32 of surplus funds into the treasury of the new Dramatic Club.

E. G. Baldwin, principal of the high school, will spend a part of his summer vacation in the woods of Vermont, near Lake Memphremagog. His wife accompanies him.

Charles Wallace, colored, living on the Monson road, and just over the Palmer line, fell from his chair Saturday night, and died instantly. His funeral was attended Sunday.

Herbert Allen, of Duckville, 19 years old, is the latest victim by drowning. He was taken with a fit while in a boat, last Sunday, and fell overboard. All efforts to save him were ineffectual.

On and after Monday next the evening trains for Brattleboro, over the New London Northern R. R., will leave Palmer at 6.40 p. m., and an extra train put on to leave for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

A pleasant musical soiree was enjoyed at the Tockwotton House, Monday evening. Prof. Wheeler of Boston, and Prof. Kimball, musical instructor of the Manchester (N. H.) public schools, were among the attendants.

A jeweler not a thousand miles from Palmer received an order this week from a rural undertaker to engrave a coffin-plate. After giving particulars as to the inscription, the epistle wound up with the following lament: "I have not had many plates to engrave lately, as business has been so dull!"

The Hoosac Tunnel being finished, the Fitchburg Railroad now runs three through trains daily, each way, between Boston and the West, connecting with trains from Palmer over the Ware River Railroad at Baldwinsville, the New London Northern at Millers' Falls, and the Athol & Northeastern Railroad at Athol. These through trains leave Boston at 8 and 11 A. M., and 5.40 P. M., running through without change of cars.

D. G. Lawson, of Glasgow, Scotland, and recently from the Connecticut State Insane asylum, where he has been a voluntary inmate for eight months as a last hope to overcome the uncontrollable appetite for rum will give his experience of a dissipated life, together with some select readings, at the Cong. vestry, Thursday evening next, to which all are welcome. Admission free. He is highly spoken of by the Connecticut papers.

The "Beartown prophet" from Berkshire prophesied that the coolest days of July would be from the 6th to the 11th, with "gentle showers and light thunder." If we are to believe his foretelling, then many will cry out in the agony of their souls, "Good Lord have pity upon the sons of men, and don't give us another Centennial Summer." From Saturday last the heat has been intense, scorching, blistering, the thermometer dancing upon high heels among the 90s with a frequent leap at and over the mystic centennial figures. The light thunder showers of Monday and Tuesday served in a measure to ward off the drouth which so seriously threatened vegetation, but much more is needed by the growing crops.

It isn't always safe to take people at their word, and a certain country store keeper intends to be more careful hereafter how he talks to tramps who ask him for aid. He was sitting quietly in the back part of his store on a recent sultry afternoon, fanning himself with an old straw hat, wishing that the flies would leave and make room for more profitable customers, when a poor wayfaring man darkened the doorway, and piteously begged for "a little help from you, kind sir." The merchant's wrath was roused, and he angrily replied, "Why don't you help yourself?" "Thanks, many thanks" replied the stranger, and quickly helping himself to a liberal quantity of crackers and cheese made an immediate exit. The flies fared hard the remainder of the afternoon.

The quarterly convention of the Hampden and Hampshire Good Templars Union met in the vestry of the Congregational church Tuesday, but with an unusually small attendance. The reports from the lodges showed that the order about held its own in the two counties, so far as heard from. At the secret session in the morning the following officers were elected:—President, Mrs. A. Root of Middlefield, formerly G. W. Sec'y of the State; vice-president, B. A. Day of Olympus Lodge, Monson; Sec'y, A. R. Parsons, of Springfield; Treasurer, E. T. Richards of Holyoke. The visiting committee for this section are H. Gilbert Cross of Palmer and B. A. Day of Monson. In the afternoon short and encouraging speeches were made by B. A. Day, George Robinson, Esq., A. R. Parsons, E. J. Wood, Mrs. H. G. Cross and others, declamations or recitations by Messrs Guilford and Beers and Mrs. Lord. One new lodge was admitted to the Union. The place of holding the next convention is to be chosen by the president and secretary.

WARREN.

During this month and next the evening sermons at the Cong. church will be missed.

The Warren high school is to have for a teacher, Joseph A. Griffin, of the '74 class in Yale college, and for two years instructor in a New Haven military school. He is to receive the modest salary of $900.

THORNDIKE.

The Sovereigns of Industry voted, Tuesday evening, to trade exclusively with J. B. Shaw of the depot village, for all goods in his line. The Sovereigns now number 170 members, and are in a flourishing condition.

E. W. Andrews has just returned from the Centennial, and like every one else, speaks enthusiastically of its attractions.

THREE RIVERS.

The house and barn of Amos Olds near Three Rivers was burned about midnight of Tuesday. Loss total, fully covered by insurance of $1000. The fire is generally supposed to have been incendiary. The house was occupied by two families, who by dint of hard work saved most of their furniture.

During the thunder shower of Tuesday afternoon, the Baptist church at Three Rivers was struck by lightning, and several men at work inside think the electric fluid took undue familiarity with their tools, dancing over them in a perfectly reckless manner. The altar and other portions of their newly-repaired church were more or less injured by the stroke, and its occupancy will necessarily be delayed longer than was expected.

WILBRAHAM.

The Wilbraham Sovereigns have just elected the following officers:—Pres't, J. M. King; vice president, J. C. Moody; sec'y, E. E. Kelsey.

Some 14 Wilbrahamites start for their summer vacation at Savin beach next Monday. Quite a number of our citizens are also off to the Centennial.

Four young men in the vicinity of Wilbraham were so affected by the severe heat while at work Monday, as to be incapacitated for work ever since, but they will soon be out again.

David Davis of Wilbraham while at Belchertown, the 12th, was thrown from his buggy by a runaway horse and received several severe bruises about the head and shoulders. It is thought they are nothing very serious.

MONSON.

The woolen mills are starting up and it appears like old times at our factory village.

A rumor was in circulation Tuesday, that Solomon Pierce, formerly of Monson, had been stabbed or shot on the 8th, at Philadelphia, but a letter received and dated the 11th purporting to come from him, and asking his wife to come on, seems to contradict it.

The following scholars in school No. 1 are credited with being neither tardy nor absent last term: Grammar department—Alice Cantwell, Whitney Bates; intermediate—John Herren, Willie Murphy, James McGuire, Chas. Nagle; primary, Nellie McGuire, Fannie Underwood, George Whiting.

E. S. Willis and son, of Willimantic, Ct., have established a branch clothing house in Green's block and are dispensing blessings to the multitude that daily throng their store. Clothing never was sold so cheap in Monson before, and the rush for goods has compelled them to order daily from Willimantic to supply the wants of the community. They sell so low that customers havn't a face to beat them down.

BELCHERTOWN.

One persevering agent for mowing machines has made a profit of $1040 on his sales of 26 machines this season.

Burglars should fight shy of Belchertown, for a gentleman of the guild who attempted to break into J. Gould's house the other night was treated to "a dose of shot gun" which cleared the premises.

Rev. Phillip Barry of Belchertown is soon to publish a missionary romance founded on facts. The hero of the story is a young man from Massachusetts, who was captured by Bedouin Arabs while travelling with a party from Damascus to Jerusalem, and forced to marry the daughter of a Bedouin shiek. He could not escape from the Arabs, as his tent was guarded by night and his person watched by day, so he concluded to submit, as his wife was attractive. He acquired the Arabic language, and his wife the English; their children learned both, and the result is that Randall has been a powerful man among the Arabic tribes, and his wife has so good a command of English that she writes letters to his friends in this country.

PALMER'S TAX FOR 1876.

The assessors have nearly finished their labors, and report the following figures, which we compare with those of 1875: Valuation of Palmer for 1876, $1,915,887, of which $1,265,171 was on real estate, and $650,716 on personal property. In 1875, the figures were —real estate $1,237,475, personal property $636,187, total $1,873,662; showing an increase of $42,225. The total number of polls is 1078, an increase of 54. Rate of taxation, $1.25 to the $100, against $1.42 last year. Total tax assessed in 1876, $26,455.24; in 1875, $28,657.85. This year the number of dwelling houses is 632, horses 415, cows 594, sheep 329, and 18,000 acres of land. The following persons and corporations pay a tax of $75 and over:

Allen, J. G.	$139
Brown, E.	152
Boston & Albany Railroad	121
Boston Duck Company	2,198
Brainard, Wilson	76
Burleigh, Albert	92
Brown, T. & Loman	99
Converse, John	391
Clark & Hastings	82
Dewey, A. N.	256
Feeney, John	184
French, Mrs. E. T.	312
French, M. W.	291
Ferrell, John K.	124
Gates, E. B. & Bartlett, H. M.	87
Goddard, R. D.	102
Holbrook, C. D.	73
Holbrook, William	99
Holden, H. P. & J. S.	75
Knox, David	157
King, Joseph	81
Lawrence, S. R.	187
Lawrence, Hubbard	82
Moores, George	134
Palmer Carpet Company	492
Palmer National Bank	636
Palmer Mills	4,335
Potter, T. D. & P. H.	76
Robinson, George	114
Ruggles, Silas	141
Rogers, Reuben	75
Squiers, J. A.	119
Stever, Jacob	100
Shaw, C. C.	80
Shaw, J. B.	76
Thorndike Company	2,802
Thompson, Joseph	115
Willis, A. H.	119
Weeks, J. W.	97
Whipple, Vinette	75
NON-RESIDENTS.	
Cross, W. W.	112
Wells, John, estate of	166

WARE AND VICINITY.

J. E. Price, the blacksmith, is soon to remove to East Brookfield to live.

C. E. Conant has removed his goods, purchased of O. Winslow, to Millers Falls.

The Otis company are extending their new fence around their yard toward the office.

Rev. John Lyon will give a Centennial discourse next Sunday evening, in Music Hall.

The Geo. H. Gilbert M'f'g. Co. fling a Hayes and Wheeler flag to the breeze this week.

The town clock is being repaired, and our citizens will have to rely on other time-pieces for a week or so.

E. Barnard has again moved his boot shop, this time to Main street, in the shop formerly occupied by E. H. Pratt.

We have heard it rumored that steps would soon be taken for the purpose of organizing a Hayes & Wheeler Club.

Work is a little dull in the shirt department of the Otis Company's mill at present, but other portions of the work is brisk.

Mr. David Gould will soon put on a stage to West Warren, and run regular trips again, to accommodate all who wish to go that way.

Judging from the walk of a Hardwick man on the street a few days ago, the Main street sidewalk should be widened, or some of the liquor saloons closed.

W. M. Winter, the barber, has placed a cage outside his window, and a pleasing sight it is to see his three gray squirrels playing with each other in it.

It is now ten weeks since the first of May, and our town fathers have issued no licenses, made no seizures, and closed no saloons or bars. Does this mean reform?

Mr. and Mrs. R. Snow of the Hampshire House left for Saratoga Wednesday morning to spend a few weeks. S. M. Redding of Amherst will officiate at the hotel during their absence.

The Brookfield Association of Ministers met at Ware Center Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. About a dozen ministers were present, but the attendance was not as large as at some times.

David Smith has returned from Ireland, but will start back to that country next Friday, with his family, and will devote himself exclusively to farming. He reports the prospects there as being very good.

The Sure Pops, who, by the way, are gaining considerable notoriety as a base ball club, whipped the Resolutes of Thorndike last Thursday, 41 to 10. A subscription has been raised by private individuals, to secure new uniforms throughout for the Sure Pops.

The Reform Club held their regular meeting at the chapel Monday evening. The club seems again on the increase, both as regards the number of its members and the interest of the meetings. The vice president is acting president, owing to the vacancy in that office.

We hasten to mention the names of three who took part in the trades procession on the Fourth, and were unwittingly omitted last week in our report, viz; C. S. Robinson, W. F. Coney and Dan. S. Collins. We trust no one will feel slighted if their names were not mentioned.

Dennis Towne, the renowned, has returned from the Centennial, bearing 11 badges at least on his coat, and rejoicing in his general good time; but says he wishes to warn all who go to Philadelphia to beware of the New York police, who misinformed him, causing him considerable trouble.

A barn belonging to John Connor, at Top of Ware, was burned on Thursday night, at 11 o'clock. The Columbia Engine Company made a prompt appearance with the engine, and in one hour from the first alarm had the flames in subjection, although some delay was caused by waiting for water from the Otis Company's force pump. The engine company were treated to lemonade by G. C. Holden, after the fire.

We had wondered for some time why it was that no arrests had been made recently, and we have learned two reasons: One is, there is a panel gone from the door of the lock-up, making it unsafe to put any one there; and another, that the selectmen have *prohibited* the sale of intoxicating liquors, thereby causing less drunkenness—not, however, by *stopping* the sale, but by letting the dealers go on unmolested, enabling them to sell more light drinks, which are not as apt to intoxicate, and less strong liquor.

Augustus Hemenway, a Milton millionaire, recently deceased, leaving a property valued at over $15,000,000, makes liberal provision in his will for members of his family, and then directs $100,000 in gold to be paid annually to worthy charities, his executors to "avoid all such as make two paupers where there was but one before, and those with any appearance of sham, where the managers derive pecuniary profit from the management;" and he suggests that his relatives give ten per cent. of their income to charity.

One of the complaints of the West Point Cadets is, that in the arrangements for their visit to Philadelphia, the quartermaster's department was stricken with a spasm of economy as regarded transportation, and each of the future heroes was limited to the miserably insufficient allowance of ten pairs of white trousers.

They are trying to revive the old classic Greek costume for women, so fashionable in the years following the fall of Robespierre. There is but little waist, hold to the shoulders by a thin strap, no sleeves, with a close-fitting, bustleless skirt. It is undoubtedly a cool summer costume, but while it may suit the Parisians it will hardly be popular on this side the water.

A Lexington, Ky., man enticed two girls away from their home in New Richmond, Ohio, last week, on pretence of giving them work, raped both and murdered one, the other escaping him and giving the alarm, upon which he was captured and hanged to the nearest tree.

A shrewd Norwich girl who wants to get rid of her lover has promised to marry him when the Hayes clears away and Tilden is elected president.

The only advantage Tilden has as a bachelor is the fact that it prevents him from having one set of brothers-in-law.

North Brookfield is to expend $200 of her Fourth of July money for the publication of a history of the town.

Frank Squire of Westfield, died last week from eating lobster and milk. He was a young married man.

Hard times are resulting in many Boston firms giving their employes prolonged vacations without pay.

The Advent Camp meeting at Springfield, this year, will commence Aug. 12th.

Holyoke lost $14,000 by three incendiary fires last Sunday.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Democratic ticket: For President, Slippery Sam; for Vice-President, Tortuous Tom.

Ex-Secretary Bristow will speak for Hayes and Wheeler in Connecticut during the campaign.

Moody and Sankey expect to commence their revival labors in Chicago the first of October.

The Indians in their fight with Custer stripped all the bodies save that of a newspaper correspondent.

Commodore Vanderbilt used to bring down 180. Now he dosn't weigh 100. But his autograph is as hefty as ever.

The people of Richmond, Ind., bought 14,000 flags from one firm during the two days previous to the Fourth.

A brother and sister in Reading, Pa., weigh together 1407½ pounds—the boy 600, the girl 807½. Their name is Powers.

A Sioux once saw a small balloon at a circus in St. Paul and he fell back dead. Poor Custer ought to have had about three balloons.

There are in Turkey at this moment over 40,000 individuals incarcerated for debt, and nearly all for debt due to the Turkish Government.

Lots of folks celebrated the Fourth by getting married. One Brooklyn clergyman had fourteen marriage-calls on his list; another twelve, and another seven.

An injunction was recently issued against a Congregational minister in England to restrain him from preaching a sermon in relation to a case pending before the courts.

It is significantly stated as an indication of hard times that the cottage residents at Newport have, far more this year than usual, brought their groceries with them.

California has not had occasion to use her new whipping posts yet, but they are often referred to with good effect by San Francisco wives, in argument with their husbands.

A bold thief, Monday, grabbed $3000 in bonds from a gentleman's hand in the banking rooms of Tower, Giddings & Co., but was captured by one of the firm, Mr. Lyman B. Greenleaf.

How delightful! While visiting Bethlehem, Penn., Dom Pedro renewed his acquaintance with a young lady—a Miss Gertrude Thomas —with whom he once exchanged cards at the top of the Pyramids.

In Fall River tho' police, a night or two since, found in a house a kerosene lamp overturned and blazing, a man and his wife drunk in bed, a woman drunk on the floor, and a child asleep in the cradle.

A boy was apparently drowning in the Mississippi, near Natchez. A playmate swam bravely to the rescue, was attacked by cramps and drowned. The other boy swam ashore, making no effort to save the dying hero.

Mr. Howell W. Williams of Swansea, Wales, is the owner of the largest dog in the world. It is about twelve years old, named Nero, and the same animal that took the first prize at the Crystal Palace dog show in 1871. He weighed at one time 165 pounds.

A terrific explosion took place recently on a coal-ship lying at Cardiff, Wales, by which four men were killed and several others dangerously wounded. The hatches were down and gas was generated so much that when a sailor went below with a lighted candle it ignited, hence the explosion.

The band of the Foot Guards, stationed at Ottawa, Canada, wanted to earn a little pocket money by playing at Ogdensburg, N. Y., on the Fourth, but the military authorities refused permission on the ground that it would be an unbecoming act for the musicians of a British regiment to take part in celebrating a successful rebellion.

STEWART'S WILL.—Surrogate Calvin of New York, on Tuesday, dismissed the petition of James Bailey and others, alleged blood relatives of the late A. T. Stewart, to have the probate of the will of Mr. Stewart opened, so that the petitioners could contest the will. The Surrogate says it would be an unwise exercise of judicial discretion of the court to open probate when no good could inure to the petitioners, and when it would be likely to throw discredit upon the tenure of the real estate devised to Mrs. Stewart and paralyze the great enterprises now in progress.

Hereafter when a person dies of scarlet fever, small-pox, whooping-cough or any other contageous disease in New York there will be no church or public funeral, the Board of Health of that city deeming such cases dangerous to those who attend.

Mrs. Barbar of Ovid, Mich., was bitten by a rattlesnake Monday. Her mouth and back turned perfectly black in a few moments, but a physician packed her body in salted mud and administered antidotes in large quantities, and she will recover.

Henry Clews, the former wealthy banker of New York, has again appeared in the commercial world, in partnership with a wealthy New York merchant, the new firm to be known as Livermore, Clews & Co.

Halsey A. Boardman, a prominent Boston lawyer, was shot at in his office last week Friday by one of his clients, but fortunately escaped. The would-be murderer was promptly arrested.

Another fight growing out of race troubles is reported from a southern town, where ten negroes and one white man were killed before the disturbance was quelled.

A Minneapolis, Minn., woman, a few days ago, found a little package that contained 17 diamonds secreted in a desk which had once belonged to her great-grandfather.

The Baptist Sunday schools of this region will picnic at Lake Pleasant, July 26th, and Southland will help along the music.

A Sunday-school institute occurs at the Coleraine Methodist church, July 19, conducted by Presiding Elder Whitaker.

The Fire Record.

Castle Garden, New York City, was burned Sunday evening. It was formerly a famous place of amusement, and of late years has been used as the headquarters of the New York Commissioners of Emigration. In less than an hour the whole structure was consumed. One hundred and fifty emigrants who were sleeping in the building at the time, narrowly escaped with their lives, and lost all their personal effects. The loss on the building is about $75,000, nearly all the valuable books and papers being saved.

The South Fitchburg House of Correction buildings, including all except the prison proper, were burned Sunday morning by an incendiary fire; loss $75,000. The prisoners were all safely removed.

A large tannery on the Homer Ely estate in Holyoke was burned Tuesday morning, with an estimated loss of $13,000.

By an explosion of fire-damp in the Saint Avold colliery near Metz, Germany, Tuesday, 42 persons were killed and 47 seriously injured.

A Terrible Fall in Sutton.—Rev. Dr. George Prentice, one of the professors in Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., and his wife, were on a visit to his former home in Sutton recently, and made a visit to "Purgatory," a noted ravine in the vicinity. Here they sat down on the brink of the precipice, which at that point is nearly 70 feet high. Just as they were leaving Mrs. Prentice turned back for one more look, when her husband saw her suddenly fall forward over into the dreadful chasm. Her husband rushed down into the ravine and found her unconscious and apparently dead. She soon gave slight signs of life, and was conveyed home in a hammock. She was found to have sustained severe fractures of the skull and breast bone, beside internal injuries, and her lower limbs completely paralyzed. Mrs. Prentice is a lady of rare attainments, much loved, with a family of three children. Slight hopes are entertained of her recovery.

Killed by Lightning.—Lizzie M. Clapp, telegraph operator at the Readville station of the Boston & Providence R. R., in Hyde Park, was sitting in her office, with friends, during the storm of Tuesday, having previously disconnected the wire from the battery on the approach of the storm, when suddenly a report like a cannon-shot was heard in the room. On recovering from the shock the friends found that the electric fluid had followed the wire down to the point of disconnection, and thence by the wood-work to the body of Miss Clapp, a small hole in the neck showing where it had entered. She was instantly killed, the body being slightly discolored.

Steamboat Disaster.—Twenty-six lives are reported lost by the burning of the propeller St. Clair, Sunday morning, while on its way from Duluth to Houghton, Mich. In less than five minutes after fire was discovered in the hold, the vessel was wrapped from one end to the other, in flames and smoke, and but one boat was launched. The propeller was only five miles from the shore, but the water was so cold that all except one of the passengers who attempted to escape were drowned. The captain, first engineer, mate, wheelman and one passenger were saved. Many of the passengers were resident in Michigan.

Uncle Sam's Money Box.—The counting of bonds and moneys in the office of the Treasurer of the United States, preparatory to turning over the office to Wyman, the new Treasurer, is just completed. The amount of bonds held by the Treasurer to secure the bank circulation and deposits was found to be precisely the amount called for by the books, $355,972,320. The amount of money on hand was found to be $15,702,341.72, which was within less than $5 of the amount called for, the discrepancy arising from trifling errors in making change.

A Horrible Outrage.—An Orangeville (Pa.) school teacher, a few days since, went to her school house early in the morning to write copies for her pupils, when she was beset by three ruffians, who successively outraged her person, and then cut out her tongue to prevent her from telling. She had barely strength after they left to crawl to the blackboard and write the affair upon it. By means of the information thus given the scoundrels were traced and captured before they reached their homes, less than three miles distant.

A Hack-Driver's Fatal Carelessness.—A Lynn hackman, with a coach-load of passengers, attempted to cross the track of the Eastern R. R., the other day, in front of a rapidly approaching train, notwithstanding the warnings of the flag-man. The engine struck the coach, completely demoralizing it, and tumbling out the six passengers, all of whom were ladies. They were removed to a drug store, and though suffering severe injuries may all recover. This same man has had several hair-breadth escapes.

Down Grade at High Speed.—A construction train consisting of an engine and car on the Mount Washington R. R., while climbing a 300-feet grade, Tuesday, broke the eccentric rods of the engine, letting that and the car run rapidly backward. The laborers were frightened and jumped off, seven persons being more or less injured. The train ran down the grade, but stopped soon after reaching the level track, and all would have been safe had they remained on the train.

A Curious Incident.—A fearful thunder storm passed over Bradford, Vt., Monday, when a curious incident was developed. Some years ago Mrs. Harvey H. Nourse was seriously affected by the lightning striking near her. Last Monday, she predicted the shower many hours before it occurred, and became unconscious for an hour and a half from the effects of electricity.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

The visitors have entered the third million.

Fifty cases of sunstroke were attended to by the medical department Tuesday.

A number of exhibits in the main building were damaged by Monday's storm.

It is estimated that there will be 100,000 Centennial visitors a day after September 1.

For $1,000,000 the Pensylvania Central R. R. Co. are to have the main building after the exhibition is over.

Ninety-five factories, one-third of them Canadian contribute to the special exhibit of butter and cheese in the agricultural building.

An effort will be made to have the Government exhibit at the Centennial removed to Washington at the close, and kept in a permanent museum.

A blind girl has charge of a knitting-machine in order to show the ease with which it can be worked.

In Machinery Hall is shown a section of the boiler which belonged to the first steam engine used in the United States.

The daily receipts at the exhibition although affected by the heat, are as good as could be expected and the big rush is expected as soon as the cool weather sets in.

Harper's Magazine.—This popular monthly for August has a beautifully illustrated paper on Wellsley College; Saratoga Springs is illustrated and described; Mr. Holly in his series of articles on Modern Dwellings devotes his attention to furniture. John W. Chadwick gives a thrilling account of the battle of Long Island, and in the naval history of Rear-admiral Shubrick, are recounted some very spirited incidents. "Daniel Deronda," the serial story by George Eliot is given in good measure, and the love stories well sandwiched in. Then, if the weather is too warm, the reader can certainly enjoy the wit and humor always found in the Editor's Drawer.

Before starting on your summer journey lay out your route by consulting one of Rand, & McNally's railroad guides. The July number is especially prepared with reference to Centennial travel, and contains colored maps of Philadelphia, Fairmount Park and the Centennial Grounds, with the usual complete time-tables and railway maps. It is a Chicago publication for sale by all news-dealers, and issued monthly.

Scribner &Co., announce an unusually attractive and valuable midsummer number for August of their popular monthly, made up of reading suitable for the torrid we are now "enjoying." The children are also promised a midsummer St. Nicholas, equally light and interesting. They will be out next week.

Asa Crowell, a noted fat man of Paterson, N. J., died suddenly last Sunday. At the time of his death he weighed more than 400 pounds, and when buried last Wednesday the body had to be carried to the grave in a wagon, as there was no hearse large enough to hold the coffin.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

A good chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

The utmost confidence may be placed in Hunt's Remedy for the prompt cure of Kidney, Bladder, and Glandular Diseases, Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Irregularities, ailments of the Urino-Genital Organs, Mental and Physical debility, and Pains in the Side, Back, and Loins. Hunt's Remedy has been for twenty years a favorite medicine of family physicians.

Lyon's Kathairon prevent the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents.
1y3-26

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of James Pyle. None genuine without. 1y12†

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for sprained, lame and strained horses and animals, 13w6

BORN.

At Three Rivers, 10th, twin daughters to A. A. Barker.
At Monson, 7th, a daughter to Geo. D. Fowles.
At Collins' Depot, 6th, a son to A. D. Tufts.
At West Springfield, 9th, a son to Taylor R. and M. Eva Parsons.

MARRIED.

At Ware, 9th, by H. M. Coney, Esq., Edward N. Hayes and Mary Hanlon, both of West Warren.
At Hawley, 2d, Herbert E. Grant of Charlemont, and Lillian C. Streeter.
At Coleraine, 5th, Robert E. Martin of Leyden, and Fanny E. Miner.
At Montague, 1st, Orrin E. Grant of Royalston, and Flora A. Marvel of Leverett.

DIED.

At Thorndike, 10th, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Eli F. Nichols, Patience, widow of Wm. A. Ketcham, late of Schoharrie, N. Y. Springfield, Mass., and Albany, N. Y., papers please copy.
At Springfield, 9th, Charles Chapman, 53.
At North Brookfield, 7th, A. Charles Adams, 32.
At Belchertown, 9th, Herbert G. Allen, 18.
At Great Barrington, 8th, Justin Dewey, 78, father of County Commissioner Dewey.
At North Brookfield, 3d, Mrs. James Pike, 25.
At Philadelphia, Pa., 9th, Samuel K. Annable, 19, of Springfield, youngest son of the late S. A. Annable of Belchertown.

TO RENT!

An up-stairs tenement of four or five rooms. Inquire at FOSKET & HOLBROOK'S Meal Store,
Palmer, July 12, 1876. 3w16*

NOTICE.

The Assessors of Palmer give notice that they have delivered to H. A. Northrop, Collector of Taxes, a correct list of the taxes, together with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same. And by vote of the town all persons who shall voluntarily pay the collector their taxes on or before August 20th, 1876, a discount will be made on their taxes of six per cent.
JOHN CLOUGH, DAVID KNOX, D. B. BISHOP, } Assessors of Palmer.
Palmer, July 13th, 1876. 3w16

DID YOU TRY THE

RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesale, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by
2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Bridget Curley late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
HENRY P. HOLDEN, Adm'r.
Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the will of Alonzo N. Dewey, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
LAURA E. CHILD, Executrix.
Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

CENTENNIAL.

CANE AND CHAIR COMBINED.

Before going to the Exhibition secure one of these indispensable companions, that you may sit when and where you please.

ESPECIALLY VALUABLE FOR LADIES,

who cannot possibly endure the fatigue without one, Weigh only 20 ounces, Price $2. The only article in the market that is just what you want.

C. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,
2w16* No. 808 Market St., Philadelphia.

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys', CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD-OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded,

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

I STILL LIVE.

MY STOCK OF

CLOTHING

—AND—

DRESS GOODS

MARKED

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN

To Cost and Below Cost!

NEW GOODS DAILY.

PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!

LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!

Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!

Please call and examine goods and Prices!

FRESH LINE OF

CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

STRAW MATTINGS,

LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,

TICKINGS, &c.

A. H. WILLIS.
Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

PALMER

Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!
Complete Stock!
Special Prices!
Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES!
SEWING MACHINES!
All kinds for sale at Low Prices.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON, SINGER, WILSON, FLORENCE, WEED,
"DOMESTIC," VICTOR, WHEELER & WILSON, HOWE, AMERICAN,
And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds, REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
Palmer, Mass. 6m2

CEMETERY WORK.

Those citizens of Palmer and vicinity who may be in want of Cemetery Work of any description, will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber and examine

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS of work erected by the

RUTLAND MONUMENTAL WORKS,

before purchasing elsewhere. Work manufactured from the best varieties of

MARBLE or GRANITE, either AMERICAN or FOREIGN,

and finished in a superior manner and at HARD TIMES PRICES.

O. L. SLADER, Agent.
Palmer, May 5th 1876. 7tf

DR. HIGGINS' ORIGINAL AND GENUINE MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SYRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are Special Agents for the sale of

GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS

in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS

—IN—

38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS

FOR 1876,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

J. S. LEEDHAM,

WATCHMAKER,

60 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

Great Reduction in Elgin Watches!
Great Reduction in Waltham Watches!
Great Reduction in Springfield Watches!

If you are in need of a good Watch of any grade or make, call and get my prices, which are as LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING

All kinds of Watches thoroughly and scientifically repaired. Imperfect or unsatisfactory timekeepers corrected and made to perform well at moderate charges. Ordinary watches of sound construction can be converted into good timekeepers by the application of chronometer Balances with accurate adjustment.

CHARGES THE LOWEST, CONSISTENT WITH GOOD WORK.
J. S. LEEDHAM,
11tf 69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my
NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,
T. J. SULLIVAN.
Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and Canned Fruit constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.
E DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,
DENTIST,
SPRINGFIELD, Mass
Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-26

SEND 25c to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.
S. S. TAFT.
Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,
At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.
CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.
EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.
Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—Hampden ss.—June 17th, A. D. 1876. By virtue of an execution which issued on a judgment recovered at the District Court of Eastern Hampden, holden at Palmer, within and for said county, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1876, in favor of John Jennings of Springfield, in said county, and against William M. Burns, otherwise known as Michael W. Burns, of said Palmer, I have taken all the right in equity that the said Burns had on the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1876, the day when the same was attached on mesne process to redeem certain mortgaged real estate situated in Palmer Depot village, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a boundary stone on the westerly side of land of New London Northern Railroad Company, thence southerly on land or formerly of Winnifred Wilder, six rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands of John M. Converse 2½ rods to a stake and stones, thence northerly on lands or formerly of the late F. Morgan, grantor, six rods to said railroad company's land, thence southeasterly on said railroad company's land 2½ rods to the place of beginning, containing 15 rods of land, more or less, with the buildings thereon standing, together with the right to use one undivided half of the well of water standing just northerly of the premises, being the same described in a deed thereof recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 266, page 456, and on the twenty-second day of July next, A. D. 1876, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the above described premises, in said Palmer Depot village, I shall offer for sale by public auction, to the highest bidder, said right in equity of redemption.
3w14 GEO. W. RANDALL, Dept. Sheriff.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE!

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed given by Henry A. Pierce of Springfield, Hampden county, Massachusetts, to John P. Cady of Willbraham, Hampden county, and State of Massachusetts, bearing date April 21st, 1873, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, and assigned to Joseph P. Davis and Gardner S. Davis, both of Stafford, Tolland county, Connecticut, by an assignment bearing date June 3d, 1876, and entered for record in said registry, June 8th, 1876, and recorded in Hampden county registry of deeds, book 302, page 153, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, for a breach of the condition contained in said mortgage deed, on Saturday, July 29th, 1876, at 11 o'clock a. m., all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, described as follows, viz: A certain parcel of land situate in Monson, in said county, and being the same premises conveyed to said Henry A. Pierce by John B. Warren of Springfield, by deed, dated March 25th, A. D. 1873, and recorded in Hampden registry of deeds, book 298, page 338, to which said deed and record reference may be had for a full and particular description of said property. Subject to taxes if any.
JOSEPH P. DAVIS, GARDNER S. DAVIS, } Assignees.
By G. H. NEWTON, their Attorney.
Monson, Mass., June 27, 1876. 14

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at
JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

Affection's Offering.

BY LIZZIE M. FEENEY.

Dedicated to Lonnie Dewey, and sung at his Funeral, July 5th, 1876.

Come friends, companions of our youth;
Come schoolmates, one and all;
In spirit let us meet again,
Around dear Lonnie's form.

Our little band is broken now—
Our fairest one has gone;
The soul that lit that marble brow
Back to its God has gone.

We see again your sunny smile—
Your laughing tones we hear;
Your welcome step re-echoes light,
In memory, Lonnie, dear.

But to know these sounds, so cheering,
Are forever from us fled—
Then is it strange
That your schoolmates are so sad?

We see you, Lonnie, when you last
Graced our school-room and the hall,
To take your "last farewell" of those,
Your companions, one and all.

We parted on that last sad day,
Each where their duty called,
And we watched your path, oh! Lonnie dear—
The darling friend of all!

Alas! how different are our fates—
Death claimed you for its own;
He loves a shining mark to take—
God wished for you, "dear one."

Whilst pure, and innocent, and good,
With heart yet undefiled,
Your spirit took its flight above—
We would not call you back, dear child.

Oh! dear Lonnie, we rejoice
To think, that of our band
God took the fairest, sweetest, best,
To his bright and happy land!

A guardian spirit you'll ever be—
That, when this life is o'er,
Our little school may, happy, meet
Upon the eternal shore.

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for July 16, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

Solomon's Temple—2 Chron. iii, 1-17.

V. 1. "Jerusalem" did not become the capital of the Israelites until they had passed through one complete stage of their life in Palestine and the monarchy had been fairly entered upon. It was always of small size. David took it from the Jebusites about 1046 B. C. "Mount Moriah" is here only given as the name of the eminence on which the Temple was built. It is believed to be the spot on which Jehovah appeared to David and the scene of the sacrifice of Isaac. "Ornan the Jebusite." The Jebusite king, called in the book of Samuel Araunah, etc. "The Jebusite" was Canaan's third son. The Jebusites were war-like mountaineers and clung to their mountain seats long after their citadel was occupied by David.

V. 2. The second month. Zif the month of "blossom," corresponding nearly to our May. "Fourth year of his reign." He prepared and waited two years after the event of the last lesson before beginning to build.

V. 3. The "first" means the old Mosaic measure in use in Solomon's time. After the Babylonish captivity the standard of Babylon was used. A cubit was about twenty-one inches. The length, then, was one hundred and five feet and the breadth thirty-five. "Instructed." Plans and specifications were given to Solomon by David, his father.

V. 4. The porch or portico or piazza was thirty-five feet long, seventeen and a half broad and two hundred and ten feet high, rising in the form of a tower. The Temple itself was fifty-two and a half feet high. It was built after the model of the Tabernacle but much larger. Its length was from east to west. Its grandeur was not in its size but in the colossal buildings attached to it, the richness of its ornaments, costliness of its materials, its consequent internal splendor, and the excellence of the workmanship.

V. 5. "The greater house." The outer chamber. "Palm trees" probably refers to pilasters in the shape of palms. The whole interior was overlaid with gold. Neither wood nor stone was seen. Pure gold only met the eye.

V. 6. "Parvaim;" perhaps the same as Ophir.

V. 7. "Cherubim." Creature forms, symbolical of the presence of God, and especially of his merciful manifestations.

V. 8. The most holy house was a perfect cube, thirty-five feet in length, breadth and height. The amount of gold overlaying here was worth $18,000,000.

Vv. 10-13. The cherubim were of carved olive wood covered with gold. They were of colossal size, covering with outstretched wings a space of seventeen and a half feet in length and height. Two of their wings touched each other and the other two reached the wall opposite. Their faces were toward the most holy place. Their use was to veil the ark. They were not put there to be worshipped but to honor the invisible God.

V. 14. The "vail" was for separation. The priests ministered daily in the holy place. Into the most holy only the high priest went, and that but once a year. God's brightest glory must be kept concealed from the view of man. Except through Christ, God's majesty is inaccessible to sinful men. When redemption was fully revealed the vail was rent.

V. 15. The united length of the two pillars is given. In i K. 7-15 the length of each is given separately. Each pillar was thirty-two and a half feet long, and seven feet through. If hollow each would weigh from sixteen to twenty tons. The chapiters or capitals were eight and three-fourths feet high, and weighed seven or eight tons each. The pillars when set up would stand forty feet in height. The bronze of which they were made was taken from the king of Zobah. The obelisks were highly ornamented and constituted a magnificent entrance to the Temple.

V. 16. For the ornamentation of the capitals there were branch-work, resembling the palm, and wreath work in the form of a chain, composing a kind of chain. "Seven of these were wound in testoons on one capital, and over and underneath them fringes, one hundred in a row; and two rows of pomegranates strung on chains ran round the capital, which, itself, was of a bowl-like or globular form. These rows were designed to form a binding to the ornamental work, to keep it from falling asunder; and they were so placed as to be above the chain-work, and below the place where the branch-work was."

V. 17. Jachin means, "He shall establish;" Boaz, "It is strength."

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,
57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscription for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; elegantly illustrated; terms only $1.00 per year. The Record is devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial Year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 x 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Maine. 2m13

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 3.00 and 7.08 p.m., connecting for Montreal.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

June 12, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

THORNLESS BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES.

I can supply any in want of this delicious fruit with good, strong plants, well rooted, this spring, for $1.50 per dozen at my place, or by mail, free, for $2.00 per doz. Also, a few pounds of

A. NO. 1 EXTRA

YELLOW DANVERS ONION SEED,

of my own raising, for $3.50 per lb. at my place, or $3.60 per lb. by mail, free.

J. K. KNOX.

Palmer, Feb. 25th, 1876. 49tf

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

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TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

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PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
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Business Men!

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of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

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MANUFACTURING JEWELER, ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

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At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

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Palmer, June, 1875.

THE GREAT CHANCE OF THE YEAR.

The GRAND EVENT in the

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—AND—

FANCY GOODS MARKET

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The "MONITOR."

Thousands of Dollars saved to the people through the sweeping reductions we have made

In STRAW GOODS,
In TRIMMED GOODS,
In FRENCH FLOWERS,
In RIBBONS,
In TRIMMING SILKS,

Even in the most STAPLE GOODS we are making determined SLAUGHTER and are offering EXTRAORDINARY Bargains.

In LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE!

In LADIES' LISLE GLOVES at 12½c.

Corsets! Corsets! from 30cts. to $1.00.

PARASOLS!

VICTORIA LAWNS from 10½c.
SWISS MUSLINS from 10 cts.

HAMBURG EDGINGS! HAMBURG EDGINGS!

TABLE LINENS! TOWELS!

FINE IRISH LINENS!

GENT'S MERINO UNDERWEAR! Gent's Fine Dress Shirts $1.00. Gent's Cheviot Shirts 88 cts. French C. G. Socks, 3 pair for 50 cts.

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SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

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PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

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Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

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JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

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Is now offering his stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES

At prices that will WARRANT A LARGE REDUCTION OF STOCK.

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DRAIN & SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK,

Chimney Tops, Terra-Cotta Garden Vases,

EARTHEN and FANCY FLOWER POTS,

Land Tile, Antiquarian Ware, &c. We Warrant all our goods,

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3m52e GEO. C. DUNNE, Agent.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 51

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

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Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,
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PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

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Manufacturers of

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS!

Used and recommended by Public Schools and Conservatories of Music throughout the United States.

OVER TEN THOUSAND NOW IN USE.

Used by some of the most Eminent Artists.

UPRIGHT PIANOS!

Our Uprights are the

FINEST COMBINATION OF EXCELLENCE IN TONE AND FINISH.

ALLEN & COWAN, Agents,

PALMER, MASS. 3m51

O. I. C.

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PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS,

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From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

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Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

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T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

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READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
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No waste or loss of time in mixing.
Do not crack or peel.
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Sample cards on application.
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Take no other.
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$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me

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After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also, in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and papers for patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the the validity and utility of patents or inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignment recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors.

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CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitations in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the patent office."

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patent, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

VISIT

FAY'S SHOE STORE,

4w13† SPRINGFIELD.

A CURIOSIY. A ten-dollar bill of 1776 sent free for stamp. Address Hurst & Co., 77 Nassau St., N. Y.

THE PEOPLE'S PUMP and 50 feet of Hose for $20. C. W. KING, 27 Devonshire street, Boston. Send for Circular. 4w13

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING."—How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple, mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian oracle, dreams, hints to ladies, wedding-night shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAMS & CO., Pubs., Phila. 4w13

DODD'S NERVINE

The New England Family Medicine, relieves pain almost instantly, induces good sleep, helps the appetite, strengthens the system, and is altogether the best family medicine and tonic now in use. At all drug stores. 4w13

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A complete and graphic history of American Pioneer life 100 YEARS AGO. Its thrilling conflicts of red and white foes. Exciting adventures, captivities, forays, scouts, pioneer women and boys, Indian war-paths, camp life and sports. A book for old and young. Not a dull page. No competition. Enormous sales. Agents wanted everywhere. Illustrated circulars free. J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w13

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It sells faster than any other book. One Agent sold 61 copies in one day. Send for our extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w15

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all throat diseases,

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LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1876. NUMBER 17.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & CO.

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JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed in the best style, and at short notice.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.31, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11,07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 P. M.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LYMAN DIMOCK, dealer in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Mrs. A. C. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of American House.

R. J. GARDNER & SON, Central street, House Painters, Grainers, and Paper Hangers.

S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

SILAS RUGGLES, M. D., residence, Dickinson Place, Three Rivers.

S. R. LAWRENCE, will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

TOCKWOTTON HOUSE, Main street, E. M. Turner, Proprietor. A first-class house.

W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

WARE.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

C. E. & J. T. STEVENS, agents for the Anchor, Inman, Cunard, Tapscott's and William's line of steamers.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

G. K. CUTLER, Bookseller and Stationer, and dealer in Paper Hanging, Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

GREEN & MARSH, dealer in Stoves and Ranges. Agents for the best furnaces made—set and warranted. Roofing and Job Work solicited.

HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, R. Snow, Proprietor. Good livery stable. Free carriage to and from depot.

H. P. PAIGE, Fancy and sign Painter, at Zenas Marsh's.

J. KEEFE & CO., dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc.

JERRE BYRNS, Ware Bakery—Bread, Crackers, Cake, &c., supplied to families and the trade.

R. N. ROBERTS, Photographer, and dealer in Rustic and Oval Frames, Albums, &c., Ely's Block.

PATRICK MCMAHON, manufacturer of and dealer in every variety of American and Foreign Marble, Church street.

MISS L. A. HASTINGS, Dressmaking in the latest styles. Rooms on Pleasant street.

MRS. C. PHIPPS, Hoop skirt and Corset Rooms, Maple St, opp. Depot. Ladies fitted in extra large sizes. Skirts and Corsets made to order.

M. L. BARNES, Licensed Auctioneer. Orders left at Chas. A. Stevens' counting room.

T. MCBRIDE, repairs Boots and Shoes in the best style.

WARE HOTEL LIVERY—F. Gilmore, Proprietor. Good teams to let at fair prices.

W. S. DUNHAM, dealer in Stoves, Furnaces, &c. Repairing and plumbing done at reasonable rates.

ZENAS MARSH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Sign Painter, and dealer in Sash and Blinds, Bank street.

MONSON.

ABBA SQUIER, Carpenter & Builder and dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Flooring, and Building Material.

A. H. BLISS, manufacture of fine Harness and Livery Goods.

A. L. CALKINS, Painter, Grainer, and Paper Hanger. A good assortment of Paper Hangings on hand. Shop on Washington street, Monson.

GEO. W. BURDICK, Blacksmith, Stone Shop, Monson.

CUSHMAN HOUSE, L. G. Cushman, Proprietor. A good livery connected with the house.

G. H. NEWTON, Real Estate Agent, Insurance Solicitor, Auctioneer and Appraiser.

JOHN A. ORCUTT, Carpenter and Builder, Timber and Lumber for sale.

JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Wayfarers.

The way is long, my darling,
The road is rough and steep,
And fast across the evening sky
I see the shadows sweep.
But, oh! my love, my darling,
No ill to us can come,
No terror turn us from the path,
For we are going home.

Your feet are tired, my darling—
So tired, the tender feet;
But think, when we are there at last,
How sweet the rest! how sweet!
For lo! the lamps are lighted,
And yonder gleaming dome,
Before us shining like a star,
Shall guide our footsteps home.

We've lost the flowers we gathered
So early in the morn;
And on we go with empty hands,
And garments soiled and worn.
But, oh! the great All-Father
Will out to meet us come,
And fairer flowers and whiter robes
There wait for us at home.

Art cold, my love, and famished?
Art faint and sore athirst?
Be patient yet a little while,
And joyous, as at first;
For, oh! the sun sets never
Within that land of bloom,
And thou shalt eat the bread of life,
And drink life's wine, at home.

The wind blows cold, my darling,
Adown the mountain steep,
And thick across the evening sky
The darkling shadows creep;
But, oh! my love, press onward,
Whatever trials come,
For in the way the Father set
We two are going home. —*Argosy.*

THE TRIAL BY FIRE.

Little Mrs. Manning was as dainty a bit of womankind as it would be possible to find. Petite and graceful, charming in figure, face and manner, she was the light of her home, as well as of society.

And yet, pure, innocent, lovely as she was, the breath of envy did not pass her by. Disappointed rivals declared that she was selfish, heartless, and recklessly extravagant, and that, ere long, Horace Manning's vast wealth would be "as water spilled upon the desert sand," through her vanity and wastefulness.

But the gentleman in question did not appear to be troubled with any of these misgivings, for he was seldom long absent from the side of his sparkling little wife, and his tender devotion was the subject of remark wherever they went; while the love light which danced in her eyes, whenever they chanced to meet his was not to be mistaken for anything but genuine love for him personally, and not for his fortune.

But was she "selfish, heartless and recklessly extravagant?" Certainly not "selfish and heartless." "Extravagant?" Perhaps some, who only looked on the surface might think so. But extravagance is a relative term. She did love jewels, and fine laces, and spent a great deal of money on them. But then she had a splendid allowance, and could afford to do it. Her husband not only encouraged her in such outlays, but was continually making her gifts, unasked, of rare diamonds, or priceless old point. What would have been folly in a poor man was not so with him. He liked to see her adorned like a queen, and he wronged no one in so adorning her. Is it not, moreover, as much the duty of the really rich to spend, as it is of the poor to economize? How can the poor live at all if the rich live meanly?"

They had been married now five years, and in all that time had never exchanged a hard word. Prosperity, too, had continued to smile on them. Only on her last birthday, her husband had given Maggie a superb necklace of diamonds. As she kissed him for the gift she had said, "Ah! though I love the glittering things, I love you, Horace, a thousand times better."

The ninth of November, 1872, will long be remembered in Boston. In a single night hundreds were made homeless, and hundreds more were ruined in fortune. In that terrible conflagration, Horace Manning was one of the principal sufferers. Nearly all of his worldly wealth vanished in a few hours, while hundreds who were dependent upon him for their daily bread, were thrown out of employment, with their month's wages unpaid.

For thirty hours he neither slept nor tasted food, but stood and watched, with aching heart and reeling brain, that terrible conflagration. Then, bowed down and broken, he sought his home, and there groaned out his agony, which he could no longer control.

"Horace, husband, why will you give way thus? All is not gone while you are left; and Maggie and I will help you bear it."

So spoke his fond wife, drawing his throbbing head upon her bosom, and kissing with quivering lips the deep lines which those long hours of suffering had stamped upon his brow.

"What is the loss of our wealth," she continued, "compared to what the loss of health, or the love we bear each other would be?"

"Ah, but you do not know, my darling, how dreadful it is to be poor. You have never known a care. What could these little white hands do toward earning your daily bread?"

"They can do a great deal. And I begin to think that their whiteness is a shame to me. They ought to have known, long ago, how to wash, and iron, bake and brew, and sew, and have made ready for such an emergency as this. Your anticipated poverty does not daunt me in the least. It but draws me closer to you, with a feeling that, perhaps, I can now be to you a true help-meet, instead of the idle, almost useless plaything which I have been. I doubt not that the lesson will be hard to learn at first, but I am ready to begin; and, with a cheerful willingness, I think I can surmount every obstacle. While I have your love and confidence I am happy. Take these from me, and I shall be crushed. So do not grieve for me."

And that strong man could only gather the brave little comforter in his arms, and weep as only strong men can weep.

"Bless you!" he said, when he could speak. "But though you have comforted me more than I can tell you, yet my heart is bursting for my people. Oh, my poor people! Payday is at hand, and I have not a dollar with which to pay them."

"Ah! Your people! For the moment I had forgotten them," murmured Maggie, with an expression of dismay.

Then, suddenly brightening, she asked, eagerly:

"How much do you owe them, Horace? How much would it take to pay them all?"

"From five to eight thousand dollars. How small a sum that seemed to me three days ago! And now I would almost give my right hand for it. For I know that some of those poor fellows must go hungry unless they are paid. Oh, Maggie, it is almost more than I can bear. It nearly drives me mad!"

"Horace," returned his wife, solemnly, though she was as pale as death, "we have always professed to believe in an over-ruling Power; and now, I tell you that God will provide. It seems dark now, but I feel that all will, before long, be made right. Tell me, could you know that every man had his month's wages would you be comforted?"

"Inexpressibly, now that you bear it all so bravely. And I suppose that, some time in the future, I shall get something on the insurance. But it seems terrible, all this fearful waste of property—"

"I wish you would not try to think of it. Can you not go to sleep? Rest here a few minutes, and I will bring you a strong cup of coffee to brace up your shattered nerves."

She gently lowered his head upon the pillow, and then glided swiftly from the room. Twenty minutes passed, and she was back again, bearing a steaming cup of fragrant Mocha:

"Now drink this, dearest, to please me."

He could not resist her and drank it to the dregs.

"You did make it strong, Maggie," he said, "for it was almost bitter; but I feel that it will do me good."

A queer expression curled his wife's lips at his remark, and the quick color for a moment flushed her delicate cheek. But setting the cup aside she gently smoothed his head, until beneath her light touch, he fell asleep.

Then up she sprang, all strength and nerve; gave a hasty glance at her watch, and began hastily to array her in a dark traveling robe. Her next move was to unlock an elegant casket which stood upon her dressing table, from which she took set after set of costly jewels. These she fastened about her person and clothing, and then rang the bell.

Soon a light tap upon the door answered her summons, and going just outside the door she found, as she expected, her maid.

"Mary," she began, in low hurried tones, "can I trust you to follow implicitly the directions I am about to give you?"

"Yes, ma'am," answered the girl, quietly.

"I thought I might. I am going away. It is now eight o'clock, and I shall be just in time to catch the New York train. I want you to tell your master, when he awakes, that I am out, but that I will soon be back, and that I told you to bring him a cup of tea.—And, Mary, I want you to put a spoonful from this vial into the tea. He is so exhausted that he will be sick unless he sleeps a long time. Will you remember?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"I shall be back to-morrow evening," she went on. "I do not wish Mr. Manning, under any circumstances, to know where I have gone. Are you sure you understand?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, then, send James around with the carriage, for I have no time to lose."

Another hour, and Maggie Manning, the devoted wife, was speeding rapidly toward New York. The brave little woman did not sleep until her goal was reached, her business transacted, and she had returned home again. Then hearing that, although her husband had twice aroused and asked for her, he was now sleeping again, she threw herself upon her bed, and snatched an hour or two of rest.

She was at length wakened by her maid, who said that Mr. Manning had woke again, and was anxiously asking for her.

She arose, bathed her wan face, and hastened to him.

"Maggie, I think—I am sure—I have been drugged," were his first words. "Did you do it?"

"Yes, dear, I did," she answered bravely, "and I know you'll forgive me, for you sadly needed rest, and your nerves were so wrought up that sleep, without an anodyne, was next to an impossibility. Besides, I could not accomplish what I wished to do unless I had you obediently under this little thumb of mine," she added, laughingly, with a spice of the old mischief that had attracted him so when she was a girl.

"What do you mean?" he asked, astonished.

"I I mean that I have been to New York, and back again since I saw you last."

"To New York and back! Are you crazy?"

"I think not. Now, listen, dear, and I will explain all. You said you would be inexpressibly comforted if you could only pay your help, and that it would take from five to eight thousand dollars to do it. I knew my jewels were very valuable, for I own that I have been fond of jewels. When we could afford it, it was all very well. But now—"

She stopped a moment and then went on.

"So I determined to take them all to New York, where most of them were purchased, and sell them. There would be no chance of selling them here just now, you know. I have been successful. Brother Walter transacted all the business for me. Here, dear, are ten thousand dollars, and now you can lift that heaven burden from your heart."

She drew a package from her bosom, and put it into his hands

"Maggie, Maggie! darling! You have sacrificed all those for me."

He could say no more, but drew her to him, and for awhile there was a holy silence in that room, each heart being too full for words.

"Sacrifice!" at length Maggie answered. "It was no sacrifice, Horace. I remember, five years ago, when you gave me that necklace. I was nearly, yes, entirely overcome by your lavishness; and I kissed the gems, and said to myself that you were more precious to me than jewels; and God knows I would rather never wear another ornament, or bit of lace, my two special weaknesses, you know," she added, smiling, "than see you suffer as you have the last few days. Believe me, I have been truly happy in doing this."

Her looks did not belie her words, for her beautiful face glowed with a light of self-sacrifice, that was almost holy.

"You have, indeed, proved that your love for me is above jewels, though of that I never questioned. But of the strength and depth of character which you have shown, I had never dreamed. I can now believe that you will not shrink at the idea of being a poor poor man's wife."

"Shrink! No! I can stand at your side as long as you will stand; but when you allow yourself to be crushed then I must fall, too; for you are my strength, my pride, and my glory. This is only one of God's furnaces in which we are being tried; and I feel we shall both come out purer and better."

Her words were a prophesy. Fortune has smiled on them again, and they are happier, too, for having passed, for a time, through this trial by fire.

A young man admiring the delicate fabrics for collars in a milliner's store, wished he was emperor of all the ruches.

THE HEART.

The heart is a pump with a double action. One contraction of its muscular walls—acting in the same manner as when we press firmly on an India rubber syringe—ejects two streams of blood. One of these goes from the left cavity of the heart through the largest of the arteries, called the aorta, and is distributed through the arteries and their branches all over the body, and by minute vessels, called capillaries, is distributed through every part and organ of the system, however delicate. A set of similar vessels, equally minute, take up the blood again—which, having effected its nutritive purpose, is changed from a bright crimson to a dark blue color—pour it through larger veins into the right cavity of the heart; and by the same influence that first compelled it, it is again sent out, but this time to the lungs, where it is purified and rendered again fit to be used, by its contact with the air which we breathe, and then again thereby changed to its original crimson hue, it is returned by the pulmonary veins into the left side of the heart from whence it started.

In such complicated machinery it is easy to see there is great liability to disorder, which means disease. It must be recognized that when this heart-pump is out of order, it cannot be stopped for repairs. It must keep going on just the same, beating regular or irregular, sending much or little blood to nourish the system as it may. To stop is death. This is the reason why the diseases of the heart and lungs are so dangerous. Any other organ, as the bowels, or liver, or the brain, may stop action, and often do; and doctors, and medicines, arrest their action while repairs are going on. But the heart they may retard as much as they dare; they may quiet it, but not entirely stop. Sometimes it does stop itself; a sudden change of position, an excitement, a passion, which a healthy organ would not notice, overwhelms the heart, which throbbingly stops for a moment, flutters a few times in a vain attempt to renew its functions, but it fails. The owner has barely time to say a hurried word ere eternity enters on his view.

A CLEVER TRICK.

There is rejoicing in the police of London over the capture of a droll scoundrel, who has long given them work to do. The fellow hung around the Lyons railway station about evening time. On catching sight of a traveler who looked simple he made acquaintance in a lonely spot, and mysteriously offered to sell patent watch chains of amazing beauty and incredable strength. "Try it," said he; "you're a fine man, but even you can't break my chain." So the chain was twisted round the man's wrists and snapped to. While he struggled with it the vendor would calmly lay him flat, take all his valuables, and make off. For years this ruffian has been playing his ingenious game, going sometimes into the country. One night lately, at the Lyons railway, he found a victim, chained him up, plundered and ran away: but the countryman happened to be particularly strong and swift. He broke the handcuffs and he caught the thief.

NOT HIS HORSE.—The latest Detroit Free Press story is of a rawboned, spavined, knockkneed old horse that limped along, smelling of hitching posts and nibbling at the street car track. Three blocks behind him was a man with a rope halter, who was inquiring if anybody had seen a stray horse. The old brute stopped in front of a grocery to smell of some bars of soap. The clerk ran out with a broomstick, and in trying to dodge the blow the horse fell over, struck a bushel basketful of eggs and a great quantity of crockery, and the crash was terrific. He didn't make an effort to get up, and just as the clerk's yells had gathered a crowd the man with the rope halter came up. It was his horse, and $10 wouldn't pay the damage. "Here's the man who owns the horse!" shouted the clerk. "No, I don't!" was the calm reply. "Then what are you doing with that halter?" yelled a policeman. "I'm going a fishing!" was the ready answer. The clerk tried to detain him, but he jumped into a woodyard and escaped, calling out as he went over the fence: "Gentlemen, these are mighty curious times when a man can't take a halter on his back and go off after a few bass!"

PROTECTING SHEEP.—The well-known English sporting paper, Land and Water, recommends the attachment or putting of bells on sheep to protect them from the accustomed attacks of animals known as dogs, and greatly approves of the suggestion. The editor also states that the plan above recommended is in extensive use in different parts of Scotland and England, and that it is pronounced as successful. Surely so cheap, simple and practicable a method of protecting sheep should be more extensively tried in this country than it generally is, where the destruction of these harmless animals by dogs is said to cost many thousands of dollars annually to our stock-growers.

A GAS SHADOW.—A striking and curious experiment, showing the superior weight of carbonic acid over air, may be made by projecting the shadow of the gas, as it is poured from its containing vessel, upon a screen. The latter should be of white paper, and bright sunlight should fall upon the stream of gas, which should be poured from the spout of a pitcher held within ten inches of the screen. The curious result of a shadow produced by apparently nothing will be seen, the former resembling descending smoke, quite black at the spout of the vessel, but brightly illuminated whenever the sunlight is concentrated by passing through the gas.

SIGNS OF AGE.—After the horse is nine years old a wrinkle comes on the eyelid at the upper corner of the lower lid, and every year thereafter he has one well-defined wrinkle for each year over nine. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles, he is twelve; four, he is thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine and you will always get it.—*Stock Journal.*

CAMPHOR A REMEDY FOR MICE.—Any one desirous of keeping seeds from the depredations of mice can do so by mixing pieces of camphor gum in with the seeds. Camphor placed in drawers or trunks will prevent mice from doing them injury. The little animal objects to the odor, and keeps a good distance from it. He will seek food elsewhere.

VERY OBLIGING.—"No objections to spending a few weeks with the family at Saratoga or Long Branch," concludes a recent advertisement of "Situation Wanted." How obliging Bridget's getting to be!

Beware of the Wolf.

You never need fear, little children, to meet
A wolf in the garden, the wood, or the street.
Red Riding-hood's story is only a fable—
I'll give its moral as well as I'm able;
But Temper's the wolf which we meet everywhere—
Beware of this wolf! little children, beware!

I know of a boy, neither gentle nor wise;
If you tell him a fault he gives saucy replies;
If kept from his way, in a fury he flies—
Ah! Passion's the wolf with the *very large eyes;*
'Tis ready to snap, and to trample and tear—
Beware of this wolf! little children, beware!

I know of a girl always trying to learn
About things with which she should have no concern;
Such mean Curiosity really appears
To me like the wolf with the *very large ears,*
All pricked up to listen, each secret to share—
Beware of this wolf! little children, beware!

And Greediness, that's like the wolf in the wood,
With the *very large mouth,* ever prowling for food,
That eats so much more than for health can be good;
That would clear a whole pastry cook's shop if it could;
That never a dainty with others will share—
Beware of this wolf! little children, beware!

Passion, Prying, and Greediness, each thus appears,
As a wolf with fierce eyes, large mouth, and big ears;
They bring to our nurseries fighting and fears;
The cause bitter quarreling, trouble, and tears.
O! chase them and endgel them back to their lair—
Beware of the wolf! little children, beware!

LOST WOMEN.—We commend the following thoughts to the public: "Has it ever occurred to you what a commentary upon our civilization are those lost women, and the attitude of society toward them? A little child strays from her home enclosure, and the whole community is on the alert to find the wanderer and restore it to its mother's arms. What rejoicings when it is found, what tearful sympathy, what heartiness of congratulations! There are no harsh comments upon tired feet, be they ever so miry. No reprimand for the soiled and torn garments, no lack of kisses for the tear-stained face. But let the child be grown into womanhood; let her be led by it from the scourge of want; what happens? Do Christian men and women go in quest of her? Do they provide all possible help for return, or if she return of her own notion, do they receive her with such kindness and delicacy as to secure her against wandering? Far from it. At the first step she is denounced as lost! Lost! echo friends and relatives—we disown you; don't ever come to disgrace us. Lost! says society, indifferently. How bad these girls are! And lost—irretrievably lost—is the prompt verdict of conventional morality, while one and all unite in bolting every door between her and morality. Ah! will not those lost ones be required at our hands hereafter?"

SUMMER DRINKS.—"What are the best and most healthful summer drinks?"

The immediate object of drinking is to satisfy thirst. There is but one thing capable of doing this, and that is water. The principal ingredient of all the different kinds of drinks used is water, and the purer the water, and the less quantity of other substances mixed with it, the more perfectly does it supply the wants of the system. This being the case, pure water is the best and most healthful of drinks, not only for summer, but for all seasons of the year. The manner in which it is drank is very important. If it is swallowed rapidly and in large quantities, it may produce undue distention and pressure of the stomach, and interfere with its functions and those of the surrounding organs. If the water thus swallowed be very cold, and the system at the same time be suffering from heat and fatigue, very serious results are apt to occur from the sudden shock. Water should always be drank slowly. By sipping, the desire for drink is more effectually gratified, and any desirable quantity, at any temperature, may be drank without any injurious effects. Ice-water in summer, is not objectionable, if taken in this way. Water should not be drank at or soon after meals, as it interferes with the process of digestion.

A FURNITURE POLISH.—Put half an ounce of shellac, the same quantity of gum-lac, and a quarter of an ounce of gum-sandarac into a pint of spirits of wine, in a stone bottle near the fire, shaking it very often. As soon as the gums are dissolved it is ready for use. Then take a roller of woolen rags—soft old broadcloth will do nicely—put a little of the polish on it, also a few drops of linseed oil. Rub the surface to be polished with this, going round and round, over a small space at a time, until it begins to be quite smooth. Finish by second rubbing with spirits and wine and more of the polish. Furniture thus treated will have a brilliant lustre, equal to new.

In a recent lecture on "The Physical, Mental and Moral Influences of Foods," Dr. Everett laid down four rules for the preservation of good health, which were, light eating, good air, exercise and repose. He opposed activity of mind or body immediately after meals, and advised a rest of half an hour. For clear heads, good complexions and strong backs, wheat meal, fresh beef and beans were recommended. Buckwheat cakes are good in winter, but unsweetened fruits are the best summer food. Salmon is the best fish for brain material, codfish and beans for building up muscle.

Colorado village lately had its first bananas. One young fellow wanted to know if "they growed on the stick;" another asked if they were not beans, and John Chinaman said they must have grown at the South, as such big beans could not grow at the North. A hotel clerk, when told they were good to eat, laughed incredulously. Another bought one, just to see a bystander eat it, and then trembled with fear least he had been the cause of poisoning a fellow being.

A very daring Kentucky girl lately rode her horse close up to the edge of a yawning chasm and proudly defied any gentleman of the party to follow her example. Not a soul stirred except one youth, who boldly backed his horse into the same position and, standing on his head in the saddle, dared her to do the same. She concluded not to.

The following from a Chicago source, may be received with some reserve: "Last Tuesday, while a St. Louis young woman was putting on a pair of ball-slippers, she found a missing sealskin jacket in the toe of one of them."

This is the kind of weather that makes a man wish either that Adam hadn't been so successful as a backslider, or that some patriot would invent some linen trousers that button on around the neck and have arm holes.

THE BLESSEDNESS OF WALKING.

Oh, the weariness, the emptiness, the plotting, the seeking rest and finding none, that goes by in the carriages! while your pedestrian is always cheerful, alert, refreshed with his heart in his hand and his hand free to all. He looks down upon nobody; he is on the common level. His pores are all open, calculation is active, his digestion is good. His heart is not cold, nor his faculties asleep. He is the only real traveler: he alone tastes the "gay, fresh sentiment of the road." He is not isolated, but the one with things, with the farm and industries on either hand. The vital, universal currents play through him; he knows the ground is alive; he feels the pulses of the wind and reads the mute language of things. Wind, frost, rain, heat, cold, are something to him. He is not merely a spectator of nature, he is a participant in it. He experiences the country he passes through—tastes it, feels it, absorbs it; the traveler in the fine carriage sees it merely. The walker does not need a large territory. When you get into a railway car you want a continent, the man in his carriage requires a township; but a walker like Thoreau finds as much and more along the shores of Walden pond. Then the walker has the privilege of the fields, the woods, the hills, the by-way. He was sighing for the golden age; let him walk to it. Every step brings him nearer. The youth of the world is but a few days journey distant. Indeed, I know persons who think they have walked back to the fresh aforetime of a single bright Sunday in autumn or early spring. Before noon they felt its airs upon their cheeks, and by night-fall, on the banks of some quiet stream, or along some path in the wood, or on some hill-top, ever they had heard the voices and felt the wonder and the mystery that so enchanted the early races of men.

"MARRY HER FIRST."—Many years ago, in what is now a flourishing city, lived a powerful blacksmith, fond of his pipe and his joke. He was also fond of his blooming daughter, whose many graces had snared the affections of a young printer. The couple, after a season of billing and cooing, "engaged themselves," and nothing but the consent of the young lady's parents prevented their union. To obtain this an interview was arranged, and the typo prepared a little speech to admonish and convince the old man, who sat enjoying his pipe in perfect content. The typo dilated on the fact of their long courtship, and their mutual attachment, their hopes for the future and like topics; and taking the daughter by the hand, he said: "I come, sir, to ask your permission to transplant this lovely flower from its parent bed"—but his feelings overcame him, and he forgot the remainder of his oratorical flourish, blushed, stammered, and finally wound up with, "from its parent bed into my own."

The father keenly relished the discomfiture of the suitor, and removing his pipe and blowing a cloud of smoke, replied: "Well, young man, I don't know as I have any objections, provided you marry the girl first."

THE RIGHT PRAYERS.—A poor man who had a large family broke his leg, and, as he would be for some time destitute of the means of grace, it was proposed to hold a prayer-meeting at his house. The meeting was led by Deacon Brown. A loud knock at the door interrupted the service. A tall, lank, blue-frocked youngster stood at the door with an ox goad in his hand, and asked to see Deacon Brown. "Father could not attend this meetings," he said, "but he sent his prayers, and they are out here in the cart." They were brought in, in the shape of potatoes, beef, pork and corn. The meeting broke up without the benediction.

TO PREVENT GLUE FROM CRACKING.—Glue frequently cracks because of the dryness of the air in rooms warmed by stoves. An Austrian contemporary recommends the addition of a little chloride of calcium to prevent this disagreeable property of cracking. Chloride of calcium is such a deliquescent salt that it attracts enough moisture to prevent the glue from cracking. Glue thus prepared will adhere to glass, metal, etc., and can be used for putting on labels without danger of their dropping off.

WASHING SILVERWARE.—It seems that housekeepers who wash their silverware with soap and water, as the common practice is, do not know what they are about. The proprietor of one of the oldest establisments in Philadelphia says that "housekeepers ruin silver by washing it in soapsuds; it makes it look like pewter. Never put a particle of soap about your silver; then it will retain its original lustre. When it wants polish, take a piece of soft leather and whiting, and rub it hard."

AN ERASIVE SOAP.—A genuine erasive soap that will remove grease and stains from clothing is made as follows: Two pounds of good castile soap; half a pound of carbonate of potash, dissolved in half a pint of hot water. Cut the soap in thin slices, boil it in the potash until it is thick enough to mould in cakes; add alcohol, half an ounce; camphor, half an ounce; color with half an ounce of pulverized charcoal.

TESTING EGGS EASILY.—It is quite easy to tell a good from a bad egg by simply holding it between the eye and the light. Hold the egg so that the hand will cut off all direct rays of light except those passing through the translucent eggs.

TO STAIN OAK-COLOR.—Equal parts of American potash and pearl-ash, two ounces each to about one quart of water, give a good oak stain. Use carefully, as it will blister the hands. Add water if the color be too deep.

TO REMOVE INK-STAINS.—Ink-stains may easily be removed from cotton or linen by washing the spot that is stained in salt and water. This should be done previous to its being washed with soap, as soap sets the color.

SQUEAKING BOOTS.—In ordering a pair of boots or shoes made, provide your bootmaker with a piece of thick flannel to put between the soles, and you will be saved the discomfort and annoyance of squeaking shoes.

John Thomas—"Now, then, be hoff; we can't 'ave that noise 'ere." Indignant Musician—"Noise! Yah, 'coz your guv'ner's gone to the Dubby, you give yerself hairs, an' wants to set hup for a cricket of music."

Banging the hair prevails among the women in China, and indicates the "banger" is on the lookout for a husband.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1876.

In the Belknap trial before the Senate the testimony was all in Tuesday, and then the arguments commenced, most of which will be on the question of jurisdiction, and it is hoped to finish them this week.

Colorado is the centennial State, No. 39, having adopted a new constitution in accordance with the act of Congress. She will vote for President, and will have a member and two Senators in the next Congress.

An unusual class of accidents is caused by the hot weather. In order to keep cool many persons have attempted to sleep on the house tops, and in uneasy slumbers have fallen off. In one of our city exchanges we notice four deaths in a single night from this cause.

The Democratic members of the House Naval Committee have reported in regard to the investigation of the naval department, censuring Secretary Robeson on several charges, which the minority report of all the Republican members fully exonerates the secretary from. The Democrats, even, allow that there is not the least evidence that Robeson profited by any of the alleged frauds or wrong practices.

William A. Wheeler has sent in his letter of acceptance of the second place on the Republican ticket. He seconds the views of Gov. Hayes, especially on the financial question, gives cordial assent to the Cincinnati platform, recommends strict economy and the abolition of unnecessary offices, and the administration of offices as public trusts to be awarded on the basis of character and fitness.

Gov. Jewell arrived at home from Washington Monday evening, and Hartford gave him a most hearty ovation, the citizens joining, irrespective of party in welcoming home one who had done good service at the head of one of the most important departments of the Government. The city was alive with people and fairly ablaze with fireworks, and the display of bunting and lanterns was never before equaled in Hartford.

Representatives Rainer and Small, of South Carolina, both intelligent colored men, made masterly speeches in Congress last Saturday, when the matter of the Hamburg massacre was the subject of debate. Ben Hill of Georgia and Sunset Cox of New York attempting to defend the massacre, notwithstanding the democratic papers of the South denounce it as a wicked butchery. The debate was continued this week calling out a great deal of personal recrimination.

Cornell university won a triple victory in the Saratoga races Wednesday. In the university race, Cornell won the first place, in 17.01½, Harvard second in 17.05¾ and Columbia third. The three other contestants were Union, Wesleyan and Princeton, but all the excitement was in the contest between the two leading crews, Cornell and Harvard. In the freshman contest the race was between the same two colleges, Columbia being thrown out by an accident. In the single-scull race, Francis of Cornell easily defeated his competitors from Harvard, Princeton and Columbia, making the two miles in 13.42¾. The races drew a very small crowd compared with former years, and the close struggle between Cornell and Harvard was all that saved the regatta from being a very tame affair. The athletic sports came off at Glen Mitchell on Thursday, the honors being pretty evenly divided among the contesting colleges.

There has been no more fighting in the Indian country, so far as heard from, since the Custer massacre. Gen. Crook has been heard from in camp at Goose creek, awaiting the arrival of re-enforcements before continuing the offensive against the Sioux. He estimates the number of savages in the field at 10,000. Merritt's sixth cavalry was successful in cutting off and driving back to their reservation some 300 Indians who were on their way to join Sitting Bull's forces, killing one man. The Indians surrounded a reconnoitering party of cavalry under Lieut. Sibley, in the Big Horn mountains, but they escaped by abandoning their horses. Gen. Merritt and his cavalry are on their way to join Crook. The rumor that Sitting Bull, Crazy Horse and Black Moon, three leading Sioux chiefs, were killed in the fight with Custer is confirmed from reliable Indian sources. The loss of the Indians is also stated at 400.

The Old South meeting-house is saved, so far as the building itself is concerned. At the last minute, seeing that all other efforts were unavailing, the women of Boston, headed by Mrs. Charles Francis Adams, Mrs. Agassiz and Mrs. James Freeman Clarke, purchased the venerable building of Commodore Roberts for $3500, and announce that if the Old South society persists in asking a fancy price for the land, and exacting unreasonable terms, they will be obliged to remove the building to some other place. Architects have been consulted, who think the building can be taken down and put up again in a different part of the city without destroying its former architectural appearance. It is hoped, however, that sufficient funds will be raised to secure the land also on which it stands, and thus preserve intact this monument of the Revolutionary period. The women have set a good example, now let the men take hold of the matter in earnest as soon as the torrid weather abates a little. Let the motto be, "The Old South, it must and shall be preserved."

Messrs. Moody and Sankey have decided to labor three months this fall in Chicago, and to commence their campaign in Boston about the 1st of January.

THE HAMBURG MASSACRE.

The massacre of half a dozen negroes at Hamburg, S. C., by whites, was a most unprovoked and cold-blooded act of cruelty, and shows what the negroes might expect under democratic supremacy. The detailed report of the massacre by Gov. Chamberlain says that on the 4th of July the state militia (colored) were marching along one of the streets of Hamburg. The street was over 100 feet wide, and the company was marching in columns of four. While so marching they were met by two young white men in a buggy, who insisted on keeping their course in the street without regard to movements of the militia, and drove against the head of the column, which thereupon halted. Some parleying took place, which resulted in the company yielding, opening their ranks and allowing the young men to proceed on their course. On the following day the young men referred to took out warrants of arrest against some of the officers of the militia company, who were brought before a negro trial justice. The trial was afterward adjourned till four p. m. of Saturday, the 8th inst. Before that hour arrived on Saturday, many white citizens from the country around Hamburg began to gather in the town and armed themselves with guns and pistols. The militia company in the meanwhile had assembled at their armory in the village, and at the hour set for trial the defendants did not appear, for fear of injury at the hands of armed white men, and the trial justice took no further steps to bring them to court on account of the great excitement. While affairs were in this condition, there being, according to all accounts, from 200 to 300 armed white men from the surrounding country in the town, a demand was made by the whites for the surrender to them of the arms of the militia. An hour or two passed in negotiations concerning this demand, the whites informing the militia company that if the arms were not given up in a short time —most of the witnesses say in half an hour— the whites would open fire on the militia. The militia refused to deliver up their arms, saying that the demand was wholly unwarranted and illegal, and that they had reason to fear for their lives if they gave up their arms. A brisk fire was then opened by the whites upon the building in which the militia were assembled, and soon after one of the attacking party was killed by a shot from the militia in the building. A piece of artillery was thereupon brought across the bridge from Augusta, loaded with canister and fired several times at the building in which were the militia. This had the effect to cause the militia to endeavor to make their escape from the rear of the building. The town marshal of Hamburg, a colored man, who was living in the building, was instantly shot by the attacking party, while thus endeavoring to escape from the building. Twenty or twenty-five of the militia were captured by the attacking party and kept under guard for several hours. Finally, about two o'clock on the morning of the 9th of July (Sunday,) after consultation among their captors, and with complete apparent deliberation, five of the captured militiamen were called out, one by one, and shot to death in the presence of a large body of their captors. The rest of the captured party were either turned loose or broke loose and ran. They were fired upon as they ran, and three of them severely wounded, one of them probably mortally.

Accident to a Yacht.—The Mohawk, belonging to the New York yacht club, while opposite the Staten Island club house, Thursday afternoon, with all sail set, was struck by a sudden squall and capsized. Nearly all on board, including Commodore Garner, his wife, Miss Adel Hunter, Frost Thorne, two children and two seamen, were drowned. The other yachts in the vicinity came promptly to the rescue, and succeeded in saving Miss May, sailing master Rawlings, three men and most of the crew. Sailing master Rawlings, who was saved, is accused of incapacity, and so loud were the threats of lynching him that he was kept under guard until the excitement was over.

Another Bore.—Daylight was let through San Fernando tunnel on the 15th. This is the longest tunnel in the United States, except the Hoosac, and the last completed. It is on the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, between San Francisco and Los Angelos. By the connection of the now separated lines through the big tunnel, there will be a continuous railroad from San Francisco nearly to Fort Yuma, a distance of over 600 miles.

Springfield Races.—The fall races on Hampden Park come from the 5th to the 8th of September, inclusive, and up to Wednesday evening the entries numbered 76, with a good prospect of reaching 90. Among the fast horses already entered are "Clementine," (who has made a mile in private in 2.19), "Goldsmith Maid," "Susie," "Lady Snell," (2.20¾ on Hampden Park), "Lula," "Judge Fullerton," "Bodine," and many that have made a good record this season.

Starving in a Cemetery.—A German woman and her four little children were found Thursday in a starving condition in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, where they had passed two days without food. The unfortunate woman, having no home, went over from New York to visit her husband's grave in the cemetery, and resolved to stay near it until she died. It is thought her mind is unsettled.

Indian Courage.—To show their superior appreciation of the virtues of the Indians, the Canadians are about to erect a costly monument over the remains of Brandt of Wyoming massacre celebrity, and Tecumseh, who was the Sitting Bull of his time, will soon find a resting place by the side of one of Canada's greatest white warior chiefs.

At last we have the long-promised expurgation of Hannibal Hamblin's post office bill, and now a newspaper, large or small, can be sent any distance for a cent.

The "ladies of the Cabinet" hardly have time to get acquainted with one another before their husbands are "bounced out". Says the Boston Globe.

LOCAL BUSINESS NOTICES.

Leedham, the jeweler, has a fine new lot of clocks for you to choose from.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Rev. A. H. Ball, now of Palmer, has received a call to the Baptist church in Skaneateles, N. Y.

The fall term of the public schools commences on the 30th of August, the last Wednesday of the month.

A company of gypsies have been camping out in the Burleigh neighborhood this week, making their annual visit.

Neither of the political parties have swung their banners to the breeze, although both own handsome flags, which have already seen service.

The sewing machine business of Palmer is lively notwithstanding the hard times, and if sales are a criterion the Remington is the favorite.

At St. Paul's Mission at district court room last Sunday, it was decided to suspend Episcopal services until the first Sunday in September next.

Seth W. Smith, the night watchman at the depot, is taking a vacation of two or three weeks, his place being filled by William Hancock.

The August Nursery is just out, and the little ones who have to stay at home this hot weather are as delighted with it as with any of its successors.

A meeting of those interested in the formation of a Temple of Honor in this village will be held at Good Templar's hall next Wednesday evening.

The town clerk has granted licenses to the owners of 183 dogs, and still there are other canines whom nobody can be induced to own when taxes are talked about.

The tunnel under the railroad in this village is as dark as ever, and only the boldest dare to venture through its portals after nightfall. And its on the public highway, too.

A party of young people from this village drove to Mashapaug yesterday for a day's pleasure, starting in the small hours of the morning, and returning in the cool of the evening.

Ruggles Bros., photo-copyists at Three Rivers, have presented Thomas Lodge in this village, with excellent oil portraits of two of its most active members—Messrs Geo. Robinson and James B. Shaw, richly framed.

Elbridge Hathaway of Bondville, while at work upon the new barn of Frank Smith, near Bondville, fell from a staging which gave way, and suffered an ugly fracture of one of his ankle bones. He is doing well.

In addition to the change noted last week on the N. L. N. R. R., the afternoon train north (Hastings') has been put back again to its old time, 2.05 p. m., leaving on the arrival of the first afternoon train from the west.

During the heavy thunder storm of Thursday evening there were seen from this village fires to the north and east, supposed to have been set by the electric fluid, but no particulars had been received up to the time of publication.

Concrete walks are growing more and more popular in this village. John Converse is having the concrete put down on Main and Thorndike streets around his residence, and several jobs of the same work have been done for other parties.

C. H. Eaton will preach for St. Paul's church to-morrow in Wales Hall at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Mr. Eaton is engaged to supply the pulpit each Sunday commencing the last Sunday in September. During the hot weather services will be held in Wales Hall.

Mr. G. C. Wheeler appeared as pianist at the East Boston Choral Union, June 13th. Also June 30th as pianist and director at the graduating exercises of the Dukes County Academy, West Tisbury, Mass., at which institution he is one of the board of instructors.

Another excursion from Palmer and vicinity to Mount Tobey is announced for to-day (Saturday), and those who could not go on the first trip should avail themselves of this chance. The view from the observatory alone is worth the trouble of the trip. Round fare $1.00.

A. G. Lawson gave a graphic description of his past life of dissipation, at the Cong. vestry Thursday evening, to an attentive audience, closing with recitations from "Mary Queen of Scots," which were well received. Mr. Lawson is a fluent, earnest speaker, and apparently fully in sympathy with his subject.

The case of Dexter Dennis of Norwalk, Conn., against R. L. Goddard of this village for infringement on a patent for improved machinery for manufacturing hats, has just been decided in the United States Circuit Court at Boston, adversely to Mr. Goddard, and he is to pay Dennis, formerly a Barre man, $3991.

We are constantly receiving calls from readers of the Journal who desire to see "those new silver pieces, three of which make a dollar." We are always glad to show the bright new coins, but we don't like to hear them called "two-shilling pieces." Take a silver half-dollar and two quarters and you'll see the point of the joke.

Iced tea is very popular as a beverage among temperate drinkers. The latest variety is made of infusion of tea with lemons, sugar and ice—sometimes stirred up with a stick, which is said to impart a very agreeable flavor (to some people); but the latter ingredient can often be left out to advantage, if the person is fond of tea.

A private letter from Hurricane Shoals, the settlement of the co-operative company from this State, says that the Air-line Railway has built a spur track out to the place, a distance of about a mile. A post office and store under the management of Mr. Clark are in active operation. The mercury is quoted as having gone no higher there than 90 this summer.

Amherst people are informed that "as a general thing" a passenger car is attached to the afternoon freight coming south, (except when the company have to use the car for other trains). The train reaches Palmer in time to connect with Fay's accommodation train for Boston at 4.30, and also in ample season for the 5.48 p. m. train for the west.

H. A. Ellis of Springfield is now canvassing this town for the new book "Our Country and its Resources," which is well worth an examination this centennial year. The large view of the ground and buildings of the International Exposition which accompanies the book, is excellent and highly commended by those who have returned from Philadelphia.

The well-known pop-corn man, whom everybody expects to see at our annual cattle show, will probably drive a horse this year instead of his venerable mule, as an agent of the M. S. F. T. P. O. C. T. A. interviewed him at Holyoke the other day, and convinced him that it would be more merciful to place the faithful animal (now 18 years old) on the retired list.

At the District Court this week Justice Robinson presided in the absence of Judge Allen. The only case was that of a couple of Monson free-lovers who were sent to spend the Summer with Sheriff Bradley. When the case was called for trial the woman appeared to be sober, but soon showed signs of liquor, and became so violent that the case had to be postponed until afternoon to give her a chance to sober off.

Several parties of young men are camping out in the woods this "delightful summer weather," two at "Hog hill" and a larger party in the "Ravine" near the old blind factory. They have tents and the usual paraphernalia of camping parties, and seem to enjoy life in the woods to its full extent. The Hog hill party, or some of its scouts, made a raid into West Warren after supplies, and finding a store-keeper at home, ordered a whole codfish put up for their use. But when the amount of 57 cents was demanded therefor they were obliged to depart with only half the loaf, as 40 cents exhausted the funds of their commissary.

The selectmen have now granted 18 licenses to sell liquors, and the following is a complete list of the licensed parties:

Allen & Cowan, Drug.,	C. Kelliher, Thorndike,
G. H. Appleton, "	J. F. McCormick, "
F. M. Connor,	J. Sullivan, "
John Feeney,	Maurice Lawler, "
Otis B. Griffin,	J. F. Twiss, Three Rivers,
Michael Griffin,	John Dunn, "
William Thompson,	Mary Twiss, "
Joseph Thompson,	Tho. Lynes, Duckville,
Thomas O'Brien,	Jeremiah Shea, "

Most of the licenses are of the first and fourth classes, except those taken by Timothy Lynes and Maurice Lawler, of the third class, or beer license, for which the fee is $50. The whole amount paid in to the treasury is $2800, of which one-fourth goes to the State, leaving $2100 to the town's credit.

Last Sabbath was Centennial Sunday at the Congregational church, and never has the audience room been more tastefully decorated. In the rear of the pulpit platform, on each side of the organ, hung in graceful drapery two large American flags, and the chandeliers were also decorated with smaller flags, while choice bouquets of red, white and blue flowers were arranged on the pulpit platform. To O. P. Allen of the church committee, assisted by Mrs. Sanders, Mrs. Cannon and Miss Mary Sedgwick are due the credit of these decorations, and the contributions of floral offerings. The interior of the church was photographed by Lovell of Amherst on Tuesday, and stereoscopic views can be had of Messrs. Allen & Cowan. Rev. Mr. Fullerton took for his text the last clause of the 36th verse of the 20th chapter of 1st Samuel, "And as the lad ran he shot an arrow beyond him." Our Puritan fathers little thought what great fruits the seeds of independence which they had planted and nurtured, would bear. The arrow of liberty which they shot beyond them, in God's hands accomplished wondrous results. The ecclesiastical history of the colonies in their struggle for religious liberty was carefully sketched, and the acts of our forefathers in casting out the disturbers of their peace, fully justified, on the ground that they had a right to maintain the freedom which they had sacrificed so much to secure. Sectarianism is the bane of any community, Christian unity its greatest blessing. The country then was wide enough for those who did not agree with their faith to establish themselves elsewhere. As for them they wished to establish "a church without a bishop and a state without a king." The music was good, Keller's American hymn being sung by the choir after a pot-pourri of national airs from the organ; the audience joining in "America" at the close.

BELCHERTOWN.

L. Owen, Mrs. O. H. Stoddard and Dr. Thompson are among the recent tourists at the Centennial from Belchertown. A large party from the village are only waiting for cooler weather to make the same trip.

WILBRAHAM.

Edward C. Colton has sold his farm to Martin Colton for $2800.

Rev. Mr. Fellows, principal of Wesleyan Academy, started Monday last for a visit to Brooklyn and Philadelphia.

Prof. Carhart, teacher of elocution, has resigned his situation at Wesleyan Academy with the intention of bettering himsef. He is going west.

WARREN.

The decayed remains of the body of a man were found in the pond of the woolen mill last Saturday, by some boys, and they are now thought to be those of Charles Mooney, who was supposed to have been knocked off the railroad bridge by a freight train last April.

George Kelly, a young Scotchman 28 years of age, has mysteriously disappeared from Warren, and it is feared has committed suicide, as he has been missing nearly a week. He was employed in the woolen mill, and for a few weeks past had been showing symptoms of insanity. Kelly was married only last winter, and his wife is now living in Ware.

MONSON.

Our farmers have mostly finished haying.

There were eleven ministers in town last Sabbath.

Arba Squier has John Dinneen's dwelling house raised.

S. F. Cushman left the washing out over night and loses 16 shirts.

The band stand in front of the post office is finished, and is a tasty structure.

Daniel Dunn and Sarah Foley are boarding with Sheriff Bradley—a six months' engagement.

D. G. Green has sold two building lots on on South street, and dwellings will soon be erected on them.

The weather is the great topic of conversation now-a-days. It is warm, warmer, warmest; hot, hotter, hottest.

Work on W. B. Converse's house is progressing finely, and, when completed, it will be one of the finest residences in town.

School No. 2 reports as neither tardy nor absent last term, Jennie E. Lamphear, John P. Squier; No. 3, Flora B. Shaw; No. 4, Frank A. Pease, Everett Parker, Ralph Tucker; No. 5, none; No. 6, Pearl Beckwith, Alice Sutcliffe; No. 7, Johanna Sullivan, Lizzie Parker, Stephen Sullivan.

WARE AND VICINITY.

That Hayes and Wheeler flag was raised by the Gilbert M'f'g Company, Tuesday. The flag is 20x30 feet.

Our citizens have subscribed very generously toward purchasing the new uniform for the fire company.

E. L. Wesson of Hardwick has put a coach on the West Warren line running twice a day at 7 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Croquet parties are the order of the day or rather of the evening where a shady ground offers a *cool* inducement.

The drouth still continues and the river is very low, so low as to cause the mills to stop a portion of their works.

Rev. John Lyon has accepted the presidency of the reform club. The club hold their regular meeting next Monday evening.

The weather for the past few weeks has caused a great rise in mercury while thermometers have come down—to be examined.

Several fire balloons, which were left over from the Fourth, were sent off Saturday night, and three others will follow some quiet night.

The Sure Pop base ball nine will be out Saturday afternoon in their new uniform and will play against a picked nine from the Palmer villages.

We saw one man this week who evidently does not mean to be aggravated by the thermometer as he says he has none and would smash it if he did have one.

The attention of the farmers is called to the fact that every number of the Scientific Farmer, an excellent paper on agriculture, may be found in the free library.

Hereafter, until further notice, there will be no evening service at the Unitarian church. The morning service and Sabbath school immediately following, will continue as usual.

Mike Bolen, while evidently in a fit, fell Tuesday from the window of Reilley's barber shop to the walk below, but Cummings' & Billings' projecting frame broke the force of the blow, and Mike arose all right.

Let those who anticipate going to the Centennial know that the fare to the grounds and back from Ware by way of New London is $10.40, while by way of Hartford, whence excursion tickets may be bought, it is only $9.70.

We omitted to mention last week the vote of thanks, passed by the J. W. Lawton Post 85, G. A. R., at their regular meeting, to the members of the high school for trimming the soldiers' monument Decoration Day, to the kind friends who assisted in the services of the day, and to the ladies who arranged the flowers.

There was a good attendance at Music Hall last Sunday evening. The noticeable feature of the evening aside from the discourse was the singing. There will be a Sabbath school concert next Sunday evening, the last during the Summer months, subject "The Divine Pilot." The singing will be mostly from "Gospel Hymns."

Miss Eliza Miner, the assistant of the high school, has been elected assistant of the high school in Northampton. We sincerely hope Miss Miner will remain in town as her efficient service with the school in the past and her knowledge of it would do much for the progress of the school even under a new principal, while if two new teachers are employed there must necessarily be some disadvantage to it. We have had sufficient experience in the past in the matter of changing teachers.

People are beginning to realize the worth of the town clock while it is being repaired. We suppose most of us have looked perhaps a hundred times toward the tower the last week, but in vain. It may be some consolation to know that the clock is still running although its hands are off. In this connection we are informed that when the clock was put up the citizens in general thought it a matter of extravagance and were opposed to it but now the prominent question on the street is, when will the clock be finished?

Hampden County News.

Two Holyoke men have shipped 100,000 shad to Tennessee.

Chicopee has a population of 10,000, and only 50 licensed saloons.

Two more incendiary fires at Holyoke, Tuesday morning, both small losses.

Holyoke sporting men are moving for the organization of a trotting association.

Springfield will have a democratic daily during the campaign, commencing next week Saturday.

John Bridgman of Holyoke was drowned in the river Sunday and his body recovered Tuesday.

Company K, of Holyoke, recently disbanded by the Governor's order, have sent back their uniforms, etc.

The little ones at Chicopee are suffering terribly from the hot weather—five being buried in one day recently.

The Springfield papers propose a centennial musical festival in October, to make up for the lack of their usual Fourth of July hubbub.

The Holyoke Catholics had a clam bake at Hampton pond, Sunday, which was consecrated with prayer by Father Herrick of Montgomery.

Mrs. Charles Noble of Westfield swallowed a cherry stone recently, and as all efforts of the physicians to extract it are futile, it is feared she cannot recover.

Several unlicensed liquor dealers of the lower class were brought before the police court Tuesday, and had their cases continued, all pleading not guilty, although liquors had been seized at their places the Saturday previous.

Another mysterious fire at Holyoke Tuesday night, in which the store of John Bateson on High street suffered. The Reliance engine company were out so promptly that the loss was principally by water. It is thought possible that a little dog in the store may have caused the fire by overturning and igniting a box of matches.

The body of an unknown man was found in the Connecticut River at Chicopee Tuesday, and a corner's inquest called. The body was decomposed beyond identification, and is thought had been in the water about six weeks. The deceased was apparently thirty years of age, and wore a very small gold ring on his little finger. The body has since been identified as that of John Richardson, by means of the ring.

An English Boiler Explosion.—By the bursting of the boiler of her Majesty's iron-clad turret-ship Thunderer, last week Friday, 21 persons were killed and 60 wounded, the engineers being among the killed and the captain wounded. The Thunderer was on her trial trip in Portsmouth harbor.

A New York Costume.—An exchange says: "New York ladies wear nothing but gypsy hats." Unless the brim of the hats are at least four feet deep, and turned down all around, we should think a modest man would want to leave the city, and go to the White Mountains with Beecher.

Base Ball.—Some mention of the extent to which base-ball is played in this country may be obtained by the fact that a single firm in New York has sold 35,000 bats, 180,000 balls, 2500 pairs of ball shoes, 3080 pairs of colored hose, 5000 caps and 500 complete uniforms.

In England, now, the conscientious bishop requests female candidates for confirmation, by circular, so to arrange their hair that he may really lay hands upon *them*.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

The Philadelphia churches will omit their summer vacation this year and keep open for the benefit of centennial visitors.

Some 40 members of the British Parliament have signified their intention of visiting the Centennial as soon as the session closes.

Up to last week Friday the receipts had been $726,363, and the pay of the door-keepers has been cut down as the first step toward retrenchment.

A memorial window, to contain the arms of Pennsylvania and Philadelphia, and symbolic figures, painting and sculpture commemorative of scenes in American history is to be put into memorial hall.

The Reading coal companies are giving their employes, averaging a thousand miners a day, with their wives and children, free excursions to the Centennial, including their admission to the grounds.

A demonstrative New Yorker, who made an attempt to break into Independence Hall, in hopes of affixing his signature to the original Declaration of Independence, was ignominiously consigned to the lock-up for the night.

A Worcester young man of excellent parentage, was marched to the exhibition lock-up as a suspicious character, before he had a chance to establish his identity. Take your "character" along with you if you go to the Centennial.

The Tunnel Line.—A new avenue of travel was thrown open to the public on Monday when regular through trains commenced running from Boston to Troy through the Hoosac tunnel. Besides the commercial importance of the Tunnel line, which, of course, is its great interest, it has claims as a line of intercourse for business purposes between the populations of the East and West, and also as a line of pleasure travel, hardly to be excelled in the New England States. The scenery of the whole line, and especially between Greenfield and North Adams, is of the most interesting character, full of variety and picturesque beauty; now skirting along the river bank nearly on a level with the stream and now far above its bed, and all the way winding among the mountain ridges that seem to make a further passage impossible. In this view and in the future, the Hoosac Tunnel line across the State, and thence on to the great summer resort of the country; to the falls, the lakes and the Pacific Ocean, has attractions and advantages inferior to no other line on the continent. Then, further, the passage of a Pullman train with its freight of human beings, under the everlasting hills for nearly five miles, and 2000 feet below the surface, is no ordinary event. The only trouble which now remains is with regard to ventilation, and several plans have been submitted for the purpose.

Fires.—A Lewiston (Me.) ice-house caught fire from a passing engine Tuesday, and was destroyed, with about 2500 tons of ice. Several adjoining buildings caught, but were saved by the prompt action of the fire department.——There have been heavy fires in the Maine woods the past week, which was the hottest known for 50 years.——Demosville, Ky., was partially burned Tuesday morning by an incendiary fire. Loss $30,000.——The Leominster almshouse was burned Monday morning by an incendiary fire. Loss $7000, fully insured. The inmates were all rescued. The building will probably be immediately re-built.——Tuesday morning, fire consumed $20,000 worth of property in New York. The fire was set to obtain insurance money.——On Cape Cod, near Yarmouth, extensive forest fires have been raging since Tuesday morning, when they were started by boys. several buildings were destroyed, and 30 square miles of territory burned over. At noon Wednesday the fire was nearing Harwich, and the loss was roughly estimated at $50,000.——Four thousand acres of wood land, worth $100,000, in the vicinity of Breslau, L. I., were burned over this week.

A Fatal Lime-Kiln.—John Cameron of Pittsville, Pa., owns a lime-kiln. His little boy thought to enjoy himself by letting his little sister down into it by a basket attached to a rope, but after letting her down was unable to pull her up. His mother came and let him down to his sister. He succeeded in getting the body into the basket, but himself fell back, overcome by the gas, before he reached the top. His grandmother then attempted to let the mother down to save the boy, but as she was so doing the windlass slipped, striking her senseless and letting Mrs. Cameron fall to the bottom. A passing stage-driver saw old Mrs. Cameron lying senseless, and coming to the scene succeeded in rescuing the lifeless bodies of the mother and son, but nearly lost his own life in the effort. Five other persons had previously lost their lives in the same pit during the past seven years.

Deliberate Murder.—At Watersville, Va., Charles Williams, a telegraph operator at the depot, shot and killed Dickerson, the depot agent, for the seduction of his 20-year old daughter, whom he had just discovered to be enclente, she accusing Dickerson of being her seducer. The two men were the best of friends and on intimate relations with each other, living in the same house. Dickerson was asked Tuesday evening, after the discovery was made, to marry the girl, but not getting a satisfactory answer, Williams returned the next morning with a shot gun, and fired, killing him instantly.

Custer.—The New York Herald and Judge Hilton have headed a subscription paper with $1000 each, for the building of a monument to Gen. Custer and his band of heroes who fell in the Indian massacre.

Winslow's Arrest.—The expenses of the detectives who were sent after Forger Winslow have just been paid by the city of Boston, and amounted to the modest sum of $2622.48.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Chicago consumes 54,000,000 gallons of water daily.

The Bank of England has in its vaults $143,000,000 in gold.

Women have begun again to exhort and pray in the Cincinnati liquor saloons.

Joaquin Miller is at Saratoga, and is much lionized, especially by the young ladies.

Fourteen horse-car horses fell dead in Philadelphia in one day since the hot term.

An Englewood villa has this sign in the front yard: "Please keep off the lorn."

Of the 226 Protestant churches built in Chicago since 1831, 197 are still standing.

A regiment composed of ex-Confederates has volunteered to fight against the Indians.

A bill was passed by the House on Saturday giving Custer's wife a pension of $50 per month.

An Athens (Ga.) negro lately ate seven chickens, head, feet and all, as an introduction to breakfast.

The rumor is again started, possibly by the hotel keepers, that the ex-Empress Eugenie is to visit Saratoga.

It is a notewortry incident of the centennial year that very few persons have been frozen to death up to this time.

Mr. Murray has completed his lecture on "Indoors and Outdoors," and considers it the best he has ever written.

Just think of able bodied men spending their days playing croquet when the Indians are itching for a thrashing.

In a South Shore town, gathering berries is held out as an inducement to attend divine service. What next?

Look out for the children! There were one hundred and five deaths of children under five years of age in Boston last week.

A Mississippi murderer has just come to grief in McKenney, Tex., having been tracked for eight years by the sister of his victim.

Several redskins loafing around St. Paul, Minn., told the story of Custer's defeat fifteen hours before the news was received by telegraph.

They have caught another of those sharks at Ship Shoal Lighthouse, La. This one had a watch, two metal buttons, and a buckle in its stomach.

The value of a toe is now definitely determined. A Brooklyn court has awarded a man who lost four of them on a horse car $437.50 per toe.

A congratulatory letter from the Emperor of Russia, upon the occasion of the centennial of American Independence, has been received by the President.

The Swedes invite their fellow countrymen to join them at Philadelphia the 26th of August in celebrating the 400th anniversary of the founding of their nation.

Two Freyburg (Me.) girls illustrated women's rights the other day by appearing on the public road, hoe in hand, for the purpose of working out their highway taxes.

This time it is the Rev. Harrison Butler, a colored pastor of a colored flock at Chillicothe Ky. A young and confiding female member of the flock makes the charge.

Two respectable young ladies were outraged in the suburbs of Halifax, N. S., one evening last week, and the people propose to wreak vengeance on the villains.

Two young ladies, Lizzie and Sarah C. Gardner, died in Baltimore a day or two ago from a strange disease, resembling the celebrated "milk sickness," which prevailed several years ago.

Horses usually trot fastest in hot weather, and satisfactory speed was attained by two racers in Detroit a few days ago, when the temperature in the sunlight was 110; but as a consequence both of them died.

MURDEROUS AFFRAY AT NEWARK, N. J.—A murderous affair of an unusually desperate character occurred at Newark last week Thursday. Three young Prussian brothers named Thielhorn, known as desperate characters for years, were arrested by police officers Dickerson and Elsden, for disorderly conduct. As the officers attempted to march them off, the men drew revolvers and shot Elsden dead and fatally wounded Dickerson. Escaping from the crowd, the desperadoes ran up the street to T. A. Dawson's tannery on River street, where they formerly worked. There they called for Mr. Meyer, the foreman, who had discharged them, but not finding him they commenced an indiscriminate firing on the shop, which resulted in killing John Albus, the assistant foreman, and the wounding of two workmen. The employes of the shop turned out en masse and chased the murderers toward the river. In the pursuit the workmen used stones and knives, striking the murderers several times before they reached the river. The latter leaped into the water and attempted to escape across, but were stoned to death by the outraged workmen. The wounded were taken to the hospital. One, named Fischer, has since died, and Dickerson will probably not recover, while all are in a precarious state. Albus, Fisher and Elsden leave families. The murderers, as far as known, were unmarried.

A LIGHTNING RECOVERY.—At Metuchin, N. Y., on Tuesday, during a thunder storm, a house was struck by lightning, and Mrs. Stackpole, one of the occupants, whose hands had been distorted by a paralytic stroke, instantly recovered full use of both her hands.

The President has given ex-secretary Bristow permission to tell what he knows of the doings of the Executive in reference to the whiskey prosecutions, but Mr. Bristow's high sense of honor prevents him from revealing the secrets of the cabinet.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat tells of a little girl who was paralyzed and insane, but who, after wearing a relic from the Convent of the Sacred Heart, fully recovered strength and intelligence.

Col. Scott and Commodore Vanderhilt will discontinue the fast mail train on their roads after to-day, on account of the reduction of the appropriation by the democratic House.

A Rutland (Vt.) girl went into a druggist's and, pointing to the trusses, said, "How do you sell shawl straps?"

A gate-keeper on a railroad crossing in Eastern Massachusetts carelessly allowed a train to run into his gates, not opening them in time, and then cut his throat when he saw the effects of his neglect of duty.

A watchman in the Glasgow mill at South Hadley Falls was found dead in the road Thursday morning. Overwork and the hot weather were the supposed causes of his death.

Congress has honored itself and the country this Centennial year by making an appropriation for completing the monument to Washington. The people say amen to this.

Shall we pass a law prohibiting the Chinese to come to America, when we demand of China protection for merchants, travelers and missionaries in that country?

The Causeway Giant, the fossil figure recently discovered, is twelve feet long and weighs over two tons. Is it any relation to that old dead beat—the Cardiff giant?

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

READ about the fine art store in Springfield in another column.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

THOSE interested in the development of medical science will be pleased to learn that HUNT'S REMEDY cures Kidney, Bladder, Glandular and Bright's Disease, Gravel, Diabetes, Mental and Physical Debility. Female Irregularities and Complaints of the Urino-Genital Grgans are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y3.26

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12‡

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals. 13w6

BORN.

At Bondville, 14th, a daughter to SEYMOUR CUTTING.
At Ware, 18th, a daughter to DANIEL MCGRATH.
At Monson, 17th, a son to JOHN B. MCCONNELL.
At North Brookfield, 11th, a daughter to EDWARD TARBELL: 17th, a son to SUMNER HOLMES.
At Rutland, Vt., 19th, a daughter to N. B. and EVA M. HITCHCOCK of Belchertown, Mass.
At Wilbraham, 9th, a son to HENRY BUTLER; 14th, a son to WILLIAM W. JOHNSON.
At Springfield, 15th, a son to MICHAEL MAHER.
At West Springfield, 14th, a son to L. J. FOLEY.

MARRIED.

At Palmer, 17th, by Rev. J. H. Willis, N. WILLIS WEBSTER of Athol and FLORENCE C. MARTIN of Springfield, Vt.
At Springfield, 12th, by Rev. A. H. Sweetser, FREDERICK MEYLE and ROSA SHASLY.
At Athol, 9th, HIRAM W. UPTON of Dunkirk, Wis., and EMILY KNIGHT.
At Springfield, 20th, JAMES H. LEWIS and FANNIE G. FISHER.
At Pelham, 13th, JOHN O. WARD and ALICE L. POWERS.
At Orange, 18th ult., ALBERT D. ROPER of North Brookfield and MARY J. DYER of Warren.

DIED.

At Brookfield, 11th, HANNAH SMITH, 53.
At Hadley, 15th, Dea. SYLVESTER SMITH, 87.
At Springfield, 14th, Mrs. MARY E. HASTINGS, 67, Mrs. ALVIRA COTTER, 63.
At Holyoke, 13th, NELLIE, 3 years and 1 month, daughter of Joel C. Stuart.

AGENTS—80 subscribers daily. Best family paper. Four $10 chromos free. J. M. MUNYON & CO., 41 Tremont St., Boston. 4w17

AGENTS—We have in press a new campaign book by a college President LL. D. Big pay. 50 cents will secure outfit and territory. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y. 4w17

MIND READING, PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINation, Soul Charming, Mesmerism, and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50c. Hunt & Co., 139 South 7th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w17

DODD'S NERVINE

The New England Family Medicine, relieves pain almost instantly, induces good sleep, helps the appetite, strengthens the system, and is altogether the best family medicine and tonic now in use. At all drug stores. 4w17

THE LITTLE WATCHMAN

BURGLAR ALARM. Sells at sight. Agents wanted to include territory, to whom we offer terms never before thought of. Samples postage paid, No. 1, $1.75, No. 2, $1.25, (retail price $2 and $1.50.) Send money by P. O. order or registered letter, at our risk. Circulars containing full information sent to any address. THE ROBBINS MANUFACTURING CO., Naugatuck [New Haven County,] Conn. 4w17

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &C.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PALMER NATIONAL BANK, at Palmer, in the State of Massachusetts, at the close of business, June 30th, 1876.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$55,007 06
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	30,000 00
U. S. bonds on hand,	5,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	13,503 33
Due from approved reserve agents,	21,689 84
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	1,700 00
Current expenses and taxes paid,	672 52
Premiums paid,	4,923 63
Checks and other cash items,	185 33
Bills of other National Banks,	1,244 00
Fractional currency (including nickels),	210 98
Legal Tender notes,	1,700 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (five per cent. of circulation.	1,350 00
Total,	$137,186 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$68,300 00
Other undivided profits,	2,230 86
National Bank notes outstanding,	25,250 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	38,892 98
Demand certificates of deposit,	647 07
Due to other National Banks,	1,865 78
Total,	$137,186 69

State of Massachusetts, County of Hampden ss:
I, LEONARD GREEN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
LEONARD GREEN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of July, 1876. S. S. TAFT, Justice of the Peace.

CORRECT—Attest:
M. W. FRENCH,
A. H. WILLIS,
J. A. SQUIER, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MONSON NATIONAL BANK, at Monson, in the State of Massachusetts, at the close of business, June 30th, 1876.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$145,296 15
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	170,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	25,312 50
Due from approved reserve agents,	32,187 98
Due from other National Banks,	21,224 83
Real estate, furniture and fixtures,	2,500 00
Current expenses and taxes paid,	1,823 20
Checks and other cash items,	1,517 05
Bills of other National Banks,	3,760 00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	445 80
Legal-tender notes,	6,422 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent, of circulation),	7,250 00
Silver coin,	450 00
Total,	$418,189 51

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$150,000 00
Surplus fund,	30,000 00
Other undivided profits,	80,049 42
National Bank notes outstanding,	144,095 00
Dividends unpaid,	190 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	6,979 76
Demand certificates of deposit,	2,092 70
Due to other National Banks,	4,782 63
Total,	$418,189 51

State of Massachusetts, County of Hampden, ss:
I, E. F. MORRIS, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of July, 1876. C. L. PECK, Justice of the Peace.

CORRECT—Attest:
CYRUS W. HOLMES,
ALFRED NORCROSS, } Directors.
R. S. MUNN,

Dennison's Merchandise Tags,

AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

By the Bunch, Box or Thousand,

AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.

Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

NOTICE.

The Assessors of Palmer give notice that they have delivered to H. A. Northrop, Collector of Taxes, a correct list of the taxes, together with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same. And by vote of the town all persons who shall voluntarily pay the collector their taxes on or before August 20th, 1876, a discount will be made on their taxes of six per cent.

JOHN CLOUGH,
DAVID KNOX,
D. B. BISHOP, } Assessors of Palmer.

Palmer, July 13th, 1876. 3w16

DID YOU TRY THE

RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by

2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

I STILL LIVE.

MY STOCK OF

CLOTHING

—AND—

DRESS GOODS

MARKED

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN

To Cost and Below Cost!

NEW GOODS DAILY.

PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!

LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!

Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!

Please call and examine goods and Prices!

FRESH LINE OF

CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

STRAW MATTINGS,

LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,

TICKINGS, &c.

A. H. WILLIS.

Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

PALMER

Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,

Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!

Complete Stock!

Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES!

SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON, SINGER, WILSON, FLORENCE, WEED,

"DOMESTIC," VICTOR, WHEELER & WILSON, HOWE, AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

CEMETERY WORK.

Those citizens of Palmer and vicinity who may be in want of Cemetery Work of any description, will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber and examine

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS

of work erected by the

RUTLAND MONUMENTAL WORKS,

before purchasing elsewhere. Work manufactured from the best varieties of

MARBLE or GRANITE, either AMERICAN or FOREIGN,

and finished in a superior manner and at

HARD TIMES PRICES.

O. L. SLADER, Agent.

Palmer, May 5th 1876. 7tf

DR. HIGGINS'
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SPRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.

Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are SPECIAL AGENTS for the sale of

GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS

in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.

Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS

—IN—

38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS

FOR 1876,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

J. S. LEEDHAM,

WATCHMAKER,

69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

Great Reduction in Elgin Watches!
Great Reduction in Waltham Watches!
Great Reduction in Springfield Watches!

If you are in need of a good Watch of any grade or make, call and get my prices, which are as LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING

All kinds of Watches thoroughly and scientifically repaired. Imperfect or unsatisfactory timekeepers corrected and made to perform well at moderate charges. Ordinary watches of sound construction can be converted into good timekeepers by the application of chronometer balances with accurate adjustment.

CHARGES THE LOWEST, CONSISTENT WITH GOOD WORK.

J. S. LEEDHAM,

11tf 69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,

T. J. SULLIVAN.

Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.

E DODGE.

Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of

H. W. MUNGER.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.

S. S. TAFT.

Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Bridget Curley late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

HENRY P. HOLDEN, Adm'r.

Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the will of Alonzo N. Dewey, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

LAURA E. CHILD, Executrix.

Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

TO RENT!

An up-stairs tenement of four or five rooms. Inquire at FOSKET & HOLBROOK'S Meal Store,

Palmer, July 12, 1876. 3w16*

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.

3m14

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,

Sheet Lead,

Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.

Corner Central and Pleasant Sts

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.

Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the

JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.

Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.

Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for July 23, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

The Temple Dedicated—1 Kings, viii, 5—21.

V. 5. The time was the feast in the month Ethanim—the seventh month, or October. This was the feast of Tabernacles, the feast of In-gathering, *the* feast of the Jews. When David brought the ark to Mount Zion he offered sacrifices, but in no such numbers as were offered now.

V. 6. "His place" was the Most Holy Place, or oracle. The "oracle" was so-called because Jehovah, through the ministry of the high priests, answered here the inquiries of the people.

V. 8. The ends of the staves might be seen in the holy of holies but not in the outer sanctuary. The staves were to be kept inseparably with the ark. The cherubim-statues, therefore, which were to overshadow the ark, would also overshadow its staves. These were now drawn forward so as to be seen from the great chamber or holy place of the temple, though not from the vestibule. Assyrian temples, for example, were so constructed that the passer-by could not get a view of the shrine. This might easily be if the entrance way were not opposite the shrine, that is, in this case not opposite the ark. The withdrawal of the staves was a sign that the ark had now reached "the place of its rest." The staves were of wood overlaid with gold; were very long, so that the ark, which was heavy because containing the stone tables of the law, might more easily be borne, and also so that those carrying might not touch it. Though the ark had arrived at its resting place the staves were to remain, thus signifying that it was the identical ancient ark. The phrase "unto this day" shows that the writer of this book quoted from an author who lived while the temple was still standing. The temple retained its original splendor only thirty-three or thirty-four years, when the king of Egypt took Jerusalem and carried away the temple-treasures. Afterwards it was several times profaned and pillaged, and finally plundered and burned by the Chaldeans, 584 B. C. It was seven years and a half in process of building.

V. 9. The ark was two and a half cubits long by one and one-half broad and deep. It was probably taken captive or destroyed by Nebuchadnezzar. By virtue of the stone document it contained it was the pledge of the covenant relation between Jehovah and Israel. It alone made the temple a sanctuary. Horeb was the general name of the range of which Sinai was a part.

V. 10. The cloud was the symbol of Jehovah's presence, testifying that he had accepted the temple as his own house.

V. 11. "The cloud" and "the glory of the Lord" are the same things. There had been a like occurrence once at the completion of the tabernacle. For the moment, the priests were prevented from officiating. There was besides the priests a large attendance also of Levites as singers. See 2 Chron. 5, 11—13.

V. 12. "And the Lord said unto Moses, Lo, I come unto thee in a thick cloud that the people may hear," etc. Solomon sees in the cloud a token that God acknowledges and accepts the work he has done for him.

V. 13. "Overpowered by that sublime moment, and filled with joy that he was counted worthy of the favor of being allowed to build a house for the Lord," he utters the words of this verse. They allude to the fixedness and permanence of the temple, as compared with the materials of the tabernacle and its frequent change of place. 'Songs of praise, accompanied by harps and psalteries, burst forth as the priests came out of the sanctuary.'

V. 14. Solomon had spoken with his face toward the temple. Now he turns toward the people. Standing was the reverential attitude for the latter. Solomon blessed by gesture, perhaps, without words.

V. 15. The words of God are fulfilled by the Providences of God.

V. 16. No city was chosen until Jerusalem was chosen; no man to be a king over Israel until David.

V. 17. David desired to build the temple.

V. 18. The wish was right.

V. 19. But in the wisdom of God it was disregarded and Solomon chosen to execute what was in David's heart.

V. 20. Solomon, having been especially commissioned, sits on David's throne and executes David's project.

V. 21. He has placed in the temple the ark, the pledge of the gracious presence of God.

Suggestions. The dedication of the temple is one of the peculiarly important facts of the Old Testament history. The ancient kingdom of God in it reached its highest glory. The feast marking it was kept seven days.—The king is at the head of the whole ceremony. He was *the* servant of the great King of Israel—Jehovah. The act of dedication belonged to him as a theocratic king.—Everything else in the temple was made new while the ark was kept. "With it all the historical facts bound up in it became associated with the temple. It could never grow old, for it was the witness of the past victorious divine guidance, as well as the pledge of Jehovah's faithfulness and might."—The temple—God's place of dwelling—is used in the New Testament as a representation of Christ—in whom is all the fullness of God; of the individual believer—in whom the Spirit of God dwells; of the universal church—the "habitation of God through the spirit."—The cloud is "the heaven-descended sign of the presence of the self-manifesting God." It declares "that God in his being, spiritually and ethically, is so far above, and different from all other beings, that man, in his sinful and mortal nature, cannot comprehend him nor endure the sight of him."

"Your ignorance is pitiful," said a charming Brooklyn widow to a young fellow who asked her if women wore night-caps.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,

57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

CENTENNIAL.

CANE AND CHAIR COMBINED.

Before going to the Exhibition secure one of these indispensable companions, that you may sit when and where you please.

ESPECIALLY VALUABLE FOR LADIES,

who cannot possibly endure the fatigue without one. Weigh only 20 ounces. Price $2. The only article in the market that is just what you want.

C. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,

2w16* No. 808 Market St., Philadelphia.

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,

DENTIST,

SPRINGFIELD, Mass

Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4.26

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.

New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.

E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

THORNLESS BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES.

I can supply any in want of this delicious fruit with good, strong plants, well rooted, this spring, for $1.50 per dozen at my place, or by mail, free, for $2.00 per doz. Also, a few pounds of

A. NO. 1 EXTRA

YELLOW DANVERS ONION SEED,

of my own raising, for $3.50 per lb. at my place, or $3.60 per lb. by mail, free.

J. K. KNOX.

Palmer, Feb. 25th, 1876. 49tf

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

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MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER,..... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

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EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels.
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks.
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads	Masonic Printing.
Business Cards.	Mottoes.
Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

A. B. BURDICK,

MANUFACTURING JEWELER, ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

Vest Chains, Guards, Roman Neck and Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Plain and Seal Rings, made to order. Workmanship first-class; quality as represented. Repairing and remodeling fine work a specialty. Society Badges made to order. Address P. O. BOX 1114,

3m5§ Springfield, Mass.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

THE GREAT CHANCE OF THE YEAR.

The GRAND EVENT in the

MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS MARKET

And CLEARING-OUT SALE at

The "MONITOR."

Thousands of Dollars saved to the people through the sweeping reductions we have made

In STRAW GOODS,
In TRIMMED GOODS,
In FRENCH FLOWERS,
In RIBBONS,
In TRIMMING SILKS,

Even in the most STAPLE GOODS we are making determined SLAUGHTER and are offering EXTRAORDINARY Bargains.

In LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE!

In LADIES' LISLE GLOVES at 12½c.

Corsets! Corsets! from 30 cts. to $1.00.

PARASOLS!

VICTORIA LAWNS from 10½c.
SWISS MUSLINS from 10 cts.

HAMBURG EDGINGS! HAMBURG EDGINGS!

TABLE LINENS! TOWELS!

FINE IRISH LINENS!

GENT'S MERINO UNDERWEAR! Gent's Fine Dress Shirts $1.00. Gent's Cheviot Shirts 88 cts. French C. G. Socks, 3 pair for 50 cts.

OURS IS ALWAYS THE MOST RELIABLE SALE OF THE SEASON,

And we offer this time the largest variety of goods in Springfield, fully 20 per cent less than our competitors.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

MALLEY & COSTELLO,

"MONITOR,"

490 MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - MASS.

3m1§

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

Is now offering his stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES

At prices that will WARRANT A LARGE REDUCTION OF STOCK.

Largest stock of **CROQUETS** to be found in the city.

JAMES D. GILL,

Near Massasoit House,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

PORTLAND STONE WARE CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in

DRAIN & SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK,

Chimney Tops, Terra-Cotta Garden Vases,

EARTHEN and FANCY FLOWER POTS,

Land Tile, Antiquarian Ware, &c. We Warrant all our goods.

400 Federal Street, 50 Kilby, } **BOSTON, Mass.**

3m52e. GEO. C. DUNNE, Agent.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 51

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,
FANCY WARE,
CUTLERY,
PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,

Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

Guild, Church & Co.,

Manufacturers of

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS!

Used and recommended by Public Schools and Conservatories of Music throughout the United States.

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Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

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has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

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CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

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M. FOX

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Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1876. NUMBER 18.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.43, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.43, N. Y. express, 4.34, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 8.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

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FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

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The Bridal.

BY A CONFIRMED BACHELOR.

Not a laugh was heard, not a joyous note,
As our friend to the bridal we hurried;
Not a wit discharged his farewell shot
As the bachelor went to be married.

We married him quietly to save his fright,
Our heads from the sad sight turning;
And we sighed as we stood in the lamp's dim light,
To think that he was not more discerning.

To think that a bachelor free and bright,
And shy of the sex we found him,
Should there at the alter, in the shades of night,
Be caught in the snare that bound him.

Few and short were the words we said,
Though of cake and wine partaking;
And he hastened home from the scene of dread,
While his knees were awfully shaking.

Slowly and sadly we marched him down
From the top to the lowermost story;
And little we'll hear or see the poor man
That went home alone in his glory.

BERTHA'S MERCY.

Mrs. St. Symington's magnificent drawing room flooded with light from the glittering chandeliers; furniture of soft, mossy plush, the color of the heart of a May rose; soft sounds of a fountain splashing in the conservatory; and sweet, delicious perfume exhaling from rare exotics and tropical pines.

That was the scene that wild January night, when the storm beat without, and cold and misery and want stalked, a grim triumvirate; when little Bertha Agincourt nestled further down among the plumy cushions of the easy chair she had found wheeled in front of the cheery open fire burning so redly behind the polished silver bars.

A grave-faced girl, shy, blushing, and modest, with womanly eyes of tender blue, that mirrored her pure, sweet thoughts as faithfully as a lakelet does the flashing sunlight. A quiet, lovely little creature, only sixteen, who had come from a dear, happy home among New England hills, to take up the burden of life with brave hands, though weak and all unused to the warfare; with stout heart, for all there were times when it overflowed through the sweet, frank eyes.

She had only been a week at the St. Symingtons—only a week away from her widowed mother and the plain little home that was insufficient to give her a living longer; only a week, and yet long enough to learn the luxury of plenty and elegance—not long enough, however, to know how miserably inferior she was held to be, with her sweet, gentle ways, the result of innate nobleness, to the large, florid, fashionable daughter of the house of St. Symington—Juanita St. Symington—with her coal black hair streaming down over her bright silk dress, and her jewels glittering with almost barbarie splendor as she sailed into the drawing room that stormy January night, followed by the portly, less intrusive mother.

Miss Juanita's shimmering trail was sweeping over the Moquet carpet, and ceased its pleasant rustle suddenly as she saw Bertha nestling, all unobservingly, in the sacred precincts of the pink plush chair.

"Mamma! did you ever? The idea of her coming in *here!* Tell her at once what she is to do, will you?"

Mrs. St. Symington shrugged her shoulders just a little deprecatingly.

"Really, I haven't the heart to, Juanita. I can't see what harm there is if the child wants—"

Juanita shot her mother a glance from her black eyes.

"Nonsense, mamma! if you can't see the harm, *I* can! If you won't tell her to leave, I will."

Like a hawk about to pounce on a dovecote, Juanita sailed across the room, and looked down at the pretty, bowed head of the girl, as Bertha sat leaning on her elbow, looking into the mass of flame.

"Miss Agincourt, you seem to be in ignorance of the fact that this apartment is not intended for the servants. Be so good as to retire to the school-room, your proper place, where it is understood you will pass your evenings in the future. Oh! Dr. Redmond, good evening! how delighted we are to see you!"

And Juanita turned coldly away from the mortified girl to greet the handsome gentleman who had been admitted a moment before.

He bowed and took Juanita's extended hand, and then looked interestedly at the sweet, shame-flushed face of the girl who had arisen hastily from the easy-chair.

"You comprehend, Miss Agincourt?"

Juanita's imperious voice partly arrested the flying footsteps, and a confused, unintelligible answer came in a low, hurried tone, as Bertha disappeared.

"Such impudence! the next thing I presume cook and mamma's waiting-maid will be coming in when they're tired! Dr. Redmond, have you heard 'The Milkmaid's Marriage Song?'"

And while the graceful fingers went flashing over the keys of the piano, and the clear, strong voice rose in the witching chorus of the ballad, and Guy Redmond listened gravely, little Bertha was crouching on the floor in her own dull, cold room, crying as if her little heart would break.

"I'll never stay here, never! I'll be a nursery-maid or a kitchen girl before I'll stay here and be insulted by Juanita St. Symington—insulted because I went into the drawing room! If I am not good enough to sit in there, am I good enough to teach little Waldbery his letters?"

Poor, innocent, ignorant child! she had yet to learn that this was a very queer world.

* * * * * *

"A young lady, Rose?"

Dr. Guy Redmond looked up from a ponderous volume of medical lore he was studying—his grave, thoughtful face showing its strength and beauty as the full glare of the light fell on it.

"A young lady, sure, Mr. Guy. Leastways a lady, anyhow, young or old. She's all so bundled up you can't scarcely see her."

Dr. Redmond arose as the colored servant disappeared, and went into his office, where a sweet, low voice addressed him as he closed the door.

"You are Dr. Redmond?"

He bowed and took his customary seat.

"I am troubled about my throat, Dr. Redmond; and, as my living depends upon my voice, I am more than anxious to know if I am seriously threatened."

He listened, as if half familiar with her tone, her face, then the momentary personal interest merged into customary professional solicitude.

"You are a singer, then? Tell me the symptoms, please."

"Oh, no, I am not a singer, but I use my voice almost as much as if I were. I am a teacher—I used to be nursery governess in Mrs. St. Symington's family, and I came to you because once I saw you there."

A sudden remembrance rushed over him; *now* he knew the cause of that sad, momentary, half recognition. And *this* was the pretty, startled little girl whose blue eyes and sweet, drooping mouth had haunted him for months after he had seen and pitied her in her confusion, that January night a year agone almost.

Involuntarily, Dr. Redmond smiled.

"I remember—Miss Agincourt. And now you are teaching?"

She smiled in answer to his courteous, friendly way.

"Teaching—and very hoarse at times, with a continuous aching sensation in my throat, with a tendency to cough."

Her accurate description of symptoms at once turned the current of conversation; and when, twenty minutes later, Bertha Agincourt left the office with a tiny package of powders in her muff, it was with a new, strange light shining in her eyes.

"How good he is! he seems like a friend I have always known."

While Guy Redmond's brown eyes watched the slight, graceful figure past the window.

"Poor child! in six months she will not speak above a whisper for all future time! I wonder what she will do."

Gradually the acquaintance, at first purely professional, ripened into personal friendship; then into warmer interest, until, on the day when Bertha heard her fate from Dr. Redmond's kind, pitiful lips, they had grown to be very near to each other.

"This huskiness permanent! never speak again! Oh, Dr. Redmond, don't tell me that!" She wailed forth her complaint so piteously, as she listened, with blanching cheeks and quivering lips.

"You know that I have done all that lies in human power to do, Bertha. You know it hurts me to see you take it so to heart, child, and yet I am not sorry."

He was looking eagerly at her.

"Not sorry! not sorry that I am worse than useless until I can learn another way of earning my bread! Oh, Dr. Redmond, I thought—I thought—"

He had both her rebellious hands in his now, and was half-smiling in her tearful face.

"You thought what, Bertha? I know you never have thought what I have—what I am thinking now—what a darling little wife you are going to be for me! You will, won't you, dear?"

His wooing was quiet, but so intense that its very solemnity startled her. His wife—*she—his wife!* The rapturous tears welled to her eyes.

"Oh, Dr. Redmond!"

"Never but Guy in the future, Bertha! Kiss me, darling, and tell me you do not regret giving up your school to teach me how to be a better man! Little Bertha, I will make you very happy if I may. May I?"

And her breath almost hushed with ecstasy, the lonely, brave little girl accepted. The heaven of happiness she had and dreamed of—she had never dared think would be her own.

* * * * *

"You will go down to dinner then, to-day, dear? If you knew how much better you were looking, and how Bertie and Ora are clamoring for you."

Dr. Redmond caressed the delicate cheek of his wife as she leaned against the lined cushions of the easy chair—pretty, fair as five years ago, when she had married him.

She smiled, as if in indulgence of his proud tenderness,

"I wonder whether the children or papa is most anxious I should go down? Confess now, Guy, you begin to be jealous of this little stranger's monopoly of my time."

She touched the pink palm of a wee baby lying cradled in a low-canopied crib at her side, and spoke in a low, hushed whisper, that had grown to be very sweet and melodious to her husband's ears—that other people thought a dreadful affliction, while they wondered how well Mrs. Redmond bore it.

The doctor leaned over and kissed his boy, then the mother.

"I do not think even young Guy Agincourt could make me jealous, dear, but I do want you down stairs to-day. Among other reasons, it is time you made the acquaintance of the children's nursery-maid, who came the day baby did. I haven't seen her once, and I am sure if it had not been for cousin Annie's attention, Mrs. Greyson—that's her name—would have been miserably lonesome."

"Annie is always good, and I'll go down, dear, if you think best, and make the poor woman comfortable, although I really think you ought to have seen her."

Doctor Redmond shrugged his broad, fine shoulders, and said, "If you knew how busy I've been, and how miserably hidden the lady keeps herself, you'd not think so. Then, Bertha, we'll see you at two—the smart, pretty house-mother, as usual."

It was one o'clock, when Mrs. Redmond went down stairs, the very idol of a dainty, high-bred lady, in her elegant invalid costume, and surrounded on every side by all the luxuries money or taste could provide.

Bertie and Ora, her little daughters, came flying to meet her as she entered the nursery, on a visit preparatory to dinner.

A tall, plainly-dressed woman arose to check their exuberant delight.

"Children, don't—good heavens! are *you* Mrs. Redmond?"

Bertha smiled and bowed. "I am Mrs. Redmond, Mrs. Greyson. If you know me you have the advantage, although, although—" she paused, and the color flew to her pale cheeks—"it cannot possibly be that you are Miss St. Symington?"

"Yes, Juanita St. Symington, who drove you out of her mother's parlor because you were nobody but a nursery governess! Mrs. Redmond, this—"

She almost gasped the words, in her painful suspense and bitter remembrance.

Bertha laid her fair, white hand on the plain sleeve of the woman.

"Try to forget whatever happened unpleasant. Remember that this is truly your home, Mrs. Greyson, where you will be received and treated as an equal by myself, husband and guests. And now, are you ready for dinner? the bell will ring very soon."

So, like coals of fire, was Bertha's mercy—her sweet, tender womanliness, on Juanita St. Symington's head; while among the bitterest drops in Mrs. Greyson's cup is the belief that by her own hand she made all the happiness of Mrs. Redmond's life—a happiness she had often hoped for, for herself, but that, with many other good things, had been denied her, since the day when Fate took Fortune in hand and banished her from the home where Bertha Agincourt's destiny began to shape its course.

Why ought the stars to be good astronomers?—Because they have studded (studied) the heavens since the creation.

THE NEWSPAPER.

I am a farmer. My farm is named Pasturefield. I take great pride in it and work as steadily as I can; for I am sixty-six, and was not inured to farm labors in early life, but trained to the dry goods business. Well, no matter for this. I work and enjoy it. Then I get tired, then I smoke, and then I sit down to the newspaper. Ah, then my fatigue is forgotten; I revel in enjoyment and am recreated. The great, good newspaper! I used to read books, but neglect them now. What becomes of all the books published? I used to take agricultural journals, but there was too much agriculture. I get hints enough in the home newspaper to satisfy me.

All around me are men who work hard, and are honest and faithful in their aims and ways, who take no newspaper. How do they do to live? I should have died twenty years ago without them. I lend and give mine to my neighbors.

And the newspaper grows and grows, and will continue to grow. Better and better men continue to go into its labors. The best only will live. Oh, men of the newspaper, great teacher of the people, accept the law that "honesty is the best policy." Cast out the cowardly, the weak, mean, and wrong-headed, and let but the brave, the manly, the clear-eyed, and courageous help in making this great, growing gospel, this big book, this daily teacher, this household preacher, this hope, comfort, help, and enjoyment of the common people, the American newspaper! Make it clean, and true, and faithful.

As I believe the newspaper has already lengthened my life, I doubt not it will still lengthen it, to the extent, probably, of twenty-five years, which will give me a quite respectable span. And I think of what its character must be to me! But then I know the strong, the true, the brave will live and flourish, and that the puerile, foolish, and false will soon die.—*New York Sun.*

FORGOT TO PLANT.—Colonel Finnegan was a Florida planter, wealthy and hospitable. Toward the poor he was always kind, and even the shiftless he would not turn coldly away. A man who had often been the subject of his bounty was named Hartruff. Jake was a squatter in the woods, where he had a log cabin, and a small clearing. Upon this land he sometimes raised corn, and with his gun he captured game. Of the game he ate flesh, and the skins he traded for whiskey. Long before the winter was over he was sure to be out of corn, in which emergency he would bring his bag to the Colonel for a supply, which was generally furnished. Once upon a time Jake came with his bag very early in the season—in fact winter had just set in. "Why, how's this, Jake?" demanded Finnegan. "Seems to me you are rather early in your call for corn." "Well, Colonel, fact is my crop failed this yer season."—"Failed! How is that? I thought it had been an uncommonly good season for corn." "Yaas, I s'pose it has, Colonel. But, y'see, I forgot to plant."

WILD BEASTS AND THEIR PREY.—To be devoured by a wild beast is to each of us an odious thought, but it does not follow that to be killed by a lion or a tiger is particularly painful. On this topic Dr. Livingstone has given us his own valuable experience. A lion leaped upon him, seized him by the shoulder, and tossed him in the air, as a dog tosses a cat. The tossing caused a delicious delirium, that precluded any sense of pain; had he then died, it would have been a merciful death, but we should not have known that so it was. However, his companions shot the lion, who thereupon dropped his intended victim, and took to flight. Dr. Livingstone's life was saved, and he endured much pain in the healing of his wounds, though he had none while in the lion's jaws. The skill with which all rapacious animals kill their prey has often been noted. Evidently this is no accident; it pervades nature.

FRINGE AND FEATHERS.—There have been many solutions of our own monetary depression, but one given by a shrewd working woman at its beginning struck, perhaps, very near the root of the evil. "Rich people know why they lose their riches," she said, "but what ails the poor is fringe and feather. Twenty years ago a carpenter's wife like me wore a calico at her work and put on a decent sun bonnet to go to market. Every dollar she saved went to buy a home for her children or into the savings bank. Now she keeps a servant and calls in a sleazy silk and feathered hat to leave her orders at the grocer's. There's no money at the end of the year to buy a house or even pay the grocer's bill. Feathers and fringe have done the work, I suspect, with other than the carpenter's wife."—*New York Tribune.*

PRIVILEGES OF WOMEN IN LEAP-YEAR.—Well, ladies, here is pretty old authority for the exercise of your leap-year "prerogatives." In a book called "Courtship, Love and Murriage," published in 1660, there is this clause concerning the privileges of women in leap years—"Albeit it is now become a part of the common law, in regard to the social relations of life, that as every bissextile year doth return, the ladies have the sole privilege during the time it continueth of making love unto the men, which they do, either by words or looks, as to them it seemeth preferable; and, moreover, no man will be entitled to the clergy who doth in any wise treat her proposal with slight or contumely."

To the demonstrations of Professor Huxley that the horse is an evolution from the archippus, the Buffalo Express very pointedly responds: "No reputation is safe in these days. This scandal would never have come out if the horse hadn't been running for something."

The humblest and the weakest may know more of God, of moral evil and good, by a single act of charity or a prayer of self-surrender, than all the sages can teach, all, or all the theologians can dogmatize upon.

Hope is the last thing that dies in man, and though it be exceedingly deceitful, yet it is of this good use to us, that while we are traveling through life it conducts in an easier and more pleasant way to our journey's end.

Why does a duck go under water? For diver's reasons. Why does she go on land? For sun-dry reasons.—*Danbury News.*

What is that which Adam never saw, never possessed, and yet gave to each of his children?—Parents.

Why is a flirt's heart like an omnibus?—Because there is always room for one more.

One Hundred Thousand.

One hundred thousand men.—
Gay youth and silvered head—
On every hill, in every glen,
In palace, cot, and lothsome den,
Each year, from rum, lie dead!
One hundred thousand sons of toil
Yearly find graves in freedom's soil,
From rum, good friends, from rum!

On many a wooded plain
Their glittering axes rung;
Homes for their loved ones dear to gain,
They tilled the soil and plowed the main;
They taught with pen and tongue.
Our brothers—living by our side—
They tasted, fell, and sadly died
From rum, good friends, from rum!

Up many a fortress wall
They charged, with boys in blue,
'Mid surging smoke and volleyed ball.
These they survived—only to fall
From rum! Can it be true!
Once noble men—perchance our pride.
One hundred thousand men have died
This year, good friends, from rum!

One hundred thousand hearts
Are rendered desolate.
And must it be forever thus?
Must children's children feel the curse?
Friends, shall we vacillate?
Or shall our people now awake,
And, with loud voice, the nation shake,
And cry, "Away with rum?"

DOUBLE CRIMES.

Our whole system of treating double crimes with one-sided laws, our whole silly policy of treating one party to a double crime as a fiend, and the other party as an angel, or a baby, has been not only inefficient for the end sought to be obtained, but disastrous. The man who offers a bribe to another for any purpose which involves the infraction of a law of the State or Nation, is, and must be, an equal partner in the guilt; and any law which leaves him out of the transaction is utterly unjust on the face of it. If it is wrong to sell liquor, it is wrong to buy it, and wrong to sell because, and only because, it is wrong to buy. If prostitution is wrong, it is wrong on both sides, and he who offers a bribe to weak woman, without home or friends or means of life, to break the laws of the state, shares her guilt in equal measures. Law can never be respected that is not just. No law can be enforced that lays its hand upon only one of the parties to a double crime. No such law ever was enforced, or ever accomplished the purpose for which it was enacted; and until we are ready to have double laws for measures to suppress those crimes, our witnesses are all accomplices, the moral sense of the community is blunted and perverted, and those whom we brand as criminals look upon our laws with contempt of judgment and conscience.—*J. G. Holland.*

GLASS.—Probably the Romans were the first to employ glass for windows. Some remnants of glass panes are to be found today, in their frames, in the buried houses of Herculaneum and Pompeii. They substituted glass as a material for bottles, in place of the leather still in vogue among the poorer classes of people. Epicures in wine then and now, determined the age of their article by the seal upon the cork and the label impressed upon the glass. Glass goblets were less popular. Gold and silver reluctantly yielded the palm to their new-fangled rival, which sought popularity by appealing, not to the poverty of the poor, but to the desire of novelty among the rich. Even artificial stones and pearls of glass were not unknown. Whether mirrors of glass were known to the Romans, or whether they depended exclusively, as they certainly did chiefly, upon the resources of the Jews—polished metals—is a question of grave dispute among the learned in such matters. A dispute into which we shall not venture to enter. It is safe, however, to say the only use of glass which modern art can claim with assurance as exclusively its own, is the employment of it in optical instruments.

A ship on the broad, boisterous and open ocean needeth no pilot. But it dare not venture alone on the placid bosom of a little river, least it be wrecked by some hidden rock. Thus it is with life. 'Tis not in our open, exposed deeds that we need the still voice of the silent monitor, but in the small, secret, every day acts of life that conscience warns us to beware of what we deem too common to be dangerous.

A young lady, in a class studying physiology, made answer to a question put, that in seven years a human body became entirely changed, so that not a particle which was in it at the commencement of the period would remain at the close of it. "Then, Miss L—," said the young tutor, "in seven years you will cease to be Miss L—." "Why, yes, sir, I suppose so," said she, very modestly, looking at the floor.

A lady who lived near a church, was sitting near a window listening to the crickets which were loudly chirping, the music from the choir rehearsal being faintly audible, when a gentleman dropped in familiarly, who had just passed the church and had the music full in his mind. "What a noise they are making to-night!" said he. "Yes," said the lady, "and it is said they do it with their hind legs!"

A country storekeeper said: "Here, my friend those balls of butter I bought of you last week, all proved to be just three ounces short of a pound." And the farmer innocently answered: "Well, I don't see how that could be, for I used one of your pound bars of soap for a weight."

"My son," said an affectionate mother to her son, who resided at a little distance, and expected in a short time to be married, "you are getting very thin." "Yes, mother," he replied, "I am, and when I come next I think you will see my rib."

There is a grave digger's strike in Liverpool, which threatens to extend to other parts of the United Kingdom, and, as a means of bringing the strikers to terms, the Board of Health gravely asks persons not to die for several weeks.

A man from Chicago, when asked by a Saratoga waiter what he would have for breakfast, replied, "Well, I rather guess I'll just flop my lip over a chicken."

To judge a man by his personal appearance would be like judging an oyster by its rough and unseemly shell.

What part of a locomotive ought to be handled most carefully?—The tender part.

Why are book-keepers like chickens?—Because they have to scratch for a living.

HIS RETAINER.

Some time ago a young man and his sweetheart straggled into an attorney's office and awkwardly inquired if the justice of the peace was at home. The young limbs of the law were sitting inside reading a newspaper and took in the situation.

"One of them said: "Yes, sir; what can I do for you?"

"Well, you see, Emeline and me want to get married, and"—

"Ah, I see; you wish to get married, and you want to be sure the thing is done properly, and everything all straight, eh? is that it?"

"Well, I suppose"—

"Very well; $5 if you please," said the young man, extending his hand; "$5 is my usual fee."

The young man forked over the V, and said: "Now, drive ahead, 'squire."

The youthful scion of Blackstone excused himself for a few moments, stepped out and hunted up a justice of the peace, and taking him one side, said: "My cousin is here from the country, and wants to get married. Come up and do the job, will you?"

Together they entered the office, and while the ceremony was going forward, the lawyer applied himself to the work of transforming a page of legal cap into manuscript. After the holy bonds of wedlock had been properly welded, and the marriage certificate duly signed and witnessed, the justice requested the sum of $1.50 as his fee. The young man was astonished. He said:

"Why, I thought"—

"That's all right," broke in the attorney, "that's all right, pay him."

"Why, look here; I just gave you $5 to pay for the business, didn't I?"

"That, my dear sir," said the youthful counselor, smiling blandly, and deprecating the young man's ignorance, "that was a retainer; and here, sir, is my opinion, written out, guaranteeing the marriage to have been perfectly formal and legal in all respects!"

The countryman, in a dazed and bewildered manner, pocketed the opinion, paid the justice his fee, and went out, seeming ashamed to think he didn't know that a marriage would be utterly void unless supported by an attorney's opinion.

Few men have expressed in more exquisite language than Macaulay the affection which every good man feels for his mother: "Make much of it while yet you have that most precious of all good gifts—a loving mother. Read the unfathomable love of those eyes; the kind anxiety of that tone and look however slight your pain. In after-life you may have friends—fond, dear, kind friends; but never will you have again the inexpressible love and gentleness lavished upon you which none but a mother bestows. Often do I sigh in my struggle with the hard, unearing world for the sweet, deep security I felt when of an evening, nestled in her bosom, I listened to some quiet tale, suitable to my age, read in her tender and untiring voice. Never can I forget her sweet glances cast upon me when I appeared asleep; never her kiss of peace at night. Years have passed since we laid her beside my father in the old church-yard, yet still her voice whispers from the grave, and her eyes watch over me as I visit spots long since hallowed to the memory of my mother."

She is a Lewiston woman, weighing, it was supposed, about 250 pounds, but her husband could not induce her to be weighed. So the other day he was driving out with his wife, but she did not notice that the team stood on Mr. Dorman's hay scales while he was talking to a gentleman. He then drove over to Lisbon street and left his wife to do some shopping. Then he drove back to the hay scales, and the team was weighed, minus the wife. It was but a simple sum in subtraction to discover the weight of the woman. On getting home the joke leaked out, but the neighbors declare that he will never see another day of judgment in which he will be more sorry for his sins than he did the hour when his wife learned that she weighed two hundred and forty odd pounds.

A hasty spirit brought bitter woe upon a Montreal woman the other day. Her intended husband offered her his hand as they were about to take their places for the marriage ceremony, saying, "May I lead you?" A sharp glitter came into the woman's eye as she answered, "Yes, for the last time." "Good-bye," said the man, as he walked out of the front door.

Shook's boy heard him say the other day that there was money in hens, and he proceeded to investigate the old man's poultry yard. He had opened a dozen fine specimens without finding any, when the old man descended on him, and the boy now wonders if there's a balm in Gilead.

"Come, Pete," said a merchant to a gentleman of the colored persuasion, "what'll you put that load of wood into the cellar for?" "In de fuss place, my name is Peter, Sir; secondly, I'se a perfeshnal carpet-cleaner and whitewasher; furdermo', I dosen't compete for seeh jobs, Sah!"

Says the Burlington Hawkeye: It is the blissful serenading season, and these bright moonlight nights it is not an uncommon spectacle to see a young man strutting down some quiet street sandwiched in between a fragment of a guitar and a whole dog.

Mark Twain, speaking of a new mosquito netting, writes: "The day is coming when we shall sit under our nets in church and slumber peacefully, while the discomfited flies club together and take it out of the minister.

It is stated that the Philadelphia confectioner who advertised "Centennial Kisses" can't sell any. They are two old. The 16-ials are preferred by men of taste.

A philosopher being asked what was the first thing necessary toward winning the love of a woman, answered, "An opportunity."

It is a happy moment in a young girl's life when she discovers that her lover's moustache and her hair are exactly the same shade.

Look out for another war in about twenty years. Two-thirds of the babies born last year were boys—a sure sign.

Why is the capital of China like a man looking through a key-hole?—It is Pekin—(Peeking.)

From what motive does the fisherman blow his horn in market?—From a selfish motive.—(Sell fish.)

The Journal.

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1876.

It is reported that prospects are good for fall trade. The dry goods and commission houses report early sales and a hopeful outlook. All this talk is certainly encouraging. The substantial facts are what the country is looking for.

John I. Baker, the prohibitory candidate for Governor, has decided to stand, and a good time we hope he will have in standing. He is used to it, this John I., and no doubt thinks he will get four or five thousand votes—quite enough to give him a minority.

And now silver is getting to be a nuisance. A determined stand has been taken in the U. S. House of Representatives by the opponents of the bill to make the silver dollar a legal tender, and there seems to be a prospect that action at this session may be prevented by the exercise of the usual parliamentary expedients.

L. P. Richardson, a son of the late Albert D. Richardson, and a special correspondent of the Springfield Republican, was killed by the Indians on the plains, recently. His body was found about 100 miles north of Fort Laramie, scalped and with some twenty bullets in it. He was only 25 years old, and a nephew of one of the publishers of the Boston Congregationalist.

Senator Caperton of West Virginia, died of disease of the heart, Wednesday, at his rooms in Washington. He had been ill, but not considered in any danger up to a few minutes before he died. He was 67 years old, came from one of the oldest Virginia families, and was a member of the confederate Senate. His body was accompanied home to White Sulphur Springs on Thursday, by a Senate committee.

Our democratic friends about the country are "histing" their banners, even before Tilden has replied to his nomination. He is a sly old fellow, and is in a bad fix. The position of Hendricks, as an inflationist troubles him, and so large a portion of his party believe with Hendricks, that Tilden is no doubt puzzling his brain to give something that will fit all corners of his party. It is a difficult matter to do this, hence his delay.

Those Augusta, Ga., roughs who shot and killed a lot of colored men at Hamburg, S. C., on the 9th inst., now propose to have the surviving negroes arrested and tried for "murder, riot, insurrection, and conspiracy." Warrants are already out for the arrest of thirty-five negroes. This is about as cold-blooded as shooting eight or ten of their number who were peaceably drilling in a military company. But it is very Democratic, however.

The Custer massacre made twenty-four widows at Fort Lincoln, and when the announcement was made to them the agony and wretchedness of these poor women was terrible. What is most painful of all is that most of these poor women are left utterly penniless, without means to take them away from the fort or to subsist on should they get away. Col. Crittenden has already called on a number of Congressmen and presented them with the facts, but relief seems to come very slowly.

After a month or six weeks sweating, with the thermometer indicating 90° and upwards, a cooler streak has struck us, and we breathe easier. Such a term of hot weather the "oldest inhabitant" does not remember. Fields have dried up, many streams have entirely evaporated, and almost everybody has got out of patience with being roasted alive. The mornings and evenings begin to be autumnish, bringing grateful relief to human suffering, and blessed refreshment to those who wish to sleep.

Troops are being hurried to the Western frontier for the purpose of punishing the Indians for the slaughter of Custer and his soldiers. Two companies of artillery are to be taken from forts Adams and Warren at Boston and fort Trumbull at New London. Gens. Crook and Sheridan are to push matters and attack the Indians in the early part of next month. The Indians are believed to outnumber the white soldiers, but in a fair fight the regular troops can easily put them to flight. In this Indian war we are apt to forget that the whites are encroaching upon the possessions of the redskins, and that they are justified in defending themselves. We have taken possession of the Black Hills without purchasing them, and because the Indians retaliate by killing off a few miners, they must be punished. They were justified in defending themselves from the attack of Custer, but we call it a massacre, and in our wrath get up a great war of extermination. In the whole Indian business the Indians have had the worst side of it, having been wronged, cheated and coerced, and the United States Government ought to be ashamed of the treatment it has given them.

Tilden's letter of acceptance: "I accept the nomination. The people wanted me, and so I engineered the convention and got the nomination. The people know me, and it is therefore unnecessary for me to define my position. I am for reform as that word is defined by the Democratic party."

It is now about forty days since Hayes and Wheeler were placed in nomination by the Republican party, and not one word of personal detraction or even campaign scandal have been uttered affecting either.

A Northampton octogenarian persists in burying the body of his deceased wife in his front yard, despite the positive orders of the town fathers to the contrary.

The honesty of the Democratic party is shown by the way they are practicing deceit in regard to the enunciation of principles at their St. Louis Convention. The financial plank of the Convention, as adopted, after charging that the policy of the Republican party had always impeded a return to specie payments, closed with this morsel of political wisdom: "As such a hindrance we denounce the resumption clause, act of 1875, and we here demand its repeal." But when the above came out in official print it had been manipulated so as to read "date" instead of "clause," intending to convey the idea that they call for a change in the date of resumption, instead of calling for a repeal of the clause permitting resumption. This is a cunning trick, which will not go down very well with inflationists, who constitute a large part of the Democratic party. Another clause, which demanded that the present treaty with China should be modified so as to prevent further importation of Celestials, has disappeared from the platform entirely. These tricks of the managers show exactly the deceit which that party practices to secure success. It is easily seen through, however, and will not be likely to catch many votes.

Capt. Rowland of the ill-fated Mohawk, sunk last week, in New York harbor, has been exhonerated from the charge of criminal negligence, by a coroner's jury. His testimony at the inquest was that he himself let loose the mainsail when he saw the squall coming, was contradicted when the yacht was righted, and the mainsail found still fast. He has now been arrested for perjury, and public indignation is strong against him. The funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Garner, Thorne, and Miss May were attended Sunday. The two little children of Commodore Garner were sent to Long Branch, and are still ignorant of the sad fate of their parents.

At Cleveland, O., Wednesday, "Lulu" failed in an attempt to beat Goldsmith Maid's best time, 2.14. She trotted with a running mate, and made the three heats in 2.22, 2.17½ and 2.19¼. In the free-to-all race on Thursday for a purse of $4000, Goldsmith Maid, Smuggler, Judge Fullerton, Lucille and Bodine were the competitors, and the bets were 2 to 1 in favor of the "Maid." On the first two heats she came in ahead in 2.15½, and 2.17¼, but on the three last heats Smuggler was the winner, time 2.16½, 2.19¾ and 2.17½.

The soft money papers bring so little enthusiasm to the support of Tilden that they occasionally forget themselves and commence poking fun at him. Thus the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer writes that Tilden is worth $15,000,000, which he is spending lavishly for campaign purposes, and that he has already spent $30,000 for pictures of himself, which represent him as being 20 years younger than he really is.

The cooler weather increases the attendance of visitors at the Centennial, and the daily admission during September and October is expected to average 100,000. A royalty of $10,000 has been paid on the beer and soda sold on the grounds beside a large sum from manufacturers, who pay 15 per cent., on all sales of articles made, and $850,000 cash receipts at the gates.

Three convicts in the State prison at Charlestown made a bold dash for liberty Wednesday morning, taking advantage of the passing out of a team. Two of them were speedily recaptured on reaching Boston. They were all in for long terms, and one of them is a member of a highly respectable family in Maine, but has led a wild life and been in prison most of the time since he was 20 years old.

A mulatto, who once acted as cook to a gang of Western thieves, claims that the missing Charlie Ross is with them, and wants the detectives to look them up and discover the boy. He is thought to be a fraud, although the police are going to hunt up the matter, and see if they can discover any truth in it. The mulatto tells his story in hope of the reward.

Edward S. Stokes has been transferred from Sing Sing to Auburn Prison, where he is treated like a convict. He sleeps in a cell, eats prison fare, and is to be employed as a packer in the collar-shop. He entreated the storekeeper not to compel him to wear an ill-fitting pair of striped trousers. His term of imprisonment is out this fall.

The progressive Democratic party has illustrated its views of economy by cutting down expenditures which cripple the mail service and inconvenience the public. The mail between New York and Chicago will hereafter occupy 48 hours in transit, a delay of 17 hours. Business men, be sure and vote the Democratic ticket.

"Susie," the famous trotter, was recently sold to J. N. Batchelor for $2000, the owner supposing her to have become incurably lame. Now, when it turns out that her lameness is only temporary, her new owner refuses $10,000 for his bargain. She will trot at the fall races in the principal cities.

Daniel Pratt the great American traveler has come out in favor of Hayes and Wheeler, quenching all personal ambition for the place at the head of the nation which he feels so capable of filling. He signs himself the most abused and sacrificed man on the American continent.

Signs of harmony in the Democratic camp are multiplying. The friends of Tilden are trying to crowd Hendricks off the ticket, and the friends of Hendricks are trying to crowd Tilden off. Between the two the ticket is liable to be swamped.

The salaries of the clerks in railway post offices and route agents have been reduced for economy's sake.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

The camping parties have returned to civilized life.

The great camp meeting at Lake Pleasant commences August 9th.

New stone steps from Main street down to the Palmer market have been laid.

Rev. Mr. Pierce of Brimfield occupied the pulpit of the Congregational church last Sabbath.

Cashier Green, of the Palmer National Bank, is taking a short vacation at Martha's Vineyard.

Detective B. C. Crabtree of the Boston & Albany R. R., has resigned his position on account of failing health.

A few children from the Baptist Sunday school in this village joined in an excursion to Lake Pleasant Wednesday.

Mr. Parker of Brimfield killed a black snake recently which measured six feet in length and five inches around.

A. J. Patterson, D. D., of Boston, will preach in Wales Hall for St. Paul's church to-morrow, at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

The annual fair of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society comes this year on Thursday and Friday, September 28 and 29.

The stereoscopic views of Church street and the interior of the Cong. church with its decorations have been received at Allen & Cowan's.

The annual excursion from Springfield to Rocky Point, which is so much enjoyed by many Palmer people, comes off this year on the 10th of August.

A concrete walk is being extended up Thorndike St. on the westerly side, and efforts will be made to have it continued as far as the food factory.

A "scrub nine" and the "Lone Stars" played a match game at the park, Thursday afternoon, and the latter were victorious by a score of 42 to 17.

A temperance address will be delivered in the Cong. vestry to-morrow evening, by Edwin S. Beecher, of Southbridge—a member of the reform club in that town.

Isaac Plumley of Westfield, who owns a farm in Monson, preached at the Advent chapel last Sunday, and had a big audience of those who knew him when he lived on the farm.

The Antique House now runs a neat and comfortable wagon to the depot on arrival of trains, for the benefit of its patrons, and concrete walks are soon to be put down around the house.

Mr. Hayden, on the "Plumley farm" brings the editor a specimen of the first fruits of the harvest—green corn plucked in the field. A Brimfield subscriber likewise brings an offering of early pears—rich and juicy.

The "Olmstead County Centennial Association" at Rochester, Minn., brought out the military allegory and drama of "The Color Guard," the first week in July, with Lauren E. Crane, formerly of Three Rivers, as manager.

Springfield's new campaign paper, the Democrat, makes his first appearance to-day. It is a four-page paper, about the size of the Journal, and will be issued weekly during the campaign, to furnish aid and comfort to the Tildenites.

Officer J. A. Palmer has just got back from a week's vacation at Block Island, with friends, fishing and resting. In an hour and a half of fishing on one day, the party of ten caught 800 lbs. of fish,—it was hard work, he says, but glorious fun.

The daily weather reports received each morning at our post office, have been discontinued, as one of the results of the reduction in the signal-service appropriation. The signal-service station at Springfield will also be discontinued Monday for the same reason.

Anchor of Hope Lodge I. O. G. T. have elected John S. Leedham, W. C. T., Mrs. M. A. Leedham, W. V. T., Joseph Leedham, W. Sec'y; D. McCrimmon, W. Treas.; E. G. Wood, W. C.; John Blight, W. M.. for the ensuing three months, and they will be installed in due form next Thursday evening.

A Centenarian—Mrs. Jemima Graves, living with her daughter Mrs. Wm. Howard, of Brimfield, is nearly 102 years of age, having been born in Sturbridge in 1774. Her father fought in the revolution, and she remembers well many incidents of that time. Mrs. Graves looks younger than some women of 75, and is a remarkably well preserved centenarian.

A Brimfield officer brought up Edwin F. Sherman, Albert D. Thomas and William M. Valette, for keeping unlicensed dogs; Sherman paid the District Court $20.50, Thomas $17.75 and Valette had his case continued to Friday. Wednesday Nelson O'Clare and Lizzie Fillbo, from Monson, French, were arraigned for lewd and lascivious cohabitation, and after a hearing of their case, discharged from custody.

Considerable interest was shown at the meeting at Temperance Hall Wednesday night, in the subject of forming a new working temperance organization in town. After discussing the aims and benefits of the "Temple of Honor" a committee of two from each village was appointed to work up the matter and report to an adjourned meeting, Monday evening, August 14th. It is proposed to make the new organization, if possible, a town affair, in which the temperance workers from all the villages can unite, and work together. The Temple of Honor is a secret order, entirely distinct and separate from any other, open only to males, over 18 years of age. Its pledge is against all alcoholic liquors, wine or cider, as a beverage, and its principles are "Love, Purity and Fidelity."

WARREN.

At Warren the selectmen have ordered all unlicensed dogs shot, and the slaughter is in progress. The order was occasioned by a mad dog scare at South Warren, where one of the canines has bitten several dogs and cows.

BELCHERTOWN.

Dorman & Sanford, Belchertown millers, had their money drawer robbed recently while they were at dinner.

L. D. Walker is now sole proprietor of the Belcher House, having bought out his partner, John A. White.

WILBRAHAM.

The fall term of the Academy will commence August 23.

Messrs Fellows and Fisk have returned from the Centennial.

A company of Wilbraham people started for the seaside this week, for a short vacation.

The Fire company have built a house for their hook and ladder truck, near the livery stable.

THORNDIKE.

Division No. 2, A. O. H., was organized at Thorndike, Monday night, with the following officers:—Pres't, P. J. Cahill; vice president, J. P. Burns; Rec. Sec'y, J. A. Sullivan: financial secretary, M. O'Reilly; treasurer, J. D. Sullivan.

The Dauntless base-ball club is reorganized for the season and is winning laurels in all directions. On the 3d inst they beat a West Warren club by a score of 15 to 4, and last Saturday played with the "Sure Pops" of Ware, beating them also, by a score of 17 to 11.

MONSON.

Dogs have made recent ravages among the Monson sheep-folds of E. M. Shaw and Wilson Beckwith, carrying off some eight or ten of the flock.

Our carpenters are busy, either on new buildings or shingling old ones, which keeps them in work all the time.

The South band stand is being finished, and will be painted in colors.

The old ell of Green's boarding house is being moved off to make room for a new and tasty addition.

E. S. Willis & Son are having so good a run of trade at their low, popular prices, that they contemplate a permanent occupation of the premises in Green's block.

W. B. Grout has returned from his Western trip much improved in health.

Scholars neither absent nor tardy last term: School No. 8, grammar—Katie Crowley, Mary Davis, Annie Hughes, Edith Leonard, Nellie Leonard, Carrie White, Hattie Wood; intermediate—John Haffey; primary—Maggie Lynes, Jessie Haffey, Josie Leonard, Mary Bliss, Mary Corcoran, Lena Church; school No. 9—Jane Blanchard, Bertha M. Burke, Albert Blanchard, Cady Blanchard; No. 10—Alice Lemon, Mary A Sellig, Agnes M. Sellig, Leon J. Waters; No. 11—Frances A. King, Ida Royce, Ina Royce; No. 12—none; No. 13—Merrill Carew.

WARE AND VICINITY.

The Geo. H. Gilbert M'f'g. Co. make a general reduction in wages August 1st.

Miss Eliza Miner has been induced to remain with the high school another term.

A new water main from the stone bridge on South street to the gas house is being laid.

The East Congregational church will be immediately repainted, outside, by M. L. Snow.

The Sure Pops play at Thorndike to-day (Saturday) against the nine which defeated them last Saturday.

Margaret Lambert of Monson has purchased the Nathaniel Clarke place on Water St. for a sum a little less than $2000.

The sewer on Bank street front of the livery stable has been reopened this week and is now in good condition again.

The high school commences the last Monday in August, the 28th, and the other schools in the village the Monday following.

Peter Welch purchased this week the land on West street, a portion of which was occupied by the barn recently burned, for $235.

The George H. Gilbert m'f'g company commence next week to run their mills six days a week both at Ware and Gilbertville.

A daily milk car has been put on the road this week, to run between Gilbertville and Boston, stopping at Warren for additional supplies.

Within a few weeks the thermometer has indicated a difference of sixty degrees in the temperature. How is this for a temperate climate?

There will will be a meeting of the school committee at H. C. Davis' office this (Saturday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, to examine applicants to teach the high school.

Hereafter the engine and the new fire company will bear the name of Oregon No. 3 instead of Columbia No. 1 according to the vote of the company Wednesday evening.

The Natick assessors report but one sheep, while the Ware assessors report the "ninety and nine." Can it be that the solitary sheep of Natick has strayed from the Ware fold.

Rev. Dr. Perkins is away at the seaside with his family, and the pulpit will be supplied next Sunday by Rev. Mr. Butler, and the Sunday following by Rev. Mr. Hyde, of Haverhill.

Owing to the small appropriations the "Farmer's Bulletin" or weather report will not be posted in the post office hereafter till further notice. Our citizens will miss the report much.

The Reform club had a good attendance at their meeting Monday evening. The president, Rev. John Lyon, made an opening speech, followed by remarks from Mr. Geo. Robinson of Palmer, Sandford Snow and others. The singing by a quartette was excellent.

Hubert Goodwin was brought before trial justice Richards, Tuesday morning, and bound over in the sum of $600, for assault upon officers Canterbury and Barnes, to appear at Northampton in December, and was fined $15 and costs for disturbing the peace, from which he appealed and the whole matter will be brought up at Northampton. In the mean time Goodwin is under $800 bonds.

There was a special meeting of the volunteer fire company in Music Hall, Wednesday evening, and it was voted that a committee purchase 40 caps and belts for the company with the $161 which has been subscribed; also rubber caps and coats for pipemen and rubber boots for suction hosemen. The company buy their own shirts. The constitution and by-laws were assented and subscribed to by twenty. The by-laws require that each member who does not furnish a reasonable excuse for non-appearance at every alarm of fire shall pay a fine of twenty-five cents.—The next regular meeting of the company will be next Wednesday evening.

Last Saturday was an eventful day in Ware. In the afternoon there was a game of ball, witnessed by about 500, on the ball ground; then later came the balloon ascension near the band stand, while still later there were two false alarms of fire, at one of which the fire company came out promptly, and one drunken row, at which the fact was demonstrated that the rowdies, and even some respectable citizens, are ready to take the part of the drunken offender rather than that of the officer. Where the liquor was obtained we do not know, but certainly it seems that for some time there has not been so much drunkenness on our streets as there was last Friday, Saturday and Sunday. We learn that there was a pretty hot fight in one of the saloons on Water street, Thursday evening, bottles, &c., being at a discount.

Brutality to a Child.—George Woodward of Woodsville, N. H., whipped his little nephew, a boy nine years old, so brutally, the other day, for a small offence, as to cause several deep and ugly gashes nearly around his legs. He was arrested and held for trial.

The big saloon, "Plymouth Rock," went aground on her last Rockaway excursion out of New York harbor, with 2000 excursionists on board, and in the confusion two persons, a man and women, were drowned.

Hampden County News.

Theodore Demond, a Mittineague debtor, pays his creditors 25 per cent.

A lodge of the Knights of Honor, a mutual benefit society, has been established at Holyoke.

Willis Adams of Cleveland, O., formerly a Springfield artist is to paint a life-size portrait of Gov. Hayes.

Seventeen hundred dollars are to be taken from the Holyoke license fund to repair a school-house at Baptist village.

A standing reward of $500 is offered by the Holyoke city council for the arrest and conviction of incendiaries—past or present.

Quite a number of the Westfield school-teachers have resigned their places on account of the recent reduction in salaries.

Feeding Hills has a park improvement association which is about to fence in and beautify "the green," by permission from the Legislature.

The 2d Cong. church, Westfield, will be reoccupied the first Sunday in August. Its new $6000 organ is ready for use, and the paid quartette will be displaced by congregational singing.

Widow Barrett of "Cold Spring" was killed near Mittineague last Saturday, while walking on the track, by a Boston & Albany freight train. She leaves several children. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to her death by her own carelessness.

Two More in Vermont.—Mrs. Clarinda Ferry of Hyde Park, Vt., was assaulted and outraged, last Saturday, by two masked men, while picking raspberries in a field. When found, her mouth was filled with small stones tied in with her apron strings. It is supposed a young daughter of Mrs. Ferry's was the intended victim.——The same day, at Orange, Vt., a 14-year old daughter of John Collum, who had been left alone in her father's house, was assaulted by Samuel D. Merriam, a famous Indian doctor, who attempted to violate her person, but failed. Merriam was arrested and lodged in jail. He has been married, but his wife was divorced from him on account of adultery and intolerable severity. Vermont is getting a very unsavory reputation for scoundrels of this sort, and the ruffians ought to be made examples of whenever caught.

A French Remedy for Drowning.—A French doctor claims that one-half of the so-called drowned persons are buried alive, and that they may be brought to life by proper treatment after having been "several hours under water." His remedy is to got out the water, pour in and inject alcoholic stimulants, and use a whip energetically, or hot irons in bad cases. He says that life remains longest in the intestines, and that they may be stimulated to such an extent by heroic treatment that the heart will resume its action.

Fire at Shelburne Falls.—The most disastrous fire of last week in this vicinity was at Shelburne Falls, on the west side of the Deerfield river, last Saturday night. The fire originated in the Newell building, about 8 o'clock, caused by the ignition of turpentine, which a clerk was drawing. The large Woodward house and stable attached, Newell's grocery and hardware, store and two houses and barns were destroyed before the fire spent itself. Loss $80,000, on which there is $42,000 insurance.

Jesse Pomeroy.—Jesse Pomeroy seems to be the most dreaded issue in our politics. Gov. Gaston found his chief element of unpopularity in his inability to condemn the miserable boy to the gallows, and the same faction which formerly railed at him is now abusing Gov. Rice for a similar exhibition of weakness. The only way to get rid of the question seems to be a plank in the platform pledging the candidate, if elected, to have the boy shot.

State Elections.—The following States hold elections prior to November: North Carolina, first Tuesday in August; California, first Wednesday in September; Vermont, first Tuesday in September; Maine, second Monday in September; Georgia, first Wednesday in October; Ohio, Indiana, Nebraska and West Virginia, second Tuesday in October.

Suicide from Melancholy.—Hubbard Hathaway of the English Mills in Woodstock, Vt., committed suicide Saturday morning by hanging himself in the horse shed, where he was found by his wife. He was about 56 years old, and of a melancholy disposition, though of good habits, and had some property. He leaves a wife and one daughter.

The Hoosac.—A telegraph wire runs through the Hoosac Tunnel, and warning is given whenever a train begins or ends a passage. A small force is still employed in examining the sides and roof and removing loose rock wherever it is found. Trains move very slowly, 20 minutes being the schedule time.

Custer's Defeat.—J. B. Omohundro, or "Texas Jack" gives his theory of Custer's defeat. He thinks Gen. Custer was killed at the first fire and carried back by his men when they retreated. He thinks if Custer had been able to direct their movements they would have cut their way through to Reno's line.

Not all Loss.—The man who recently had his hair shaved clean off—the result of a base-ball bet—has been engaged by the New York Herald as correspondent in the Black Hills.

Mount Washington was covered with four inches of snow on Wednesday, and there was a heavy frost at several places in the vicinity.

Hon. William M. Evarts is prominently mentioned as Republican candidate for governor of New York.

Everton, Ind., was destroyed by fire Tuesday night, probably the work of an incendiary.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

"The flower flag" is what the Japanese call the stars and stripes.

Dom Pedro's hotel bills in this country amounted to $40,000.

Mrs. Jane Gray Swisshelm thinks that all cats ought to be killed.

An emery mine has been discovered near Thurman Station, on the Adirondack Railroad, 60 miles north of Troy.

A party of thirteen young ladies from Charlestown have been camping on Ipswich Neck for the past fortnight.

The Emperor of Brazil sustains his reputation. He has already left England behind, and is now on the Continent.

A cloud recently burst in the mountain regions of Eureka, California, drowning thirteen Chinamen and several Italians.

A call has been issued for a National Convention of United States Pensioners at Philadelphia on the 21st of September.

Wheeler & Wilson's large sewing machine factory in Bridgeport, Conn., has been closed, not to resume work until October 1st.

The authorities of Jersey City are taking steps to supply the unemployed of that city with work, to prevent a threatened bread riot.

The Democratic government of Texas has managed to expend more than half a million dollars more than its receipts during the past year.

Leavitt Alley of Boston who was tried in 1873 for the murder of Abijah Ellis and acquitted, died Saturday night, after a long illness.

The little Donahue girl of North Brookfield, who was bitten by a rabid dog a month ago, died Friday night after two days of excruciating suffering.

The Old South Church Society must not be charged with mean-spirited greed. It has a debt of over $200,000 on its shoulders, and cannot afford to be patriotic.

Among those who have accepted invitations to attend the fair of the Worcester West Agricultural Society, in September, are Gov. Rice and Hon. Oliver Warner.

Michael Holran an Irishman of about 45 years, sexton of the Catholic cemetery at Northampton, hung himself Saturday, while in the lock-up for drunkenness.

During the last ten years there have occurred in Rutland, Vt., more disastrous fires and more violent deaths than in any other town of no greater population in New England.

Gov. Tilden, while riding a few miles from Albany last Friday evening, ran into a buggy containing a man and a woman. Both were thrown out, and the man was quite severely injured.

Another Wreck.—A steam yacht, containing a pleasure party of nine persons, returning from Castleton, Thursday night, was capsized on the Hudson, between Troy and Albany, by getting into the swell of the steamer City of Troy, and five of them were drowned, the others saving themselves by swimming to the west shore. The names of the lost are Gregory Fox, Thomas Edgely, George Bloomfield, Jonas Faulkner, and Mary Miniche, and all were members of the Washington Volunteer Steamer Company of Troy. The yacht is a total wreck.

The floods have clapped their hands to the edification of Oregon farmers. There is a rich alluvial deposit, from two to four inches in depth, in the bottom lands of the Columbia River. The protracted overflow has made the low land comparatively high ground, and has stimulated its fertility. The farmers have learned that it's no use crying over spilt water.

The first steam vessel to cross the Atlantic was an American ship, the "Savannah," which left Savannah, Ga., on the 26th of May, 1819, and arrived in Liverpool on the 20th of June. She was chased a whole day off the coast of Ireland by a revenue cruiser, being mistaken for a ship on fire. The vessel was built in New York for the owners.

A man rowing on the Hudson River, near Troy, a few days ago, happening to look into the water, saw the body of a boy lying face upward on the bottom of the river. He dove for the body, caught it, and carried it into a house near by, where it was found that it was still warm, and after proper treatment the lad was resuscitated.

Gov. Tilden, it is said, has promised that a certain western Massachusetts woman shall be his housekeeper if he has the good luck to be elected to the Presidency. The bargain was made when the two were traveling in Switzerland.

Beecher preached last Sunday at the Thousand Island House, the large dining hall and parlors being packed to hear him. An extra train and twenty loaded steamers brought a crowd from the surrounding country.

The Watchman of Boston, makes a point against the Pilot, the Boston Roman Catholic organ, because it publishes more than one column of advertisements of cigars, brandy, gin, whiskey, wine, rum, and lager beer.

The decided bolt of Indiana inflationists is very cruel on Mr. Hendricks, occurring in his own State. He was put on the ticket on purpose to secure the inflation vote, and failing in this his usefulness is at an end.

Four of the Molly Maguires, who have been on trial at Pottsville, Pa., for the murder of Policeman Yost, at Tamaqua, in 1875, were convicted, Saturday evening, of murder in the first degree.

In the Savoy murder cases, on trial in Pittsfield Saturday, the jury found John H. Fairfield, the father, not guilty; but convicted the son of manslaughter in neglecting to provide for his wife.

There are only ten applicants for Mr. Blaine's seat in Congress, but more are to be heard from.

Crimes and Casualties.

By the explosion of a can of kerosene at Logansport, Ind., two young daughters of a Mr. Pritchard were burned to death.——An explosion of fire-damp at Mt. Diablo, Cal., Monday, killed 6 miners and wounded 5 more.——Daniel Kenyon, a Canadian farmer, was killed Tuesday, while gathering his crops, by a neighbor, who claimed the property.——James E. Pannel, a jealous husband at Lancaster, Pa., shot his wife through the head Saturday, in her own home, she having left him on account of excessive cruelty.——Two persons were killed while attempting to escape from a fire in the Globe Mills at Philadelphia.——A New Jersey druggist was burned to death, by the bottom dropping out of a can of burning phosphorus which he was removing, and two boys met a like fate by tipping over a carboy of vitriol in a wagon.——An Italian image vender attempted to outrage a little 10-year-old girl at Lancaster, N. H., Wednesday evening. He was arrested.——Thomas Montjoy has been held in $1000 for trial at Westfield for a fearful assault upon Thomas Lawton of that town, whom he stabbed four times during a drunken brawl, and pounded so severely with a gun as to break his arm. Lawton's injuries are dangerous, perhaps fatal.

Several hundred unemployed workingmen in Cincinnati, after listening to incendiary addresses by Samuel Cary and others about their deplorable condition, went in a body to the mayor's office to demand "bread or blood," but on arriving could find no one bold enough to "tie the bell to the cat" and after waiting half an hour dispersed. The mayor had been apprised of their coming, and was surrounded by a strong posse of police.

A week after the Westfield explosion in 1871, boilers were popping in all parts of the country. Twenty-four hours after the yachting disaster in New York harbor, a skiff was capsized in Iowa and three ladies and a child were drowned; and on the next day five young men lost their lives through the swamping of a steam yacht near Troy.

The wife of a farmer, residing near East Portland, Oregon, gave birth a few days since to a son. On inspecting the hands and feet of the little stranger it was found that there were five fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot. The attending physician says that the feet and hands are perfectly formed and well developed.

Further rich discoveries of gold are reported from Dead Wood, Indian Terr. A reliable correspondent, who has been five weeks in the region reports that fully $1,000,000 are awaiting safe transportation. A nugget worth $147 and several worth from $5 to $15 were seen.

A natural curiosity called Indian Well, in the town of Huntington, Conn., is much visited by picnic parties. This well is about twenty feet deep and almost perfectly round, and has been hollowed out from solid granite by water from a brook.

It is stated, and supported by considerable testimony, that at one of the swimming baths on the Seine, France, recently, a bather was twenty minutes under water, and on the body being recovered was resuscitated, and fully recovered his health.

Ellen Dunn of Fall River, in a drunken debauch, Monday, threw her little child out of a third-story window, and it soon died from its wounds. She was arrested and confined in the lock-up. She has four other small children.

A notice was posted through the mills of the Dwight Corporation at Chicopee, on Monday, to the effect that a general reduction of wages would be made one month from date, if the mills continued to run.

Work is so dull at present in the Boston & Albany car shops in Springfield that the force was slightly reduced last week, and those who remain are obliged to take involuntary vacations in turn.

There is a baby, two weeks old, in Vassar, Mich., which only weighs one pound and a half. Its mother's wedding ring will easily pass over the child's hand and up to the shoulder.

By a vote of the Centennial Board of Finance, organized schools, when visiting the International exhibition in a body will be admitted for 25 cents a head.

D. B. Beaumont, another of the contractors on the Hoosac tunnel line railroad, has failed with some $20,000 liabilities, mostly due to Shelburne Falls parties.

An Indiana lady sent a letter to her brother in California, telling him the family had small pox. A few days later he was attacked by the same disease.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents.
1y3-26

TAKE the whole catalogue of medicine, and you will not find a preparation that cures Kidney, Glandular and Bright's Disease as soon as HUNT'S REMEDY. Gravel, Dropsy, Diabetes, Suppression and Incontinence of Urine, Pains in the Side, Back, and Loins, Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs, and Female Irregularities, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY. HUNT'S REMEDY restores to a sanitary condition the Impaired Nerve Structure.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12†

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals. 13w6

BORN.

At Chicopee, 16th, a daughter to Rev. C. F. FOSTER, formerly assistant superintendent and chaplain at the State Primary School.
At Springfield, 22, a son to T. S. and M. E. STEWART; 25th, a daughter to EDWARD A. and ELNER C. ALDRICH.
At Ludlow, 22d, a daughter to CHARLES B. BENEDICT.
At Athol, 22d, a son to ADDISON M. SAWYER.

MARRIED.

At Ware, 21st, by Rev. Chas. Boucher, ALFRED BARBOUR and ISABELLE THORNTON.
At Florence, 18th, JOHN. O. STAAB and LOTTIE E. RUMMELL.
At East Granville, 23d, ALBERT C. MOORE and MARY E. SEARLE.
At New York, 18th, by Rev. J. Dowling, LORIN P. ALLEN and GERTRUDE C. WALTERS, both of Longmeadow, Mass.

DIED.

At Palmer, 23d, JULIA MOHNEY, 20.
At Gilbertville, 20th, ROXANA BARLOW, 91.
At Stafford, Ct., 18th, DANIEL PINNER, 78.
At Warren, 24th, HANNAH A., wife of Rev. J. H. Moore.
At Ludlow, 24th, PHILO A. HARRIS, 35; 25th, FRANKLIN FULLER, 76.
At Feeding Hills, 24th, JOHN S. BELL, 82.
At Holyoke, 22d, AUSTIN T., 1 year and 2 months, son of M. Shiue.
At Springfield, 23d, C. HERBERT LESLEY, infant son of Charles Taylor; 25th, Mrs. LEVI GRAVES, 62, mother of M. C. Graves; 25th, suddenly, EDWARD RENNEY; 25th, infant son of FRANCIS and LIZZIE DAGGETT.
At Northampton, 22d, BETSEY, 80, wife of Samuel Wright.
At Westfield, 22d, MAUD DEWOLF, 7 months, daughtes of Dr. Harlow; 24th, NELLIE E., 23, wife of Charles Noble.

FOR SALE!

A GOOD HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS,

IN THIS VILLAGE.

Good barn, wells, orchard, etc., on the place. Will be sold low if applied for soon, and easy terms of payment given. For further information apply at the JOURNAL Office.

☞ Also, A NEW HOUSE, in good locality.
Palmer, July 28, 1876. 18tf

MORSE,

Of the "Central Shoe Store," Springfield, don't seem to know anything about the dull times. His famous establishment, No. 376 Main street, is lively as a "town meeting," and no postponement on account of the season, weather or thermometer. 4w18†

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public thot they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

NOTICE.

The Assessors of Palmer give notice that they have delivered to H. A. Northrop, Collector of Taxes, a correct list of the taxes, together with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same. And by vote of the town all persons who shall voluntarily pay the collector their taxes on or before August 20th, 1876, a discount will be made on their taxes of six per cent.

JOHN CLOUGH, DAVID KNOX, D. B. BISHOP, } Assessors of Palmer.
Palmer, July 13th, 1876. 3w16

DID YOU TRY THE

RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by
2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

I STILL LIVE.

MY STOCK OF

CLOTHING

——AND——

DRESS GOODS

MARKED

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN

To Cost and Below Cost!

NEW GOODS DAILY.

PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!

LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!

Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!

Please call and examine goods and Prices!

FRESH LINE OF

CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

STRAW MATTINGS,

LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,

TICKINGS, &c.

A. H. WILLIS.

Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

PALMER

Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,

Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!

Complete Stock!

Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES!

SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON,	"DOMESTIC,"
SINGER,	VICTOR,
WILSON,	WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE,	HOWE,
WEED,	AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE.
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

CEMETERY WORK.

Those citizens of Palmer and vicinity who may be in want of Cemetery Work of any description, will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber and examine

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS

of work erected by the

RUTLAND MONUMENTAL WORKS,

before purchasing elsewhere. Work manufactured from the best varieties of

MARBLE or GRANITE, either AMERICAN or FOREIGN,

and finished in a superior manner and at HARD TIMES PRICES.

O. L. SLADER, Agent.
Palmer, May 5th 1876. tf

DR. HIGGINS'
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SPRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are SPECIAL AGENTS for the sale of

GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS

in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS

——IN——

38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS

FOR 1876,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

J. S. LEEDHAM,

WATCHMAKER,

69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

Great Reduction in Elgin Watches!
Great Reduction in Waltham Watches!
Great Reduction in Springfield Watches!

If you are in need of a good Watch of any grade or make, call and get my prices, which are as LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

All kinds of Watches thoroughly and scientifically repaired. Imperfect or unsatisfactory timekeepers corrected and made to perform well at moderate charges. Ordinary watches of sound construction can be converted into good timekeepers by the application of chronometer balances with accurate adjustment.

CHARGES THE LOWEST, CONSISTENT WITH GOOD WORK.

J. S. LEEDHAM,
11tf 69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,
T. J. SULLIVAN.
Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.
E DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 3tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.
S. S. TAFT.
Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Bridget Curley late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
HENRY P. HOLDEN, Adm'r.
Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the will of Alonzo N. Dewey, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
LAURA E. CHILD, Executrix.
Palmer, July 11, 1876. 3w16g

TO RENT!

An up-stairs tenement of four or five rooms. Inquire at FOSKET & HOLBROOK'S Meal Store,
Palmer, July 12, 1876. 3w16*

U. S.

PIANO CO.,

810 Broadway,

New York.

MAKE

ONLY ONE STYLE,

AND HAVE

BUT ONE PRICE,

$290.00.

Sent on Trial.

NO AGENTS,

NO DISCOUNTS,

NO COMMISSIONS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.

MAILED FREE.
18tf

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD-OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL;

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6mS

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, ½ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,
At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for July 30, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

Solomon's Prayer.—1 Kings viii, 22-30.

V. 22. Solomon had a brazen scaffold, a sort of pulpit, which he mounted and then knelt down to pray. The spreading out of the hands, like our folding of them is a sign o' praying.

V. 23. "There is no God like thee," etc, means: "nothing is like to Thee, who art in heaven above and on earth below." Jehovah is the only true God. He has shown himself such by keeping his covenant and by his mercy.

V. 24. Also by the fulfillment of his gracious promise to David.

V. 25. Here is a request that God would fulfill his promise with regard to David's race and their occupation of the throne of Israel.

V. 26. The repetition of the petition shows its urgeney.

V. 27. The chief object of the present prayer is the temple. Therefore Solomon's petition now turns to it. The central desire is that God would hear prayers offered in this place. Hence the thought, can the infinite, unconfined Deity dwell here? The answer is found in the expression of confidence that He can manifest himself in the temple; can show Himself there as the answerer of prayer.

V. 28. The petition here is that God would hear the present prayer.

V. 29. This verse is a request that Jehovah would always see when any one prays here; would turn His eyes and ears toward the house built for Him.

V. 30. The temple and heaven are put in antithesis. This parallelizing of the two is eminently Scriptural. The earthly sanctuary is an image of the heavenly. The place where Jehovah dwells and is enthroned is a counterpart of heaven. It points in symbol to the peculiar and true dwelling place of God, heaven itself. The prayer for hearing is followed by a prayer for forgiveness. "Every answer to prayer rests on the sin-pardoning grace of God."

Suggestions. This prayer was offered in the name of the whole nation. "Had we nothing belonging to Jewish antiquity but this prayer, it would alone suffice to attest the depth, the purity, and the truth of the Israelitish knowledge of God and of salvation, over against the religious ideas of all other peoples." The idea in it that no temple could contain God in His omnipresence is a decided refutation of the ideas of God which the heathen peoples held, according to which they represented Him as a creature. Yet just because He is infinite He can commune and communicate with the finite. As he dwells in heaven so he can dwell on earth. He has revealed Himself to Israel as a moral being. Heathen nature-religions know nothing of this. "In the new covenant we no longer call upon God as the God of Israel, but as the father of our Lord Jesus Christ, because he has revealed himself to us through Christ, and because through Christ alone do we find in Him the true God, the God of grace and mercy."

A gentleman afflicted with an impediment in his speech took dinner at a tavern, and calling to a waiter addressed him thus:—"We-w-waiter, gi-give me s-s-some r-r-r-roast b-b-beef." The waiter stammered out in reply, "W-w-we a-a-ain't g-g-got any." At which the gentleman, highly enraged, supposing the servant was mocking him, sprang from his seat and was proceeding to knock him down, when a third person arrested his arm and cried to him not to strike, saying: "He st-st-stutters s-s-same as w-we d-d-do!"

During the recent tornado a couple of Pennsylvania boys were up in a cherry tree stealing cherries. The tornado carried off the cherry tree, and neither the boys nor the tree have been seen since. Moral: Never tell a lie.

In all illustrations of dupes and duped in the records of spurious psychology—from the guile of a Cromwell, a Mohammed, down to the cheats of gypsy—professional visionaries are amongst the astutest observers.—*Bulwer.*

The Hessian fly is doing much damage in Iowa, and a Keokuk paper inquiringly asks whence this new pest originated? Why everybody ought to know that it was Washington who made the Hessian fly.

A loving British wife's posteript to a letter addressed to her husband in New York: "Dear William, I have perused the police reports and morgue returns every day, hoping to see your name."

A sensible writer advises those who would enjoy good eating to keep good-natured, for, says he, "an angry man cannot tell whether he is eating boiled cabbage or stewed umbrellas."

There is something wonderfully grand and impressive about the roar of thunder, until you disover it has soured the last half-pint of milk in the house.

"Did any of you ever see an elephant's skin?" inquired a teacher of an infant class. "Yes, sir." "Where?" "On an elephant."

The individual who called tight boots comfortable defended his position by saying they made a man forget all his other miseries.

"A contributor," writing with the thermometer at ninety-eight, says that Crazy Horse has lost his equincimity.

"He's a polished gentleman," said she, gazing fondly at the bald head which showeth her handiwork.

A traveler has discovered that conductors own the railroads and that clerks own the hotels.

A South Carolina paper is called the *Nut Shell.* Of course it is edited by a "Kernel."

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,

57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

CENTENNIAL.

CANE AND CHAIR COMBINED.

Before going to the Exhibition secure one of these indispensable companions, that you may sit when and where you please.

ESPECIALLY VALUABLE FOR LADIES,

who cannot possibly endure the fatigue without one. Weigh only 20 ounces. Price $2. The only article in the market that is just what you want.

C. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,

2w16* No. 808 Market St., Philadelphia.

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,

DENTIST,

SPRINGFIELD, Mass

Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-26

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.

New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout.* He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.

E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

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MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER,..... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

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EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels.
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks.
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads.	Masonic Printing.
Business Cards.	Mottoes.
Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills.	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

A. B. BURDICK,

MANUFACTURING JEWELER, ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

Vest Chains, Guards, Roman Neck and Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Plain and Seal Rings, made to order. Workmanship first-class; quality as represented. Repairing and remodeling fine work a specialty. Society Badges made to order. Address P. O. BOX 1114,

Springfield, Mass.

3m5§

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

THE GREAT CHANCE OF THE YEAR.

The GRAND EVENT in the

MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS MARKET

And CLEARING-OUT SALE at

The "MONITOR."

Thousands of Dollars saved to the people through the sweeping reductions we have made

In STRAW GOODS,
In TRIMMED GOODS,
In FRENCH FLOWERS,
In RIBBONS,
In TRIMMING SILKS,

Even in the most STAPLE GOODS we are making determined SLAUGHTER and are offering EXTRAORDINARY Bargains.

In LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE!

In LADIES' LISLE GLOVES at 12½c.

Corsets! Corsets! from 30 cts. to $1.00.

PARASOLS!

VICTORIA LAWNS from 10½c.
SWISS MUSLINS from 10 cts.

HAMBURG EDGINGS! HAMBURG EDGINGS!

TABLE LINENS! TOWELS!

FINE IRISH LINENS!

GENT'S MERINO UNDERWEAR! Gent's Fine Dress Shirts $1.00. Gent's Cheviot Shirts 88 cts. French C. G. Socks, 3 pair for 50 cts.

OURS IS ALWAYS THE MOST RELIABLE SALE OF THE SEASON,

And we offer this time the largest variety of goods in Springfield, fully 20 per cent less than our competitors.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

MALLEY & COSTELLO,

"MONITOR,"

490 MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - MASS.

3m1§

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &c.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

13m7 Springfield, Mass.

PORTLAND STONE WARE CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in

DRAIN & SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK,

Chimney Tops, Terra-Cotta Garden Vases,

EARTHEN and FANCY FLOWER POTS,

Land Tile, Antiquarian Ware, &c. We Warrant all our goods.

400 Federal Street, 30 Milby, } BOSTON, Mass.

3m52c GEO. C. DUNNE, Agent.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 51

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,
FANCY WARE,
CUTLERY,
PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,

Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

O. I. C.

FURNITURE

—FOR—

PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS,

Libraries, Dining and Sitting Rooms,

all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts.

Carpets.

From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

Stoves.

Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

CROCKERY.

T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

METCALF & LUTHER,

Opposite Court Square,

6m1§ Springfield, Mass.

How to Paint.

USE

HARRISON BROS. & CO'S.

"TOWN AND COUNTRY"

READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
Handsome and Permanent.
No waste or loss of time in mixing.
Do not crack or peel.
Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
Can be applied by any one.
Free from objectionable ingredients generally used in so-called "Chemical" Paint.
Sample cards on application.
Order this brand from your dealer.
Insert it in your contracts.
Take no other.
Do not accept any substitute.

For sale (wholesale only) at
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Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

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Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

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LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

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M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

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TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

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For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 3.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

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PALMER.

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C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

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CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

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E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

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JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Time is Money.

Time is money, says the traveler,
Let me not a moment stay;
I shall surely lose my passage
If an instant I delay.
Then again I must lie over,
Pay new bills, and lose a day;
Then I lose both time and money—
Surely, I must haste away.

Time is money, says the farmer;
If I want a crop of grain,
I must sow my seed in season,
Or my toil will be in vain.
Time is money, says his neighbor,
As he lists the thunder roar;
Let us save the well dried clover,
Ere 'tis ruined by the shower.

Time is money, says the student,
As he nears commencement day;
If I lose another hour,
I shall fail in my essay.
Failing to receive promotion,
I another term must stay;
Health, and strength, and money wasted,
I can ill afford delay.

Time is money, says the merchant—
Not a moment can I spare;
I must hasten or I lose it—
Sales like that are very rare.
I may save a full month's profits
If this bargain I secure;
I must make a speedy effort—
Time is money, that is sure.

Time is even more than money;
Money lost may be regained,
And, with proper care and prudence,
For a space may be retained.
But our time is evanescent,
Making for us no delay;
And may never be recovered,
If it be once thrown away.

THE TAX COLLECTOR'S WIFE.

The night shadows were beginning to settle down upon the earth. All day the rain had been falling, sometimes in heavy showers; the roses and pinks in the garden had a sickly look, for the petals hung low and were heavy with water and with mud that had splashed upon them. The clouds were still dark and threatening, bespeaking a stormy night. The little town of Ashton, in Virginia, was unusually quiet. The streets were too muddy and the weather too inclement to entice people from their homes. Only now and then a solitary traveler was to be seen.

In a vine-wreathed cottage on a flower-sprinkled lawn the supper had been waiting over an hour for the master of the house, whose business had necessitated his being absent from home all day. Mr. Jacobs was the tax collector of the district, and consequently could not wait the return of pleasant weather before pursuing his journey. Therefore, he had equipped himself in his India rubber overgarment in the morning, and had gone about his business, leaving his wife the promise of an early return in the evening; but supper time had come and gone without his making his appearance. Mrs. Jacobs, however, was not anxious as yet. Such delays were too frequent to cause this one to give her any uneasiness of mind.

She flitted about the house, busy with evening duties, singing a gay song as she went. She was a bright little woman, with a world of courage written in her dark, sparkling eyes.

Anon she disrobed her little ones and put them to bed; and when the night shadows turned into an inky blackness she seated herself by the lamp and began to work, still leaving the supper table spread, and the food on the stove keeping warm for the return of her husband. But the little clock on the mantle-shelf had told her the hour of ten before his step was heard at the door. He came in hurriedly, and strode to a seat without removing his dripping outer garments.

"I must go to Richmond to-night," he said, in answer to his wife's questioning look.

"To Richmond!" repeated his wife, in dismay. "Twenty miles in the storm!"

"Can't be helped," he returned. "Business is business, you know."

He removed his hand from his pocket and took off his hat, revealing the handsome face of a light-complexioned, middle-aged man. He had large gray eyes, but they wore an anxious expression, and their glance wandered restlessly about the apartment.

"Jane," he said, suddenly, again diving his hand into his troublesome pocket, "do you suppose you could take care of a large sum of money till to-morrow?"

"Why, yes," she answered, in surprise.

"I have collected $5000," he continued; "it is too late to get the sum into the bank, and I do not care to carry so much with me."

"Well, you can leave it here as well as not. No one would think of my having such a sum of money."

He drew a large wallet from his pocket and placed it in her hands.

"It belongs to the government, and if you let it pass from your hands I am ruined," he added.

And he rose as if to depart.

"You are going to eat some supper?" he inquired.

"No, I have no time to lose. I must reach Richmond by midnight. Good-bye. Take good care of the money, and fasten all the doors."

He gave her a hurried kiss and was gone.

But the sound of his footsteps had scarcely died away before Mrs. Jacobs began to feel a strange fear creeping over her. Why it was she knew not. She had lived there seven years, and slept there many a night without the doors even being shut. Now they were locked and bolted, she could not think of going to bed. She was too nervous for that. She was likewise too nervous to work. She put the money in the pocket of her dress, and clasping it tightly in her hands, she sat very still, gazing anxiously into nothingness, and listening so intensely that silence became a fearful mingling of discordant sounds in her ears.

An hour passed. It had been an age to her. Presently she heard a sound. It was not the rain, for there was perfect lull in the storm. It could not be a neighbor, for she lived in the outskirts of the village, some distance from any one, and she was not likely to be called up in case of sickness.

Again she heard it. It seemed as if a window sash had been slowly raised. Strange that she should have forgotten to fasten them down!

"Why didn't John leave me his revolver?" she mused. "I have nothing with which to protect myself in case I should be molested to-night. It was really an oversight in him."

Again she heard the sound. It seemed to come from the bedroom. It was surely the raising of a sash. Then there was the sound of a movement, as though some one was entering that way.

Fear nearly paralyzed her for a moment, but she quickly rallied, and, taking up the lamp, proceeded to investigate the matter. She had scarcely opened the door when she staggered back with a half-suppressed scream. Two men in hideous disguises were already in the room, and a third ruffian was in the act of crawling through the window. Involuntarily she clutched the pocket which contained the money, thinking meanwhile how she would protect herself and it. Alas! she had nothing but her own weak hands with which to fight the battle, and she well knew how powerless they were compared with the strength of the enemy.

"What do you want here?" she asked in a faltering voice.

"We want the $5000 which you have in keeping for your husband," said one of them.

They knew that she had it in her possession.

"You can get no money from me," she said, decisively; "I have no money."

"A pretty little fib," he responded. "We will just look into your pocket and see."

In her eagerness to preserve her treasure she clutched the pocket of her dress with both hands, thus unconsciously betraying its whereabouts.

She turned pale when the knowledge of her thoughtlessness was revealed to her.

"You can't have it; you shan't have it," she cried, knowing all the while that they would have it in spite of her.

"We will see," exclaimed the man, seizing her in his arms.

She struggled desperately, but was soon overpowered, and the money taken from her.

"Let us go now," said one of the robbers. "You take the money, and I will settle her tongue in a way that it will remain quiet for one hour, at least."

"Don't be in a hurry," said another; "I am hungry, and we can just as well take a morsel here as not."

The other demurred, but he continued:—"Set to work and get some supper. You've got a fire and some boiling water, and we want some tea. To work, I say!"

Mrs. Jacobs knew that a refusal would only subject herself to more indignity, and she arose to do their bidding.

She put some more plates on the table, along with such food as she had cooked, and then proceeded to make the tea, wondering all the while if there was any way to regain possession of the money, and dreading her husband's anger and dismay on his return, should she fail to do so.

As she took the tea canister from the pantry shelf, she caught sight of a bottle labeled "arsenic." Her husband had purchased it on the preceding day in order to destroy the rats.

Here was the chance of relief, and she seized it eagerly. Opening the bottle, she put a few grains into the teapot along with the tea, of which she gave good measure, in order to destroy the taste of the arsenic.

A few minutes later the robbers were sitting at the table, unconsciously sipping their death.

"They may kill me," mused the faithful wife, "but the money will be found, and my husband's honor saved."

After a few minutes, one by one, the robbers complained of being sick.

"I verily believe the woman has poisoned us," said one, and the next moment he fell with a deep groan to the floor.

"I know that she has poisoned us," cried another, "and her own life shall pay the forfeit."

He sprang from his seat and started toward her, revolver in hand; but he fell ere he reached her.

"Jane," exclaimed the third, "you have saved the money, but you have murdered me!"

How strangely familiar sounded the voice! Forgetting all her old fears in the new, Mrs. Jacobs sprang forward and knelt by the side of the dying man. None tried to harm her now, for all were powerless to do so.

She pulled the disguise—a hideous negro face with large grinning mouth—from the face of the speaker. One look—then came a scream which echoed through the house like peal of thunder. The dying man was her own husband.

But little more remains to be told of the sad story. The money was preserved, but the heroic woman is a maniac, raving in an asylum over the murder of her husband.

The power of money is, on the whole, over estimated. The greatest things which have been done for the world have not been accomplished by rich men, or by subscription lists, but by men of small means. The greatest thinkers, discoverers, inventors, and artists have been men of moderate wealth, many of them little raised above the condition of worldly circumstances: and it will always be so. Riches are oftener an impediment than a stimulus to action, and in many cases as much of a misfortune as a blessing. The youth who inherits wealth is apt to have life made too easy for him, and he soon grows sated with it, because he has nothing left to desire. Having no special object to struggle for, he finds time heavy on his hands—remains morally and mentally asleep—and his position in society is often no higher than that of a polypus over which the tide floats.

Nothing can be more degrading to womanhood than to marry in order to get bread; and yet it is not only done, but special plans laid for it by worthy parents, who exult in proportion to their success in driving a bargain. Better far to see an innocent pair of young lovers brave enough, while waiting for happier times, to work till they, by their own industry, can rear a roof-tree over their heads. Better for the lonely old woman, in poverty and sorrow, than the wedded wife who has brought with her no tie to that which, without them, cannot be a true marriage in God's sight! The marriages cemented by interest, and those formed by levity, are equally productive of sorrowful consequences.

At the closing of a concert, while a young gentleman was struggling with his hat, cane, overcoat, opera-glass, and his young lady's fan, all of which he was trying to retain on his lap, a suspicious-looking black bottle fell on the floor with a thud. "There," he exclaimed to his companion, "I shall lose my cough medicine!" That was presence of mind for you.

The experiment has been tried in London of establishing penny banks in connection with the public schools, and with eminent success. In a few months 5,266 children had deposited no less than £1,124. A similar experiment has been tried, with like success, at Norwich and Carmarthen.

A Canadian raftsman was recently attacked by two lynxes, and after a very desperate fight killed them. He showed their skins in town, as an evidence of the rough time he had had, and was fined by the authorities to the tune of $40 for killing them out of season.

TREATING THE GIRL.

People have noticed that one of the handsomest young men in Burlington has suddenly grown bald, and dissipation is attributed as the cause. Ah, no; he went to a church sociable the other week and took three charming girls out to the refreshment table, let them eat all they wanted, and then found he had left his pocket-book at home, and a deaf man at the cashier's desk. The young man, with his face aflame, bent down and said, softly:

"I am ashamed to say that I have no change with—"

"Hey?" shouted the cashier.

"I regret to say," the young man repeated on a little louder key, "that I have unfortunately came away without any change to—"

"Change two?" chirped the deaf man; "oh, yes, I can change five if you want it."

"No," the young man explained in a terribly penetrating whisper, for half a dozen people were crowding up behind him, impatient to pay their bills and get away, "I don't want any change, because—"

"Oh, don't want any change," the deaf man cried gleefully. "'Bleeged to ye, 'bleeged to ye. 'Taint often we get such generous donations. Pass over your bill."

"No, no," the young man explained, "I have no funds—"

"Oh, yes, plenty of fun," the deaf man replied, growing tired of the conversation, and noticing the long line of people waiting with money in their hands, "but I haven't got time to talk about it now. Please settle and move on."

"But," the young man gasped out, "I have no money—"

"Go Monday?" queried the deaf cashier. "I don't care when you go. You must pay and let those other people come up."

"I have no money!" the mortified young man shouted, ready to sink into the earth, while the people all around him, and especially the three girls he had treated, were giggling and chuckling audibly.

"Owe money?" the cashier said. "Of course you do; two dollars and seventy-five cents."

"I can't pay!" the youth screamed, and by turning his pockets wrong side out and yelling his poverty to the heavens, he finally made the deaf man understand. And then he had to shriek out his full name three times, while his ears fairly rang with the half-stifled laughter that was breaking out all around him; and he had to scream out where he worked, and roar when he would pay, and he couldn't get the deaf man to understand him until some of the church members came up to see what the uproar was, and recognizing their young friend made it all right with the cashier. And the young man went out into the night and clubbed himself, and shred his locks away until he was bald as an egg.

THE MATRIMONIAL CREED.

Whosoever will be married, before all things it is necessary that he hold the conjugal faith; and the conjugal faith is this: That there were two rational beings created, both equal, and yet one superior to the other; and the inferior shall bear rule over the superior; which faith, except every one keep whole, and undefiled, without doubt, he shall be scolded at everlastingly.

The man is superior to the woman and the woman is inferior to the man: yet both are equal, and the woman shall govern the man.

The woman is commanded to obey the man, and the man ought to obey the woman.

And yet there are not two obedients, but one obedient.

For there is one dominion nominal of the husband, and another dominion real of the wife.

And yet there are not two dominions, but one dominion.

For, like as we are compelled by the Christian verity to acknowledge, that wives must submit themselves to their husbands, and be subject to them in all things;

So we are forbidden by the conjugal faith to say, that they should be at all influenced by their wills, or pay regards to their commands.

The man was not created for the woman, but the woman for the man;

Yet the man shall be the slave of the woman, and the woman the tyrant of the man:

So that in all things, as aforesaid, the subjection of the superior to the inferior is to be believed.

He, therefore, that will be married, must thus think of the woman and the man.

Furthermore, it is necessary to submissive matrimony, that he also believe rightly the infallibility of the wife.

For the right faith is, that we believe and confess, that the wife is fallible and infallible;

Perfectly fallible and perfectly infallible; of an erring soul and unerring mind subsisting; fallible, as touching her human nature; and infallible, as touching her female sex.

Who, although she be fallible and infallible, yet she is not two, but one woman; who submitted to lawful marriage to acquire unlawful dominion; and promised religiously to obey, that she might rule with uncontrolled sway.

This is the conjugal faith; which, except a man believe faithfully, he cannot be married.

EVE'S WISDOM VINDICATED.—Now comes a physiologist, who, unlighted by the lamp of a fish diet, proclaims to mankind that apples are the proper food, after all, of the sedentary brain workers. The apple, according to this observer, who obviously investigates things to the core, contains more phosphorus, or brain sustenance, than any other member of the vegetable republic; therefore it is conducive to mental activity.

There are grounds for crediting this, and grounds not wholly connected with the Darwinian origin of species, either. It was from that old pippen in the orchard of Eden that the grand old gardener and his wife derived their first intellectual inkling. They were Simians, low browed, disagreeable, anthropoid apes. They took to a diet of apples, prepaired for them by the same culinary artist who is now supposed to be ceaselessly occupied in "cooking the goose" of mankind, and, lo! at one flash intellect dawned upon them, and they found themselves, matrimonially speaking, the first phosphorus match ever arranged, with a lucifer to spare.

Cockney at the Falls of Niagara, when asked how he liked them, replied—"They are 'andsome, quite so; but they don't quite hanswer my hexpectations; besides, I got thoroughly wetted and lost my 'at. I prefer to look at 'em in an hengraving, in 'ot weather, and in the 'ouse."

Soliloquy by a tippler—The public always notices you when you have been drinking, but never when you are thirsty.

The Purest Pearl.

Beside the church door, aweary and alone,
A blind woman sat on the cold door-stone.
The wind was bitter, the snow fell fast,
And a mocking voice in the fitful blast
Seemed ever to echo her moaning cry,
As she begged for alms of the passers-by:
"Have pity on me, have pity, I pray;
My back is bent and my head is gray."

The bells were ringing the hour of prayer,
And many good people were gathering there;
But, covered with furs and mantles warm,
They hurried past through the wintry storm.

Some were hoping their souls to save,
And some were thinking of death and the grave;
And, alas! they had no time to heed
The poor soul asking for charity's meed.
And some were blooming with beauty's grace,
Closely muffled in veils of lace;
They saw not the sorrow nor heard the moan
Of her who sat on the cold door-stone.

At last came one of a noble name,
By the city counted the wealthiest dame;
And the pearls that o'er her neck were strung
She proudly these to the beggar flung.

Then followed a maiden young and fair,
Adorned with clusters of golden hair;
But her dress was thin, and scanty, and worn—
Not even the beggar's seemed more forlorn.
With a tearful look and pitying sigh,
She whispered, soft, "No jewels have I,
But I give you my prayers, good friend," said she,
"And surely I know God listens to me."

On her poor, weak hand, so shrunken and small,
The blind woman felt a tear-drop fall,
Then kissed it, and said to the weeping girl—
"It is you that have given the purest pearl."

UNCOMPROMISING HONESTY.

The other day a man with a gaunt look halted before an eating-stand at the Central market, and after a long survey of the viands, he said to the woman:

"I am a poor man, but I'll be honest if I have to be buried in Pauper's field."

"What's the matter now?" asked the woman, regarding him with suspicion.

"No one saw me pick up a $20 bill here by this stand early this morning, but as I said before, I'll be honest."

"A $20 bill—pick up!" she whispered bringing a bland smile to her face.

"I suppose," he continued, "that some one passing along here could have dropped such a bill, but it seems more reasonable to think that the money was lost by you."

"Don't talk quite so loud," she said, as she leaned over the stand. "You are an honest man, and I'll have your name put in the papers so that all may know it. I'm a hard-working widow, and if you hadn't brought back that money it would have gone hard with my poor little children."

"If I pick up money by a stand I always give it up," he said, as he sat down on one of the stools.

"That's right—that's honest," she whispered. "Draw right up here and have some breakfast."

He needed no second invitation. The way he went for cold ham, fried sausage, biscuit and coffee was terrific to the woman.

"Yes—I—um—try—to—be—honest," he remarked between bites.

"That's right. If I found any money belonging to you I'd give it up, you bet. Have another cup of coffee?"

"Don't—care—fidoo," he said, as he jammed more ham into his mouth.

Even courtships have an ending. The old chap finally began to breathe like a foundered horse, and pretty soon after that he rose from the table.

"You are a good man to bring my lost money back," said the woman, as she brushed away the crumbs.

"Oh, I'm honest;" he replied, "when I find any lost money I always give it up."

"Well, I'll take it now, please," she said, as he begun to button his coat.

"Take what?" he asked.

"That lost money you found."

"I didn't find any! I'll be honest with you however, if I ever do find any around here!"

"You old liar! Didn't you say you found a $20 bill here?"

"No, ma'am. I said no one saw me pick up such a bill here!"

"Pay me for them pervishuns!" she yelled clutching at his throat.

"I'll be honest with you—I haven't a cent!" he replied, as he held off.

She tried to trip him over into a barrel of charcoal, but he broke loose and before she recovered from her amazement he was a block away and galloping like a stage-horse.

A ROMANCE.—Who says that the days of romance are ended? They were peasants in blue blouses; they worked in the garden of the chateau; and they fell in love with their employer's daughters, who, as the Bab ballad has it, "reciprocated it." The young ladies were handsome and accomplished, speaking French, English, and Italian fluently, and each was entitled to a fortune on coming of age. Their father, an elderly French gentleman, discovered, one morning, that they had eloped with the two young gardeners. He followed the runaways across the Channel to Southampton, and overtook them at Liverpool. The Paulines did not wish to leave their Claudes, and hence there were tears, threats, and finally a parting. The young ladies were under age—one being 19 and the other 17—and the father exercised his parental authority. Their sweethearts—pretty boys of 15 and 17—decided to set sail for America without delay. The elder lady whispered to her low-born lover that she would soon be of age and have several thousand francs a year in her own right, and, and—so they parted. If you don't say this is a pretty nosegay from the gardens of romance, may you never see the Lady of Lyons again!

THE GERM OF EVIL.—Children, little girls especially, should not become accustomed to be kissed by strange gentlemen. One of the first lessons a child should be taught is to permit no stranger to touch it, and to resent with all its force any personal liberty. I always look with apprehension to the future of a child who goes like a cat to every stranger to be caressed; and one that kisses anybody and everybody, or makes merchandise of these commodities—exchanging them for candies and coppers—has need of an early grave as its only safe refuge.

The "liberty cap" is said to derive its significance from the fact that when the Romans manumitted slaves the heads of the latter were shaved, and they received a cap as a badge of their liberty—of which it has since become the emblem. The master also gave the slave a white robe, which is also suggestive of the origin of the flowing decollette robe worn by the Goddess of Liberty.

The useless waste of money on weddings and funerals calls for reform. Extravagance makes young men dread marriage and death.

ATTRACTIVENESS IN WOMEN.

Personal attractions most girls possess, at any rate in a sufficient degree to render them attractive to somebody; for, although there are standards of beauty, yet these do not prevail with all people. The following sensible article from a leading paper in the West, will apply to the ladies here as well as to the women of the locality for which the article was intended: "There is something wonderful in the difference of aspect which the same face wears to different beholders. Probably the philosophical explanation of this is that that which is hidden from all becomes immediately and instinctively apparent to the eye of love. How can a moderately good-looking girl increase her attractiveness? By culture. She must cultivate her mind. An ignorant, illiterate woman, even if she attracts attention, cannot retain the interest of an intelligent man. She must do this by reading, by study, reflection, and by familiar conversation with the best and most highly educated persons with whom she comes in contact. But the heart must be cultivated as well as the head. "Of all things," exclaimed an elegant and refined gentleman—"of all things, give me a softness and gentleness in woman." A harsh voice, a coarse laugh; trifles like these have spoiled many a favorable impression. The cultivation of the heart must be real, not feigned. A woman who studies to appear rather than to be good and generous, seldom succeeds in deceiving the other sex in this respect. She who in truth seeks earnestly to promote the happiness of those around her, is very apt soon to obtain admirers among men. Above all other requisites in a woman is conscientiousness. Without this one touchstone of character, no matter what her charms and acquirements, she cannot expect to command the lasting regard of any man whose love is worth having.

TAKE A PAPER.—"I'm too poor to take a paper." If you are too poor to take a paper, you should be indicted by the Grand Jury for obtaining a family under false pretense. In nineteen of twenty of the unpainted, ill located and uncomfortable dwellings on the roadside, you will find neither newspapers nor trace of one ever having been there. The husband knows nothing about markets, except a few items he picks up at the country store. The wife is ignorant, and because she is denied the general information derived from newspapers, she descends in the scale and becomes a newsmonger, filled with superstitious ideas and neighborhood scandal. The children grow up ignorant, with no ambition to push ahead in life. They know nothing about the world they live in, and care less. Stop at a neatly-painted house situated in a grove of trees, with vines on the porch and a paling fence in front, and on the table, in the corners, and in the hall, you will find the local papers. The proprietor is as well posted about the price of everything as any traveling speculator. His wife has a larger scope for her mind's employment than neighborhood scandal, and the children grow up ambitious to succeed in life, and, warned of the tricks, evils, and quicksands of the world, generally press onward and upward into the front rank.

GRASS AND LEATHER.—A citizen of the Cass farm has a vacant lot fenced in to preserve the grass; but, notwithstanding his many signs of "Don't touch the grass," posted up on the fence, he yesterday morning found a man mowing away for dear life, while a boy was loading the grass into a wagon.

"Who gave you permission to cut that grass?" shouted the owner.

"Nobody," replied the man, as he rested from his work. "Grass is a natural product of the soil, nursed and cared for by nature, and it is as free to one animal as another."

"Leather is a preparation made from the hides of grazing animals," said the citizen, as he stiffened the muscles of his legs. "It is made by tanners, worked up by shoemakers, and I'll give you all you want for nothing."

The old man kicked back, but right and justice must ever triumph, and when he went over the fence his eyes had a wild expression, and he yelled to his boy:

"Git that hoss on a gallop, Sam, or we'll never see home again."—*Detroit Free Press.*

OUR NEIGHBOR'S GOOD NAME.—Anybody can soil the reputation of any individual, however pure and chaste, by uttering a suspicion that his enemies will believe and his friends never hear of. A puff of the idle wind can take a million of the seeds of a thistle and do a work of mischief which the husbandman must labor long to undo, the floating particles being too fine to be seen and too light to be stopped. Such are the seeds of slander, so easily sown, so difficult to be gathered up, and yet so pernicious in their fruits. The slanderer knows that many a wind will catch up the plague and become poisoned by his insinuations, without ever seeking the antidote. No reputation can refute a sneer, nor any human skill prevent mischief.

BLACKBERRY WINE.—Take a five or ten gallon keg, and cleanse it thoroughly. Take only ripe berries, crush them in a wine or cider press, or if neither of these are at hand, in cloths. After expressing the juice, strain carefully, and to each quart add three pounds of best yellow sugar, and as much water as is required to make a gallon. Put the entire mixture in a kettle, and bring it to a boil; skim, and when cool fill the keg three-fourths full, and let it ferment for a week; then fill up with freshly made liquor. When done fermenting, bung up tight, set away in the cellar, where it should remain until February or March, when it should be racked off, the keg scalded out, and the wine either returned to the keg to remain permanently, or bottled for use.

THE MOTHER OF TWINS IN A QUANDARY.—The mother of two twin sons met one of the brothers in a field one morning.

"Which of you two boys am I speaking to? asked the mother. "Is it you or your brother?"

"Why do you ask?" inquired the lad, prudently.

"Because, if it is your brother, I will box his ears," answered the mother.

"It is not my brother, it is I," said the boy.

"Then your brother is wearing your coat, for yours has a hole in it."

"No, mother, I am wearing my own coat."

"Good heavens!" cried the mother, looking at him intently, "you are your brother, after all!"

Accommodating a friend with a fifty dollar note is an ex-L-lent way of getting rid of money.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, AUGUTT 5, 1876.

THE Prohibitionists don't seem to be very fortunate in their choice of candidates—all but two of the nominees having declined to serve. It is probable another convention will be called to fill vacancies on the ticket.

BELKNAP gets acquitted by the Senate on the ground that he could not be impeached after leaving his office. It don't acquit him of a public crime, and he stands a marked man before the country, and his fate should be a warning to all men in official positions.

THE more the public learns of Tilden, the democratic candidate for President, the less his chances grow of election. His professions of reform come after having been one of Boss Tweed's allies, and his desire for economy follows exploits of railroad gambling which have enriched his own pocket and impoverished others. Tilden, as a reformer, is a fraud; as a man of great pretentions, he is a reality.

WE are getting into the last month of Summer, when the days grow shorter, the nights cooler, and the tendency to Summer sickness increases. People are worried as to what they shall eat and what they shall drink in this season to protect themselves against sickness; but if they will discuss the propriety as to what they shall wear, they will come nearer the causes of disease and its prevention. Light clothing, as the mornings and evenings grow cooler, open the door to summer diseases, and the best preventive is in putting on thicker apparel. Those who like health better than medicine and sickness will profit by taking this precaution.

THE shocking outrage upon colored citizens at Hamburg, S. C., by which six were shot and others wounded, is not likely to go unpunished, though we can hardly expect that the full measure of justice will be meted out to the guilty. President Grant has written a letter to Gov. Chamberlain of South Carolina expressing a desire to have the murderers brought to justice, and Gov. Chamberlain will take measures to have Gen. M. C. Butler and more than fifty other offenders arrested and brought to trial. The only trouble is that there are too many whites for one execution, but the leaders ought to suffer the full penalty of the law, the defiant Gen. Butler included.

JUDGE HOAR, whose legal advice was requested by the Attorney General, in regard to what action, if any, should be taken under the resolve of the last Legislature relating to certain acts of the State Directors of the Boston & Albany R. R., has given his opinion, after careful consideration and investigation, that there is not sufficient proof in the evidence that "any moneys or other property due or belonging to the Boston and Albany company" are "in the hands of any officer, director," etc., for the recovery of which any proceedings in law or equity would be made available; and that proceedings on the part of the Commonwealth for the protection of its interests as a stockholder in the road would not be likely to lead to the recovery of any such property. We understand that this opinion settles the matter for the present at least, and that nothing will be done. This is about as we expected.

A MASS MEETING of unemployed workingmen was held in New York on Monday, about 1000 being present, to devise measures for procuring work and preventing themselves and families from starving. The meeting was quite orderly, the addresses counseling peaceful measures, and urging that the city should aid the men by giving them work. The meeting formed in procession, and, headed by a detachment of police, visited the headquarters of the city goverment, where they presented their case and related their grievances. The officials called upon promised all the aid in their power, but nearly all the contracts for public works, for the current year, are already let, and it will be very difficult to find work for more than a small proportion of those who are in need, and it is probable that the amount of suffering in New York, unless general business takes an upward start, will be greater the coming season than has ever been known before.

CONGRESSIONAL candidates are in order, just now, for discussion. Prof. Seelye, who represents the tenth district, goes into the Presidency of Amherst College, leaving his place to be filled by one of the many aspirants in his district. Judge Spaulding of Northampton and ex-Gov. Washburn are prominently named for the place, while Fitchburg is understood to have a candidate also. In this district, Chester W. Chapin is again to be the candidate of the Democratic party, but his election is by no means certain. This year will show quite a revolution in the district. Mr. Alexander of Springfield will not be a candidate, on account of failing health, and a new candidate will be selected. The present outlook is in favor of Geo. D. Robinson of Chicopee, one of the ablest men in the district. He is not an aspiring politician, and will not seek the position, but his friends, who are numerous and earnest in the matter, will endeavor to prevail upon him to accept a nomination if it should be tendered to him. The district will go strongly Republican this year, and with such a candidate as Mr. Robinson, defeat would not be among the probabilities.

The democrats having made it necessary for the signal service to abandon some of the danger stations for cautionary signals, some of the Connecticut and Rhode Island republicans in Congress have given bonds to pay the expenses of certain stations about Newport and on the Sound, if Congress does not appropriate before the fiscal year ends.

Hampden Representative Districts.

The county commissioners of Hampden county have been in labor and brought forth the new representative districts without great agony. Many will see where improvements could have been made, yet on the whole the division is about as well as we could expect. We get one more representative in the county than we had in the old district, and the districts are made up as follows:

1st district—Monson, Brimfield, Holland and Wales; 1349 voters, 1 representative.
2d district—Palmer, Wilbraham and Ludlow; 1630 voters, 1 representative.
3d district—Chicopee; 1686 voters, 1 representative.
4th district—Wards 1 and 2 of Springfield; 2589 voters, 2 representatives.
5th district—Wards 3 and 6 of Springfield; 1481 voters; 1 representative.
6th district—Wards 4 and 7 of Springfield and Longmeadow; 1455 voters, 1 representative.
7th district—Wards 5 and 8 of Springfield; 1568 voters, 1 representative.
8th district—Wards 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Holyoke; 1592 voters, 1 representative.
9th district—Wards 6 and 7 of Holyoke, and West Springfield; 1463 voters, 1 representative.
10th district—Westfield, Agawam and Montgomery; 2620 voters, 2 representatives.
11th district—Southwick, Granville, Tolland, Blandford, Chester and Russell; 1479 voters, 1 representative.

The clerks of the out-of-the-city districts are to meet to announce the results of the various elections as follows: District No. 1, at the selectmen's office, Brimfield; No. 2, at the Boston and Albany railroad station, Wilbraham; No. 6, at the ward room of ward 4, Springfield; No. 9, at the selectmen's office, West Springfield; No. 10, at the selectmen's office, Westfield; No. 11, at the selectmen's office, Russell.

THE reverend forger, E. D. Winslow, has written three long letters to a friend in Boston, which, as was doubtless designed by their writer, speedily found their way into print. In them he endeavors to create sympathy by the story of his early life—the struggles and hardships of his boyhood and youth; his gallant services as chaplain in the army and navy; his honorable political record, and his faithful and disinterested labors as a minister of the gospel. He also claims to have conducted his business and managed his financial affairs in a strictly honorable manner until within a few months of his flight, and asserts that his final downfall was the result of "oversensitiveness" and a desire to shield his friends from loss. He complains bitterly of the tone of the public press, and charges his editorial brethren with maliciously misrepresenting the facts in his case, and slandering his whole past life and that of his parents also. He does not deny the charges of forgery and swindling which necessitated his flight, but refers to his dishonest course as "wrong-doing" to which circumstances almost literally forced him, and for which he should have the pity rather than the condemnation of his fellow men. But, somehow, the public do not seem to appreciate the force of his arguments, and we hardly think he has bettered his case much in the estimation of the community.

THE Sioux now on the war-path in the Northwest are endeavoring to entice the Canadian Indians into an alliance against the whites, but so far without success. There are said to be some 12,000 Sioux and Blackfeet warriors on the Canada side of the border, and if they should be induced to join the hostile parties in the Big Horn and Yellowstone region, it would be a difficult matter for the troops now at our disposal to bring them into subjection. Reinforcements are being sent to the aid of Gens. Crook and Terry. Gen. Sheridan asks permission of Congress to recruit up the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 7th cavalry regiments to 100 men to the company, which would increase the army about 2500 men.—Among recent reinforcements is battery A of the 1st artillery, from Fort Warren. All the survivors of the 7th regiment have petitioned the President for the promotion of Maj. Reno to be Lieut. Col., and Capt. Benteen to be major of the regiment.

THE Democratic candidate for President is becoming notorious as a buggy smasher. Within a fortnight he has run down two buggies containing persons who were quietly jogging along at New York. In the first instance a man and his wife were thrown out, the buggy smashed, and the man severely injured. If a man in the ordinary walks of life should be driving about with such dangerous recklessness people would say he was drunk, and the police would take him into custody. It is charitable, however, to suppose that Tilden is so engaged with the interests of the campaign, and the conversion of Hendricks to a hard money theory, that he does not mind such common-place things as driving over men and women occasionally. He is making a great run for the Presidency, and people who don't want to get maimed or killed should not get in his way.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT MANUFATURER.—Mr. Jared Beebe, a well-known paper and woolen manufacturer of Springfield, died last Monday, at Hampton Beach, N. H., after a brief illness. He was taken sick Thursday evening, last week, just after his arrival at the seaside, and his remains were brought to Springfield for interment. He was a native of Wilbraham, and, when a boy, worked in a mill at Monson. Some 20 years ago he became a member of the firm of Holmes & Reynolds and went to Somersville, Ct., to take charge of a mill just opened by the firm. From that time his success was assured, and at the time of his death he owned a large woolen mill at North Monson, large manufacturing interests at Holyoke, was a special partner in the large commission firm of Blake Brothers, New York, and a director of the Agawam bank of Springfield. He was a man of undoubted integrity, and highly respected by a large circle of friends. He was 61 years of age, and leaves a wife and seven children.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.—Paul Wing, of New Bedford, while riding in the outskirts of that city last Monday evening, was shot by a man named Howland—the ball passing through his cheek and inflicting a severe but not dangerous wound. Jealousy is the supposed cause of the assault.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

"There's nothing like leather," and Hitchcock has a new stock of "the very best just in."

The New London Northern railroad company has put air brakes on the "steamboat trains" on that road.

Survetus Leach has put in a new lathe at his shop on Park street, and is thus prepared to do a much larger variety of work than before.

The annual fair of the Eastern Hampden agricultural society will occur on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 21st and 22d, instead of the 28th and 29th, as stated last week.

Beri H. Johnson, a well-known and estimable citizen of this village, died on Thursday morning. His funeral will take place this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Edwin S. Beecher, of the Southbridge reform club, though lacking eloquence in his lecture last Sunday evening, made up for it in earnestness and apparent honesty of purpose.

Rev. John Moore's first lecture on "Science and the Bible," at the Cong. vestry, Thursday evening, was favored with a small and critical audience. Next lecture of the course, Monday evening.

Bank Commissioner Getchel was in town, examining the condition of our banks, last Wednesday. He seemed perfectly satisfied of their soundness and with the manner in whichthey are conducted.

H. W. Munger has built a small addition on his tailor's shop, and also put up a substantial awning in front of the same, the past week, both of which are decided improvements and more are in progress.

The Universalist "social" at the residence of S. R. Lawrence, Wednesday evening, was a very pleasant affair. A large number were present, and with music and social converse the evening passed quite enjoyably.

The new make-up of Representative districts puts Palmer with Ludlow and Wilbraham, or rather adds Ludlow to our old district. Ludlow is a good solid town, with few politicians who are troublesome, and the new district will no doubt get along nicely.

Geo. W. Calkins, who has been teaching in Lockport, N. Y., the past ten years, is in town with his family. His health is somewhat impaired by his continuous labors in the school room, and he will probably make an extended visit among his old friends, who are all glad to see him.

The services of St. Paul's Church, in Wales Hall, to-morrow, conducted by Rev. Dr. Patterson of Boston, are to be: Preaching at 10.30 A. M.; rite of baptism to children and adults, reception of members into the church, and the observance of the Lord's Supper, at 1.30 P. M.; preaching in the evening, at 7.30.

Mrs. Lena Roberts of Collins Depot was killed by the evening express train for Boston Wednesday, in the ledge of rocks east of that village. It was the same old story,—she was walking on the track and stepped out of the way of one train, only to be struck and killed by another. Three other women were with her at the time.

Ground was broken, yesterday, for the new parsonage of the 2d Cong. society, on their lot east of the church. The contract for its building has been awarded to Willard G. Kenerson.——Rev. B. M. Fullerton is absent on a vacation, and his pulpit will be supplied to-morrow by Rev. John Thomson of eastern Massachusets.

Rev. Dr. Patterson was to give his views on temperance, in Wales Hall last (Friday) evening, with other speaking and singing to follow, making it a grand temperance rally. As our paper is printed Friday afternoon, our village readers, who get the paper ahead of its date, will receive the announcement in time to attend the rally and "report" for themselves.

Some thief or thieves entered the sewing machine rooms of F. B. Perkins last Saturday, during his temporary absence, and robbed his money drawer of a small amount of cash. Fortunately Mr. Perkins had just removed a larger sum from the drawer to another receptacle, thus avoiding a considerable loss. No clue to the thief has been discovered.

O. B. Griffin's famous dog, "Sport," came to an untimely end last Wednesday afternoon, while on a hunting excursion in Belchertown. The dog had started a partridge from the thicket, which flew in the direction of Mr. Griffin, close to the ground, when the latter fired, the shot killing both bird and dog. "Sport" was a valuable animal, and will be missed by the sporting men of our community.

Still another chance to visit Mount Tobey. A third excursion over the New London road next Thursday, Aug. 10th, with the fare from Palmer only $1.00 for the round trip. Seven hours are given at the grounds, and parties will find pleasures enough to make the time pass only too quickly. Excursionists can take their own eatables or find them for sale on the grounds.

We are to have a Glee Club in the village. A preliminary meeting, Thursday evening, appointed a committee to make further arrangements. The membership will include Messrs. S. W. Smith, 2d, O. L. Slader, Wm. Kurtz, E. J. Wood, L. Rand, Mrs. J. B. Shaw, Mrs. F. H. Wood, Mrs. Gamwell, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Park, Mrs. Hitchcock, Mrs. E. J. Wood and Mrs. M. B. Smith, all good musical talent.

The improvement of our sidewalks still goes bravely on. The concrete has been laid on Thorndike street as far as Mr. Willis' property and it is said arrangements have been made for its continuance to the upper end of Mr. Woolrich's place. There is talk, also, of laying a concrete walk on one side of Pleasant street. That is right—we hope to see all our principal streets thus provided with good walks, and this is a good time to push the work, while it is "the fashion."

Last Spring the town made an appropriation to drain the streets in this village, and the selectmen have got so far as making a survey. It took three months to get to this, and at the rate matters progress drainage may commence by next Christmas, if at all. This is a matter that should be immediately attended to, and the town fathers are gaining little credit by delay. The work can be done cheaply, now, and to much better advantage than late in the fall. The people of the village are complaining that the work is not commenced, and there is certainly reason for such complaint.

Fishing parties to Ludlow reservoir are now all the rage. The reservoir is alive with bullheads, thriving and growing fat on what Springfield folks make awful faces over. One party of four, Thursday, took 350 good-sized bull-heads, another man 115, and several other parties from 50 to 200 each, all in one day, and their haul seemed only like dipping water out of the ocean, so plenteous were they. The fish were "big 'uns," too, one weighing a pound and a quarter, measuring 12¾ inches long by 8¾ round. Springfield may well boast of the richness of her Ludlow water.

WILBRAHAM.

Rev. M. L. Howard left for his vacation Wednesday. There will be no services at the South church for two weeks.

WALES.

The two barns of Daniel Shaw, in Wales, near the Brimfield line, were burned by an incendiary fire late Thursday afternoon, with some 40 tons of hay, which he had just got in. The selectmen offer a reward of $150 for the discovery and arrest of the incendiary.

THREE RIVERS.

The Three Rivers reform club meeting, Monday evening, was addressed by Rev. Mr. Leete, Messrs. Parmenter and Alexander of Three Rivers, and Messrs Leedham and Glover of Palmer, interspersed with music by a choir and recitation by Miss Ruggles. Adjourned to Aug. 27th.

WARREN.

James R. Grant, an employe of the Warren cotton mills, took a dose of oxalic acid, supposing it to be citric acid, Tuesday night, but the prompt administration of antidotes saved his life.

And now it is Warren's turn to have a newspaper. A little sheet, styled the Warren Bulletin, made its first appearance this week. It is published by W. J. Melvin, and is evidently designed for gratuitous circulation.

LUDLOW.

Mrs. Norman Lyon is building a new house at the Center.

Henry Fuller, having bought the Andrew Chapin barn, has been removing it, the past week, to his home place, and will so modernize it as to render it a fitting companion to his new house.

The house, barn and outbuildings belonging to Alexis Wade, were destroyed by fire—supposed to be incendiary—on Monday night. Loss $3000; insured for $2400.

BELCHERTOWN.

The Baptist Sunday school and their friends went picnicing to Lake Pleasant on Wednesday of last week, the party numbering about one hundred.

Willie Stebbins, a lad about 10 years old, son of Eli Stebbins, has made a collection of over 40 varieties of wood which grow on and near his father's farm in the westerly part of the town.

The Phi Kappa club gave a reception party to Prof. Elihu Root and other friends, at the house of Dr. Geo. F. Thompson, on Thursday evening of last week. It is spoken of as a very pleasant affair.

A farmer who wished to save for his own use the berries in a certain huckleberry pasture belonging to him, posted a "trespass" notice; but some one, in retaliation, one night posted the notice: "These bushes have been sprinkled with Paris green. Beware!" The berries are likely to be "saved."

DISTRICT COURT.

Justice Robinson still holds the balances at the court rooms, and metes out justice without fear or favor. William Hitchcock of Brimfield who had an unlicensed dog, and was honest enough to own up to it, was sent home $19 poorer than when he came, and Fido is now dearer than ever to him. Wendell D. Warden had an unlicensed dog, and also an enemy whose surname was Goff, and the latter "peached" on him, and stern justice forced him to pay a fine and costs amounting to $20.55, one half of which goes to the complainant generally, but in this case went to one of his creditors, who was on hand with an attachment. Warden has been running Goff's farm on shares, but when they came to divide the crops, there was trouble, and it was in revenge that the dog case was brought up. Then, while Warden was in court there was a little Goff episode which we pass over. In counter-revenge, Warden swore out a warrant against Goff for too much economy in his housekeeping arangements,—claiming that Charles made one bedroom and one chamber answer for himself and housekeeper, contrary to the laws of the commonwealth. Goff acknowledged that he kept house in two rooms, but claimed that a lounge in the kitchen was the couch upon which his weary limbs reclined when night dropped its mantle o'er the earth. And this is what the grand jury are to decide, whether he did or didn't, and four months will elapse before they can act upon the case. He gave bonds of $700 and she of $100 for appearance. Ellen Fitzpatrick for vagrancy, two months in H. O. C., and Charles Adams goes there too on account of his bibulous habits.

MONSON.

Whortleberries are plenty at six cents a quart.

The fall term of the Monson academy commences Aug. 23d.

It is estimated that over six hundred thousand shingles have been used in town this season.

Rev. Mr. Sumner is reported as in improved health, and will return in a couple of weeks.

B. W. Grout has purchased a farm in Lowell, Wisconsin, and will permanently locate there.

About September we shall probably be lonesome, as there are so many going to the Centennial then.

Hiram Ferry is training his hunting dogs, of which he has thirteen, and will start out for game one of these days.

The young people are having splendid times at picnics; the yacht club enjoy themselves on Ellis Lake; and, occasionally, the boys play the old game of "I spy."

Last Friday evening, at 7 o'clock, one of our citizens says that from Grout's news room to Fortune's tin store, he counted seventeen persons engaged in reading the JOURNAL, and the majority of them complained because there were no more Monson items.

Moulton Hill this summer is a delightful place, and the ladies of the Fuller farm know how to play croquet, having last Wednesday defeated the Monson croquet club, in a match game for the championsip of the town, after a very exciting contest.

The Skull and Bones base ball club played the Riversides of West Brookfield last Saturday, score 16 to 14, in favor of the former. This is the first time in four years that the Riversides have been beaten. The Riversides will play a return match next week Saturday, at Monson, on the new grounds, formerly Pierce's Park.

The Monson cornet band gave the first of a contemplated series of open-air concerts last Tuesday evening. Every available spot for rods around the gaily decorated band stand was occupied by interested listeners. The music was fine, and it is estimated that over one thousand people came out. With the visitors from Palmer, Stafford, Brimfield, Wales and Wilbraham, our streets appeared quite lively. The band stand on South Main street will be used for the next concert, which will probably take place next Tuesday evening. The band is engaged to attend the firemen's muster at Warren, Sept. 2d.

WARE AND VICINITY.

A party of ten started for the Centennial, from this station, one day this week.

Watermelons have appeared in market as well as green apples, and the doctors are happy.

The High street school house has been repainted by Messrs. Hastings & Snow, and looks decidedly better.

A young French boy fell into the river above the big dam, Tuesday, but a boy who could swim was near and rescued him.

The 99 cent store has been closed, and the goods removed to Springfield. The dull times make people "squeeze" the 99 as well as the "last cent."

The Universalist society of Warren and the Unitarian societies of Brookfield and Ware will have a union picnic in Aiken's grove, West Brookfield, next week Tuesday. All are welcome.

Paige & Hitchcock did some pretty *tall* fishing Tuesday, in removing the vane from the Cong. church spire. The "fish" measured five feet and four inches from "tip to tip" and weighed 28 pounds.

Joseph H. Adams of Amherst, Mass., will teach the high school the coming term. Mr. Adams comes well recommended and has had several years experience. We trust he will succeed with the school.

At a recent fire meeting considerable discussion arose from the question, "What constitutes an alarm of fire?" It seems as though the firemen and manufacturing companies could arrange about the ringing of the bells (if such arrangement is not in force) so as to have no misunderstanding.

C. W. Eddy stuffed a large grey eagle on Wednesday, which measured 6 ft. 4 inches from tip to tip of wings. The eagle was sent here to be mounted by parties in Newport, R. I., who have recently purchased from Mr. Eddy a fine case of birds. Both the birds and the eagle may still be seen at Eddy's office.

Hampden County News.

Springfield consumes 2,500,000 gallons of water daily—nearly double the amount required two years ago.

The children under 15 years of age, employed in the mills of Holyoke, have been notified to leave, in accordance with the requirements of an act passed by the last legislature.

Sumner Steele and George Blake of Mittineague were shot, one in the shoulder and the other in the foot, by the accidental discharge of a gun, while gunning, Saturday, but neither is thought to be dangerously hurt.

Oliver Field of Longmeadow recently found a veritable pine-tree shilling of 1652 in his field near the river, where it had laid undoubtedly since 1703, when the village was removed from the Long meadow to the brow of the hill.

Eight women, whose aggregate age was 648 years, formed a portion of a party in West Springfield, Saturday, who helped Mrs. Cynthia Wait to celebrate her 88th birthday. Three other ladies, 90 years old and upward, live in town, but were unable to be present.

The Holyoke Transcript publishes a table showing the increase of valuation of that city, in the past six years, to have been $4,081,382, and the increase in the number of polls to be 788.

Holyoke proposes to reduce the wages of its day laborers from $1.50 to $1.25 per day.

Mrs. G. F. Lane of Westfield has in her possession, and framed for preservation, an old continental bill of the denomination of 1s 6d, dated Dec. 1, 1732. It has been kept, as a valuable relic, by the family for over a century.

The Catholics of Holyoke propose holding a grand fair some time this month or the early part of next.

Business in the paper mills at Holyoke begins to look up. One of the largest mill owners says they have received more orders the past week than during any three weeks for a long time previous.

L. P. Bosworth, a well known brick maker of Holyoke, has suspended with liabilities estimated at $25,000.

The Hampden Park Association has secured the services of the man in charge of the steeple chase track at Saratoga to lay out the course for the steeple chase at the fall meeting in Springfield, and it was staked out last Wednesday. The course will be about two miles long, thickly strewn with fences, hurdles, walls and ditches. One ditch twenty feet wide will be just in front of the grand stand, and the whole course will be in view of the spectators.

The case of Ann Eliza, Brigham Young's wife No. 19, has been decided in favor of the plaintiff. The decision reduces the amount of alimony from $500 to $100 per month, gives the defendent 30 days in which to pay the amount now due, and provides, in default of such payment, that execution shall issue against his property. The court also decided that the cost of the suit shall be paid by the defendant.

What might have been expected has happened. Dispatches from China say that the news of the anti-Chinese demonstrations in San Francisco has reached China, and has created a very bad feeling against Americans on the part of the Chinese, who threaten retaliation for the proscription and violence offered to their countrymen in California.

The Danish King has been fortunate in his family, four of whom are destined to wear crowns. His eldest son will inherit the Danish crown; his daughter is destined to be England's Queen; his other daughter, Princess Dagmar, will be Empress of Russia, and his son rules over Greece, where his grandson is Duke of Sparta.

A boy 11 years old was found near Paris, the other day, rolling down stones on the track of the Great Northern Railway from the top of the railway bridge. When arrested and questioned, the amiable child replied that he wanted to "see the fun when the train came along."

The New York Tribune says of Winslow: "Never did a man admit that he was hard up in prettier language. Instead of saying that he wrote other men's names on the back of his notes, he tragically declares that 'he was conquered by tempestuous forces.'"

At a democratic meeting in West Virginia one of the speakers bawled out: "Who is Gov. Hayes? Who knows him?" A Johnny sitting in a tree near by yelled out: "I do. I shot at him during the war!"

POLITICAL SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

The Boston Globe wants the State Convention to be held in September, in Boston.

Both the sons of Stephen A. Douglas are hard at work for Hayes and Wheeler, and one of them is a republican candidate for congress.

The Lawrence Journal, a labor-reform organ, declares for Butler, and thinks he will get the bulk of the foreign-born vote against any democratic candidate.

Gov. Tilden has lost by his delay. These mysterious conferences, and the unusual time occupied in writing the letter, tend to take the edge off of its spontaneity.—*New York Tribune.*

The Cincinnati Commercial points out the two horns of the dilemma presented to the Democratic nominees, by the remark that if Tilden softens there is no hope for New York, and if Hendricks hardens there is no chance in Indiana.

A circular signed by Mrs. Livermore, Mrs. Howe, Lucy Stone and her husband, is out, urging the adoption of a resolution by all caucuses—republican, democratic or prohibitionist—inviting women "who are with them in principle" to take part in the primary meetings.

All the employes of the interior department have been notified that Congress has failed to provide for the department's expenses, and if they continue in its service, they run their own risk of receiving pay from appropriations not yet made.

The Chicago Times, in a blindly fatuitous fashion, advocates the election of Tilden, of whom it said on the 19th of June:—"It is useless to talk of defeating Hayes with Tilden. The chances are so enormously against it that nothing but a blind fatuity, of the stupidest partyism would venture upon so wild an experiment."

The Chicago Tribune, after a survey of the prospects in the Congressional districts of ten Western States, figures out a republican gain of twenty-one Congressmen in those States alone.

The Dayton Journal says the translation of Tilden's name into the Sioux would be Old-Man-Afraid-of-his-Letter.

Carl Schurz's paper does not seem to have suffered any by his declaration for Hayes and Wheeler. It says: "Over a thousand subscribers a week, as we are gaining them, does not show any particular enthusiasm among the Germans for Tilden."

Will the dog waggle the tail, or the tail the dog? We ask because here is that leading soft money organ, the Cincinnati Enquirer, saying: "Hendricks is a wise man. He knows how to work on Tilden. He'll make the New York Governor turn a warm side toward soft money for harmony's sake if he can keep him at Saratoga long enough."

Major Brady, who has been chosen captain of a Tilden club in Albany, has written a letter declining the honor. He says:—"I have always been a democrat and have not been accustomed to bolting the regular nominations; but I have also been a Union soldier, and I may as well confess that I find it very difficult to work up any enthusiasm for a Presidential candidate who pronounced the war for the Union a disgrace and a failure, and who did all he could to discourage enlistments to the army in the field. As a war democrat, I claim the right to vote for a patriotic and honest Union soldier in preference to a man whose selfishness and partisanship have always been more conspicuous than his patriotism."

We venture the assertion that Governor Tilden is weaker to-day by a hundred thousand votes than when he was nominated, and solely because of Mr. Hendricks. The behavior of Hendricks has aroused the suspicions of the country. The people fear it is to be Seymour and Blair over again; that there is to be a juggle in the financial platform; that Hendricks is fighting for terms; that he will insist upon dividing power in the new administration, and not sink into the insignificance of the vice-presidency. Mr. Hendricks comes on the ticket as a master, as a "power" that must be recognized. And when we look at the power he represents we see that it embodies the worst features of Bourbonism—repudiation in the West and revolution in the South.—*New York Herald.*

COMMODORE GARNER'S WILL.—The will of the late Commodore Wm. T. Garner has been filed. It was made April 5, 1871, and directs that his business be carried on under the name of Garner & Co. during the lifetime of his wife and daughter Florence, his wife to receive $70,000 per year out of the profits of the business; his two children to be educated out of the same until they are 25. At the death of his wife and daughter Florence the business to be sold out and divided among his heirs, the sons, if any, to receive double the amount of the daughter. In the event of no children living, or their leaving no issue, his estate is to be divided among his sisters, Frances A. Lawrence and Anna Garner, and his niece, Fannie Garner. His executors are William E. Thorn, James F. Thorn, S. W. Johnson, and John J. Lawrence.

The library interest in this country is becoming so large, and questions of administration and economy so numerous and important, that it has been decided to hold a general conference of librarians and others interested in bibliography at Philadelphia in October. The meeting will be held at the rooms of the Pennsylvania historical society, and a permanent organization on the basis of a community of interests will undoubtedly be formed.

The sea-serpent has appeared again, we are told—at Coney Island, this time—and, after the manner of other roving performers, he has added "new properties" for the amusement and entertainment of the public. He has grown a pair of large and erect ears since he was last previously seen, though precisely what use he can make of erect, open ears beneath the surface of the sea, it would puzzle a naturalist to say.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Lightning struck a Pennsylvania oil well, and increased the flow of oil from 10 to 80 barrels a day.

The Piutes are the only Indian tribe that have increased since they have come in contact with the whites.

General Wade Hampton, it is expected, will be the Democratic candidate for the office of Governor of South Corolina.

The amount of damage done by the recent inundation along the Arkansas River is said to be incalculable. Corn and cotton were swept away by hundreds of acres.

General Forrest and a son of Jeff Davis tendered their services to the Government to fight the Indians. A regiment or two might be raised in New Orleans for that purpose.

On Tuesday, July 18th, when the thermometer was 94 degrees in the shade at the foot of Pike's Peak, Col., there occurred on the top of that high mountain a furious snow-storm, completely covering the peak and the sides with a coat of white.

A man in Maine has been terribly poisoned by crushing caterpillers with his bare hands. There is a theory that the currant worm is deadly to those who handle it much.

The Cunard steamer China sailed up Boston harbor last Friday all decked with flags from stem to stern, in honor of her hundredth trip from Liverpool to America.

The Vulcan Iron Company's steel works at South St. Louis have just been completed at a cost of $600,000. They are the largest in the country and will make Bessemer rails.

The Norristown Herald says:—"A country subscriber informs us that while operating a reaping machine the other day, one of his cows got in front of it and he soon had beef *a la mowed*."

General Custer is claimed by the St. Louis Journal as a German, that paper stating that he "was born in Innsprugen, near Pforzheim, in Baden, and emigrated when a child with his parents to the state of Ohio."

Sojourner Truth's friends have received no confirmation of a current report of her death in Michigan, and the truth is that she is still a sojourner.

The Fire Record.

A disastrous fire occurred at Bramanville, (Millbury) on Saturday evening last, destroying mill buildings and other property, belonging to Mowrey Lapham of Worcester, valued at $140,000, on which there was an insurance of $90,000. A steamer from Worcester was promptly on the ground—being at work in 36 minutes from the time assistance was asked—probably preventing the destruction of the whole village.

The cotton mill at Moscow (Hopkinton) was burned by an incendiary fire, Tuesday night. It was owned by T. R. Wells, contained 3000 spindles, was valued at $16,000 and insured for $13,000.

The total loss by fire in the United States and Canada for the past six months of 1876 was $36,721,000, against $44,402,000 for the same time, last year. Of this, $20,357,000 falls on insurance companies, against $22,592,000 last year.

The large barn of P. W. Prescott at Westboro', was burned Wednesday morning, loss not stated. Insurance on building and contents $3100.

A store at Blake station, near Paxton, Ill., was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 2d. Loss $1400. A boy named Herman Nelson was burned to death. Two persons were terribly burned, and four others narrowly escaped with their lives.

A fire at Rock Island, Ill., burned a large saw-mill, causing a loss of $13,000, and throwing sixty men out of employment.

A strange shooting affair occurred at St. Albans, Vt., before daylight on the morning of the 2d inst. Mrs. Clara N. Dewey of that city was sleeping in her bedroom, on the ground floor of her house, about three o'clock in the morning—a dim light burning in an adjoining room, with the door open—when her son, sleeping in a room up stairs, heard a carriage stop near the house, and shortly after was startled by the report of a pistol. The household were at once aroused, and the fact was revealed that the shot had been fired through the window of Mrs. Dewey's room. The would-be assassin mistook a lounge with a white pillow, which stood near the window, for the bed, and aimed at that, thus doing Mrs. Dewey no harm. The bullet is in the hands of the sheriff, and efforts are being made to discover the attempted murderer—so far, however, without success.

Mr. L. P. Richardson, correspondent of the Springfield Republican, whose murder by the Indians we chronicled last week, wasn't killed after all. W. H. Hibbard arrived at Cheyenne, from the north, on Saturday evening, and brings the welcome news that he met Mr. Richardson, with a coach-load of fellow passengers, at Hat Creek, three days after "John Marsh of Deadwood" reported having buried his dead body. The probability is that Mr. Richardson accidentally dropped his note-book on the journey, and somebody who picked it up concluded to make a sensation by getting up the story about his having been murdered by the Indians.

Wednesday was the centennial anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. It was adopted on the Fourth of July, but was not engrossed and ready for signature until the 2d of August, on which day the larger number of members of Congress signed the document which is now deposited in Independence hall, Philadelphia. Some of the signatures, however, were not affixed until later, and the last one, that of Matthew Thornton, not until November following.

Bowbee's Lake, near Hillsdale, Mich., was the scene of a drowning accident, recently, in which a flat-boat containing sixteen persons suddenly sank, and nine of the party were drowned. The excursion party of which these victims were a part was from Coldwater, Michigan.

HERE AND THERE.

The Black Hills settlement now numbers 10,000 men.

New York street railroad companies report a standing army of young men—some 5000 in all—as ready and willing to "punch in the presence of the passenjaire."

The old mania for Persian cats with long tails has again broken out among the Daimios of Japan. An enterprising captain of a merchant vessel sold three recently for $4,200!

Mr. Blaine is the guest of Gail Hamilton at Wenham, Mass. He is improving daily.

Thomas Hazlehurst, the English "prince of Methodism," who gave £50,000 to the erection of Methodist chapels, laid the corner stone of about 100, and gave a million copies of sermons printed at his own expense, died recently, at Beaconsfield villa, Runcorn, England.

A short but complete history of the Kilkenney cats:—

There once were two cats of Kilkenny,
And each thought the other too many,
So they struggled and fit,
And they scratched and they bit,
Till, instead of two cats there wa'n't any.

The pine forests of Nevada are rapidly disappearing before the enormous demands made upon them by the mining industries. It is estimated that the mines on the Comstock lode will consume 260,000 cords of wood this year. It is used in the quartz mill and for other purposes.

A recent census shows that Nebraska has more than doubled her population since 1870. The State now contains 257,747 inhabitants, as compared with 122,993 in 1870 and 4494 in 1855.

The mines of Colorado yielded in 1875 over $6,284,000 in bullion; the estimated production for 1876 is more than then millions.

Miss Anna Dickinson is announced to appear at the Arch street theater, Philadelphia, on the last week of August.

Mr. Morley, an English member of Parliament, has given to the colored Fisk University Jubilee Singers £500 sterling for their college.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

A colossal statue of Washington has arrived at Philadelphia, and will soon be put in position between the western end of the main building and Barthold's fountain. It is twelve feet high, and cut from a solid block of marble. It was modeled from Leiutz's painting of Washington crossing the Delaware, and will stand upon a pedestal 18 feet high.

A colored planter of Mississippi is likely to receive the first prize on cotton. The exhibits of this staple are from the Brazils, Egypt, the Fiji Islands, and the United States.

A competitive display of gladiolas is the attraction at the horticultural grounds; there are 4000 varieties in full bloom, and the sight is gorgeous. The show will continue about ten days longer.

Visitors to the Centennial are said to experience trouble from drinking the water of that city, and many of them are sick for a day or two after their arrival. Visitors are cautioned against drinking too freely of water, and the substitution of tea or coffee is recommended to those whom the water affects injuriously.

Vandalism is rampant at the Centennial, and costly articles are badly damaged by unscrupulous specimen gatherers. The other day a woman of respectable appearance badly mutilated a Tunisian Mosaic by taking some stones from it, and there are plenty of people who think there is no harm in chipping a bit out of a statue or nipping a fragment from a piece of goods.

An application has been received at the bureau of agriculture for stalls for 146 English sheep, sent to this country for exhibition. The total number of entries of live stock for exhibition, to date, includes 300 horses, over 600 neat cattle, more than 600 sheep, 500 swine and nearly 400 dogs.

The 5th and 12th regiments of the 5th division of Pennsylvania militia, and the 10th regiment of the 8th division went into camp in Fairmount Park, Wednesday.

Theodore Thomas' orchestra have finally given up Philadelphia as a bad job, and returned to New York, where they are more highly appreciated. The few Philadelphians who established a security fund to induce the orchestra to stay until October feel much chagrined over their failure to get audiences. The orchestra, even with the prospect of being paid, could not endure to play to empty benches. The concerts in New York will be resumed next week.

The mulatto who brought the last tidings, as it were, of Charley Ross, has disappeared. Mr. Ross lost his temper during an interview with him last week, and exclaimed: "If I but made the effort, I could have you hung!" The mulatto was either frightened by this strong language or tired of repeating his lies, for he failed to keep his appointment the next day, and has not been seen since. It is said that Mr. Ross is convinced that the mulatto saw the child after the abduction.

A letter from a sergeant of the 6th infantry, dated on the Yellowstone, states that the opinion prevails among the soldiers that a scout named Cross betrayed Custer's intended movement—enabling the latter to concentrate their forces and form the ambush into which Custer fell, with such disastrous results to our troops.

The work of demolishing the old Cincinnati exposition buildings was begun on Monday, and the erection of permanent buildings for a music hall and future expositions is to begin within 60 days. It is expected that the new building will be ready for the biennial musical festival, next May.

HUNT'S REMEDY is not a new compound. It has been before the public more than twenty years, and extensively used by all classes, both with and without the advice of a physician. HUNT'S REMEDY has been the means of saving from a lingering and frightful disease and death hundreds of our well-known citizens. HUNT'S REMEDY never fails to cure Dropsy and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs.

Newspaper, Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y3-26

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12‡

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals. 13w6

BORN.

At Three Rivers, 31st ult., a daughter to SEDNIE A. and JAMES E. RIPLEY.

At Sturbridge, 1st, a daughter to ELIZAH P. SHELDON.

MARRIED.

At Three Rivers, 3d, by Rev. T. A. Leete, MYRON P. DICKEY of Hampsted, N. H., and LOUISA R. SHUMWAY.

At Ware, 2d, by Rev. Chas. Boucher, JOSEPH B. GRAVLINE of West Brookfield and LOUISE LAPIERRE.

DIED.

At Palmer, 3d, BERI H. JOHNSON, 57.

At Palmer, 28th ult., JOHN HAMILTON, 80.

At Springfield, 25th ult., Mrs. LEVI GRAVES, 62; 21st ult., GEORGE S. SAVAGE, 55; 2d, CATHERINE DOHERTY, 66.

At Belchertown, 1st, JOHN WORKS, 72, ELLA S. HOLLAND, 31.

At Stafford, Ct., 28th ult., ASA PATTEN, 78.

LOST, on or about the 10th of July last, a note for $57 on Albert Upham. Any person finding said note are hereby cautioned against using it, as payment has been stopped.
ALBERT UPHAM.
Belchertown, Aug. 2, 1876. 3w19*

SURVETUS LEACH,
HOUSE CARPENTER & JOINER,
Shop on Park street, Palmer, Mass.
Having put power into my shop, I am also prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, Scroll Sawing, Rabbet Door Casings and Jams, and make Casings, etc. All work promptly attended to. ☞See sign on east end of Tockwotton House. 19tf

THE SMITH
American Organ
— IS THE —
LEADING INSTRUMENT
—FOR—
CHURCHES, CHAPELS, CONCERT HALLS, and for PRIVATE HOUSES.
Sold Low for CASH or on MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.
Also, Agent for LIGHTE and ERNST Celebrated Grand Square PIANO FORTES.
J. S. LEEDHAM, Agent,
69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN SS. PROBATE COURT.—To all persons interested in the estate of James Dimmick, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, M. W. French, trustee under the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the third account of his administration of said trust:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said trustee is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.
3w19 SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

FOR SALE!
A GOOD HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS,
IN THIS VILLAGE.
Good barn, wells, orchard, etc., on the place. Will be sold low if applied for soon, and easy terms of payment given. For further information apply at the JOURNAL Office.
☞ Also, A NEW HOUSE, in good locality.
Palmer, July 28, 1876. 18tf

DID YOU TRY THE
RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?
If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by
2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

I STILL LIVE.
MY STOCK OF
CLOTHING
—AND—
DRESS GOODS
MARKED
DOWN! DOWN! DOWN
To Cost and Below Cost!
NEW GOODS DAILY.
PRINTS AND COTTONS LOWER THAN EVER!
LOOK AT MY SUNSHADES!
Going So Cheap! So Cheap! So Cheap!
Please call and examine goods and Prices!
FRESH LINE OF
CLOTHING,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
LIVE GEESE FEATHERS,
TICKINGS, &c.
A. H. WILLIS.
Palmer, June 23d, 1876.

PALMER
Fancy Goods Store
E. L. DAVIS,
Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,
IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF
HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,
AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.
New Store! Complete Stock! Special Prices!
Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES! SEWING MACHINES!
All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.
F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.
REMINGTON, "DOMESTIC,"
SINGER, VICTOR,
WILSON, WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE, HOWE,
WEED, AMERICAN,
And any other in market.
Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.
EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency
F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

WANTED!
To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,
DENTIST,
SPRINGFIELD, Mass
Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-26

ENVELOPES!
ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.
Printed to order, At the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DR. HIGGINS'
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
MEDICINES
are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.
DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA
is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.
THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM
is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,
BUY DR. HIGGINS'
SCROFULA AND CANCER SYRUP.
We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.
ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

THE NEW ENGLAND
CATARRH REMEDY
is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS,
At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,
and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

WE are SPECIAL AGENTS for the sale of
GUILD, CHURCH & CO'S. PIANOS
in this vicinity; also any other makes desired. If your Pianos need tuning leave your orders at our store, and a competent tuner will be employed to do the work. ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Feb. 3d, 1876.

SHEET MUSIC!
A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!
For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of
DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES
kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS
—IN—
38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

LOTS OF DIARIES AND ALMANACS
FOR 1876,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BEAUTIFUL NEW CHROMOS AND hundreds of other kinds of PICTURES,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
S. W. SMITH & CO.
Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in
NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,
Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES
FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.
Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

MORSE,
Of the "Central Shoe Store," Springfield, don't seem to know anything about the dull times. His famous establishment, No. 376 Main street, is lively as a "town meeting," and no postponement on account of the season, weather or thermometer. 4w18†

ATTENTION!
I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my
NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,
T. J. SULLIVAN.
Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.
Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best
MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,
and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.
E DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

PIANO TUNING!
Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN' Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!
In large or small quantities. Enquire of
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!
The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.
S. S. TAFT.
Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

TO RENT!
An up-stairs tenement of four or five rooms. Inquire at FOSKET & HOLBROOK'S Meal Store,
Palmer, July 12, 1876. 3w16*

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 51

G. H. CURTIS
Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,
$10,000
Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD-OF PRICES, in the next
60 DAYS.
Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.
308 Main St.,
SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.
GOOD THINGS.
Those Goods Curtis has just received in
MENS & BOYS' SUITS
AND WHITE VESTS,
And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say
IT PAYS
To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

HARDWARE!
MECHANICAL AND
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.
Pocket and Table CUTLERY
EMPIRE WRINGERS.
Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.
FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.
PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,
All at Very Low Prices
GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.
H. W. HOLDRIDGE
would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!
One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.
Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,
At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
8m11 FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer, Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,
The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.
CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.
EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!
A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

"Stand and Wait."

Leagues of land and leagues of sea
Stretch between my love and me.
On my hearth the fire is dead—
"Heart and hearth are cold," I said;
"And of all the souls that be,
Not one soul hath need of me."

Then I crossed my chamber floor,
Opened wide its closed door,
Passed into the crowded street,
Trod the way with weary feet—
No one cared my grief to know,
No one cared to see me go.

Onward rolls the solemn river,
Sobbing, throbbing, on, forever;
Now it warns of ocean's wrath,
Now of demons in my path,
But I cry back—"'Tis the sea
That divides my love from me!"

Who will care for threatening rocks,
Thunder's roar or tempest shocks,
When the tempests all are past
And the land is gained at last?
O, my love! for love of thee
Who would not brave any sea?

Valleys rise at love's command;
Mountains sink to level land;
Floods are crossed—the journey's done—
Toil is o'er, the goal is won!
Close beside thy castle gate,
Lo! my love, I stand and wait!

I listen for his glad reply,
As through the halls the echoes die,
And hear alone, like voice of Fate,
The echoes answer, "Stand and wait!"

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 6, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

Solomon's Prosperity.—1 Kings, x. 1—10.

V. 1. Solomon became widely famous through his commercial operations. Sheba was in Arabia Felix, on the Red Sea. Its products were spices, gold, frankincense and precious stones. The principal reason of Solomon's fame was the temple. The queen wished to put important questions.

V. 2. She had taken the building of the temple to Jehovah as a proof of Solomon's wisdom. She desired, however, to prove that wisdom for herself.

V. 3. Solomon did not fail in his answers. This confirmed his fame with her.

V. 4. She "saw" his wisdom in all his public arrangements—in his court and government. The "house" here is the palace.

V. 5. The royal table was splendid; the civil officers and cup-bearers in attendance impressed the queenly visitor; the ascent of steps—an arched viaduct—leading from the palace to the temple struck her eye; and her feelings at sight of all were those of extreme astonishment.

V. 6. She owns the truth of report concerning Solomon.

V. 7. Complete faith in her ease waited upon sight.

V. 8. It was a privilege to serve so glorious and wise a ruler.

V. 9. The queen reverences the God of Solomon—thinking him to be great among the Gods, yet probably not confessing him as the only living and true God.

V. 10. Presents were brought according to custom. The spices were chiefly the famous Arabian balm. The gold present was worth $3,600,000.

Suggestions. The Lord uses this narrative for the shaming of his contemporaries—Matt. 12. 42. The wisdom sought by the queen in coming so far was of the practical sort. Her soul longed for the word of life.—Rightly to appreciate divine invisible things we must feel and taste their strength in our hearts.

In re private theatricals, the following extract from a fair correspondent's letter will be found interesting: "Of course, dear, no one would be the 'messenger' (what amateur ever would?); so at last we had to impress one of the footmen into the service; but the stupid thing, instead of rushing on and shouting, 'My Lord, Jeanne d' Arc has been executed, with fire and stake, in the market-place in Rouen!' walked on just as if he were announcing luncheon, and drawled out, 'M'lud, Johnnie Dark 'as bin hexecuted, frying steak in the market-place in ruins.'"

"I've got another, my dear," said Mr. Dorkins, as he hurried into the house. "If you were on top of Trinity Church spire, on the back of a goose, how would you get down?" Mrs. Dorkins thought she'd jump down, slide down the lightning rod, fly down on the goose, fall down, and then gave it up. "Why, if you wanted to get down you could pick it off the goose," said Mr. Dorkins, exultantly.

It seems that in old times women wore an iron ring around their ankle when they were married, as a sign of bondage. After a newly married man has had his night key taken from him, and become accustomed to being kicked out of bed at five o'clock every morning to let in the milkman, it pleases him to read an item of this kind.

A young woman in the country, incensed at an egotistical young man from town, said, "If the butcher down in the village could buy you at the price your acquaintances hold you at, and sell you at your own estimate of yourself, he could retire from business on what he'd make on that single speculation in veal."

Queen Victoria recently sent £3 to a little boy who had been run over in the streets, and the writer says that since this incident was made public, the London cab-drivers have found it almost impossible to get through the city for the crowd of small boys waiting to be run over.

In a suburban school a teacher gave out the word "psalter" to a class in spelling. It was a "poser" to all till it reached the foot of the class, when a curly-headed little fellow spelt it correctly, and, on being asked to define it, shouted out, "More salt!"

A young lady, following a Shaksperian play with the book, remarked to her companion: "How imperfect those actors are! None of them say 'exit' when they go off."

A man who was sent to prison for marrying two wives, excused himself by saying that when he had one she fought him, but when he got two they fought each other.

If falsehood paralyzed the tongue, what a death-like silence would pervade society.

NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,
57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &c.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout.* He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,000.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-3tf

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER,..... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels.
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks.
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads	Masonic Printing.
Business Cards.	Mottoes.
Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills.	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

A. B. BURDICK,
MANUFACTURING JEWELER,
ENGRAVER AND ENAMELER,

Bradley's Building, cor. Harrison av. & Dwight st.

Vest Chains, Guards, Roman Neck and Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Crosses, Plain and Seal Rings, made to order. Workmanship first-class; quality as represented. Repairing and remodeling fine work a specialty. Society Badges made to order. Address P. O. BOX 1114,

3m5§ Springfield, Mass.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

U. S.

PIANO CO.,

810 Broadway,

New York.

MAKE

ONLY ONE STYLE,

AND HAVE

BUT ONE PRICE,

$290.00.

Sent on Trial.

NO AGENTS,

NO DISCOUNTS,

NO COMMISSIONS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.

MAILED FREE.

18tf

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

FANCY WARE,

CUTLERY,

PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

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PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS,

Libraries, Dining and Sitting Rooms,

all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts.

Carpets.

From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

Stoves.

Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

CROCKERY.

T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

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HARRISON BROS. & CO'S.

"TOWN AND COUNTRY"

READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
Handsome and Permanent.
No waste or loss of time in mixing.
Do not crack or peel.
Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
Can be applied by any one.
Free from objectionable ingredients generally used in so-called "Chemical" Paint,
Sample cards on application.
Order this brand from your dealer.
Insert it in your contracts.
Take no other.
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For sale (wholesale only) at
115 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK,

Retailed by all reputable Dealers. 1y46

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AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

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Palmer, July, 1876.

$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

CURTAIN FIXTURES,

CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

FOR INVENTIONS, TRADE MARKS OR DESIGNS.

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After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also, in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and papers for patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the the validity and utility of patents or inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignment recorded in Washington.

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JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

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WANTED—AGENTS to canvass for the authentic and complete Life of Gov. Hayes, our next President, by Col. H. R. Cowell. Now is the opportunity. The people are ready for it. Address B. B. Russell, Publisher, Boston, Mass. 4w19

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all throat diseases,

USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Put up only in BLUE boxes.

TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

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MIND READING, PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION, Soul Charming, Mesmerism, and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50c. Hunt & Co., 139 South 7th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w17

DODD'S NERVINE

The New England Family Medicine, relieves pain almost instantly, induces good sleep, helps the appetite, strengthens the system, and is altogether the best family medicine and tonic now in use. At all drug stores. 4w17

THE LITTLE WATCHMAN

BURGLAR ALARM. Sells at sight. Agents wanted to hadup territory, to whom we offer terms never before thought of. Samples postage paid, No. 1, $1.75, No. 2, $1.25, (retail price $2 and $1.50.) Send money by P. O. order or registered letter, at our risk. Circulars containing full information sent to any address. THE ROBBINS MANUFACTURING CO., Naugatuck [New Haven County,] Conn. 4w17

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

If any lady or gentleman wants a good fit and something that will last, let them call on the subscriber, where satisfaction is guaranteed.

N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for everthing is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1876. NUMBER 20.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & CO.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at liberal rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed in the best style, and at short notice.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.24, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 63 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

E. DODGE, Central Street Market. French's Block.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

F. B. PERKINS, Remington Sewing Machine, 68 Main St. All kinds for sale, or repaired.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

G. C. WHEELER, Author and Teacher of Music. Pianos for sale on easy terms.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LYMAN DIMOCK, dealer in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Mrs. A. C. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of American House.

R. J. GARDNER & SON, Central street, House Painters, Grainers, and Paper Hangers.

S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

SILAS RUGGLES, M. D., residence, Dickinson Place, Three Rivers.

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W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

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CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

C. E. & J. T. STEVENS, agents for the Anchor, Inman, Cunard, Tapscott's and William's line of steamers.

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GREEN & MARSH, dealer in Stoves and Ranges. Agents for the best furnaces made—set and warranted. Roofing and Job Work solicited.

HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, R. Snow, Proprietor. Good livery stable. Free carriage to and from depot.

H. P. PAIGE, Fancy and sign Painter, at Zenas Marsh's.

J. KEEFE & CO., dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc.

JERRE BYRNS, Wars Bakery—Bread, Crackers, Cake, &c., supplied to families and the trade.

R. N. ROBERTS, Photographer, and dealer in Rustic and Oval Frames, Albums, &c., Ely's Block.

PATRICK MCMAHON, manufacturer of and dealer in every variety of American and Foreign Marble, Church street.

MISS L. A. HASTINGS, Dressmaking in the latest styles. Rooms on Pleasant street.

MRS. C. PHIPPS, Hoop skirt and Corset Rooms, Maple St., opp. Depot. Ladies fitted in extra large sizes. Skirts and Corsets made to order.

M. L. BARNES, Licensed Auctioneer. Orders left at Chas. A. Stevens' counting room.

T. MCBRIDE, repairs Boots and Shoes in the best style.

WARE HOTEL LIVERY—F. Gilmore, Proprietor. Good teams to let at fair prices.

W. S. DUNHAM, dealer in Stoves, Furnaces, &c. Repairing and plumbing done at reasonable rates.

ZENAS MARSH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Sign Painter, and dealer in Sash and Blinds, Bank street.

MONSON.

ARBA SQUIER, Carpenter & Builder and dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Flooring, and Building Material.

A. H. BLISS, manufacture of fine Harness and Livery Goods.

G. M. EDSON, Painter, Grainer, and Paper Hanger. A good assortment of Paper Hangings on hand. Shop on Washington street, Monson.

GEO. W. BURDICK, Blacksmith, Stone Shop, Monson.

CUSHMAN HOUSE, L. G. Cushman, Proprietor. A good livery connected with the house.

G. H. NEWTON, Real Estate Agent, Insurance Solicitor, Auctioneer and Appraiser.

JOHN A. ORCUTT, Carpenter and Builder, Timber and Lumber for sale.

JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Saturday Night.

Placing the little hats all in a row,
Ready for church on the morrow, you know;
Washing wee faces and little black fists,
Getting them ready and fit to be kissed;
Putting them into clean garments and white;
That is what mothers are doing to-night.

Spying out holes in the little worn hose,
Laying by shoes that are worn at the toes,
Looking for garments so faded and thin—
Who but a mother knows where to begin?

Calling the little ones 'round her chair,
Hearing them lisp their soft evening prayer,
Telling them stories of Jesus of old,
Who loved to gather the lambs to the fold;
Watching, they listen with childish delight—
That is what mothers are doing to-night.

Creeping so softly to take a last peep,
After the little ones are all asleep;
Anxious to know it the children are warm,
Tuck the blankets round each little form;
Kissing each little face, rosy and bright—
That is what mothers are doing to-night.

Kneeling down gently beside the white bed,
Lowly and meekly she bows down her head,
Praying as only a mother can pray,
"God guide and keep them from going astray."

WATCHING JIM PINES' BOOTS.

A well-trained hotel clerk, who knows his duty rightly, considers that the accepted guest in the hotel is as much in his own castle as in his own house, and will not permit him to be knowingly disturbed by unpleasant or unauthorized intruders.

This, sometimes, is of service, and prevents disagreeable consequences, as will be seen in the history here about to be given, the scene of which was at the Tremont House in Boston several years ago, and one of the actors therein a well-known merchant of Boston, who, over the *non de plume* of "Acorn," used to furnish some of the liveliest sketches of humor, and sharpest of dramatic criticisms to the old New York Spirit of the Times, whom we shall designate as Jim Pines; the other a well-known business man of our sister city of Portland, whom for convenience sake, we will call Short, inasmuch as he was short, when one of the actors of the scene we are about to recount.

It chanced, one fine evening, that a stranger entered the Tremont, and addressing himself to the "gentlemanly clerk," inquired if Mr. Short, of Portland, was stopping at the house.

"He is," said the clerk, referring to the register.

"Well, I want to see him; show me up to his room, if you please."

"If you will send your card, I will see if he is at home," replied the clerk.

The visitor produced a card, which was handed to a bell-boy whom he was about to follow up stairs, when he was restrained by the clerk.

"Be kind enough to wait till we see if Mr. Short is in and will see you."

The bell-boy returned with word that Mr. Short "would see the gentleman to-morrow morning."

"Where's his room?" said the visitor; "I'll go right up myself."

"Excuse me, sir! Mr. Short has already sent word he does not wish to see you till to-morrow, and I cannot permit him to be disturbed."

"Well, sir, I think I shall go up if you will give me the number of the room, for I'm a sheriff, and I intend to arrest him."

At these words Jim Pines who was sitting in a little room behind the key-board where he had heard all the conversation, and who is always ready to aid a man in difficulties—Jim, knowing this to be a case of late-at-night arrest to force a claim, rose and remarked that "he was going to see if his supper was ready," and slipping through the dining hall up to his own room he took from thence an old pair of boots and went to Short's room, where he was at once admitted.

"Take your valise and duds, old boy, and come along with me."

"What's up, Jim?" asked Short.

"Not much, but the sheriff will soon be here; so come along."

The pair left the room, locked it behind them, and Pines dropped the old pair of boots outside the door, after which they passed over to another wing of the house, to Pines' room, where Short was left and the former descended, where he found the hotel clerk still engaged in conversation with the sheriff.

"I've seen about my supper, and it's all right," said he, as he passed the clerk, with a wink.

"I see this room against Mr. Short's name on the register is 26; is that where you put him?" asked the sheriff of the clerk.

"Yes, sir."

"Then I demand to be shown to that room, immediately."

"All right, Mr. Sheriff. Boy, show the gentleman No. 26."

The unwelcome visitor was conducted up stairs to the desired room. There it was, sure enough, number on the door, pair of boots sitting outside. The sheriff looked at his watch. "Half-past nine. Humph! goes to bed early."

He knocked; no response. Knocked a little louder; still no reply.

"Boy," said he, to the bell-boy, who still stood near him, "is there any door opening out of this room to the chambers on either side?"

"No, sir, you can see for yourself there's nobody in this one."

The sheriff looked into the unoccupied rooms on each side, and satisfied himself that there was no communication, and then, with a grim smile, took a chair from one of them, and sat down beside the door of No. 26.

"Boy," said the officer of the law, "do you want to earn a dollar?"

"Yes, sir," said the waiter, as his eyes sparkled.

"Well, take this note for me," said the officer, as he hastily scribbled on the back of an old letter, "and bring me an answer and you shall have it."

The waiter was off like a shot, and returned with an answer, which was nothing less than a deputy officer, to whom the other in a whisper explained the situation.

"He's in here, and no way of getting out; we can't break in the door, you must watch here till morning, and when he comes out to breakfast arrest him. Boy, there's your dollar!"

Thus left, the deputy settled himself comfortably down in his chair, and the sheriff walked off, satisfied that he had trapped his bird.

Next morning about eight o'clock, he reappeared, There sat the watchman, looking a little red about the eyelids, and there stood the boots, as when he left the night before.

"Any movement, Linx?"

"Not a bit as yet; quiet as a churchyard."

"Ah, ha! Thinks to tire us out. Go down and get some breakfast, Linx, and I'll mount guard while you're absent."

The deputy went away, and in half an hour returned invigorated, and resumed his post which he held till noon, when his principal again made his appearance on the scene.

"What! Not up yet?"

"Not a motion."

The two men looked at each other doubtingly. At this moment one of the chambermaids came along, with broom and a bunch of keys in hand.

"Got a key that'll open this room?" said the sheriff.

"Yes, sir," said the maid. Applying it, the door flew open, and the two officers rushed in.

It was empty.

The bed was unpressed; a half smoked cigar and a newspaper of the day before lay upon the table which were all traces of its having been occupied.

From force of habit the deputy guarded the door, while his principal looked into the shallow closet, under the bed, out of the window (it was forty feet to the pavement), and had even taken off the blower at the little fireplace, with the vague idea that the man sought might have vanished in some mysterious manner, up the chimney, when his eye caught sight of the bell-boy, standing outside of the door.

"Say, boy, do you know where Mr. Short is, who occupied this room?"

"Surely, sir, he must be in Portland," said the boy with a grin, "he left on the seven o'clock train, and it's twelve now."

The sheriff glanced at his watch. "Yes, but whose boots are these at the door?"

"These," said the boy, taking them up; "these be Mr. James Pines' boots, here's his name on the lining."

And so it was, and the officers had never thought to look in them.

"Are ye afraid any one would stale 'em, that ye sit by 'em so," asked the waiter maliciously.

The sheriff made no answer, but strode out of the room, sending the boots aside with a vigorous kick as he passed toward the staircase. When he was half way down he was stopped by the voice of the bell-boy, who, leaning over the banister, called out:

"Sir, just a moment, plaze."

"Well, what is it?" replied the officer, turning up his face.

"Would ye tell me, plaze, how much it is Mr. Pines pays an hour for the watchin' av his boots?"

The sheriff vouchsafed only an indignant "humph," and passed on. He and his deputy had passed out upon the front steps of the house when another waiter, running after him, tapped him on the shoulder with the message that the hotel clerk wished to speak with him. Hastening back with the thought that he was to hear something respecting his lost game, he was met with a bland smile by the clerk, who remarked:

"I believe you forgot this little bill?"

The clerk presented a paper bearing the pictorial representation of the Tremont, and beneath which was the charge:

STEPHEN GRAHEM, ESQ.
To Proprietors Tremont House, Dr.
Lodging, - - - - - - $1 00

"Do you mean to say that you intend charging me a dollar for my man's sitting up in a chair here all night?" said the officer of the law, red and irritated.

"Can't tell how he passed the night; all I know is that we gave him lodging, and one dollar is our price," replied the clerk, icily.

"Say, Charley, have you seen my old boots?" asked a gentleman at this junction, who appeared to be accidentally standing near. I've missed 'em from my room. I hope some one has kept an eye on 'em, for I would rather give a dollar than lose 'em."

"All right, the boots are safe, sure didn't the gentleman sit by 'em all night," answered the grinning waiter, as the sheriff turned around.

"Ah! Grahem, good morning — much obliged to you,— here, let me pay this lodging bill, for I prize those boots," said Jim Pines, as he took the slip of paper from the sheriff's hands, who stood staring at him.

"Mr. Pines, I give it up. I'm euchred," said the officer, "and that's the first pair of boots I ever knew that helped a man to run away without his being in 'em."

"Ah," said Jim, "there is nothing like leather when there is business ahead."—*Commercial Bulletin.*

Mehemet Ali Pacha, the commander of the Turish armies operating against Servia, is a Frenchman. His history has a flavor about it of mediæval romance. His father, Detrois, was a harpist in the orchestra of the Berlin theater royal, who sent him to the Levant, 40 years ago, as a cabin boy with a Prussian sea captain. He was treated so badly that he ran away on reaching Constantinople, and was lucky enough to be taken into the service of a great Turkish personage, no other than Ali Pacha. He became a Mohametan, was educated and put into the army. His old father, who is still living in Berlin and very poor, not long ago heard what had become of his son, and contrived to get a letter to him.—The reply very shortly afterward was the appearance at the door of a splendid equipage, from which descended the Turkish ambassador in Germany, Aristarchi Bey (a brother of the Turkish minister in Washington), who came to bring him an affectionate letter and such substantial tokens of filial affection as will make his last days of pleasantness and of peace.

Baltimore reports the singular fact that her wagon trade with upper Maryland and lower Pennsylvania, so far from declining under competition with railroads, has steadily increased. The old fashioned six-horse wagons, with picturesque high canvas tops, and drivers riding the wheel horse, in a slow and measured gait, are as much an institution as they were fifty years ago. The old taverns, too, though now in the heart of the city, remain, and in many cases swing the old signs.

He entered a car door. When the brakeman came inside and took a key out of his pocket, unlocked the stove, put in some wood, and locked the door again, he asked him what he locked the stove door for. The brakeman shut his left eye, and said he locked the door so the fire couldn't go out.

"You didn't laugh at my stupidity before we were married; you always said I was a duck of a lover," grumbled a complaining husband. "Yes, that's so," replied the wife, "and a duck of a lover is almost sure to make a goose of a husband."

The little girl who was disappointed because her name could not be found in the Bible says: "Never mind! She will be such a good girl that if ever another Bible be written, her name shall go in that."

A BYWAY TO HEALTH.

"Nobody ever repented of eating too little," was the sage remark of an old gentleman on the verge of ninety, next to whom the writer had the pleasure of sitting at dinner the other night. The host was pressing him to take more, and urging him in the usual phrase, "Why, you have eaten scarcely anything!" Now is is to be assumed that the old gentleman's words indicatad one of the byways to good health along which he had traveled through his long life, and to which he owed his present remarkably hearty condition; so it was suggested to him interrogatively that he had always been a small feeder. "Yes," he answered, "ever since I was two or three and twenty; up to that time I was a weakly fellow enough, and I used to make the great mistake of trying to eat and drink as much as I could, in the hope of becoming strong; all my friends and the doctors backed me in my error; but, fortunately, I found it out in time, and 'knocked of'—as your modern slang has it—more than half my usual amount of food and stimulants. I gave up the idea of making myself strong and merely strove to make myself well, and so I was contented with eating just as much as I could digest and no more. Of course it took a little time and experience to discover the precise limits; I could not adopt the golden rule of always leaving off with an appetite, because I never began with one, but by persistent erring on the right side I got hold of one of the great secrets of life—the secret of knowing when one has enough, and after a year or two I became so much better that I used to find myself keenly ready to eat at meal-time, and by degrees actually acquired an appetite. Then, once found, I never destroyed it, but always determinately rose with a feeling that I should like to eat more. Naturally the temptation for awhile grew greater as my digestion grew stronger; but I was firm; I did not behave ungratefully to my stomach, and immediately presume upon its increased powers by overloading it; I did not live to eat, but only ate to live; and behold me! I have no need to be very particular as to what I eat even at my time of life; I have only to be careful not to eat too much." Here indeed is the secret of a great deal that is amiss with us. We are in the habit of eating too much, more than our digestive powers can tackle, and that which is not assimilated more or less poisons. The system becomes overcharged, and gives any latent tendency to disease within every faculty for developing itself. The question is not so much what to eat as what quantity to eat; and nothing but a sharp look-out kept by ourselves upon ourselves can give us the answer.—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

TO CALCULATE INTEREST.

The following rules are so simple and so true, according to all business usage, that every banker, broker, merchant and clerk should post them up for reference. There being no such thing as a fraction in it, there is scarcely any liability to error or mistake. By no other arithmetical process can the desired information be obtained by so few figures.

Six Per Cent.—Multiply any given number of dollars by the number of days of interest desired; separate the right hand figure and divide by six; the result is the true interest on such sum for such number of days at six per cent.

Eight Per Cent.—Multiply any given amount for the number of days upon which it is desired to ascertain the interest, and divide by forty-five, the result will be the interest of such sum for the time required, at eight per cent.

Ten Per Cent.—Multiply as above, and divide by thirty-six, and the result will be the amount of interest at ten per cent.

What It Will Do.—If a merchant or clerk saves only 2¼ cents a day, from the time he is twenty-one until he is threescore and ten, the aggregate, with interest, will amount to $2900; and a daily saving of 27½ cents reaches the important sum of $59,000. A sixpence saved daily will provide a fund of $7000, sufficient to purchase a good farm. There are few employes who cannot save daily, by abstaining from the use of cigars, tobacco, liquor, etc., twice or ten times the amount of the ten-cent piece. Every person should provide for old age, and the man in business who can save a dollar a day will eventually find himself possessed of $100,000.

SEARCH FOR WIVES.—Where do men usually discover the women who afterward become their wives? is the question we have occasionally heard discussed, and the result it invariably comes to is worth mentioning to our young lady readers. Chance has much to do in this affair; but then there are important governing circumstances. It is certain that few men make a selection from ballrooms, or any other place of public gaiety; and nearly as few are influenced by what may be called showing off in streets, or by any allurements of dress. Our conviction is that ninety-nine one hundredths of the finery with which the women decorate, or load their persons, go for nothing, as far as husband catching is concerned. Where and how, then, do men find their wives? In the quiet homes of their parents or guardians—at the fireside where the domestic graces and feelings are alone demonstrated. These are the charms which most surely attract the high as well as the humble. Against these all the finery and airs in the world sink into insignificance.

A French doctor, many years ago, advertised a cosmetic—the "balm of one thousand flowers." It finally got him into court, charged with swindling the purchaser, because it would be impossible to collect and combine the odor of "one thousand flowers." But the witty Frenchman, with a ready smile, put them down with the reply, "Honey"—which was one of the ingredients in the "balm."

The average Milwaukee reporter having found the skull of an Aztec with a glass eye, now finds in Lake Michigan a sea serpent with fins striped like the American flag. Two drinks more would have put spectacles on that skull and made the reporter see stars as well as stripes.

It is said that there is confined in a Paris madhouse a printer whose lunacy takes a mild though curious form. The poor fellow was once foreman of a newspaper office, and the demands for heads of columns for advertisements, puffs, etc., has driven him crazy.

A London paper says that "the Spanish General Moriones rested his army for a few moments, when on the point of attack." The point of a tack isn't considered a good place to rest even for that brief period.

Nobody.

My glasses are missing, the paper mislaid,
But nobody's seen them, I am afraid;
For thimble and scissor I've looked high and low,
Though nobody's had them, I very well know;
And my carpet, this morning so bright and so neat,
Is covered with tracks of nobody's feet.

"Who waked up the baby?" nurse wondering cries;
"Nobody!" Miss Bessie quite archly replies,
Appealing to Grace, who lifts shyly hey eyes;
Nurse looks very doubtful, but says nothing more,
Though she thinks that she heard *some* one slamming the door.

"Who has seen my new grammar?" Each cranny and nook
Is thoroughly searched for Jack's missing book.
He brought it from school, and it lay on the shelf;
But Nobody's had it!—that sly little elf
Who answers for half the misdeeds that are done,
The veriest scapegrace beneath the bright sun.

From barefooted beggar to king on the throne,
His equal for mischief, ah! never was known;
Though we never can track him, he always is nigh,
Still putting his finger in every one's pie,
In great things and small, the verdict's the same,
Whatever the damage, *nobody's* to blame.

THE FIRST THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The first thousand dollars that a young man, after going out into the world to act for himself, *earns* and *saves* will generally settle the question of business life with him. There may be exceptions to this statement; yet, for a rule, we think that it will hold true.

The first condition is that the young man actually earns the thousand dollars in question. He does not inherit this sum. It does not come to him by a streak of good luck, as the result of a fortunate venture in the purchase and sale of a hundred shares of stock. It is the fruit of personal industry. He gives his time and labor for it. While he is thus earning and saving it, he must earn two or three, or perhaps four times as much to pay his current expenses. He is consequently held sternly to the task of industry for a very considerable period. The direct consequence to him is a steady, continuous and solid discipline in the habits of industry, in patient, persistent, foreseeing, and self-denying effort, breaking up all the tendencies to indolence and frivolity, and making him a watchful economist of time. He not only learns how to work, but he also acquires the love of work; and, moreover, he learns the *value* of the sum which he has thus saved out of his earnings. He has toiled for it; he has observed its slow increase from time to time; and in his estimate it represents so many months or years of practical labor. His ideas of life are shaped by his own experience.

These natural effects of earning the first thousand dollars we hold to be very large benefits. They are just the qualities of mind and body which are most likely to secure business success in after years. They constitute the best practical education which a man can have as a worker in this warring world. They are gained in season for life's purposes, at the opening period, just when they are wanted, when foolish notions are most likely to mislead an inexperienced brain, and when, too, there is a full opportunity for their expansion and development in later years. Men have but one life to live; and, hence, they start from opening manhood but once. And the manner in which they start, the purposes they have in view, and the habits they form, will ordinarily determine the entire sequel of their career on earth. To succeed, man must have the elements of success in themselves. One great reason why there are so many useless, inefficient, and poverty-stricken men on earth—or rather, boys, seeming to be men—consists in the simple fact that they did not start right. A prominent reason why the children of the rich so frequently amount to nothing may be found in the luxury, ease and indolence which marked the commencement of their lives. It is the law of God that we should be workers on earth; and no one so well consults the best development of his being as when he conforms his practice to this law. The workers in some suitable sphere are the only really strong men in the world.—*New York Independent.*

THE TIME TO MARRY.

Few things in our social life are more serious than the reluctance of young people to marry because they cannot at once set up expensive and stylish housekeeping. They wish to begin where their fathers left off, and instead of the economical expenditure and the modest household, which are the surest and wisest way to wealth, they refuse to marry at all; hence years of unsettled, uneasy, unblest single life, sometimes leading to vice, sometimes to unhappiness, always to loss both of manly completeness of character, and of the truest and highest good of life. When for reasons of selfish prudence, man will not marry until the verge of middle life, he inverts the laws of nature and the purposes of God; his children are born at an incongruous period of life, when he is less qualified to mould their character, and when their settlement in life may be seriously damaged by his loss. He suffers, they suffer, society suffers. The moral and religious aspects of this question of late marriages are becoming so largely characteristic of our social life, on these false and selfish grounds of social economy, that society, as a whole, and religious life, in particular, are seriously damaged. If a man has gained a position that enables him to marry with ordinary prudence, let him marry, and let not the prudence be pressed too hard; young love, if true and godly, will make early struggle wholesome and joyous. If he has found a woman who will make him happy, let him take her to a modest home, the loving wife of his youth. His life will be better for it, and his fortunes too.—*Dr. Allon.*

A widow at Martha's Vineyard is exhibiting the house in which her husband was killed by lightning. Admission costs twenty-five cents, and the curiosities to be seen are a shattered bedstead, broken mirrors, and a photograph of the man after death.

A great many foreign counts have visited Chicago, and the Chicago Journal has met them, and its opinion is given in two lines and a half, viz: "Many a man who would fail as a car conductor would take hold and make a first-class foreign count.

A chap on his way to Washington to get a patent for a scandalometer incautiously took his machine over to Brooklyn, and now he is looking for the pieces. He says it wasn't calculated to register beyound the Ten Commandments.

The boxwood used by engravers is brought from the region of the Black and Caspian seas, and is said to grow in perfection nowhere else. A cubic foot of it weighs 75 pounds, and the prices range from $75 to $250 a ton.

MAKING THE HOME BASE.

The following is said to be one of Dom Pedro's letters home, intercepted by the Cincinnati Saturday Night:

"I would like to describe 'base ball' if I could, but it is so foolish a performance that it is difficult for a sensible man to convey an intelligible idea of it to readers in the full possession of their intellects. Suffice is to say that it consists namely in one man flinging a ball at another, who makes a wild and oft-times fruitless effort to hit it with a club. The former is called a 'pitcher.' He takes the ball in his hand, scrutinizes it carefully to make sure that it isn't a codfish ball, then glances up at the clouds to see if it is likely to rain, then casts his eye around at the infirm itellects who are watching him so intensely from the benches, looks intently at the ground, as if selecting some good spot to sit down, then whirling suddenly on his heel he spins the ball with a swift, jerking motion toward the man with the bat. You cannot imagine the frantic yells that crowd of impaired mental constitutions send up if the batter hits it and sends it spinning a long distance, particularly if it isn't captured by the nimble idiots who run after it, before he can get round a given circle. I was curious to know whether or not this exercise was pecuniarily profitable to those who participated in it, and I asked the aforementioned base ball reporter, 'Do these unfortunate creatures who play base ball ever make anything?' and he replied, 'Oh, yes, they make their home-base.' Poor fellows, I should think they would make home base enough, but of course they can't help it. They were born so, for the most part, though I am told that base ball idiocy is contagious and on the increase."

ROYAL OWNERS OF NEW YORK PROPERTY.—Some of the best real estate in New York city is held by foreign princes. Several of the most expensive buildings in Broadway, in Broad street, and in Wall street are owned by the Empress Eugenie who derives from them, every year, a rent of $65,000. The duke of Nassau, one of the dispossessed German princes of 1866, was here in 1868. He had bills of exchange to the amount of $1,500,000. He purchased tenements in Allen street that, to-day, are nominally owned by German lawyers or notaries public, and that yeild him 12 per cent. on the capital invested. The grand duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin, Frederick Francis the Second, is the owner of lots and houses in Elm street, and Queen Victoria owns considerable real estate in Broadway. It stands in the name of an Englishman. The King of Sweden, owns $500,000 worth of real estate in New York, and the Grand Duke Alexis owns a hotel in Broadway. King Bomba bought six houses in Greenwich street, in 1852, and they are held by Italians for his son Francis II.

THE PROPOSED TERRITORY OF PEMBINA.—In the speech of Hon. Jefferson P. Kidder of Dakota, made in Congress July 29, advocating the organization of the Territory of Pembina, we are told that the proposed new Territory will contain 72,930 square miles. It will extend from the seventh standard parallel, which is about eleven miles south of the forty-sixth degree, to the British Possessions from the Red River of the North to the Yellowstone. It has within its borders six hundred miles of navigable waters on the Red River, more than six hundred on the Missouri, and over three hundred on the Yellowstone, and in all over two thousand miles of navigable waters. Lines of steamers and two hundred miles of railroad are already operated in the proposed Territory, and numerous extentions are projected. The population of Pembina is not less than twelve thousand, largely made up of farmers, and the country has superior agricultural advantages.

JUST THINK OF IT.—The Winsted Herald man is prompted to make a few remarks about local news, which are so truthful that we give them place:—"It is hard to please everybody in the matter of local news. We have been abused because we did not announce to the world the birth of an heir, the sex of which or the date of whose advent was unknown to us. Then again, we have been maligned for making such announcements—'when I want my family affairs trumpeted in the columns of a newspaper, I'll let it be known.' Another man has been to the Centennial and thinks the editor has a spite against him, and wouldn't announce the fact among the "personals;" another is mad because we did not say that he was going next week—and so it goes. It is about as difficult to tell what will suit everybody in newspaper items as to predict where lightning is likely to strike the next time it comes around."

A BOY'S CONUNDRUM.—A little squint-eyed Chicago boy pranced up to his mother one day this week and said:

"Ma, hain't I been real good since I've begun goin' to Sunday School?"

"Yes, my lamb," answered the maternal fondly.

"And you trust me now, don't you, ma?"

"Yes, darling," she replied again.

"Then," spoke up the little innocent, "what makes you keep the cookies locked up in the pantry the same as ever?"

A young minister, somewhat distinguished for self-conceit, having failed disastrously before a crowded audience, was thus addressed by an aged brother: "If you had gone into that pulpit, feeling as you now do on coming out of that pulpit, you would have felt on coming out of that pulpit as you did when you went up into that pulpit.

An enterprising Chinaman of Gold Hill, Nevada, recently mounted the following sign, handsomely painted, on his newly established wash house: "Ah Charlie; washing done dam cheap." Virtuous public opinion soon made him take down the sign and put up one with less Scripture in it.

A doctor was discovered holding a young lady in his lap the other evening, but he stated that he was examining her for an affection of the heart, and she remarked that there was nothing wrong in laying her head on her piller.

"The sun is all very well," said a critic, "but the moon is worth two of it, for the moon affords us light in the night-time when we want it; whereas the sun is with us in the day-time when we have no occasion for it."

It is supposed that the reason graduates of female colleges are called bachelors of art, instead of maids of art, is because the former is a higher degree. At least, the maids are always after the bachelors.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1876.

THE first two state elections, in Alabama and Kentucky, go in favor of the democrats, and they send a United States Senator from each, and in Alabama both branches of the legislature have democratic majorities.

GEN. BUTLER is willing to run for Congress in his district, and there is an early movement to give him a good start. Gen. Butler had his usefulness in Congress, and he would be a good one to keep the democratic members in fighting trim in the next Congress.

CONGRESS is near its close. The Democrats in the House have broken down in their opposition to necessary appropriations. Many of the members are leaving, to the great embarrassment of the rest. There is a doubt if there will be enough members left on Monday to adjourn.

GEN. SHERMAN has hit on the right method for subduing the Indians. He asks that the sale of arms to them be prohibited. Now, the savages are furnished with the best of arms and ammunition with which to kill our soldiers. Cut off the supply and they can do little harm with bows and arrows.

Now the Democrats are talking of nominating Charles Francis Adams for Governor, and Gen. Bartlett of Pittsfield for Lieut. Governor. Mr. Adams has stated that he shall support Tilden for President, and that is enough to guarantee his defeat if the Democrats take him up. This Charles Francis Adams talk is about played out.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT has been on his death-bed, apparently, for a week or two, but he still lives, showing wonderful vitality. Last Sabbath he partook of communion, for the first time in his life, with his family. The New York Herald of Saturday last published a four-column obituary of the millionaire, which was more truthful than complimentary.

PROF. SEELYE has written a letter declining to be again candidate for Congress, and he hints that another candidate had better be elected the same way—by expending a three-cent postage stamp! He forgets that men who can be elected so cheaply are very few. The candidate usually bears a portion of the expense, but Mr. Seelye left that for his friends to do.

NEIGHBOR BURT of the Springfield Sunday Telegram, on complaint of D. F. Rathburn, was arraigned before the police court on Wednesday for printing the Telegram on Sunday. He gave bonds in the sum of $100 to appear before the grand jury. This Rathburn must be in a strait to acquire notoriety. He might have done it just as well by stealing shirts from a clothes line.

THE Republican and Democratic State Committees who met at Boston last week had the misfortune to call the State conventions of both parties on the same day and at the same hall in Worcester, viz: At Worcester, Sept. 6th, in Mechanics' Hall. The Democrats had the prudence to engage the hall in advance, so that the Republicans have had to make their convention a day earlier—the 5th.

GOV. RICE will not sign the death warrant of Jesse Pomeroy, and does right. The sickly clamor for this boy's blood is discreditable to the hearts of many good men and women who go up to the State House and urge that the boy may be hung. Gov. Gaston took strong ground against hanging the boy, and Gov. Rice does well in following his example. The boy has grown to be a young man since he has been in prison.

THE people should plainly understand who are for specie payments and who are not. Let them keep track of each party in Congress and they will get interested in this matter. The other day when the specie resumption act was up before the House there were 106 votes for repudiation, of which the Democrats furnished 98, the Republicans only 8. There were 86 votes against repudiation, of which the Republicans furnished 60, the Democrats 26. Stated in another form, the Democrats stood 98 to 26 for repudiation; the Republicans stood 60 to 8 against it. In the Senate, much time has been devoted to spirited and acrimonious debate and campaign speeches.

GOVERNOR TILDEN has finally issued his letter of acceptance and makes his acceptation quite a message, in which he seeks to cover all points interesting to the Democratic party. The reader can clearly see that it is a bid for votes. He goes back and quotes from his old documents about finance, and makes use of a good deal of egotism, as much as to say, "I, Samuel J. Tilden, know more about this matter than anybody else, and if you will only elect me President I'll show you how to do it!" He does not mention his association with Boss Tweed when in the height of his glory, nor the railroad swindle he played on the good people of Lebanon, N. Y., by which the honest farmers lost heavily; but he makes a good bid for the Presidency, intending to cover every point on which there is any question with a very soothing plaster. This, with the fact that he has had Hendricks under tuition for six weeks, accounts for the delay in his letter. In accepting the nomination for Vice-President, Gov. Hendricks talks quite crispy. He sees nothing right with the present administration, and in his talk about resumption he is about as clear as a pail of mud. He is not so good a diplomatist as Tilden, but shows his rough points to a disadvantage.

OUR FAMILY.—Uncle Sam has now thirty-eight children in his growing family. It is proper to add, thus preventing all mistakes, that the above paragraph refers to the United States, and not to the democratic candidate for the Presidency.

POLITICAL SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

Hendricks was a salary grabber. He voted to increase his own pay from $3000 to $5000 a year, to take effect from the beginning of that Congress, and the record shows that he drew and kept $2805.56 of back pay.

It is said that John Morrissey was the only man in the Legislature last winter who could get Tilden to sign a bill or do any other executive act in a reasonable time.

Hayes and Wheeler in clover—that is, an enthusiastic Republican in Buffalo has the names of Wheeler and Hayes grown in large letters of white clover on a grassy terrace of his yard.

A prominent democratic paper in Nebraska comes out for Hayes, saying "It is with sorrow we do this, but it is our only course since the fatal action of the St. Louis Convention.

In 1875 the debt of the city of New York was $30,000,000. Under the reign of the Tweed and Tilden Democracy this debt has reached the enormous sum of $130,000,000! This is the way Democracy practices "economy" and promotes "reform."

The New York Herald says: "Of the two letters, so far as civil service is concerned, we prefer that of Hayes. He puts himself on record in such a way that he cannot retreat without dishonor. There is nothing in Tilden's letter to prevent his removing every office-holder in thirty days. Hayes closes the door of patronage. Tilden leaves it ajar."

THE labor excitement has at length reached Springfield. It is said there are 285 men in that city entirely out of work, 87 per cent. of whom have dependent families; and a large gathering of unemployed laborers, and business men curious to learn what the complaints of the laborers really amount to, met at the old court house Wednesday evening, and were addressed by Rev. M. C. Stebbins, Hugh Donnelly, Chas. R. Ladd, Dave Power, and others. The laborers ask the city to furnish them employment, and thus enable them to support their families instead of becoming subjects of public charity. Mr. Power, who recommended the unemployed to go into the farming districts, where laborers are in demand, instead of remaining idle in the cities, was hissed down by those who evidently considered his advice unpalatable. The meeting finally adjourned, after appointing a committee, consisting of Rev. M. C. Stebbins, Chas. R. Ladd, Hugh Donnelly, James Mulloy, Hugh Marrius, Michael Harrington, and Patrick Linnehan, to confer with the city government, and report at a future meeting. The committee have since met, and adopted resolutions embodying the wants and sentiments of the labo[illegible]ring class, and ask the mayor to call a special meeting [illegible] of the city council to consider their petition.

A TAMWORTH (N. H.) TRAGEDY.—Paul Williams, with two companions, was out riding Sunday morning, near Choconua Lake, in Tamworth, N. H., when his companions concluded to take a bath in the lake, and stripping off their clothing plunged in, Williams meanwhile holding the horse. Sylvester Cone, who lives near, came out and ordered them off, but they refused to go until they had finished their bath. Cone returned to the house, and the young men dressed and were just starting off when Cone reappeared with a shot gun. Fearing no danger the fellows did not drive off, and Cone coming up pointed the muzzle of the gun close at Williams throat and fired. The shot tore away the young man's jaw, blew a ghastly hole in his neck and filled the upper part of his chest with wadding. Cone was immediately arrested, and narrowly escaped lynching by the infuriated people. He admits the killing, and his wife expresses the opinion that "he served the young man right." The victim has the reputation of being a quiet, well-behaved man.

S. A. & N. E. R. R.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Springfield, Athol and Northeastern R. R. was held at Athol last week. The report of the treasurer shows that the receipts of the road during the last fiscal year were $105,726, of which $39,361 was from passengers, $54,108 from freight, and $12,257 from other sources. The total operating expenses were $75,893, and $29,100 has been paid out as interest on bonds. The receipts were $9700 larger than the previous year, but a corresponding increase in expenses made the net the same. The old board of officers was unanimously re-elected.

GREAT FAILURE.—Max Stadler & Co. of New York, one of the largest clothing firms in the city, have failed. The firm had but recently furnished an elegant Broadway store at immense cost, and this, with the shrinkage in the value of goods, was the cause of the failure. The firm, according to the statement of the assignee, has gradually lost large sums on the value of goods in stock, and for a long time the sales scarcely paid more than the running expenses of the firm. Liabilities over $400,000.

WHERE ARE WE SAFE?—A common idea in regard to lightning is that persons are safe from its effects when sitting in the centre of a closed room, but at Stow a few weeks ago this was shown to be a fallacy. Several ladies were seated around by the walls of a room during a thunder storm when the house was struck by lightning. The bolt entered this particular room through a wall, fortunately touching nobody, and rolled into the centre of the floor, where it exploded, producing much smoke, but doing no injury to those present.

PLEASURE BOAT CAPSIZED.—Thirteen persons embarked in a small row boat, last Sunday, to cross Putnam's pond, in Essex County, N. Y. When only three rods from shore a squall struck them, the boat capsized in eight feet of water, and ten of its passengers were drowned. Their bodies were recovered.

LOCAL BUSINESS NOTICES.

SURVETUS LEACH has just received a car-load of shingles at his Park street yard. He sells 18-inch XXX pine shingles for $4.50, and No. 2 for $3.50.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Collins Depot vs. Lone Stars at base ball to-day.

Peaches have made their appearance in the market—pears also.

Services of St. Paul's Church, in Wales Hall, to-morrow, morning and evening.

Constable Williams has returned from a short pedestrian trip to the northern country.

Rev. Mr. Fullerton will occupy his pulpit at the Cong. church to-morrow, with the usual services.

Thorndike street, with its new sidewalks, is fast becoming the fashionable promenade of the village.

Rev. John Moore finished his lecture course Wednesday eve, and is to repeat the same in Warren.

Joseph F. Holbrook and wife are on their annual carriage trip to New Hampshire with their own team.

A. E. Park, grocer, is making internal improvements at his store, which will give him more room for his business.

Gov. Rice has appointed Fred'k Allen, son of J. G. Allen, Esq., a Justice of the Peace, and he has received his commission.

Have you seen the August meteors? They have been very brilliant the past week, but "close their engagement" to-morrow, the 13th inst.

For picnic parties "Steerage Rock" in the edge of Brimfield, is a pleasant resort, and a good place for "high notions" and a glorious prospect.

The "wee juveniles" only one or two of them over a year old, had a pleasant party at Miss Mary Sedgwick's on Pleasant street last week Friday.

Seth W. Smith, 2d, has put up a new soda fountain in his grocery store in Nassowanno block, and will furnish cooling drinks for five cents a glass.

Dr. W. H. Stowe has graded his grounds on Thorndike street to the level of the new concrete walk, and hung out a gilded name sign on his new office.

The date on the printed label upon your paper indicates the time to which it is paid. Please glance at the figures and see if your subscription is in arrears.

Fishing parties are all in fashion, and it is hard to tell which are the most plenty at Ludlow reservoir—the fishers or the fish. Astonishing yields are still reported.

The annual reunion of the 34th Regiment Association will be held about Sept. 20th this year, instead of in August, as heretofore. One notice will be given of the exact date.

Loren Bishop's house, barn and contents, were burned Wednesday night. It was an incendiary fire, and the two tramps who are suspected of having set it are under arrest.

A nameless base ball club from Three Rive[illegible] attempted a game on the park last Saturday with [illegible] the Lone Stars, and claim a victory, although they playe[illegible] but five innings, standing 18 to 12.

St. Paul's Universalist church admitted 12 new members last Sabbath afternoon, and two infants received the rite of baptism. The church now numbers 33 members in good and regular standing.

We are glad to notice the success of another Palmer boy, W. E. Judd, late assistant teacher in the Holyoke high school, who has been appointed classical teacher in the high school in Fall River.

The usual number of pleasure seekers joined the Rocky Point excursion Thursday, while a larger party went to Mount Tobey the same day,—a shorter trip, but full as pleasant on a hot summer day.

The tax collector is ready to receive the annual assessments levied upon the citizens. He gives notice in another column of the time of his visit to each of the several villages, and all taxes paid before the 20th inst. are entitled to a discount of 6 per cent. All taxes, by a vote of the town, must be paid before Feb. 1st, 1877.

The "Palmer Choral Union" has been organized with the following officers: President, Wm. Kurtz; vice president, Seth W. Smith, 2d; Sec'y, Mrs. W. H. Hitchcock; Treas. and librarian, Mrs. J. B. Shaw; pianist, Mrs. S. W. Smith, 2d; conductor, O. L. Slader. They will hold weekly meetings, every Monday evening.

Temperance men, young and old, should remember the meeting next Monday evening, in aid of the formation of a Temple of Honor in this village. All who are interested in the matter in any of the villages of the town are earnestly invited to be present at Good Templar's Hall, Allen block, next Monday evening, at 7.30.

The virtuous Amherst correspondent of the Republican writes a tearful squib because a newly-married couple who passed over the N. L. N. R. R. the other day purchased a copy of the Police News instead of a package of prize candy, and announces that the sad affair cast a gloom over their fellow-passengers, newsboy and all. Can't a man read the news when he's on his wedding trip?

The Spiritualist campmeeting at Lake Pleasant commenced Wednesday, but the first religious meetings will be held to-morrow. The New London Northern R. R. has decided not to run Sunday excursion trains to the lake as it did last year, but will give its customary facilities for reaching the grounds on other days. Over 1000 persons from North Adams were at the Lake Wednesday.

A large audience listened to the temperance address of Rev. Mr. Patterson in Wales Hall last week Friday evening, for over two hours. Mr. Patterson is a radical prohibitionist on the liquor question, and rightly includes tobacco, profane swearing, etc., in the prohibitory list. He read two pledges, one including all the above, the other only prohibiting the use of liquor. His pledges prohibit the use of liquor "as a beverage" but he denounces its use medicinally as wrong in theory and unnecessary in practice.

The legal commission appointed by Gov. Rice to consider the matter of reforming our judicial system, gave a hearing at the court house in Springfield, Wednesday, and the lawyers were present in large numbers. Timothy Packard of Monson objected to our district court, and wanted the old system of trial justices revived, claiming the present system was a great inconvenience to his village. Mr. Gardner was satisfied with the present district court and desired its continuance. Robert O. Morris, clerk of courts for Hampden county, testified that the cost to the county of the present district court of eastern Hampden was several times greater than under the old regime of trial justices. He thought the trials by sheriffs' jury ought to be abolished, and the cases carried directly to the superior court. The costs of a sheriff's jury are supposed to fall on the parties in interest, who give bonds therefor, but in one recent case the whole cost of $500 came on the county, as the bond was only for $200. The sheriff receives $10 a day for his services, one-half being paid by either party.

DISTRICT COURT.

Last week Friday, William Harnett, overseer in the Thorndike mills, was arraigned for assault and battery on one of the girls in his room. The complainant acknowledged satisfaction and Harnett was let off on payment of costs amounting to $7.40.

On Monday, 7th, William Colgrove was fined $5.10 for drunkenness.——J. F. McCormick, for keeping open shop at Thorndike on the Lord's Day, was fined $10 and costs.

Wednesday, 9th, Andrew Gilbride of Monson was sent to the House of Correction for one month. Offence,—stealing a pair of shoes.

Thursday was a busy day. Joseph Tierney and Mary Tierney, his wife, were up, he for drunkenness, she for disturbing the peace Wednesday night, at or near Shearer's Corners. Their fines were $6.85 each.

Two tramps for setting a fire in Wilbraham were brought before the court, but as the offence was committed outside of the limits over which the court has jurisdiction, they were sent to Springfield for trial.

Mary J. Hillborn was next called. She had been a hard-working domestic in the family of John S. Holden, of this village, where she lived for a year and a half. Last Saturday Mr. Holden discharged her, and she immediately started for her home in New Hampshire, taking with her several articles of jewelry, dresses and underwear, belonging to the family. Constable Palmer followed her and recovered most of the stolen property, Mary returning with him voluntarily. When brought before the court on Thursday, she declined to plead, but on examination was adjudged guilty of the theft and sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs, amounting to over $50. Mary's appearance on the stand was such as to prepare the public for another chapter of her history, which was brought out in the afternoon, when E. B. Goodell, a clerk for Mr. Holden, was brought before Mr. Robinson, as Justice of the Peace, on her complaint. Mary's story was that during the absence of Mr. Holden in New York last January, Mr. Goodell came to the house to sleep, (as was his custom at such times) occupying the room adjoining her own. One evening she retired to her peaceful slumbers at the usual hour, with her chamber door securely closed, and awoke early next morning to find it open, her clothing moved from where she had placed it, and a strong smell of ether in the room. Subsequent developments led her to imagine strange things, and as she is now in a critical state she preferred the charge of bastardy against Mr. Goodell on the strength of this story. The Justice after hearing the defendant and the doctors, concluded that Mary's story was very improbable, and immediately discharged Mr. Goodell.

COLLINS' DEPOT.

The young people of Collins' Depot had a summer evening dance at Liberty Hall, Tuesday evening.

WARREN.

Rev. Mr. Moore of Brooklyn, N. Y., opened a lecture course, Thursday evening, and will repeat the three he has just given to his Palmer audiences.

THORNDIKE.

The Dauntless B. B. C. again defeated the Sure Pops of Ware on the 29th ult., by a score of 36 to 20.

The Resolutes defeated the Lightfoots of Duckville on the 5th, by a score of 19 to 9. A movement is on foot by the citizens, to procure new uniforms for the Dauntless club, and quite a sum has been raised for that purpose.

WEST WARREN.

At West Warren, one-fourth of the entire town tax is paid by the cotton mills.

The hose company were out practicing Saturday, preparatory to the firemen's muster at Warren, Sept. 2d.

Postmaster Elwell and wife, of West Warren, have been spending a two weeks' vacation in Montreal and Quebec. They advise people visiting Montreal not to leave without a sail down the St. Lawrence to Quebec, a most delightful trip.

The Pioneers of West Brookfield, assisted by two or three of the Riversides, succeeded in polishing the Stars, Saturday, at base ball, 41 to 25. During the game a small boy named Henderson took a hot ball from the bat in the eye, and immediately made a home-run, and stayed there. A black eye was all the damage.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM.

Clark Goodwill lost a valuable horse Monday by his being driven and then drinking cold water.

The Methodist church is closed for three weeks, during the vacation of the pastor.

Rev. Mr. Cook closes his labors with the Baptist church September 1st.

The lightning played many curious tricks hereabouts Monday last, but with no serious damage to property, or loss of life. The hail which accompanied the thunder and lightning was severe on some tobacco and the damage is considerable.

Another shoddy firm has put in an appearance, to rent the Scantic mill. We hope they will succeed better than the former.

The thermometer was 102 in the shade for three hours Monday.

S. C. Spellman is agent for the Martindale law and collection association, which has agencies all over the United States.

THREE RIVERS.

It is somewhere written in the Bible, that "the wicked flee when no man pursueth, but the righteous are as bold as a lion." This passage was well illustrated last week in this place. It is said that as officer Palmer was quietly passing through Three Rivers this week a certain professional man of the village espied him coming and supposed he might be after him, and took to the river to escape his grasp. Little is known here of his whereabouts since he fled, but no fears are entertained of his being drowned. S.

In this season of improvements would it not be well to devote a little time and energy, to bettering the condition of the burying ground in this place. Although situated so near the village, it is a most desolate, neglected looking spot. A portion of the old worm-eaten fence has fallen down, and the yard is covered with so thick a growth of underbrush as to render a walk through it almost impossible. A number of the headstones have fallen over, some are broken and the graves sunk in. There are only a few yards in the cemetery that bear evidence of having received any care for years, although the names on some of the monuments are the same as of some of the first families in town. A number of burials take place there every year though it is truly a sad place to consign one's friends to. Respect for the memory of those who rest there, as well as an interest in the place where we ourselves shall one day be laid, should suggest the improvement and proper care of it in the future. T.

MONSON.

No Hayes and Wheeler clubs, no Tilden and Hendricks clubs, but several base ball clubs.

The box shop near the depot and the Monson straw works are both running on full time with orders ahead.

George H. Gough is in town on a short visit, and all his old acquaintances are glad to shake hands with our former tinsmith.

John C. Maguire has leased his boot and shoe shop near the depot to the Messrs. Witherell, who will try the tinning business there.

The Skull and Bones base ball club played the Eagles of Stafford Springs on Wednesday afternoon. Result—29 to 17, in favor of the former.

Robert Murphy, the shoemaker, has taken possession of Wade's photographic car, and will give sittings to all who order boots and shoes of him.

For a good, pleasant evening drive one should go toward Moulton Hill, and see how city folks enjoy country air and can entertain their country cousins.

The two story and basement addition to Green's boarding house is up, and plans show a spacious dining room and good kitchen accommodations, together with a large number of sleeping apartments.

E. S. Willis & Son, the popular clothiers in Green's block, are daily receiving additions to their well-selected stock, and supplying a want long felt in this community.

For the want of any more interesting item, we would say that a yellow dog came very near getting run over at the depot the other day. The only reason why he was not run over and killed was that he wasn't there.

William King, surveyor in district No. 1, South, is at work on the highways, and finds plenty to do. If all the surveyors would cut down the "thank-ye-marms" and round up the center of the roads, as is done in Worcester and Middlesex counties, the roads would be much better.

The Monson Cornet Band gave one of their best open-air concerts at the new band stand near Gage's store, on Wednesday evening. The streets were lined with people on the sidewalks, and the road was filled with carriages. Quite a number of people from the surrounding towns were present, and at the conclusion the ladies gave a supper and refreshments to the band and the ball club in the M. E. church.

WARE AND VICINITY.

Eight Ware *boys* are camping out in Greenwich woods.

Rev. Mr. Hudson and wife are spending a few weeks in town.

C. S. Tarbell, the express messenger and Ware agent, has moved his office into Blood's drug store.

There are two stages from Ware to West Warren now, and folks can ride cheap and take their choice.

The fire company will soon have their full uniforms, and we trust when they have they will show themselves.

The warm weather has one good effect; namely, to lessen the number of tramps. But few of the species are seen now-a-days.

D. I. Emerson is building a carriage room in connection with his barn on Pleasant St. By the way Mr. Emerson has several pretty turn-outs.

Ware people continue to go to the Centennial or sea shore, notwithstanding the thermometer last Monday tallied 130° in the sun and from 95° to 108° in the shade.

J. A. Cummings, having been forty-one years in business, has withdrawn from the firm of J. A. Cummings & Co. and J. H. Cummings will continue the business.

The first match game of Cricket played here this season was played last Saturday, when the West Warren cricket club came here and beat the Ware eleven by a score of 81 to 6, and six men to go only.

About three hundred attended the picnic at West Brookfield, Tuesday, seventy-five of whom were from Ware. We are told that an exceedingly pleasant time was had. Seven boats were on the pond, adjacent to the grove, for the pleasure of the company, and numerous swings and hammocks on the land helped to pass away the time. The refreshments were ample and in variety, but perhaps the most pleasing feature of the day was the reading, by Mrs. Vannever of Brookfield, of various entertaining selections.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

Some persons have suggested that it would not be inappropriate to have the exhibition close on Thanksgiving day.

The subscriptions to the International Regatta already amount to two thousand dollars. Ten thousand is the sum wanted.

A large number of very beautiful and valuable English sheep have been sent here to be entered for the live stock exhibition.

There are now four thousand varieties of the gladiolus on exhibition in and around Horticultural Hall, and they form a magnificent chrome of color.

Ripe fruit is arriving in large quantities at the Arkansas, the Kansas, and other State buildings; an invoice of cherries from Oregon, fourteen days en route, is announced.

Mr. George W. Childs is doing a praiseworthy and generous action in paying the admission fees to the Exhibition of all the unlucky children who have been committed for terms at the House of Refuge.

Prof. King's balloon ascensions are one of the principal sensations of the hour; a number of correspondents went up with him into the clouds and are writing the most tantalizing things about the delicious weather in the upper spheres.

The last installment of the rent of the great Corliss engine has just been paid. The engine was rented to the Centennial Commission for six months for seventy thousand dollars. Its enormous fly wheel recently registered its millionth revolution.

The decision of the Commissioners to admit school children at half price will crowd the buildings with little folks during the next two months. Indications are that there will be a great many mammoth school excursions from the West, as soon as the weather becomes a little cooler.

The exhibit of the Portuguese colonies, just completed in Agricultural Hall, is very beautiful. Among the curiosities there is the wooden figure of a Goa chief. This warlike dignitary is elaborately clad in crimson and spangles, and carries in a richly embroidered belt weapons enough to stock a small arsenal.

A military encampment has been established in Fairmount Park, Prospect Avenue, and there is a number of divisions of the Pennsylvania militia, as well as three thousand soldiers from Connecticut, will soon be encamped. There will be from 1500 to 1800 tents on the ground when the camping season is at its hight.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

It costs $50 to insult a lady on the streets of St. Louis.

Is your candidate's name printed on your white necktie?

Young ladies in blue flannel in Wisconsin swim across half-mile-wide lakes.

Engineer A. W. Locke has been appointed superintendent of the Hoosac Tunnel.

The Good Templars of Michigan gained 101 lodges and 4500 members the past year.

Blind men are employed as attendants in Japanese bathing establishments for women.

There 250,000, Indians who have had set apart for them about 150,000,000 acres of land.

The Chinamen favor Hendricks because they do not want paper handkerchiefs to go out of fashion.

The potato bug is good bait for trout. Three or four trout turned loose in a patch will clean out the pests.

In the bar room political fights this year the republicans seem to have the eyes and the democrats the nose.

Rev. Mr. Hepworth has good courage. He has assumed the entire debt of his church, amounting to $125,000.

General W. H. F. Lee, son of the late Gen. Robert E. Lee, is a farmer in Fairfax county, Va., and he drives a pair of mules.

A building in Philadelphia, which is occupied by thirty-eight lawyers, took fire on the roof the other day from spontaneous combustion.

As late as July 20 large quantities of ice were reported in Lake Superior, near Duluth, with a prospect that it would last some time.

In the Jordan River, Upper Michigan, trout abound in such numbers that a party of four persons, after six days' fishing, caught 2,000.

On the first morning after his arrival in England, Dom Pedro stepped out a few minutes before breakfast and made a tour of the country.

It is stated that in Seville, Spain, the heat has been so intense this summer that birds trying to fly at noon have fallen sunstruck and lifeless in the plaza.

A member of a New Bedford juvenile base ball club recently sold out a game for ten cents and two cigars. His associates expelled him from their ranks.

It is claimed as a sign of Liszt's superior genius that he smokes in the presence of his lady visitors. A man may not be a gentleman and still be a great pianist.

A Michigan man gave a pretty Swede $200 to buy an outfit and get ready to elope with him. She pocketed the lucre, went and told his wife, and there was trouble.

A North Carolina lad, plucky but poor, sold subscription books after school hours, made $93, attended the Cincinnati Convention, went to Niagara Falls, and spent two weeks at the exhibition.

SMUGGLER won the free-to-all race at Rochester, Thursday, best time 2.15¾, on the first heat. His competitors were "Bodine," "Judge Fullerton" and "Lucille Golddust." At the end of the race "Smuggler" was presented with a splendid wreath of flowers, from the Rochester ladies.

IDLENESS IN NEW YORK.—There are more idle men in the city at present than in midwinter. Inquiries have resulted in ascertaining the approximate number of men idle in each of the leading trades, as follows: Carpenters idle, 4000; laborers, 6000; bricklayers, 2000; stone-cutters, plasterers, ironworkers, shoemakers, hatters, bakers, cabinetmakers, cigar-makers, 1000 to 1500 each; engineers and machinists, 2000; various other occupations, 9000; making a total of over 38,000.

A HIGH-TONED FORGER.—Thomas Coyningham, a member of the prominent coal and iron firm of Broderick & Co., at Wilkesbarre, Penn., is a forger to the amount of nearly $250,000. The forger is very respectably connected, and the son of a late judge. He fled the country and has not been captured.

Still the tramps are "raising Cain" in Vermont. Their latest deviltry was near Hyde Park, where a young lad named Henry Cota was picking blueberries, when they attacked and cruelly mutilated him. The perpetrators of this crime are supposed to be the same ones who made the brutal attack upon Mrs. Perry a week or two ago. No cause other than "pure cussedness" is assigned for this outrage. One of the men suspected has just finished a term in the State prison.

Lee, in Berkshire county, has a first-class sensation. Dr. Fitch, dentist, and a family man, was accused of too intimate relations with five or six young ladies of the village, and a deputy sheriff arrested him. He found bail, which he forfeited and decamped, ostensibly for Texas. The doctor has moved in the best society, and built up a good practice. The affair causes much excitement, and rumor adds other names to the list of his victims.

Enos Clark, an elderly and well-to-do farmer of Northampton, attempted suicide early Saturday morning, last week, by cutting his throat, but was prevented from inflicting fatal injuries. He had shown signs of insanity for several days, and was closely watched by his friends.

The injunction against the work on the East River suspension bridge from New York to Brooklyn has been removed by Judge Johnson, and now nothing remains but to proceed with the work, which will be done.

Sixty-three babies reported for duty at a Battle Creek baby party. The careless reporters assert that Mrs. B—— "furnished refreshments for the whole of them."

Hon. Benjamin Harrison, of Indianapolis, has been nominated for Governor of Indiana, in place of the Hon. Godlove S. Orth, who declined.

The Fire Record.

The office of the Illustrated Canadian News, t Montreal, was damaged $10,000 by fire on Sunday.

Fleury's agricultural and sewing machine works at Aurora, Ont., were burned on Sunday; loss $80,000.

At New Britain, Conn., the Taylor M'f'g Co's buildings were burned Thursday evening. Loss about $50,000.

Wrightman & Negley's blacking works at Pittsburgh, Pa., were destroyed by fire a few days ago. Loss $18,000; insurance $8,000.

A fire at Norwich, Conn., on Sunday night, burned the shoe store of Cosgrove Brothers, causing a loss of $20,000, fully covered by insurance.

A barn in Fiskdale, belonging to Mr Sheridan of Charlton, and well filled with hay, was destroyed by an incendiary fire on Friday night last week.

The dwelling and barn of Mrs. Johanna Quinlan, in Hadley, were burned on Saturday afternoon last, the fire being set in the barn. Insured for $700.

Railway wood-sheds, 300 cords of wood, and a water-house, belonging to the Passumpsic Railroad, at Barton, Vt., were burned Monday afternoon. Loss $2,000.

The extensive publishing establishment of Grant & Co., London, was burned Thursday evening. Loss estimated at $1,000,000. The firm has a branch house in New York.

The old storehouse of the Boston & Albany car-shop in Springfield was destroyed by fire at midnight last Saturday, with 150,000 feet of dressed lumber. Loss about $15,000.

At 2 o'clock Monday morning, the cigar manufactory of M E Holz, in Leach's Block, Natick, was damaged by fire to the amount of $650; insured for $500. French & Dakin's tin-shop was damaged to the extent of $100, and other parties sustained loss by smoke.

Two large farm barns belonging to Dr. W. G. Breck, at Springfield, were struck by lightning and burned Monday afternoon, together with a quantity of hay and grain. Loss $3000; insurance $2000. Geo. W. Chapin's barns were also struck and destroyed. Loss $1800; partially insured.

At Saratoga, Miss Grundy caught sight of a dainty foot clad in embroidered silk hose and kid sandals, whose straps were clasped with rosettes of opals set in diamonds. Another lady fastens her white matelasse opera cloak at the throat with an enormous brooch, composed of a pearl the size of a pigeon's egg, surrounded with clusters of diamonds.

A depression in the old cemetery at Cherry Valley, N. Y., marks the spot where a trench was dug for the bodies of the 40 Revolutionary martyrs who were massacred by the Tories and Indians under Brandt and Butlor, in 1778. It is now proposed to erect a monument on the historic spot, and thus preserve its traditions for posterity.

They have a man in San Francisco who claims to be the strongest man living, in his superhuman feats. With 400 pounds on his breast, 400 pounds on his back, a bar of 200 pounds on his neck, and a man on each shoulder, he walks and dances to music, wearing shoes weighing 75 pounds each,

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A man in Boone county, Iowa, grew weary of his wife's absence on a visit to her mother-in-law, and hurried her return by having a photograph of his house taken with himself and a neighbor's wife standing on the porch. This he sent to his better half, and she returned by the first train.

A grand union railroad depot is proposed at Chicago, to be located on the West side, between Canal street and the river. It is designed to take the main building of the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, which is put together in sections and can easily be transported to Chicago.

Congress has passed a resolution creating a commission to superintend the restoration of the original Declaration of Independence, which will be a difficult task. The ink has not faded, but has been removed by pressure on damp copying paper used in engraving facsimiles.

The Springfield Democrat comes to us with a clean, nice-looking face, and is quite ably edited by Mr. Wells, of the firm of Weaver, Shipman & Co. We are glad to have the democracy of Western Massachusetts have an organ, and with Mr. Wells as editor it ought to succeed.

The contented man has been discovered in Nashua, N. H. He is a one-armed switchman named Thomas Brown. His brother died in Massachusetts and left him money; but he sent back word, "I don't want the money. I've got all I need."

The New York Mail says that bathing towels at Long Branch are the size of a note sheet and of the thickness of tissue paper. Two cost twenty-five cents to hire. Twenty thousand yards of the material could be bought for a dollar.

Professor Seelye of Massachusetts, who was elected to Congress at a cost of three cents, has been offered the presidency of Amherst college. To accept that will only cost him assent.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

An inn-keeper at Sheerness, Eng., has become so strongly persuaded of the evil effects of his trade that he has erected a drinking fountain, that the thirsty may not be pressed into the consumption of alcohol.

Gibson & Tyler of Minneapolis, Minn., manufacturers of the famous North Star blankets, have suspended. The closing up of these mills will throw about 300 persons out of employment.

"A hundred years ago when you called on a girl she kissed you good bye. Now if you suggest anything of the sort her father calls you into the library and asks you what you are worth.

Religious Notes.

The oldest Congregational church in Vermont was organized at Bennington in 1762.

The Protestant Episcopal church in the United States has 3,140 ministers and 273,002 members.

There are 521 Congregational churches in Massachusetts, with a membership of 85,677, and 97,000 Sunday school scholars.

There are 19,287 Methodist Episcopal Sunday schools, containing 207,182 teachers and 1,406,168 scholars, in the United States.

Twenty-nine of the Congregational churches in Maine are older than the Declaration of Independence. The oldest, the church in York, was founded in 1672.

The Roman Catholics have 4,873 priests and claim 6,000,00 baptized members in this country, though they count many who are really in no church and many in Protestant churches.

They are building Baptist meeting houses out on the prairies with much hopefulness of the future. Seven have recently been dedicated in Illinois, all free from debt, and each will seat about 350 people.

The regular Baptists in the United States number 21,551 churches, 13,354 ministers, and 1,761,710 members. With other Baptist bodies, the Baptist membership reached, the first of last year, 2,335,737.

The Bay State General Association of Congregational Churches, at its last session in Lowell, reported peace and prosperity within its borders, few dissensions, and large accessions during the winter revivals.

The Presbyterians in this country number 5,700 ministers and 535,210 church members. Their benevolent contributions for the last church year amounted to $9,810,223. They have 555,347 pupils in their Sunday schools.

There are 84,000 Congregationalists in Maine, being one-seventh of the whole population. They are gathered into 252 churches, and 19,852 are communicants. There are 19,454 scholars in their Sunday schools.

The by-laws of the First Congregational Church, Cleveland, contain this very distinct total abstinence requirement: "No person shall be deemed eligible to membership in the church who will *use or furnish to others intoxicating liquors as a beverage.*"

The German Baptist church of Chicago recently dedicated a mission church in South Chicago, the erection of which cost nothing except the price of the material, $100. The church members did the work for nothing. The building will seat 200 persons, and is worth $2,000.

An Appeal to Butchers.—The Mass. Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals makes the following appeal to the butchers of Massachusetts to abandon the cruel practice of bleeding calves before slaughtering.

While very many of the butchers are opposed to "bleeding," and would gladly abandon the practice, they feel that the demands of a portion of their patrons compel them to continue it. But as the community becomes more enlightened on the subject, they become correspondingly averse to eating the meat of animals that have in any manner been abused; and hence we find a class, constantly increasing in numbers, that refuse to purchase veal that has been bled.

We are quite ready to presume that butchers have followed the custom simply because it *is* a custom, and from no desire to either subject an animal to unnecessary suffering, or to be called other than law-abiding citizens. In view of the fact that the custom is demonstrated by the highest medical authority to be a bad one, that it is a violation of the statute law, to say nothing of the moral law, may we not appeal to butchers to abandon the custom. Butchers willing to do so will oblige us by sending their names to our office, as we design making up a list of names so received, which will be sent to all prior to January 1, 1877, so that each may know who is co-operating with him in the work.

Women's Rights.—An old lady in California refused to allow a railroad corporation to lay rails through her property. The track-layers took advantage of Sunday—a day on which she could not appeal to the courts—and put down the rails. She was outwitted, but not defeated. When the locomotive came along over the branch line she took up a position on the track and would not stir. The locomotive backed out and left her at her post.

Catholics and the Bible.—Catholics profess, like other Christian denominations, to find the foundation of their faith in the Bible, but they present a very curious attitude toward the sacred book, which the following flippant paragraph from the *Catholic* illustrates: "During the present century about 200,000,000 Bibles have been distributed, furnishing paper enough to make 15,000,000,000 cigar, pipe and gas-lighters."

How They Vote.—A Westfield traveler took a vote for President on a way train between Geneva and Rochester, recently, with the following result: Hayes and Wheeler, 34; Tilden and Hendricks, 19. A spirited lady on the train, who was an ardent Tilden man, said if the ladies should vote the result would be different; whereupon a vote of the ladies was taken with the following result: Hayes, 19, Tilden, 4.

Fair Exchange no Robbery.—A pastor out West was in the habit of bestowing a kiss upon the fair lips of his female parishioners. He kissed the wife of an editor, who wishing to equalize bounties, bestowed a kiss upon the young wife of the aforesaid pastor. The editor went to his home that night a wiser man, with about two inches of parasol in his left eye.

A San Francisco theatre manager has given notice that no woman shall occupy a seat in the boxes, dress circle, or parquet of his house if she wears a hat or bonnet.

Another Scare.—Last Saturday afternoon the river near Hinsdale assumed a muddy appearance and alarmed the inhabitants along its banks, who thought that one of the reservoirs above had given away. The stampede to the hills was universal, and confidence was only restored on finding that it was but a small saw-mill dam, and the only damage done was in the flooding of the Boston and Albany railroad yard. The owner of the dam, Mr. Silas Bingham, by a singular coincidence, was buried the same day.

Campaign Music.—G. D. Russell & Co., of Boston, have published three new pieces appropriate to the campaign. The Republican sympathizers will be pleased with "We'll vote for the Buckeye Boy," while the musicians who have a leaning the other way can choose between "Gov. Tilden's Grand March," and the campaign song, "Uncle Sam's the Man." All are pretty pieces and cost 40 cents each. You pays your money and takes your choice.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

Kidney Diseases, Dropsy, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs can be cured by Hunt's Remedy. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians to die, have been speedily cured by the use of Hunt's Remedy.

A good chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lyon's Katharon prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y3-26

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of James Pyle. None genuine without. 1y1??

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured Atwood's Vegetable, Physical, Jaundice Bitters will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. John F. Henry, Curran & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

Children Cry for Castoria. It is as pleasant to take as honey, and is absolutely harmless. It is sure to expel worms, cure wind colic, regulate the bowels and stomach, and overcome irritability caused by rash or cutting teeth. It is a perfect substitute for Castor Oil, and for Costiveness in young or old there is nothing in existence so effective and reliable.

The latest, greatest, and most reliable remedy ever put together by medical science for Rheumatism, Wounds, Swellings, Burns, Caked Breast, &c., is the Centaur Liniment. There are two kinds. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Centaur Liniment is for spavined, lame and strained horses and animals. 13w6

BORN.

At Belchertown, 4th, a daughter to Addison H. Bartlett.

At Springfield, April 25th, a daughter to Emma J. Work, and granddaughter to Charles Hill of Palmer.

At Springfield, 6th, a son to James O. Tuttle; 7th, a son to Daniel M. Davis.

At North Brookfield, 1st, a son to John R. Dewing.

At Holyoke, 4th, a son to C. H. Brascom, formerly U. S. consul at Manchester, England.

At Springfield, 8th, a daughter to W. S. Banning.

At Holyoke, 3d, twins to Samuel Grover; 8th, a son to Fred. J. Hughes.

At South Amherst, 3d, a son to Myron W. Levey.

MARRIED.

At Rockville, Conn., 9th, by Rev. Mr. Walker, Frank R. Lawton of Ware and Abbie J. Gamwell of Palmer.

DIED.

At Palmer, 10th, Philip Lamb, 63.

At Thorndike, 9th, Mrs. Abigail Hall, 70 years and 2 months.

At Thorndike, 8th, Hannah Twiss, 13.

At Brimfield, 6th, Mary Cassidy, 21.

At Wilbraham, 1st, Mrs. Mary A., 52, widow of Brainard T. Brewer.

At North Brookfield, 5th, Mrs. J. B. Deming, 39.

At Chicopee Falls, 6th, Sarah S., 57, wife of Alonzo R. Cushman of Bernardston.

At Springfield, 6th, Eliza A., 48 wife of W. A. Spooner; 7th, Willie, 18, son of James Dustin, formerly of Holyoke and recently of South Carolina.

At Southampton, 6th, James G. Kellogg, of Springfield.

At Agawam, 8th, by drowning, I. Warner Brewster, Jr. of Worthington.

At Stafford, Ct., 5th, James M. Heck, 23.

District of Massachusetts, ss: Palmer, Aug. 5, 1876.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Warren Shaw of Wales, Mass., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

3w20 CHARLES L. GARDNER, Assignee.

Tax Collector's Notice.

The Collector of Taxes will be at the counting room in Thorndike from 8 to 12 a. m., and at the counting room in Three Rivers from 1 to 6 p. m., Tuesday, Aug. 15th; at Murdock's store in Bondsville from 8 to 10 a. m., and at the counting room in Duckville from 10 to 12 a. m., Wednesday Aug. 16; at the town clerk's office in the depot village from 8 a. m. to six p. m., Thursday, Aug. 17th, 1876, to receive taxes. Pay your taxes before Aug. 20th, and save a discount of six per cent.

H. A. NORTHROP, Collector.

Guardian's Sale of Real Estate.

By license of the Probate Court for the county of Hampden to Caroline M. O'Byron, guardian of Mary Ida O'Byron of Wales, will be sold at public auction, on the premises described below, at two o'clock p. m., on the 8th day of September, 1876, the following described real estate, to wit: The interest of said ward in the farm and buildings formerly owned and occupied by Michael O'Byron, late of Wales, deceased, situated in said Wales, on the old road leading from Wales to Brimfield and described in a deed given by Calvin Shaw of Wales to said Michael O'Byron, and recorded in the Hampden registry of deeds, book 141, page 359.

Terms made known at time and place of sale.

CAROLINE M. O'BYRON, Guardian.

Wales, Aug. 8th, 1876. 3w20

PALMER

Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Neck Ruffllings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!

Complete Stock!

Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES!

SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at Low Prices.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON, "DOMESTIC,"
SINGER, VICTOR,
WILSON, WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE, HOWE,
WEED, AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

THE SMITH

American Organ

IS THE

LEADING INSTRUMENT

FOR

CHURCHES, CHAPELS, CONCERT HALLS, and for PRIVATE HOUSES.

Sold Low for CASH or on MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.

Also, Agent for LIGHTE and ERNST Celebrated Grand Square PIANO FORTES,

J. S. LEEDHAM, Agent,
69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.—Hampden ss. Probate Court.—To all persons interested in the estate of James Dinnick, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, M. W. French, trustee under the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the third account of his administration of said trust;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said trustee is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

3w19 SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

FOR SALE!

A GOOD HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS,

IN THIS VILLAGE.

Good barn, wells, orchard, etc., on the place. Will be sold low if applied for soon, and easy terms of payment given. For further information apply at the Journal Office.

☞ Also, A NEW HOUSE, in good locality.

Palmer, July 28, 1876. 18tf

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the Journal Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

SURYETUS LEACH,

HOUSE CARPENTER & JOINER,

Shop on Park street, Palmer, Mass.

Having put power into my shop, I am also prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, Scroll Sawing, Rabbet Door Casings and Jams, and make Casings, etc. All work promptly attended to. ☞ See sign on east end of Rockwotton House. 10tf

DID YOU TRY THE

RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by

2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

LOST, on or about the 10th of July last, a note for $57 on Albert Upham. Any person finding said note are hereby cautioned against using it, as payment has been stopped.

ALBERT UPHAM.

Belchertown, Aug. 2, 1876. 3w19*

ENVELOPES!

ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.

Printed to order, At the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DR. HIGGINS'

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SPRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.

Palmer, Mass., 1876.

Pianos, Organs,

or any other

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT,

of any style or make will be furnished by the subscribers at lowest rates. We are special agents for the

GUILD & CHURCH PIANO,
And the ESTEY ORGAN!

The ESTEY leads the world in sweetness of tone and style of finish. Call and examine.

ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,

ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received.
ANY MUSIC WANTED
obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS

—IN—

38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public thot they have opened a Cash Store in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH, We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.

Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

MORSE,

Of the "Central Shoe Store," Springfield, don't seem to know anything about the dull times. His famous establishment, No. 370 Main street, is lively as a "town meeting," and no postponement on account of the season, weather or thermometer. 4w18t

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,

T. J. SULLIVAN.

Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and Canned Fruit constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.

E DODGE.

Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of

H. W. MUNGER.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.

S. S. TAFT.

Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,

DENTIST,

SPRINGFIELD, Mass

Office, 271 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y1-26

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. True & Co., Augusta, Me. 51

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD-OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.

3m14

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,

Sheet Lead,

Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL.

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.

Corner Central and Pleasant Sts

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.

Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the

JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,

3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. Q. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.

Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.

Palmer, July, 1876. 15tf

Pomp and I.

Pomp lies in one chair, I in another.
(Pomp's a black cat, I'm his brother.)

There we lie blinkin' in the sun.
Blinkin' and blinkin'—oh! what fun!

What d'you s'pose we're thinkin' about?
One o' the things "no feller can't find out."

I'm so glad I'm nothin' but a cat;
Pomp he says, "That's so," to that.

Fat and lazy all day long,
Plenty to eat and can't do wrong.

When it comes to the end o' day,
We can go to sleep on a bed o' hay.

All I can say is, I'm happy as a cat;
"Happy as a clam" is nothing to that.

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 13, 1876.

BY REV. D. M. FULLERTON.

The Call of Wisdom.—Prov. 1, 20-33.

V. 20. Wisdom here becomes a person with an attractive voice. The wicked secretly entice; she publicly appeals to men.

V. 21. She is where the bustling throng meets, where tribunals are held and in all the places of common concourse. All wise men and teachers and prophets who in any way and any where teach and proclaim human duty are comprised here under the term wisdom. Nay, her imploring voice is virtually that of God himself.

V. 22. The different classes here are the thoughtless, the deriders, and the determined enemies of truth and goodness. The knowledge hated is that which is equivalent to wisdom.

V. 23. The reproof which should be heeded is one which implies that conviction is present. The spirit of wisdom is an animating influence of a moral nature. Experience of it shall be had by all who repent and forsake sin.

V. 24. The speaker in this verse takes his stand at the close of the time of probation. "Because I *have* called" etc., he says: Calling is proclaiming the truth; stretching forth the hand is the gesture of one earnestly beseeching. Wisdom does not use harshness until her gentleness has been disregarded. The giving of the Spirit to convict and persuade is by no means unknown to the Old Testament. When only rejection follows retribution results.

V. 25. Many are disinclined to heed the counsels of wisdom. They will not accept them.

V. 26. When the imploring voice of God has been full long derided, when men have laughed and mocked at His words too long, He turns from them. The strong figure is, "I will laugh, I will mock," because of the stubborn attitude of them who disregard Him.

V. 27. "I who have warned you so often, so tenderly and so earnestly will let the evils you fear come down upon you as a whirlwind. No power will stay or soften their severity."

V. 28. They shall seek me "early," that is, earnestly. It is unutterably perilous to be deaf to God's call, lest he one day shut his ear to our cry. God takes no malign gratification in inflicting retribution; yet has justice of fibre enough to inflict it when forced to do so by our rebellious and insolent disregard of Him. Sin desires to make out God a being destitute of justice. It is justice which we sinners most fear.

V. 29. Reason for God's final attitude to those who have disregarded Him. They despised reproof, therefore they receive the legitimate consequences of their chosen course. They would not have God's mercy; dared his justice; are therefore sated with the results of their own ways.

V. 30. They were unwilling to follow God"s counsels. So the drunkard, the glutton and the incontinent are unwilling to turn at the reproof which their bodies utter and go on to meet a merciless retribution in the wreck and pain of those bodies. Society enforces her laws against the robber, the seducer and other evil men. Beyond a given line society shows no mercy whatever. Why? Because the offender "would none of its reproof."

V. 31. Men get their fill at last of their own evil devices. They eat the fruit of the seed which they themselves have planted. There comes a time in the history of incorrigible scorners when no ear hears, no hand offers to save, nothing arrests judgment. The doctrine here taught is the same doctrine which is written both in the laws of man's physical constitution and in those which provide for and sustain society.

V. 32. The turning away of the easily tempted from Wisdom's call is their ruin. It slays them. It murders them. This is self murder—suicide. The "prosperity" of "fools" is the brutish apathy, the careless security, the insensibility to wisdom's appeals and warnings which they show. This works their destruction. It is wholly a false prosperity evermore.

V. 33. Wisdom's mission is to forewarn and thus to forearm. It strives to lead into ways of peace and safety. God is a kind and careful Father. All blessedness comes to him who follows God's counsels.

The cattle-yard men of West Albany, N. Y., who have long been vexed by the truly hoggish action of the porkers in their transfer from the cars to the yard, have invented a device, called a hog-bouncer, which keeps the unruly animals moving along in order. One end of the gangway plank is brought to a firm support, while under the other end two car springs are placed. Before the car door is opened, the platform is carried down by a lever so as to compress the springs, and is there held by a spring catch. The hogs are then allowed to pass along the platform, and, so long as they move along properly, the plank is undisturbed; but, as soon as a crowd congregates and vociferously objects to going further, the catch is sprung. One end of the platform flies about three feet upward, and the result is a shower of living porkers, shot over the heads and upon the soft bodies of the drove. They are seldom injured, but vastly astonished, and it is needless to say the blockade is at once dispelled.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

The store recently occupied by E. L. DAVIS has been enlarged and fitted up expressly for a nice, full stock of

Fancy Goods,

which I intend to keep and sell at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock consists of

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS,

LACE AND SILK TIES, ECRU LACES,

SASH RIBBONS,

PLAID CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, DRESS SHIELDS,

Ribbons, Embroidery and Wax Beads, Corsets, etc., etc. Also, a full line of the handsomest Hamburg Edgings ever shown in town.

These goods have been bought at a low price for cash, and will be sold at a small profit.

I will here say to my old patrons, I shall be very happy to wait upon you again, and to all the good people of neighboring towns,

COME AND EXAMINE

my stock and prices. Here you will find every thing as nice as can be bought in Boston or New York, and at a much less cost. I hope to have a share of the public patronage. I shall also carry on

THE DRESS-MAKING BUSINESS,

and shall be happy to meet you in that department. A portion of my time and attention will be given to it, and with competent help, which has been secured, I can assure you your work shall be quickly and well done.

Also, Agent for American Sewing Machine.

MRS. S. WHITMAN,
57 Main Street.

Palmer, April 22, 1876. 3m4

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &c.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS,

Office at the Monson National Bank,

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,000.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

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Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

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LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS, &c., at very low Prices.

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Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

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MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

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TEACHER OF

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Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

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At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

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U. S.

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NO COMMISSIONS.

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MAILED FREE.

18tf

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The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

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Opposite Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

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GLASS WARE,

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PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

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And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

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Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

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all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts.

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From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

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Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

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T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

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PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
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Tested on thousands of Buildings.
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Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
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For sale (wholesale only) at
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AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

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$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

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NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

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Our assortment of Window Shades,

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WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

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M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

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BURGLAR ALARM. Sells at sight. Agents wanted to handle territory, to whom we offer terms never before thought of. Samples, postage paid, No. 1, $1.75, No. 2, $1.25, (retail price $2 and $1.50.) Send money by P. O. order or registered letter, at our risk. Circulars containing full information sent to any address. THE ROBBINS MANUFACTURING CO., Naugatuck [New Haven County,] Conn. 4w17

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A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

If any lady or gentleman wants a good fit and something that will last, let them call on the subscriber, where satisfaction is guaranteed.

N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for everthing is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1876. NUMBER 21.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & CO.

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TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.31, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havana and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

E. DODGE, Central Street Market. French's Block.

F. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

F. B. PERKINS, Remington Sewing Machine, 68 Main St. All kinds for sale, or repaired.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

G. C. WHEELER, Author and Teacher of Music. Pianos for sale on easy terms.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Mrs. A. C. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of American House.

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S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

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TOCKWOTTON HOUSE, Main street, E. M. Turner, Proprietor. A first-class house.

W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

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CHARLES S. ROBINSON,—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

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GREEN & MARSH, dealer in Stoves and Ranges. Agents for the best furnaces made—set and warranted. Roofing and Job Work solicited.

HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, R. Snow, Proprietor. Good livery stable. Free carriage to and from depot.

H. P. PAIGE, Fancy and sign Painter, at Zenas Marsh's.

J. KEEFE & CO., dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc.

JERRE BYRNS, Wars Bakery—Bread, Crackers, Cake, &c., supplied to families and the trade.

R. N. ROBERTS, Photographer, and dealer in Rustic and Oval Frames, Albums, &c., Ely's Block.

PATRICK MCMAHON, manufacturer of and dealer in every variety of American and Foreign Marble, Church street.

MISS L. A. HASTINGS, Dressmaking in the latest styles. Rooms on Pleasant street.

MRS. C. PHIPPS, Hoop skirt and Corset Rooms, Maple St., opp. Depot. Ladies fitted in extra large sizes. Skirts and Corsets made to order.

M. L. BARNES, Licensed Auctioneer. Orders left at Chas. A. Stevens' counting room.

T. McBRIDE, repairs Boots and Shoes in the best style.

WARE HOTEL LIVERY—F. Gilmore, Proprietor. Good teams to let at fair prices.

W. S. DUNHAM, dealer in Stoves, Furnaces, &c. Repairing and plumbing done at reasonable rates.

ZENAS MARSH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Sign Painter, and dealer in Sash and Blinds, Bank street.

MONSON.

ARBA SQUIER, Carpenter & Builder and dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Flooring, and Building Material.

A. H. BLISS, manufacture of fine Harness and Livery Goods.

G. M. EDSON, Painter, Grainer, and Paper Hanger. A good assortment of Paper Hangings on hand. Shop on Washington street, Monson.

GEO. W. BURDICK, Blacksmith, Stone Shop, Monson.

CUSHMAN HOUSE, L. G. Cushman, Proprietor. A good livery connected with the house.

G. H. NEWTON, Real Estate Agent, Insurance Solicitor, Auctioneer and Appraiser.

JOHN A. ORCUTT, Carpenter and Builder, Timber and Lumber for sale.

JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

Fading, Changing, Dying.

Everything beautiful, darling, must fade;
The rose and the lily, the pride of the field,
And myrtle, which hides the rude marks of the spade,
Where loved ones are sleeping, will all have to yield
To Time's busy gleaner, who gathers the leaves
And unopened buds in the forest and plain,
To carefully bind them in bundles and sheaves,
And carry them off, to return not again.

Everything beautiful, darling, must change—
The woodland, the meadow, and course of the stream;
Those scenes now familiar ere long will seem strange,
And only be thought of as seen in a dream,
Or pictures of memory long hung away,
And faded by age or the dust of the past;
Each moment of pleasure refuses to stay—
The voice of the zephyr is lost in the blast.

Everything beautiful, darling, must die,
And that which increases will surely decrease;
The sturdy old oak as a dust-heap will lie;
The song and the singer will both have to cease;
Yet there is a hope that each beautiful thing—
Though not in this life—will have being once more.
The heart, like the ivy, to loved ones will cling,
When fallen, and creep to eternity's shore.

Everything beautiful, darling, must fade—
Must change and must die, be it never so grand;
And nothing endureth that ever was made,
For Time has the day in his own cunning hand.
The spirit, immortal, he humbleth not—
He builds, though, and crumbles his dwelling of clay;
When everything earthly, even Time, is forgot,
The spirit will laugh at the thought of decay.

THE FAIRY OF THE WELL.

The civil war between the Cavaliers and Puritans, which was then desolating the land, had taken Landleigh Castle in its destructive course, and that once lordly pile was now a ruin. An ancient well stood near its blackened walls, with a square coping of old, gray, mossy stones, into which flowed a translucent stream. At the back of this well was an antique recess of stone, from the centre of which the water took its course.

The beams of early sunlight glittered on the water as a young cavalier approached the well. If there be a spell called "sweet memories," which, they say, binds the heart to certain places, and if the loveliness of the scenes in which one's childhood has been passed serves to renew the guileless joys of infancy, then, indeed, might Denzil Norman attribute to their influence his increasing reluctance to depart and rejoin his regiment. But no; he knew the spell that bound him to that spot was the charm of a simple village maiden. Yet, from the moment he had beheld the lovely and gentle Alice Brooke, he felt that his destiny was fixed.

He knew the legend of the old well. Its waters were said to be guarded by the Fairy of the Castle. She harmed but the wicked. Those who ever beheld her (which he never had) said that her smile was so sweet it made everybody who was fortunate enough to encounter it good-looking and happy.

"Ah! famous fairy of this well," he said, apostrophizing it—"if, indeed, such spirit exist between heaven and man—how gladly would I importune you to award me the affections of a village maiden. Then far from the kingly courts and the hostile din of warfare——"

He paused abruptly, for it appeared to him as if a voice answered him from the well. He listened intently, and heard a sweet, silvery voice mingling with the rippling of the waves, which chanted these words:

Denzil Norman—Denzil Norman!
List the Fairy of the Well;
Foes are coming—foes are coming;
Here no longer thou must dwell.
Happier days may on thee wait!
Fly from love and fly from fate!

Denzil was filled with amazement. The voice sounded to his ear like the wreathed choir of unseen spirits. Could it be possible, he asked himself, that there were such beings as fairies, who watch our actions and know our inmost thoughts?

The voice ceased, but now another sound broke upon his ear—a distant hum, as of troops upon the march. The warning was true, then—he was in peril. The Roundheads were near. If detected, he knew he should be denounced as a spy, and shot without delay. Yet still he would not fly until he had exchanged a few farewell words with the lovely Alice.

He hastened back to the house of Dr. Brooke, the village physician and the father of his love. The worthy doctor was surprised at his return.

"Rash youth!" he exclaimed, "were you not admonished on your way hither to fly at once from Landleigh?"

"How know you that?" answered Denzil, in amazement. "Yes, I was admonished, but I had not said farewell to Alice."

"This is absolute madness!" said Dr. Brooke. "Boy! boy! are you aware that that farewell may cost you your life?"

"Not so, worthy host; I wear a good sword, and possess a strong heart and a strong hand to back it," replied Denzil, with the confidence of youth. "Where is Alice?"

"She is absent, but will shortly return; and when she does I will send her to you," said the doctor, and left the room.

As Denzil gazed listlessly from the window, a panel in the wall glided noiselessly to one side, and through the aperture came a lovely girl some eighteen years of age, clad in the plain but becoming costume of a village maid. She closed the panel quietly, advanced to Denzil's side, and laid her hand upon his shoulder. He started up in joyous surprise.

"Ah, sweet Alice!" he exclaimed.

"Denzil! Denzil!" she answered, impatiently, "why do you tarry here, when every moment adds to the peril of your life?"

"Chide me not, Alice," he returned, "since I tarried but to ask you if you will love me when I am gone, as I shall continue to love you?"

Oh, Denzil, Denzil!" she responded, plaintively, "is it generous to leave this impression on the heart of a poor maiden, whose last hope could be to unite herself in wedlock with one of noble descent like yours? I do love you, Denzil—nor blush to acknowledge that which is as dear to me as the love of life itself. But alas! I have heard it said your hand was devoted to another."

"Another! What other?" demanded Denzil, in surprise.

"The daughter of your father's friend, Lord Eustace Blount, and the proprietor of yonder ruined castle," answered Alice.

"Lord Eustace perished at the battle of Worcester," said Denzil. "His daughter fled or was lost in the conflict. The heart and hand of Denzil Norman are free, and to you, Alice, they will be true."

Alice made no further remonstrance, but she presently inquired: "You remember, then, Lord Eustace, and his young, motherless daughter?"

"Alice, I do, he answered; "who ever forgets the companions of earliest years? He was my guardian—she the playful companion of my summer walks. All are gone! But the influence of their good wishes seems still to direct my destiny."

They were now disturbed by the abrupt entrance of a servant, who informed them that the house was surrounded by Puritans, and that they had evidently come in search of Denzil Norman. Alice showed Denzil the secret panel, and urged him to conceal himself. He did so with reluctance, and Alice awaited the coming of Roundhead soldiers with a fluttering heart.

The Roundheads were under the command of the stern Colonel Ireton. He was much incensed when he found that Denzil had escaped him, and he ordered his soldiers to seize the doctor and Alice and bear them away prisoners. Denzil, who had lingered behind the panel, fearing some such result, now made his appearance, and gave himself up to preserve his friends. Alice cast a reproachful glance upon him as the Roundheads marched him away.

A brief trial was allotted to the young Cavalier. He was adjudged a spy, and sentenced to be shot. He was placed for safe keeping in the chapel of the ruined castle of Landleigh, and a guard kept vigilant watch over him.

It was night. A lamp burned dimly at the foot of a pedestal supporting the statue of a warrior, beneath which the shadow of whose shield Denzil Norman sat immersed in gloomy thought. Above his head was a ruined gallery of stone with a broken window. His dream of life appeared to have reached its end. In half an hour in that chapel, at the foot of his great ancestor, whose battle-ax did such marvels in Palestine over the infidels, he, the last of his proud race, was about to sink; and it must be without a struggle, ignominiously. Suddenly a voice of sweetest melody broke through the gloomy stillness.

Denzil Norman—Denzil Norman!
List the Fairy of the well;
I am near thee—Denzil, hear me,
Here thou shalt no longer dwell.
Happy days for thee await—
Fly from love, and fly from fate!

Denzil took up the lamp to see from whence the voice proceeded, but a sudden gust of wind extinguished it. But at that moment the moonlight falling with radiant brilliancy on the broken window of the gallery, discovered to him the form of a fairy standing on a base of a lofty column. Neither form nor feature was visible, however, as a large white veil completely enveloped her person. She looked like the marble image of some sculptured saint.

"Denzil," she said, in a voice that sounded strangely familiar to his ears, "the Fairy of the Well is the friend of true love, and would have thee live. Therefore, take thou heart; the Fairy is here to secure your flight. The king hath landed on his native shore."

"God save King Charles!" cried Denzil, joyfully.

"Amen!" responded the fairy; "thou shalt join him soon. Touch the right knee of the statue—press hard—and a door will open in the pedestal; through it you will find liberty. Freed from this chapel, seek the old hermitage at the depth of the glen. A friend awaiteth thee there—the fairy's friend. Pronounce in his ear the name of Alice Brooke; he will recognize and conduct thee to the feet of thy triumphant sovereign. Denzil—farewell!"

The moonbeams were suddenly obscured by a passing cloud; and when her light shone forth again, the fairy had disappeared. Denzil hastened to obey her instructions. He found the secret door, entered the subterranean passage to which it conducted, and speedily emerged into a wood beyond the chapel wall. He hastened to the hermitage, and there to his surprise and joy, encountered his old friend and guardian, Lord Eustace Blount, who he thought had been untimely slain on Worcester's field.

Lord Eustace's story was soon told. He had been saved by the Fairy of the Well. Wounded nigh unto death, concealed in the the ruins of his own castle, she had been his nurse. His life proscribed, she was his guardian angel, as she had been Denzil's. His story told, he told Denzil to go with him to the king, assuring him that sovereignty had been proclaimed in London, and that the fierce civil war was well nigh over. But Denzil must stop by the way at Doctor Brooke's cottage to exchange a few words with his loved Alice.

The doctor welcomed him joyfully.

"And Alice—where is she?" asked Denzil, anxiously.

"What Alice?" inquired Lord Eustace.

"She to whom I am engaged, my Lord," answered Denzil; "one dearer to me, far dearer than life."

"Engaged, Denzil?" cried Lord Eustace; "you forget that I have a daughter, named Kate, to whom in early youth you were betrothed."

"Pardon me, my lord, I was a boy, then," remarked Denzil. "The heart will not be commanded; despite myself, I love another; and surely you would not covet for your daughter the hand of a man who could not bestow upon her his affections. But I cannot wed your daughter; my love—my vow—is irrevocable."

"Nay, stay until you have seen Kate," urged Lord Eustace; "let her plead for herself. Doctor, bring her hither."

Doctor Brooke left the room, but presently returned, leading a female by the hand, who wore over head and person a flowing white veil.

"Here she is, Denzil," he said; "you have met her before, I am told."

"The Fairy of the Well!" cried Denzil, in astonishment.

"Otherwise Kate Blount," replied Lord Eustace, pleasantly; "who, under that disguise (by various subterranean passages of the castle), for years saved the life of her proscribed father."

"To such a daughter can Denzil refuse his hand?" asked Doctor Brooke.

"Doctor, do you, my friend, urge me to this apostacy?" cried Denzil, reproachfully. He knelt before the fairy gratefully. "Oh, lady, I must appeal to you," he continued, "you, who have proved my guardian spirit, I loved ere I beheld you; I cannot give you that which is already given—could not, even were you the divinity you have appeared."

The fairy but back her veil, and discovered the features of Alice Brooke.

"Denzil—dear, faithful Denzil," she exclaimed tenderly, "It is I!"

He started to his feet in fresh amazement, crying out joyfully, "Alice!"

"No, Kate, thy cousin," said the doctor; "she but passed as my daughter to escape the persecutions of her father's foes. She is the daughter of this noble lord; her true name, the Lady Catherine Blount. Say, will you now refuse her hand?"

Denzil eagerly clasped the hand which his cousin extended to him.

"And now our mystery solves itself into a sweet reality," exclaimed Lord Eustace joyfully; and he joined their hands together and blessed them.

When Charles the Second, restored to the throne of his ancestors, summoned his defenders around him to form his court, pricipal amongst them came Denzil Norman, Lord Eustace Blount, and his daughter, the Lady Denzil Norman.

MR. BUTTERWICK'S WEAKNESS.

Deacon Grimes called the other day upon Mrs. Butterwick to ask for a subscription to the missionary society. The following conversation took place:

"Your husband is a Presbyterian, I believe, Mrs. Butterwick?" said the deacon.

"No," replied Mrs. B., "he belongs to pretty near everything else on earth but the church. That's what I say to him, that while he is joining so much he'd better join something decent, that'll do him more good. But he says he has no time. He belongs to about forty-six secret societies of various kinds. He's the awfullest man for such things you ever saw, and all the time running after them. Monday night he goes round to the Free Masons, Tuesday night he associates with the Odd Fellows, Wednesday is his Red Man night, Thursday is his temperance lodge, Friday he goes fooling along with the Knights of Pythias, and all day Sunday he is visiting the sick and the widows and orphans of dead members. If there were sixty days in a week I believe Butterwick would have some lodge to attend to every night.

"Mr. Grimes, that man actually knows ninety-three grips and over two hundred pass words. And he's awful mysterious about them. The other day I saw him swinging his arms about kinder queer at breakfast and presently he stops and says: "Thunder, I forgot where I was! Mary Jane, you saw that? It was a grand hailing sign. Swear you'll never reveal it." And you know he'll wake up nights and ask me if I heard him talking in his sleep, and if I say yes, he'll look seared to death, and get out his pistol and say he'll blow my brains out if I ever repeat one of those passwords. And he is all the time practising grips on me, but he won't even tell me what any of them are, although he knows I'm just dying with curiosity. He says he knows more secrets than any other man in the whole state, and he says if he were to tell one of them, those Knights and Patriotic Sons, and the rest of them, would put him into a vault and seal him up alive, or tear him to pieces with red hot pincers. Says they'd bruise him into eternity quicker'n a wink. Worries me nearly to death. S'pose he was to become temporarily insane and gush out, what'd become of me and the children?

"He's so careless, too. I see him giving the grand hailing sign to the slopman yesterday, and the slopman asked Bridget if Mr. Butterwick had the St. Vitus dance bad; and I know when he tried one of those grips on the man that came to tune the piano, the man said if he squeezed his hand that hard again he'd give Mr. Butterwick a bloody nose.

"And as for processions, Well, it seems to me that when Mr. Butterwick ain't at a lodge, he's marching in a procession. Always some funeral, or celebration or something, and he turns out and goes skipping around the streets, dressed in a cocked hat and a sword, and looking fierce enough to frighten anybody out of their wits. And he told me that sometimes he gets all these grips mixed, and he'll give a Mason an Odd Fellows' grip, and tell me not to be surprised if he is kidnapped and made way with before morning. And he'll kiss his children good bye, and making his last arrangements so's everything'll be straight when he's gone; and then the children and me'll cry, and he look solemn, and go to bed to rest before he meets his doom. But nothing ever came of it. They never touched him.

"You ought just to see the letters that come here directed to him. 'E. Butterwick,' and then a whole alphabet of letters strung after his name. He's a Right Worshipful Grand Master and a Sir Knight, and an Eminent Past Grand Sachem, and a Noble Grand, and a Grand Chancellor, and a Chief Magnificent Reverend Druid Priest, and a whole lot more such things as that, enough to take your breath away; and with it all he's no more stuck up than you are. Just as humble as a lamb. And he says that he can reel out more stuff that they say at ceremonies than'd fill a small library; and he has about sixty sheep skin aprons, and all kinds of pictures on them that he wears when he is on duty.

"So he has no time to tend to church, and no money for heathen. He spent his last dollar Saturday paying up his last dues to the Knights of Pythias, and he says if he can't settle up with the Druids by Thursday, they'll cut him off and chuck him out. I don't know what happens to a man when the Druids shut down on him, but Butterwick hints that it is not much better than sudden death. Perhaps you're a Druid? No? Well, you call and see Butterwick, and he'll explain it to you, and meantime those heathen will have to shuffle along the best way they can. Maybe, if you was to write to them how Butterwick is fixed they might consider that sufficient. Good morning. Remember me to Mrs. Grimes."

Then the deacon withdrew and went around to visit a less mysterious family.

As a colored resident of Detroit was breasting the storm, with a new umbrella over his head, he was halted by a friend and brother, who asked, "Is dat your umbrella?" "Yes, sah—cost me two dollars," was the prompt reply. "Mr. Savage," said the other very solemnly, "when a man will buy a two-dollar umbrella to keep the wet off'n a fifty-cent suit of close, what's de use to talk about economy?"

A Syrian convert to Christianity was urged by his employer to work on Sunday, but he declined. "But," said the master, "doth not your Bible say that if a man has an ox or an ass that fall into a pit on the Sabbath day he may pull him out?" "Yes," answered Hayop, "but if the ass has a habit of falling into the same pit every Sabbath day, then the man should either fill up the pit or sell that ass."

The postal card manufactory in Springfield is running ten hours a day, turning out about 500,000 cards per day, and is 3,500,000 behind its orders. The number of cards printed during the quarter ending July 1 was 38,000,000, an increase of nearly 10,000,000 over the corresponding quarter for 1875.

"Be them antiquities old?" asked a sharp-nosed dame when looking at the papyrus and other ancient things in the Egyptian department at the centennial.

Little Goldenhair.

Goldenhair climbed upon grandpapa's knee.
Dear little Goldenhair! tired was she;
All the day busy as busy could be.

Up in the morning as soon as 'twas light,
Out with the birds and butterflies bright,
Skipping about till the coming of night.

Grandpapa toyed with the curls on her head;
"What has my darling been doing," he said,
"Since she arose with the sun from her bed?"

"Pitty much," answered the sweet little one;
"I cannot tell so much things I have done.
Played with my dolly, and feeded my Bun;

"And then I jumped with my little jump-rope;
And I made, out of some water and soap,
Bootiful worlds—mamma's castles of hope.

"I afterward readed in my pictur-book;
And Bella and I, we went down to look
For smooth little stones by the side of the brook.

"And then I comed home and eated my tea;
And I climbed up on grandpapa's knee;
And I jes as tired as tired can be."

Lower and lower the little head pressed,
Until it dropped upon grandpapa's breast.
Dear little Goldenhair, sweet be thy rest!

We are but children. The things that we do
Are as sports of a babe to the Infinite view,
That marks all our weakness, and pities it, too.

God grant that when night overshadows our way
And we shall be called to account for our day,
He may find *us* as guileless as Goldenhair lay.

And oh! when aweary, may *we* be so blest
As to sink like the innocent child to our rest,
And feel ourselves clasped to the Infinite breast.

THE MAN OF BUSINESS.

A seedy-looking individual walked up to the stamp window on the eastern side of the post office on Thursday and thus accosted the clerk:

"Do you sell stamps here?"

"Yes, sir."

"What kind do you keep?"

"All kinds of postage stamps, sir."

"You do. Keep ten cent stamps?"

"Yes, sir."

"Twenty cent?"

"Yes, sir."

"Eight cent?"

"Yes, sir."

"Sixes, fives and threes?"

"Yes, sir."

"But don't you make a discount on large quantities?"

"No; not a cent!" answered the clerk, bluntly, as he saw the clouds gathering on the faces of the waiting crowd without.

"Do you mean to say that if I bought a thousand dollars' worth of stamps you would not knock off a cent?"

"Not a cent, sir."

"Well," continued the stranger after a long pause, "I suppose you're right; but I wanted to know. You may gimme a two-cent stamp."

And he stood at the window and licked it, and put it on, and pounded it, and rubbed it to make sure that it would stick. And then he coolly turned to the wrathful faces of the impatient men behind him and remarked—

"Gentlemen, I am a man of long business habits, and I never invest without satisfying myself in regard to the stability of the article to be purchased. Now there are men who would—"

There was a yell and a rush, and that business gentlemen was made a carpet of by the unfeeling mob.

THE ORIGIN OF COAL.

The discovery of diatoms in coal, by Count Castracane, recently announced, is of much interest, as throwing additional light on the mode of formation of carboniferous coal.—These minute forms of plant life have not been recognized in any but very modern formation; but Count Castracane has succeeded in showing that they date from the palæzoic epoch, and as far back, at least, as the carboniferous period. He says: "All the forms I have been able to observe among the ashes of the coal present such an appearance that the most practiced and sharpest eye could not detect the slightest difference between them and actually living diatoms: outline, structure, shape, and number of the flutings—in short, all the peculiarities which characterize the species that we meet with in the state of actual vegetation—agree exactly with those of the carboniferous period." It can scarcely be denied that the existence of these minute forms of aquatic coal goes to confirm the view of those who hold that their mineral has been formed in presence of water forms of the diatomaceæ proves that this was fresh water; still the occasional occurrenc of marine forms leads to the inference that the waters of the ocean occasionally had access to the lagoons or inland lakes. In fine, the presence of diatoms, taken in connection with the strategraphical phenomena of carboniferous coal beds, appears to bear out the views of those who hold that the mineral has been formed from the decay of successive generations of plants and forest trees, growing with their stems partly immersed in the stagnant water of vast lagoons, these lagoons being nearly on a level with the waters of the sea, which sometimes gained access to them, and carried with them marine forms.

Burlington Hawkeye: We took our linen duster Monday, and sat down with a fan in hand, a box of handkerchiefs and a lemonade convenient, and as we cooled our fevered brow and wiped the prespiration from our neck, we wrote some feeble items about the weather. Yesterday morning as we read them we sat on top of a red hot base burner and hallooed for more coal.

A little boy's father gave him two cents—one to spend for candy, the other to give to the heathen. He presently lost one of the cents, but consoled himself with the thought that the one which was lost was the one which was to be given to the heathen. Hence the falling off of contributions for the heathen.

To give brilliancy to the eyes, shut them early at night, and open them early in the morning; let the mind be constantly intent on the acquisition of human knowledge, or the exercise of benevolent feelings. This will scarcely ever fail to impart to the eyes an intelligent and amiable expression.

The little boy who said "ticket, sir," to a rural person at the head of the theatre stairs, and, upon receiving the pasteboard, went in and saw the play, kept so quiet all the evening that a benevolent gentleman sitting near gave him peanuts and other refreshments.

The weather is so damp at Coney Island that they have begun to put cork soles into their clam chowder.

A man who ran against time sustained a serious concussion.

FASHION ITEMS.

Waists are still very long. This makes men long for them.

Cream color is on the wane. That accounts for its scarcity "on the milk."

Calico grows more and more fashionable—for bed-quilts in county fairs.

Very little false hair is worn. Tow and jute are cheaper and more convenient.

Percale underwear is in high favor. The air percale-ates through it delightfully.

Cream color as a fashion is now going out. That is to say, bilious girls are out of style.

Skirts continue to grow longer, by reason of much tramping of heavy boots upon them.

Fashionable shirt bosoms remain plain—ruffled ones tickle the feminine cheek too much.

The latest trimming is fly fringe, an old style renewed. The fly fringes everything once a year.

The chemisette is revived. It is pleasant to learn that people are not so shift-less as they were.

The "baby bonnet" is the rage in Paris. Here it is the squalling thing in the bonnet that rages most.

Silver Pearl gray is the latest fashionable color. This is the beautiful shade seen on socks after three days' wear.

Corsages are still made in cuirass shape. This armor is to please the men. Men like to have an armor-round a lady.

Gentlemen's cuffs have the corners cut off or rounded. A still more common way is to have them frayed or raveled.

Polonaises are provided with long side pockets—that is to say, pockets are are still perched on the rudder of the dress.

Gloves of undressed kid are still much worn. An "undressed" kid is something of which modesty forbids a description.

Chatelaines continue in great favor—by which it is meant that women still cable whole stocks of fancy goods to their waists.

Our readers will thank us for the following sure preventive against hydrophobia in dogs: "Boil three tablespoonfuls of salt and an ounce of carbolic powder in a pint of water, squeeze in a lemon, and then let a piece of meat simmer in the mixture to give it attractive taste. Take out the meat and put the liquor in a cool place. Then while the remedy is cooling lead the dog out behind the barn and shoot him between the eyes with a Remington rifle. One pint of the liquor will be found enough for 100 dogs.

A Western tailor advertised: "Wanted—two or three girls to put on pants." Dr. Mary Walker called next morning and said: "Now bring on your pants and don't look." The tailor explained, and she left with a sorrowful air, vowing that she would send him a grammar as soon as she got home.

"Where's the bar?" asked a dirty-looking stranger of the bell-boy of the hotel the other day. "What kind of a bar?" asked the latter. "Why, a saloon bar, of course: what do you suppose I mean?" "Well," drawled the boy, "I didn't know but you meant a bar of soap."

Grounds of Argument.—Edith: "I say, Regy, how is it that one of our cows is white and the other brown?" Reginald: "Why, you silly, any one knows that. It's the white cow that gives the milk and the brown cow the coffee."

The newest collar is called the "Safely." It is so named from the fact that it is high enough for a man who wears one to crawl up behind it and hide when his wife steps in at the office to inquire whether he mailed her letters.

The only quotation which seems to be thoroughly understood by a straw-cutter, is that which says: "All flesh is grass." This leads the cutter into frequent errors, and makes it an unpleasant companion for small children.

The Whitehall Times asks: "If Necessity is the mother of invention, will some sharp paragraphist please tell us who the father is?" Why, the husband of Mrs. Necessity, of course. Isn't this a-parent enough?

If anybody doubts that England has a claim to be still called the "tight little isle," he will find on consulting the documents that three hundred thousand Englishmen were arrested for drunkenness last year.

An exchange remarks that "some people are wholly unable to appreciate delicate irony." We have observed this ourselves, particularly in the case of washerwomen and shirt bosoms.

A contemporary says that "Tilden will enter the coming war with a vigor that will startle his opponents." But what does Tilden know about war? He never was married!

Nearly all the post offices in Texas are in charge of females. It works so well that the males now arrive and depart every hour in the day.

There is a Chicago girl who, if she thinks she is going to be beaten in a game of croquet, will always fall down in a fit over the last hoop.

At a church entertainment in California rum-punch was smuggled in as cold tea. The desire for tea became great.

Professor of Rhetoric—"What important change came over Burns in the latter part of his life?" Senior—"He died."

The poet Street spoke of "the unwinking eagle." This is nonsense. The eagle is always a wing-king.

Sioux squaws do not wear striped stockings. Three streaks of green paint are cooler and cheaper.

It is proposed to send an amateur brass band to Montana and make the Indians go West.

No matter how hard the times may be, bees always cell all the honey they make.

Thousands of base deceivers are hung every night—on the back of chairs.

A good place for match-maker—The School of Design.

The Journal.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1876.

SPEAKER KERR is sick unto death at his home at Alum Springs, Va., and there is little hope that he can long survive. He is said to be very calm and ready to die.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT, of New York, who has been at death's door for some time, still lingers, and may get about again. He has wonderful vitality for an old man.

IT is reported that Gen. Crook is sharply after the Sioux Indians on the Tongue river. The Indians are burning the prairie grass and annoying Gen. Crook in various ways. A battle may be fought at any time.

SEVEN or eight hundred clerks in the departments at Washington will be discharged on the 10th of October, and there is consternation among them, many of them having families to support with no available means other than their salaries.

THE expenses of the Springfield post office have been cut down so that a saving of $2000 a year will be effected. The carriers suffer a reduction of $25 each, and the clerks also have reduced pay. About October 1st a reduction is expected in the salary of the postmaster.

WAGNER'S grand opera of "Nibelunga" has been performed at Beyreuth, Germany, and is pronounced grandly tragic and majestic—the greatest work of the composer. The New York Herald, with its usual enterprise, gave the score of the music performed on Sunday, in its edition of Monday morning.

SPRINGFIELD people are greatly astonished that Judge Wells of the police court has decided that a police officer has no right to arrest a man for misdemeanor without a warrant. Police officers frequently abuse their privilege of arresting people, and this decision will put a check to such a practice.

TILDEN has organized quite an army at New York to carry on the campaign. He has some forty clerks who are busy mailing campaign documents and writing letters to politicians. If money will elect him he is determined to be elected, and the pile he has accumulated by railroad and canal swindles comes handy now.

SILKS have been lower the past season than ever before, but they have suddenly taken a jump upwards, and the price of raw silks has gone up enormously. Whether the silk worms have got sick of their business and struck for higher wages we are not informed, but one thing is certain, prices have greatly advanced, and the lady who is getting ready to purchase "that new silk dress" will be apt to pause and think.

THE war of races continues, and in Texas, Wednesday, a considerable disturbance occurred between the whites and blacks. Several negroes were killed, and as both parties are under arms further trouble is hourly expected. These outbreaks are a great worry to Northern Democrats, who feel that they injure the prospects of Tilden, as they really do; but Southern blood is excitable, and overleaps the bounds of prudence in a political campaign.

CONGRESS adjourned Tuesday evening after indulging in a longer session than any since the 34th. Little legislation has been accomplished, considering the time spent, investigations have been plenty, and with the exception of Belknap's case, amounted to little, except in the way of furnishing political capital for the majority in the lower house to work upon in the coming election. The democratic chairman of the Appropriations committee claims a saving of nearly twenty-nine millions, as compared with the previous year, but a careful analysis of the figures shows that of the pretended reduction fully two thirds were simply a postponement of expenditures, and of the remaining reductions many would have to be provided for by deficiency bills, while some of the reductions are such as will seriously cripple the government. Some 5000 bills have been introduced during the session, of which less than three hundred have passed and very few of those have any national bearing or importance. The Hawaiian reciprocity treaty has been carried into effect; Colorado has been finally admitted as a State, and bills have been passed for the issue of $50,000,000 in subsidiary silver coin. The repeal by the House, at the suggestion of Tilden and Hendricks, of the specie resumption act, has happily not been agreed to by the Senate. The effort by the senators to get the franking privilege restored was not successful; the transfer of the Indian bureau to the war department was not made; the tariff has not been revised; Mr. Blaine's proposed constitutional amendment to protect the public school funds from sectarian use was not passed; the big soldier's bounty bill swindle stuck by the way, and so on.

Michael Markham, an employe in the Springfield Armory, was found lying senseless on the floor of the proving room Wednesday, terribly burned about the head, face and right arm. He was unable to give any intelligible account of the accident. Part of the right hand had to be amputated, and he now lies in a very dangerous condition.

Lillie Wilson, age 13, and her brother, age 5, were found begging in New York. It has been ascertained that the children's parents are well off and that her father holds a position of $100 a month in the Post Office. The parents were arrested and reprimanded and the children cared for.

An attempt was made on Wednesday night to wreck a train on the Boston and Albany Railroad at Wellesley. It failed.

POLITICAL SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

Gov. Hayes intends to take no part in the Presidential canvass, therein following the example of President Lincoln, who made no speeches for himself.

Col. Robert G. Ingersoll of Illinois is on his way to Maine to take the stump for the Republican party.

"What was Tilden doing in the dark days when Hayes was shoulder to shoulder with the army boys?" asked Kilpatrick in a campaign speech. A boy in the crowd answered, "Wipin' off his chin."

A call has been issued for an independent greenback state convention at Columbus, O., September 12, by order of the national greenback committee.

Connecticut Republican State convention in New Haven, Aug. 30th. Democratic State convention, Sept. 6th.

Out of 68 daily German papers in this country, thirty-three are Republican, about ten are on the fence, and the rest are democratic.

Tilden doesn't want a set day fixed for election. He says different people need different degrees of preparation for an election.

Senator Boutwell has accepted the invitation to preside at the Republican State convention to be held at Worcester, Sept. 5th.

Although Tilden was absent from 1471 roll calls during the session of the New York legislature in 1872, he was punctually present on pay day and made no deductions.

John Forney has discovered that Tilden and Hendricks agree on one point—the desire for election.

The Boston Post says "the Democratic House was chosen by an unprecedented popular rising." And it is just closing an unprecedentedly upopular sitting, retorts the Lowell Courier.

ACROSS THE ATLANTIC IN A DORY.—Johnsen, the Gloucester sailor who has been making an attempt to cross the Atlantic in a dory alone, is successful, for while he had not at last accounts reached Liverpool, his destination, he had touched the British shore on the other side. He put in at Abercastle, Pembrokeshire, Wales, on Saturday, for provisions, and then proceeded on his voyage. Johnsen reports that the "Centennial" was capsized once during the voyage, but he succeeded in righting her.

A BOSTON FEUD.—John Fay killed Daniel McCarty in a tenement house at Boston, Tuesday, by cutting his throat with a razor. The two men with their families lived in the same house, and there had been a long-standing feud between them, which led to the murder. McCarty had been known as a quiet, inoffensive workman, until Fay moved into the house. Fay, the murderer, bears a very unenviable character as a riotous and disagreeable neighbor. He is held for trial.

POTATO BUGS AT SEA.—The captain of a New London vessel reports being boarded while at sea by the genuine Colorado beetle, and that they came in such numbers as to necessitate the closing of the hatches. Those who regard this as a rather improbable story are informed that at Millstone and other places, for some time past, this pest of the country has come in on the waves by the million. Only a few miles out of New London they can be found on the shore.

REFORMING CRIMINALS.—Martin H. Bovee, the anti-capital punishment champion, has started a new idea in regard to criminal reform. He would have no limit to sentences of imprisonment, but keep criminals in prison until reformed—which fact should be determined by a board of examiners, upon whose recommendation and permit they should be liberated.

The camp meeting to be held Aug. 24 to 29, at Groveland, in a grove on the banks of the Merrimac, is under the direction of the Seventh Day Adventists of New England—a sect differing in some important points from other bodies of Adventists. They rigidly observe the seventh day as the Sabbath, and discard all setting of time for the second coming of Christ, but claim that the event is near.

Walter G. Ball, son of Benj. A. Ball, of Worcester, was leading a vicious horse on Saturday, when the animal seized him by the thigh with his teeth, threw him down and tore the flesh from one of his legs in a shocking manner. The wound was fourteen inches long and seven wide, and the bone was exposed. He also received two severe cuts on the head, the horse stamping on him.

Gen. B. L. E. Bonneville, of Fort Smith, Ark., is the oldest officer in the United States army. He is eighty years of age. He graduated from West Point in 1815, served in the earlier Indian wars, was in every great battle in Mexico, and, during the rebellion, had command of Burton Barracks, St. Louis.

The Winchester arms company of New Haven, Conn., are working nights now, and have 900 hands employed. There will be 1000 hands at work at the factory to-day, and they will be kept at work until the contract with the Turkish Government is completed.

A corner lot at Deadwood City, in the Black Hills, was worth $5 May 1, from $300 to $800 on July 1, and from $30 to $80 on Aug 1. No well-defined quartz lode of gold or silver has been discovered. The miners will abandon their claims and "prospect" in the Big Horn Mountains as soon as the Sioux war is brought to an end.

The barn of A. P. Parker at Chicopee was struck by lightning and burned, on Saturday, with its contents, including one horse. Loss, $2500; partially insured.

Storrs Stebbins, a Jenksville mill-hand, was fatally burned on Friday night while fighting an incendiary fire which burned his barn. He leaves two daughters.

LOCAL BUSINESS NOTICES.

DROP into A. E. Park's and get his prices on Crockery.

WANTED—Agents to canvass. Good inducements to men who are willing to work. Call at Nassowanno House, Palmer, immediately.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Rev. B. M. Fullerton and family are at the Centennial.

Lots of new books at Allen & Cowan's circulating library.

Services as usual at the Congregational church to-morrow.

A. E. Park, by the new arrangement of his store, has been enabled to put in a full line of crockery.

"My Opinions and Betsey Bobbett's" is in Allen & Cowan's circulating library, and in good demand.

G. C. Wheeler, the music teacher, is taking a short vacation, so far as his Palmer pupils are concerned.

Flynt & Co. of Monson are to furnish 400 feet of curbing for the sidewalks around the new Holyoke city hall.

The Collins Depot boys were defeated at base ball by the Lone Star club of this village, Saturday, 32 to 14.

Excursion to Martha's Vineyard to-day (Saturday), returning Monday—the same trip that was so popular last year.

Dr. A. M. Higgins of New Bedford, a former well-known resident of this village, was in town on business a day or two since.

The steamboat train Monday evening, on the New London Northern R. R., took 110 passengers, bound for the Centennial.

To-day (Saturday) is the last day of grace; if you want to save six per cent. discount on your taxes, call and see collector Northrop.

Parties in search of a residence in this village can hear of several desirable places for sale on reasonable terms, by application at the JOURNAL office.

Jas. B. Shaw is putting up a small addition on the west side of his store, to be used as a store room, his increasing business necessitating such an expansion.

The potato bugs vs the farmers is the game this week, with the score in favor of the bugs, although the farmers are doing their "level best" to squelch the invaders.

A band of "Christian Workers" has been organized in this village, and will hold a meeting in the Baptist church to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at half past one o'clock.

George Aspinwall and James Fenton have taken Horace Greeley's advice, sold all their possessions and "gone west." They propose to pay a visit to Philadelphia *en route*.

W. E. Judd, formerly of Palmer, has declined his "call" to the Fall River high school, and his salary at Holyoke will be raised to equal that which he would get by leaving the city.

The Main street bridge over the railroad has been newly planked this week. Now for a light in "the tunnel" (under the railroad west of the depot), so as to make it passable after dark.

Services of St. Paul's church to-morrow, are preaching at 10.30 A. M. by Rev. J. L. Marsh of the Unitarian church in Ware, and by Rev. J. Murray Bailey of the Universalist church in Peoria Ill. at 7.30 P. M.

Mary Hilborn, who was sent to jail for the theft of goods from John Holden, is gaining considerable sympathy in this village, and an effort is making to secure her release. Since her committal she has been confined; mother and child doing well.

The JOURNAL is on file at the newspaper pavilion and at the Massachusetts building on the Centennial grounds, Philadelphia. In visiting the Centennial don't forget to put your name on the register kept at the Massachusetts state building.

The Temple of Honor seems to be an assured fact, and some of our best citizens are interested in the movement. The secretary, J. S. Leedham, is arranging for the institution of a temple at an early date, and the membership will be gathered in from all the villages.

E. H. Barrett has sold his 65 acre farm, near Palmer Center, including stock and crops, to Charles Scott of Springfield, who takes possession soon. The sale was made through the agency of George W. Doane of Springfield.

Fishing parties to the Ludlow reservoir are warned against defiling its waters, the statute penalty for which offence is $1000 fine and one year's imprisonment. It is also reported that the city authorities propose forbidding fishing in its waters, on account of depredations by some of the multitude who throng thither almost daily.

"Pull down the curtains" is the cautionary signal after dark on one of our pleasant streets, where it has been discovered that certain Paul Prys have been gratifying their inquisitive natures. Two of these investigators narrowly escaped a good drubbing from an indignant householder the other evening, and he warns them against a second attempt.

The attendance of the faithful from this village at the Advent campmeeting, near Springfield, this week, has been good. The grounds have seats for 5000, and the average daily attendance has been from 300 to 400, although the more sanguine predict the presence of five or six thousand to-morrow (Sunday). About 25 new tents have been put up on the grounds.

Parties wishing to attend the Lake Pleasant Spiritualist camp meeting, now in session, will be carried over the New London Northern and Fitchburg railroads to the Lake station, and return, for $2.20. For $2.00 (round trip) parties can ride to within a few rods of the lake on the N. L. N. R. R. and walk over. The Willimantic camp-meeting commences Aug. 26, and excursion tickets will also be sold at reduced rates.

The two tramps arrested last week on suspicion of setting fire to the house and barn of Loring Bishop, and taken to Springfield by officer Palmer, were discharged by the court, the evidence being thought insufficient to hold them. They were seen under the shed just before the fire broke out, and one of them said the other went to the barn, was gone about fifteen minutes, and came back just before the fire broke out.

Tramps are becoming numerous again, and saucy and impudent as well. One of the tribe frightened a village lady the other evening, when she discovered him scouting round in her back yard at an unseasonable hour, and her next door neighbor found traces of his depredations in her garden and yard next day. Two others were discovered trying to get into the cellar of a house through a broken window, but fled precipitately on being discovered.

The Young People's Literary Club which has been fast asleep for many a month, with $20 to its credit in the Savings Bank, showed faint signs of life this week, and called a meeting at Union Hall, Friday evening (18th) "to elect officers and transact any business that might properly come before it." The final disposal of the money in the treasury, was the principal business, however, as there is little prospect of restoring any vitality to the old club.

A gentleman passing through the village last week was robbed of a sum of money and a gold watch and chain. The thieves were a couple of tramps, who afterwards attempted to pawn the watch in Worcester as security for a loan. One of the men was about five feet and seven inches tall, light complexion, rummy face and light moustache, and wore a light coat and light straw hat. The other was short, thick-set, smooth, full face, and wore a suit of dirty, grayish clothes and a Scotch cap. The watch was a Swiss movement, large flat case, heavy gold chain (long links), and handsome seal on watch. Constable Palmer offers a suitable reward for the detection of the thieves or recovery of the property.

The Springfield Republican in an article on "our local country press" says:—Just now a good many minor changes are affecting our very creditable western Massachusetts press, which shows the fault of newspaperdom in general, in being much too numerous for its own best efficiency, growth and profit. Our country papers are, as a whole, perhaps the best models of their class, the country over, in their thorough gleaning of the news of the local field. They still give too much general and political matter that does not belong to strictly local journalism, but the tendency is constantly toward the greater magnifying of home affairs, and a briefer, more intelligent condensation of the little outside news required. The best work here is certainly done by the Palmer Journal, while the Greenfield and Northampton Gazettes, Pittsfield Eagle, Adams Transcript and Berkshire Courier have of late years been unquestionably the standards in their respective fields.

DISTRICT COURT.

Charles Goff was up again before the court Monday, this time for assaulting the wife of Wendell Warden, his tenant, who made the recent complaints against him. While Warden was away Goff undertook to throw out his furniture, and it was then the alleged assault was made. Justice Robinson sentenced him to two months in the House of Correction, from which he appealed, and gave bonds for his appearance at the higher court.

Edward Keefe of Ware, one of the redoubtable "Sure Pops," was brought up for drunkenness on the ball ground at the time of the game at Thorndike, during which he threw a bottle at a young fellow named Smith, striking him upon the head. He paid $11 and was discharged.

George Smith, for larceny, was sent to the House of Correction for three months.

Michael Toomey, for an assault on Daniel Haley, was sent to jail in default of fine and costs, amounting to $35.35.

WALES.

Eden D. Shaw is a petitioner in bankruptcy.

BRIMFIELD.

Brimfield's valuation is $519,450; 321 polls, total tax $7256, tax rate $11 on $1100.

BELCHERTOWN.

The selectmen offer $300 for detection and arrest of the incendiaries, who have been operating around there lately, or any who may try their hand at it for months to come. A servant girl has been tried on suspicion of having set fire to Mrs. Dearborn's cottage recently, but the justice acquitted her.

LUDLOW.

"Uncle Psalmy" is what a Ludlow citizen calls the democratic aspirant for the presidency.

The Ludlow mills are now arranging to supply their mills, and the village in part, with water from the reservoir by connecting a pipe with the Springfield water main.

WARREN.

Stars of Warren vs. Spencer club, Saturday—33 to 14 for the Stars.

Diphtheria is quite prevalent—seven cases in one family.

The Warren cotton mills have stopped part of their machinery, which has been running on Summer goods.

"Nat" Reed has purchased 40 acres of land on the Brimfield road, and intends soon to put up a house on the same.

Rev. Father Moyee, late one of Father Haskins' assistants at Holyoke, has been assigned to a parish in Warren.

THORNDIKE.

W. H. Bresnahan is building a new dwelling house on the street leading to Three Rivers, in front of his blacksmith shop.

The wonderful fish stories that are wafted on the breezes from the Ludlow reservoir, have a tendency to awaken longing feelings in the bosom of Thorndike youngsters, but it was too much to expect that a little four-year-old, who calls Joe Godro "papa," should catch the bull-head fever. True, nevertheless; the child was missed from home Saturday, and Sunday evening a kind-hearted Ludlow farmer brought the little wanderer home from a tramp, it having got almost within sight of the slimy waters of the famous bull-head pond.

BONDVILLE.

P. H. Potter has been digging a new well on his premises and on Friday week, his workmen found water. Cyrus Taylor (cousin of Newell Taylor of Palmer) and an Irishman by the name of Breen were in the well finishing off, when the jar of a passing train started the loose gravel. The men managed to escape two slides of the gravel, but the third one caught Taylor's feet and held him, until the gravel nearly reached his waist, then when partially dug out another slide filled up to his shoulders; but finally, after several hours digging he was rescued. His companion Breen was reserved for the next day, when he was accidentally struck over the head with a sledge hammer while at work on the same well. His injuries are quite severe.

THREE RIVERS.

The Baptist Sabbath school held a picnic Wednesday in Jones' wood, north of the village. It is said by those that went to have been an enjoyable time.

The story is rife in the village that two families within four days have concluded to separate and each to take care of themselves. This is a bad state of things.

T. D. & P. H. Potter have about completed the erection of a two-story dwelling house for Mark Bently, near the Springfield and Athol depot. This is the fifth building built in the past 10 months.

David Milliken represented the Three Rivers Reform Club at the temperance campmeeting at Old Orchard Beach in Maine, and returned Monday, full of new vim and lots of facts for future sharp shooting at the meetings of the club.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM.

A man by the name of Aldrich from Cordaville, near Worcester, has leased the Scantic mill, and will commence at once the manufacture of shoddy satinet. "Any port in a storm" just now is acceptable.

A party of about one hundred from this village had an excursion last Wednesday to Square Pond, in Stafford, for a clam bake, fish fry, &c. The dinner was prepared by G. W. Walker, who never does anything by halves, and on this occasion was abundantly successful. Some ten boats were at the disposal of the party and were in constant use. Mr. Dimock, who is the proprietor of the land, and by whom the grounds were fitted up, was in constant attendence to see that no accidents happened to the excursionists. Swings are prepared and at the disposal of parties. The spot is immediate on the banks of the pond, abundantly shady, and is a nice place for small or large parties. A small family tent was already on the ground, which had been there for weeks, and in constant occupation by the family. It is a pleasant inland place for those who wish to tent out for a week or ten days.

MONSON.

The common schools commence Sept. 4th.

Geo. W. Burdick has about 100 tons of nice clear ice for sale.

Rev. Mr. Sawyer of Easthampton will supply at the Cong. church to-morrow.

John C. Maguire has bought of C. M. Walker of South Wilbraham a building lot on High street.

Nelson Brothers, a new firm of carpenters, are shingling and repairing C. B. Jones' house.

Rev. Charles Hammond and Hon. T. F. Packard are among the Centennial visitors from Monson.

Henry R. Glynn is putting in a new National water wheel, together with machinery for carriage and wagon work.

Candidates for the high school will be examined at the academy to-day (Saturday) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Gage Brothers are agents for the light running Domestic sewing machine, and are having quite a sale of this justly popular machine.

E. S. Willis & Son, of Willimantic, Conn., have leased the north store in Green's block for their clothing business, and will locate permanently.

Thomas Stiles should be dubbed M. D. A few days ago he performed a surgical operation on a sick hen, the operation being called by medical men "tracheotomy." The crop of the hen was cleaned out (this was the first crop this year), and the hen is as well as could be expected, and promises to live long and do well.

WILBRAHAM.

A large number of the citizens have returned home from summer visits, and all have had a good time. Mr. Fellows, Mr. Fish and daughters, and Miss E. Firmin from the Centennial. The campers at Saybrook, fifteen in all, have made their appearance, well and hearty, brown and hungry.

Quite a number of our young ladies start for Philadelphia this week.

Tuesday, a brakeman at the depot while getting on his train made a misstep, and has lost part of his foot. The engine was just nine minutes in carrying him to Springfield.

The Allis House is well filled with summer boarders, Mr. Folsom, Springfield's city clerk, and family being among the guests.

Club hall was broken into one night last week by a person who is an enemy to the society. Some few things were carried off.

Wesleyan Academy will commence next Wednesday.

The assessors of Wilbraham have completed the assessments of taxes and committed the bills to the collector. Valuation of the town, $934,570; real estate in North Parish, $458,255; real estate in South Parish, $296,851; personal property in North Parish, $120,145; personal property in South Parish, $59,319. Number of polls, 567; rate of tax, $12 per $1000. The town voted and appropriated for expenes the current year, $10,125; the State tax is $990; county tax, $1022.06; overlay, $211.78. Committed to the North Parish collector, $7,610.80; South Parish collector, $4,738.04; rate per poll, $2. The following pay over $100 in taxes: Collins Paper Co., $1392.60; Lacowsle Woolen Co., $269.64; Wilbraham Woolen Co., 229.32; Benjamin Butler, $181.40; D. W. Ellis & Co., $145.80; Joseph Baldwin, $136.88; Scantic Co., $120; Horace Clark, 115,04.

WARE AND VICINITY.

The Oregon has been thoroughly repaired.

F. O. Lothrop is having his Main street store painted.

Peaches are becoming more and more plenty and much better.

O. F. McMahon has put out his sign this week, painted by C. C. Wilcox.

We received one item this week without going out after it. See "Births."

Some new scales from the Buffalo scale works adorn the express office.

There was a slight smash up on Cottage street, last week, but no one hurt.

E. C. Morrjam has a growing cucumber three and a half feet long. Who will beat it?

Quite a good number of our Methodist brethren have gone or will go next week to campmeeting.

Freight business is very good at present on our railroad, the companies sending an unusual amount just now.

B. C. Snow has put some of the goods, left from the store of R. C. Snow, on sale, on Bank street, opposite the livery stable.

Those who were camping out near Greenwich, have returned in good health and spirits and report having an excellent time.

Mr. D. B. Glines has a hen which laid an egg this week, measuring 8 inches in circumference one way and 6½ inches the other way and weighed nearly 3½ ounces.

F. P. Clark's house is nearing completion and R. L. Davidson also has a house under way on West Main street, while a small tenement house on Water street is about done.

Mrs. Sandford, Mary Sandford, Mrs. John Moran and Frank Bassett have gone to Montreal. C. C. Hitchcock has also succumbed to the weather and left town for a week or so.

We are glad to see enterprise and especially among the young, and were glad to see Georgie Dunham recently set out an apple stand on Main street, and learn that he was well paid for his trouble.

John Sullivan, a Holyoke tramp, was arrested and brought before Justice Richards, Monday, to answer to the charge of drunkenness. John was minus the required $7.95 and was sent up to Northampton to work it out.

That picked nine that went down to Thorndike Saturday were beaten to the tune of 39 to 11, but from the noise made after they came home one might think they had brought home the scalp of Sitting Bull. Thorndike and Ware liquor mixed makes terribly noisy bawlers.

Green & Marsh are making extensive and decided improvements in their tin shop, increasing their salesroom to a room 20 x 30. The increase of business has made this change necessary and after the improvements are completed they will be fully prepared to wait upon all patrons.

Oregon engine company No. 3 has received and accepted an invitation to the fireman's muster to be held at Warren Sept. 2d. The boys feel a little ashamed to take the old engine, nevertheless they consented to do so, and have given it a couple of trials to test it, throwing the first time a stream horizontally 115 feet and the second time 116½ feet.

The reduction of the rate of interest on mortgage loans, those now out and those to be made in the future, from 7.20 to 6 per cent. by the Ware savings bank is one of the most important moves yet made for the reduction of interest in this market. The Ware savings bank has the reputation of being of a conservative and well-managed institution, and has done a large business in Hampshire, eastern Hampden and Worcester counties. The Smith charities having come down to 6 per cent. and the Easthampton savings bank to 6½ per cent. a very perceptible foundation on the reduced basis is being laid.—Republican.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

Admission tickets to the Centennial are to be sold hereafter in packages of 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100, and can now be ordered through David G. Yates, general manager of the department of admissions of the Exhibition, by mail, if desired, cash, of course, invariably in advance.

New Jersey offers a silk banner to the city or township which shall send the largest number of visitors on the 24th instant.

The employes of Steinway & Son of New York will arrive on Saturday on a grand excursion, and on the great New Jersey day there will be about five thousand excursionists from New York city to add to the swarms from Jersey. Six excursions to the Exhibition from England and the Continent have been organized, the first of which is expected to arrive in New York on the fifth or sixth of September.

There is one committee at the Centennial Exposition that has not had a vacancy since the opening. It is the jurors on wines, and they have sampled over 800 different varieties.

Youthful visitors from a distance congregate around the letter-presses in Machinery Hall, and have letters to their folks at home printed on centennial paper, and put into centennial envelopes, upon which the address is also printed. The missive is then mailed through the centennial post office.

Ex-Governor Washburn (William B.) firmly resists the appeal of the Spiritualists at Lake Pleasant for Sunday trains. He says he don't even allow his horse to work on Sunday. The Fitchburg railroad is also disgusted, and intimates that next year no Sunday trains will be run. The Athol road, however, still keeps up the Sunday excursions.

The sea serpent has once more been seen, near Block Island. The "critter" measured, however, only thirty feet in length; and Nantucketers claim that the serpent seen off their coast was at least fifty feet long. There is prevarication or dimness of vision somewhere.

Henry R. Town, President of the Yale lock company of Stamford, Ct., has arranged to pay the expenses of the employes of that company to and from the Centennial Exhibition. The factory is to be stopped for two weeks, beginning next Monday. At least 100 men will go to Philadelphia.

Nineteen cows belonging to William L. Brownell of Dartmouth, strayed, and were put into the pound at Dartmouth, last Thursday, and the space was so small that the animals hooked each other, killing one and wounding several others.

A wag presented an Elizabeth (N. Y.) saloon keeper with a pair of steel engravings of Sankey and Moody, representing them to be correct portraits of Tilden and Hendricks. They now adorn the walls with Tilden's letter of acceptance underneath.

A New York jeweler's drummer was robbed in Springfield last week of a case containing $10,000 worth of gold rings, ladies' sets, and other jewelry, which he had left in the cloak room at Haynes' hotel. A reward of $500 is offered for its recovery.

The English school boards have established savings banks to teach the children providence, and the banks have now upward of £8000 belonging to the children. Of this sum £6000 belongs to London school children.

Patrick Doyle of Manchester, 19 years old, is in jail, charged with an attempt at rape on Miss Jennie Chamberlain, 17 years of age. Doyle was engaged to carry the lady to Milford, and made the attempt on the highway.

Every male teacher in Canada is by law required to pay into the fund for superannuated teachers $2 every six months, one-half of this total contribution being refunded to him in the event of his quitting his profession.

So many of the hotels and restaurants in New York city have lowered their prices that the reduction is likely soon to be made general. The new scale of prices is near that which prevailed before the war.

The New York Times (Democrat) says:—"If we except the exposure of Belknap, it is safe to say that no actual corruption has been traced to any official connected with the administration."

Chicago papers are practicing the policy of underrating the Centennial, for the purpose of dissuading Western and Northwestern merchants from coming East for their fall supplies.

Henry Gegenbach, the Springfield youngster who was shot by another boy on the last Fourth of July, is able to be out, but his intellect is probably permanently impaired.

The Lee Fern Cliff Association was honored with the presence of Gov. Rice at its annual grove meeting this week.

A wheat field in Oregon was recently struck by lightning, set on fire, and three acres of it burnt before the rain extinguished the flames.

The Knights of Pythias have arranged for a grand parade in Philadelphia next week.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Intemperance and lunacy are increasing in Ireland.

A Boston physician says that a passionate love will bring on heart disease.

Charles Parker of Meriden, Conn., will increase the wages of his screw shop employes 33 per cent. on the 15th.

A bed of ochre discovered at Russell is pronounced almost pure and very valuable.

Guano to the amount of fifteen or twenty thousand tons has been found in a cave near San Antonio, Texas.

Thus, one by one, the blessings that make earth beautiful depart. The tongueless woman has just died at Bootstown, O.

In Contra Costa, Cal., resides Don Fernande Pocheco, who weighs 420 pounds, and is as weighty financially as he is physically.

The Congregational church in Baldwinsville has chosen a committee of ladies to raise funds for the erection of a chapel.

An old book was recently bought in Burlington for 50 cents, and at once sold to a book dealer for $10.

The Northampton, Mass., skate company is filling orders for nickel-plated club skates to go to Germany, and expects a busy season.

There is going on in California, this centennial year, more construction of railroads than in any previous period of the State's history.

Messrs. Cottrell & Babcock of Westerly, the embarrassed printing press manufacturers, are reported to owe their employes, 140 in number, $25,000.

In Fall River, Saturday, John Thomas, aged 12 years, drove his hoop into a cellar in which was liquid manure. He stepped in not knowing the character of the article, and sunk and perished.

A brig which sailed from Philadelphia for Brazil on Sunday, carried the materiel for twelve broad gauge locomotives, two narrow gauge locomotives and half a dozen cars.

The London Milk Journal says that a pint of milk heated a little, but not boiled, taken every four hours, will check the most violent diarrhœa, stomach ache, incipient cholra, and dysentery.

The Kentucky Legislature has passed a bill taxing all dogs over three years of age two dollars each. Dogs refusing to give their ages to the census enumerators will be dealt with summarily.

Agricultural Fairs for 1876.

Hampden East—at Palmer, September 21 and 22.
Hampden—at Springfield, October 3 and 4.
Union—at Blandford, September 21 and 22.
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden—at Northampton, October 5, 6 and 7.
Highland—at Middlefield, September 14 and 15.
Hampshire—at Amherst, September 26 and 27.
Franklin—at Greenfield, September 28, 29 and 30.
Deerfield Valley—at Charlemont, September 21 and 22.
Berkshire—at Pittsfield, October 3, 4 and 5.
Housatonic—at Great Barrington, September 27, 28 and 29.
Hoosac Valley—at North Adams, September 19, 20 and 21.
Worcester—at Worcester, September 21 and 22.
Worcester West—at Barre, September 28 and 29.
Worcester North—at Fitchburg, September 26.
Worcester Northwest—at Athol, October 3 and 4.
Worcester South—at Sturbridge, September 14 and 15.
Worcester Southeast—at Milford, September 26, 27 and 28.
Middlesex—at Concord, September 28, 29 and 30.
Middlesex North—at Lowell, September 26 and 27.
Middlesex South—at Framingham, September 19 and 20.
Essex—at Danvers, September 26 and 27.
Norfolk—at Readville, September 28 and 29.
Bristol—at Taunton, September 26, 27 and 28.
Bristol Central—at Myricks, September 13, 14 and 15.
Plymouth—at Bridgewater, September 20, 21 and 22.
Hingham—at Hingham, September 27 and 28.
Marshfield—at Marshfield, October 5, 6 and 7.
Barnstable—at Barnstable, September 19 and 20.
Nantucket—at Nantucket, September 6 and 7.
Martha's Vineyard—at West Tisbury, October 3 and 4.

CHESTER'S INDUSTRIES.—Among the industries lately developed in town is the opening of the stone quarry by D. B. Judd. Mr. Judd began working his quarry last fall, and has given steady employment, except in the winter months, to 11 men, under the direction of Mr. Samuel Otis, a stone worker of long experience. The stone is a mixture of garnets, mica, anthracite and copper, and furnishes when polished beautiful monument bases, and the best of flagging, underpinning and posts. The quarry presents an interesting field for students of geology, Professor Hitchcock of Amherst, with his class in mineralogy, having paid Mr. Judd several visits, and after spending a day studying the "Testimony of the Rocks," departed after selecting some of the finest specimens, to be forwarded to their address. A day spent in these solitudes, with their genial proprietor, will fully repay any science-loving individual.

CUT TOO CLOSE.—In Springvale, Me., a suit was brought by Ira Brackett against John H. Powers for assault and battery on a boy named George A. Brackett. Ira Brackett, the grandfather, wanted the boy George's hair cut, and told the Boston barber to cut it as short as he could over the comb. It was done so, but that was shorter than they thought for, so he brought suit for damages. The family made the boy cat with his hat on, 'cause they can't bear his looks at the table, and don't send him to school, for the boys will laugh at him. No malice was shown, and the barber was discharged.

The Holyoke Journal is rather independent, surely, when it says:—"We caught quite a number of bullheads at the Ludlow reservoir and they were the "strongest" fish we ever pulled out of water. They were scented clear through with the nauseous water of the pond from which Springfield takes her drinking water, and which is so loathsome a horse cannot be persuaded to drink it, and is so full of slime that a person can not make his hands any cleaner by washing them in it.

During a thunder shower in Bolton, last week, a ladder standing against an apple tree, near the house of R. Barrett, was struck by lightning, torn into splinters, and the pieces scattered in every direction. A man had been on the ladder picking apples only a few moments before the shock. One of the inmates of the house was paralized at the time.

The Indians along the Colorado river have risen against the Mexicans.

The Fire Record.

The New Jersey Central R. R. lost $75,000 by a freight train running into the rear of an oil train on its road, Saturday. No lives lost.

The stables of the Citizens' horse railway company of Indianapolis, Ind., was burned Sunday, with 50 horses, 25 cars, and considerable other property, and Thomas Hall was killed at the fire. The loss was $50,000, insured.

The brush factory of Ames & English, at Lansingburg, N. Y., were burned Saturday night; loss $20,000, insurance $9250. The building had been unoccupied for some time, the firm being in bankruptcy.

CHESTER.—The musical convention held last week under the direction of Prof. Amos Whiting of Springfield was a success. The chorus numbered 70 voices, and were admirably well balanced. The quartettes were well rendered, and the four part songs, "Luna" and "How they brought Her Warrior Dead," by the English composer, Joseph Barnby, also the chorus "The Heavens are Telling," were given with good effect.

TO MEMPHREMAGOG.—The Montreal and Boston Air line and Passumpsic R. R. advertise excursion tickets to Lake Memphremagog from Worcester at $10.50 for round trip, good from Aug. 15 to Oct. 1st.

TRAGEDY AT PALMYRA.—An insane mother at Palmyra N. Y., on Saturday, drowned herself and a seven year old child in a pond. Both bodies were recovered.

Theodore Thomas, the great music man has disbanded his orchestra. He says he is tired of doing for other people and paying for it himself, and hereafter he will do nothing on speculation, but must have his pay in advance.

We once asked the veteran punster, Catlin, why it was that a certain point on the Mississippi was called Maiden's Bluff, and he innocently answered: "Because it's a vergin' on the river."

We have no doubt of it. Neuralgia in the faces and heads of women is largely on the increase, and the physicians say it is due to the inferior protection afforded by the mode in which women cover their heads.

The judge the other morning asked a prisoner charged with drunkenness what he intended to do. He replied, frankly, that he "wasn't his own boss this morning."

Paddy Quigley, one of a band of gypsies camped in Warren, was arrested recently for indecent exposure, and was found to be insane.

Four colored persons were drowned near Long Branch on Wednesday evening, while returning home in a boat from campmeeting.

The Lee Chronicle has been revived as a democratic campaign newspaper, under the management of its former publisher.

Abner Lowell, a notorious criminal, has been arrested at Raymond, N. H., charged with threatening to kill his family.

The bursting of a boiler of a Japanese steamer on the Inland Sea, July 4, caused a loss of twenty lives.

Alexander Wallsen & Co., wholesale dry goods dealers of Montreal, have suspended, with heavy liabilities.

The Connecticut Valley Railroad has leased the Longmeadow Railroad at the rate of $7000 and taxes per year.

In London, recently, a "girl" of 40 sued a "young man" of 50 for breach of promise and got £40 damages.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

A writer in one of our standard medical journals says: "I was cured of Dropsy in one month by using HUNT'S REMEDY." All Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers can secure health for their children and rest for themselves by the use of Castoria, a perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely harmless, and is as pleasant to take as honey. For Wind-Colic, Sour Stomach, Worms or Constipation, for young or old, there is notsing in existence like it. It is certain, it is speedy, it is cheap.

Caked Breasts, Rheumatism, Sciatic, Swellings, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Burns, Scalds, Poisonous Bites, and all flesh, bone and muscle ailments, can be absolutely cured by the Centaur Liniments. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Liniment is for spavined, galled and lame horses and animals. 13w21

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y26

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have *never failed to satisfy all who have used them* for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

BORN.

At Ware, 14th, a daughter to GEORGE EMERSON.
At Ware, 17th, a daughter to M. L. SNOW.
At Chicopee, 10th, a son to HENRY LYON; 11th, a son to WILLIAM VALENTINE.
At Northampton, 9th, a son to CHARLES THAYER.
At Hinsdale 14th, a daughter to AZARIAH and EMILY STORM.
At Athol, 6th, a son to GEORGE H. COOK; 7th, a son to GEORGE W. RICHARDSON; a son to HOLLON WHEELER.

MARRIED.

At Spencer, 10th, FRANCIS D. NEWTON of New Braintree and SARAH WALKER of North Brookfield; ALBERT S. PROUTY of West Brookfield and EMMA J. NEWTON of New Braintree.
At Becket, 8th, EDWIN S. JENNISON of Charleston, S. C., and AMANDA M. POMEROY.
At Orange, 8th, GEORGE M. MAYO and NELLY S. WHEELOCK.
At Greenfield, 10th, GEORGE A. SIMONDS and MARTHA E. JAMES, both of Gill.

DIED.

At Palmer, 18th, RUBY CALKINS, 89.
At Springfield, 13th, C. P. L. WARNER, 70; WALTER STICKNEY, 86; WEALTHY B. DUNHAM, 65; 14th, FRANK A. FISHER, 24; Mrs. EDWARD JENNINGS.
At Chicopee, 14th, JOHN NAGLE, 39.
At Ware, 12th, ELIZABETH A., 34, wife of James Gould.
At Ludlow, 8th, WILLAM H. PEASE.
At Amherst, 11th, JENNIE M., 20, daughter of S. W. Dickinson.
At Wilbraham, 13th, ABIEL EDDY, 8 months and 18 days, son of Wells P. Phelps.
At Holyoke, 7th, THOMAS ALLEN, 30.
At West Brookfield, 10th, CHARLOTTE, 60, wife of Apollos Wellington.
At Warren, MINNIE EVA, 15, eldest child of Robert C. and Hattie I. Salie.
At Stafford, Ct., ELIZABETH HEMMELER, 64; 16th, MARY AGNES MULLEN, 3 month 16 days.
At Melrose, 12th, Mrs. MARCIA MERRICK, 85, mother of Mrs. John Blanchard of Palmer.
At San Francisco, Cal., 1st, EDWIN MERRICK, 53, youngest son of Augustus Merrick, late of Monson.

To Publishers.

Wanted, by a PRINTER and NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER of ample experience, a position as editor and business manager of a Republican newspaper; can also take entire charge of a printing establishment; best of references. Address "NEWSPAPER," Palmer, Mass. *21tf

Please state in what paper you saw this advertisement.

ALL FOR $2.

THE USEFUL COMPANION
AND
ARTIFICER'S ASSISTANT

Containg full and complete instructions in the arts and sciences of

TELEGRAPHING—READING BY SOUND.
BOOK-KEEPING—by both DOUBLE and SINGLE ENTRY.
HARMONY—as relating to Sacred Music, exhibiting and explaining the construction of all the principal chords.
THOROUGH BASE—playing sacred music from figures, enabling the performer to play four parts by looking at two.
TUNING THE PIANO-FORTE, REED ORGAN, MELODEON and SERAPHINE, with suggestions for detecting and discovering defects.
FERROTYPE AND TIN-TYPE PICTURES, method of taking them.
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS AND FRUIT, LEAF PRESSING—How they are made and preserved, &c., &c., &c.

This is the Largest, Handsomest and most Useful book ever published.

Size 8½ by 6 inches and contains 700 pages,

Profusely illustrated, is handsomely bound in cloth, with gilt back and sides, and is one of the most valuable works ever produced.

A great amount of useful information for INVENTORS, MECHANICS, &c., will be found in these pages. It contains nearly

600 VALUABLE RECIPES AND FORMULAS,

adapted to every trade, profession and occupation in Christendom.

Extensive and useful tables, or READY RECKONS, are inserted for the use of MACHINISTS, METAL WORKERS, ARTISANS, &c., &c.

Patents, and how to obtain them.

Full instructions in regard to them are given.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND CULINARY, also the MEDICAL departments, have received great attention, and these alone are worth many times the price of the book.

No one book that has ever been published "since the world began" has contained as large an amount of General Information and Instruction of practical every day use to everybody.

Every farmer, every mechanic, every apprentice, every family, should have a copy. Much of the information contained in this work has been obtained at a large outlay, and with a great deal of difficulty.

VALUABLE TRADE SECRETS

heretofore unpublished are now printed for the first time, and many of them will be found of great service. This is the

FASTEST SELLING BOOK
EVER PUBLISHED.

Agents can double their money by selling it. Sold by subscription only.

Special territory will be given to Agents.

PRICE $2.00 ONLY.

Single copies will be sent by mail, post-paid, upon receipt of price.

☞ For particulars and confidential circular, address

THE EMPIRE STATE PUBLISHING CO.,
21tf 713 Broadway, NEW YORK.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN ss. PROBATE COURT.—To all persons interested in the estate of Lyman A. Nelson, late of Palmer, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Eleanor M. Nelson, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of her administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administratrix is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said court, this sixteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

3w21t SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, ss: Palmer, Aug. 5, 1876.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Warren Shaw of Wales, Mass., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

3w20 CHARLES L. GARDNER, Assignee.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By license of the Probate Court for the county of Hampden to Caroline M. O'Byron, guardian of Mary Ida O'Byron of Wales, will be sold at public auction, on the premises described below, at two o'clock p. m., on the 8th day of September, 1876, the following described real estate, to wit: The interest of said ward in the farm and buildings formerly owned and occupied by Michael O'Byron, late of Wales, deceased, situated in said Wales, on the old road leading from Wales to Bramfield and described in a deed given by Calvin Shaw of Wales to said Michael O'Byron, and recorded in the Hamilden registry of deeds, book 141, page 359.

Terms made known at time and place of sale.

CAROLINE M. O'BYRON, Guardian.

Wales, Aug. 8th, 1876. 3w20

PALMER
Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,

Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store!
Complete Stock!
Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES! SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON,	"DOMESTIC,"
SINGER,	VICTOR,
WILSON,	WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE,	HOWE,
WEED,	AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

THE SMITH
American Organ

— IS THE —
LEADING INSTRUMENT
—FOR—
CHURCHES, CHAPELS, CONCERT HALLS, and for PRIVATE HOUSES.

Sold Low for CASH or on MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.

Also, Agent for LIGHTE and ERNST Celebrated Grand Square PIANO FORTES.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Agent,
69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN SS. PROBATE COURT.—To all persons interested in the estate of James Dimmick, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, M. W. French, trustee under the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the third account of his administration of said trust:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said trustee is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

3w19 SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

FOR SALE!

A GOOD HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS,
IN THIS VILLAGE.

Good barn, wells, orchard, etc., on the place. Will be sold low if applied for soon, and easy terms of payment given. For further information apply at the JOURNAL Office.

☞ Also, A NEW HOUSE, in good locality.

Palmer, July 28, 1876. 18tf

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

in quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

SURVETUS LEACH,
HOUSE CARPENTER & JOINER,

Shop on Park street, Palmer, Mass.

Having put power into my shop, I am also prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, Scroll Sawing, Rabbet Door Casings and Jams, and make Caslugs, etc. All work promptly attended to. ☞ See sign on east end of Rockwotton House. 19tf

DID YOU TRY THE
RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed; just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by

2m16 ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston.

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

LOST, on or about the 10th of July last, a note for $57 on Albert Upham. Any person finding said note are hereby cautioned against using it, as payment has been stopped.

ALBERT UPHAM.
Belchertown, Aug. 2, 1876. 3w19*

ENVELOPES!

ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES,

Printed to order. At the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DR. HIGGINS' ORIGINAL AND GENUINE MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of Imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'
SCROFULA AND CANCER SYRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.

Palmer, Mass., 1876.

Pianos, Organs,

or any other

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT,

of any style or make will be furnished by the subscribers at lowest rates. We are special agents for the

GUILD & CHURCH PIANO,
And the ESTEY ORGAN!

The ESTEY leads the world in sweetness of tone and style of finish. Call and examine.

ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

THE NEW ENGLAND
CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,

ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received. ANY MUSIC WANTED obtained at short notice, at

ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES

kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS
—IN—
38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS!

For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,

38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public thot they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.

Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

MORSE,

Of the "Central Shoe Store," Springfield, don't seem to know anything about the dull times. His famous establishment, No. 376 Main street, is lively as a "town meeting," and no postponement on account of the season, weather or thermometer. 4w18

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,

T. J. SULLIVAN.

Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.

Mr. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.

E DODGE.

Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of

H. W. MUNGER.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.

S. S. TAFT.

Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,
DENTIST,
SPRINGFIELD, Mass

Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y1.26

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 51

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost of production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1,
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4,
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3,
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc,

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.

Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the

JOURNAL OFFICE.

Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.

Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.

Palmer, July, 1876. 13tf

Resigned.

In Summer, when the days were bright,
We used to wander up and down
The quiet streets of this old town;
In those sweet times our hearts were light.

When Autumn's winds sighed through the trees,
He turned his face toward the sea;
He gave a parting kiss to me,
And left amid the falling leaves.

I watched through Winter's blinding snow,
And waited on from day to day;
I could do naught but watch and pray;
But ah! how lonely, God doth know.

And now the Spring is heard once more—
I hear the little birds rejoice.
If I could only hear his voice,
Or his loved step upon the shore!

But He who sends days dark and fair,
He knoweth what is best for me;
And whether on the land or sea,
He keeps us always in His care.

And so I sit beside the sea,
And watch the waters ebb and flow,
Resigned—although I may not know
What they one day may bring to me.

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 20, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

The Value of Wisdom.—Prov. iii, 1-10.

V. 1. The "law" is that of Wisdom, i. e. the law of God or divine instructions. To keep the divine commandments is to remember them with affection.

V. 2. God first connects rewards and punishments with well- and ill-doing in this world, that men may be convinced of the existence of the same law in the world to come.

V. 3. "Mercy" or kindness may be driven from a human soul or cherished there. Engraft kindness and truth into thy life, habits and nature.

V. 4. Then will come favor and prosperity with God and men.

V. 5. But correct morals are insufficient. Trust in the very Lord himself. Lean on Him.

V. 6. Make him thy guide. The Father's all-seeing eye and guiding hand are blessed helps.

V. 7. Conceit of one's own wisdom shuts out trust in God's. Self-flattery is self-ruinous.

V. 8. Physical health comes from obedience to the physical laws under which God has framed the human body.

V. 9. Appropriate liberally to God's worship and cause.

V. 10. It is well to have God and his promises of good on our side amid the perpetual changes and reverses of all human things.

V, 11. Adversity, however, will sometimes come. Be submissive to it. Do not resent it.

V. 12. It is meant to make us partakers of God's holiness.

V. 13. Happy is he who amasses gold? No; but he who gets wisdom.

V. 14. It is more blessed to gain wisdom than to gain silver.

V. 15. Wisdom is better than any of the objects which you most desire.

V. 16. Wisdom is presented as an angel with her hands loaded with blessings.

V. 17. Peace is the word under which the Orientals group all blessings.

V. 18. Trees symbolize that which is perpetual.

V. 19. God made use of wisdom in founding the earth, establishing the heavens and making all the arrangements of the creation.

THE WIFE.—It is astonishing to see how well a man may live on a small income who has a handy and industrious wife. Some men live and make a better appearance on $6 or $8 a week than others do on $15 or $18. The man does his part well, but the wife is good for nothing. She will even upbraid her husband for not living in as good style as her neighbor, while the fault is entirely her own. His neighbor has a neat, capable and industrious wife, and that makes the difference. So look out, young men, before you go into matrimony; it is a lottery in which most men can buy but one ticket, and if that turns out a blank your whole life had better be a blank too. Luckily no one need go into the wedded state with his eyes closed, as it is the case with lotteries, and we judge all who are sensible enough to use their optics may draw prizes.

A handsome young gentleman walked into an express office the other day in order to dispatch a package of letters to a lady, to whom he desired to return them. "What are they worth?" asked the clerk, who in making out his account desired to know what was the risk. The young man hesitated a moment, then clearing his throat of a certain huskiness, replied, "Well I can't say exactly, but a few weeks ago I thought they were worth about four hundred thousand dollars."

A NEW WRINKLE.—Pork-packers in the east are sending to California a "new wrinkle" in smoked meat—small pigs being cured entire, so that the purchaser obtains from the same package, done up in canvass, hams, shoulder and bacon.

The largest sponge ever found in Florida is now in front of a store in New York. The sponge when dry is eight feet in circumference, and when wet twelve feet, and weighs nineteen pounds. It is labeled Sam Tilden.

A procession of 89 persons, who had been arrested in a Cleveland gambling house, is said to have greatly interested the spectators as it marched to the police station. It included several prominent citizens.

Young men are so scarce at Long Branch, this season, that the girls have been known to hang a pair of pantaloons over the back of a rocking-chair and gaze at them for hours at a time.

Jenny June tells us that the ladies are really wearing more cotton than they have before since the war. No wonder things are beginning to bust.

VEGETINE

PURIFIES THE BLOOD, RENOVATES AND INVIGORATES THE WHOLE SYSTEM.

Its Medical Properties are

ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT AND DIURETIC.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal Complaints, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald-head and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Compliants, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leuchorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration, and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness' Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families,

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them nature's sweet sleep—as has been proven by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegetine. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your, friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

VEGETINE for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? VEGETINE will cure these complaints.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869,

Gentleman—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with salt rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw I had got the right medicine. Consequently I followed on with it until I had used seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. To benefit those afflicted with rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Pas. Agt. Mich. C. R. R.,
69 Washington Street, Boston.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

1m21

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &c.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

12m7 Springfield, Mass.

NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.
July 13, 1876. 1tf

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. G. C. WHEELER,

(Pupil of the New England Conservatory, and Private Pupil of Prof. T. P. Ryder.)

PALMER,..... MASS.

TEACHER OF

Piano Forte, Organ & Harmony

Applications can be made to and information will be given by Messrs. ALLEN & COWAN, Music Dealers and Book Store, Palmer, Mass. 52tf

EASTERN HAMPDEN

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having restocked our

JOB DEPARTMENT

—WITH—

New Type

AND

New Machinery,

We are fully prepared to give prompt attention to every description of

Book & Job Printing.

Address Cards,	Letter Heads.
Auction Bills.	Labels,
Adm'rs' Blanks.	Legal Blanks,
Books.	Law Briefs.
Ball Tickets.	Milk Tickets.
Bill Heads.	Masonic Printing.
Business Cards.	Mottoes.
Blanks.	Note Heads.
Catalogues.	Notices.
Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
Card Signs.	Rent Bills.
Dance Programmes.	Receipts.
Druggists' Labels.	School Reports.
Dodgers.	Streamers.
Dennison's Tags.	Town Reports.
Electrotyping.	Time Tables.
Envelopes.	Tags.
Flyers.	Visiting Cards.
Hand Bills.	Wedding Cards.
Invitations.	Wedding Invitations.

AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

Business Men!

ELECTROTYPING

of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

G. M. FISK & CO.

BURLEIGH & KEYES.

LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

U. S.

PIANO CO.,

810 Broadway,

New York.

MAKE

ONLY ONE STYLE,

AND HAVE

BUT ONE PRICE,

$290.00.

Sent on Trial.

NO AGENTS,

NO DISCOUNTS,

NO COMMISSIONS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.

MAILED FREE.

18tf

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

FANCY WARE,

CUTLERY,

PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

O. I. C.

FURNITURE

—FOR—

PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS,

Libraries, Dining and Sitting Rooms,

all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts,

Carpets.

From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

Stoves.

Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

CROCKERY.

T. & R. Boot's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

METCALF & LUTHER,

Opposite Court Square,

6m15 Springfield, Mass.

How to Paint.

USE

HARRISON BROS. & CO'S.

"TOWN AND COUNTRY"

READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
Handsome and Permanent.
No waste or loss of time in mixing.
Do not crack or peel.
Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
Can be applied by any one.
Free from poisonous ingredients generally used in so-called "Chemical" Paint.
Sample cards on application.
Order this brand from your dealer.
Insert it in your contracts.
Take no other.
Do not accept any substitute.

For sale (wholesale only) at
115 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK,
Retailed by all reputable Dealers. 1y46

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscription for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; elegantly illustrated; terms only $1.00 per year. The Record is devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial Year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 x 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent; for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Maine. 2m13

Dennison's Merchandise Tags,

AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

By the Bunch, Box or Thousand,

AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, July, 1876.

$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS, PICTURE HOOKS, PICTURE NAILS, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

CURTAIN FIXTURES,

CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

1y1 Springfield, Mass.

RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

AMERICAN & FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

FOR INVENTIONS, TRADE MARKS OR DESIGNS.

No. 76 State St., opp. Kilby St., Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also, in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and papers for patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the the validity and utility of patents or inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignment recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most capital and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitations in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the patent office."

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patent, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located.

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

AGENTS—If you want the best selling article in the world and a solid gold patent lever watch, free of cost, write at once to J. BRIDE & CO, 767 Broadway, N. Y. 4w19

WANTED—AGENTS to canvass for the authentic and complete Life of Gov. Hayes, our next President, by Col. H. R. Conwell. Now is the opportunity. The people are ready for it. Address B. B. Russell, Publisher, Boston, Mass. 4w19

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all throat diseases,

USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Put up only in BLUE boxes.

TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by all druggists. 4w19

PEABODY HOUSE,

Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

If any lady or gentleman wants a good fit and something that will last, let them call on the subscriber, where satisfaction is guaranteed.

N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for everthing is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XXVII. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1876. NUMBER 22.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

—BY—

GORDON M. FISK & CO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars a year. A discount of 25 cents made to those who pay in advance. Six months, $1.00; three months, 50 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at liberal rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed in the best style, and at short notice.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE PALMER.

For Boston and the East—3.18, N. Y. express, 7.01, Albany express, 7.48, accommodation, 11.37, accommodation, A. M.; 2.05, Albany and N. Y. express 3.48, N. Y. express, 4.34, accommodation, 8.10, express, P. M.

For Springfield, New York, Albany and the West—8.15, accommodation to Albany, 10.38, accommodation, 11.07, Albany express, A. M.; 1.22, N. Y. express, 5.48, express, 8.48, Albany express, 6.40, accommodation, 11.55, N. Y. express, P. M. Sunday night, 8.48, Albany express, 11.55, N. Y. express. Springfield accommodation, 4 p. m.

For Montreal and way stations—8.20 A. M., 2.05 and 6.40 P. M. For Amherst at 8.10 P. M.

For New London and way stations—8.15 A. M., 2.15 and 6.35 P. M.

For Ware, Winchendon and the North—8.15 A. M., 11.45, 3.55 and 5.50 P. M.

Trains leave Ware, going South—7.11 and 10.10 A. M., 1.15 and 5.08 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains on B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads.

Going North—8.48 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., for Winchendon; 12.18 P. M., Gilbertville; 6.24 P. M., Barre.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALLEN & COWAN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Booksellers.

A. H. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Carpets, &c.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, east of the railroad bridge.

A. E. PARK, successor to Smith & Co., dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour, etc.

BURLEIGH & KEYES, Carpenters and Joiners, and dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter, and Joiner, and mover of buildings.

C. A. BROWN & CO., Stoves, Furnaces and Tinware, Commercial Block.

CONNOR & BARRETT, Billiard Rooms, Cross' Block.

CHARLES L. GARDNER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Church street.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoemaker and repairer, 53 Main street.

E. W. ANDREWS, manufacturer of choice Havanna and Domestic Cigars, Thorndike.

E. S. BROOKS, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Commercial Block.

E. J. WOOD, Decorative Paper Hanger, dealer in Wall Paper, Crockery, &c., 60 Main street.

E. L. DAVIS, dealer in Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Laces, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, &c.

E. DODGE, Central Street Market. French's Block.

E. M. EAGER, Boot and Shoe manufacturer to order, and dealer in leather and findings.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

FRANK M. MASON, Barber and Hair Dresser, over Hitchcock's shoe shop.

F. B. PERKINS, Remington Sewing Machine, 68 Main St. All kinds for sale, or repaired.

GEO. W. RANDALL, Deputy Sheriff and Auctioneer.

G. A. HUNT, Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing. Shop in rear of the food factory.

GEORGE ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oil and Glass, Central street.

G. C. WHEELER, Author and Teacher of Music. Pianos for sale on easy terms.

H. P. & J. S. HOLDEN, wholesale & retail dealers in Dry Goods & Groceries, Lawrence block.

HENRY G. LOOMIS, dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins and Burial Caskets.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Cross' Block, Main St.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing. South Main St.

J. F. HOLBROOK, dealer in all kinds of Coal, agent for National and White Star line of steamers. Drafts on Foreign Banks at Lowest Rates.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Insurance Ag't. Acknowledgements of deeds and affidavits taken to be used in any State.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, wholesale and retail dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, &c.

J. B. SHAW, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., opposite the Depot.

U. S. TREDHAM, Watchmaker. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LYMAN DIMOCK, dealer in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Mrs. A. C. COLLINS, Millinery, 58 Main St.

OSCAR C. MARCY, Livery and Feed Stable, rear of Amerland House.

R. J. GARDNER & SON, Central street, House Painters, Grainers, and Paper Hangers.

S. S. TAFT, Attorney at Law. Office—Allen Block, Church street.

SILAS RUGGLES, M. D., residence, Dickinson Place, Three Rivers.

S. R. LAWRENCE, will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

S. W. SMITH & CO., Groceries, Nassowanno Block.

T. J. SULLIVAN, new boot and shoe store, Nassowanno block, opp. depot. Repairing done.

TOCKWOTTON HOUSE, Main street, E. M. Turner, Proprietor. A first-class house.

W. M. KURTZ, Harness Maker and Carriage Trimmer, South Main street.

W. H. HITCHCOCK, Tin and Slate Roofer. All orders promptly attended to.

WARE.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON.—Every line of goods found in a general first-class store.

C. E. & J. T. STEVENS, agents for the Anchor, Inman, Cunard, Tapscott's and William's line of steamers.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

G. K. CUTLER, Bookseller and Stationer, and dealer in Paper Hanging, Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

GREEN & MARSH, dealer in Stoves and Ranges. Agents for the best furnaces made—set and warranted. Roofing and Job Work solicited.

HAMPSHIRE HOUSE, R. Snow, Proprietor. Good livery stable. Free carriage to and from depot.

H. P. PAIGE, Fancy and sign Painter, at Zenas Marsh's.

J. KEEFE & CO., dealers in Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc.

JERRE BYRNS, Wars Bakery—Bread, Crackers, Cake, &c., supplied to families and the trade.

R. N. ROBERTS, Photographer, and dealer in Rustic and Oval Frames, Albums, &c., Ely's Block.

PATRICK MCMAHON, manufacturer of and dealer in every variety of American and Foreign Marble, Church street.

MISS L. A. HASTINGS, Dressmaking in the latest styles. Rooms on Pleasant street.

MRS. C. PHIPPS, Hoop skirt and Corset Rooms, Maple St., opp. Depot. Ladies fitted in extra large sizes. Skirts and Corsets made to order.

M. L. BARNES, Licensed Auctioneer. Orders left at Chas. A. Stevens' counting room.

T. McBRIDE, repairs Boots and Shoes in the best style.

WARE HOTEL LIVERY—F. Gilmore, Proprietor. Good teams to let at fair prices.

W. S. DUNHAM, dealer in Stoves, Furnaces, &c. Repairing and plumbing done at reasonable rates.

ZENAS MARSH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Sign Painter, and dealer in Sash and Blinds, Bank street.

MONSON.

ARBA SQUIER, Carpenter & Builder and dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Flooring, and Building Material.

A. H. BLISS, manufacture of fine Harness and Livery Goods.

G. M. EDSON, Painter, Grainer, and Paper Hanger. A good assortment of Paper Hangings on hand. Shop on Washington street, Monson.

GEO. W. BURDICK, Blacksmith, Stone Shop, Monson.

CUSHMAN HOUSE, L. G. Cushman, Proprietor. A good livery connected with the house.

G. H. NEWTON, Real Estate Agent, Insurance Solicitor, Auctioneer and Appraiser.

JOHN A. ORCUTT, Carpenter and Builder, Timber and Lumber for sale.

JOEL H. THOMPSON, Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and Jobbing, near Rogers' store.

The Unseen Good.

"If but this bitterness were o'er,
(For even bitterness will flee,)
The peace that once was mine before
Should soon return, then nevermore
Would my sad soul complaining be."

The bitterness is gone apace,
But still the clouds o'ercast her face.

"I grow so weary of this peace;
'Tis simply peace! My soul would rise
To higher spheres—its powers increase.
In earnest work would be new lease
For living: that were paradise."

Work to her hand is freely given,
But still she lacks the wished-for heaven,

"I am so tired. My work is small;
Nor honors, wealth nor fame it brings.
I toil and no one heeds at all;
No praises come, I faint, I fall:
My life was given for nobler things."

God grants a beauteous poem then,
And she is praised and loved of men.

"Alas! how weary grow the hours.
This wealth and homage seem so poor;
Of sweets I surfeit, and my powers
Need bitterness. With tearful showers
My strength and joy indeed were sure."

Death wrings her heart, and on her knees,
Her life's ingratitude she sees.

A SLAIN WOMAN.

A LESSON OF THE HOUR.

The funeral of Mrs. Helen B. Willis took place in Indianapolis, recently. Mrs. Willis was the sister of Senator Twitchell of Louisiana. The circumstances of her death and the causes which led to it were strongly set forth by Rev. Dr. Bayliss, who conducted the services. She was the victim of a false civilization and cruel system of terrorism, as one brother, her husband, and other relatives had been, and as her maimed and mutilated brother who survives her now is. This brother was present at the funeral, armless and helpless, the living victim of Southern intolerance. Under these extraordinary circumstances the Rev. speaker did not hesitate to depart from the usual routine of funeral addresses and to state the facts of the case in all their eloquent simplicity. Following is his address:

We are standing to-day at the culmination of a tragic personal history. It is not often, in times of peace, that a funeral service brings men face to face with facts at once so melancholy and appalling. And I feel that, though we were strangers personally to her whose sad end we contemplate, as we are to the solitary mourner who follows her to the burial, there are in the case circumstances which will interest us all, and will fully justify a departure, in some measure, from the usual form of funeral addresses. Mrs. Helen B. Willis was a native of Townsend, Vt., was thirty-one years of age, and a sister of Marshall A. Twitchell, who is here to-day, the only relative who is permitted to be present on this sad occasion. She was making her way from the inhospitable neighborhood in which she has suffered for years, in Louisiana, to her native place in New England. She stopped here to rest, and, if possible, to recuperate. But she had suffered too much to rally, and after a few days of delay death came yesterday morning, and with a grateful heart to those who have ministered to her so kindly and assiduously during her brief stay in this strange city, she fell gently asleep and is at rest.

At the close of the war, Capt. Twichell, brother of the deceased, was on Gen. Sheridan's staff, and was assigned to duty in the Red River country in Louisiana, where he became acquainted with the lady who afterward became his wife. He bought land and settled there, determining to become a citizen and devote himself to the development of the country of his adoption. To this end he built saw-mills and grist-mills, opened stores, did what could be done to establish schools, and in every possible way has labored earnestly to promote the prosperity of the country around him. His energy and economy led to business success, and his brother and three sisters, with their husbands, at length joined him in his Southern home. His mother also became a resident there, and thus his entire family, and all his interests, were transferred and established, permanently, as was supposed, in Louisiana.

In 1874 there were various riots in the parishes adjoining that in which these families lived. Senator Twitchell was himself absent in New Orleans, and a brother-in-law named King was sick, as was thought, unto death. As disturbances continued in the surrounding country, a number of Democrats came to those who were well and at home and said:—"We are sure that you are here as permanent residents, and we are satisfied with you and your principles. But some of your neighbors are not so satisfied, and there will perhaps be danger to you unless you put yourself under our protection; but if you will put yourself into our hands we will vouch for you to the rioters and you shall be protected." After some conversation Homer Twitchell and two brothers-in-law concluded, with some other Northern men in the neighborhood, to accept the offered protection of their Democratic neighbors, and accordingly put themselves under their direction. They were led away into an adjoining parish, far enough to obstruct the process of legal prosecution, and then with a treachery of which we supposed none but the Indians to be capable, their protectors turned them over to the mob, and Homer Twitchell and two brothers-in-law were murdered in cold blood. It seems incredible—it is most too diabolical to be believed. Even after all we have heard of Fort Pillow, and Andersonville, and Belle Isle, this is so horrible as to make us hesitate before believing it. We were in the heat of war when the Fort Pillow massacre was perpetrated; Andersonville was the offspring of passion and fury, but this was calm enough to be simply malevolent, and horrible enough to be fiendish.

One of those who fell in that treacherous massacre of August 31, 1874, was Mr. Monroe Willis, husband of her whose weary heart at last stands still, and how much of the disaster of yesterday is traceable to the catastrophe of 1874 it is impossible for any human being to tell.

Still the remnants of the broken, persecuted household remained in the South. There was their property, and there were the graves of their beloved dead. And so, in spite of the malice which had given them such startling proofs of its fierceness and unscrupulousness, they still trusted to their own conscious rectitude and their peaceful spirit to protect them. But, alas! there is a diabolism in parts of the South which no goodness can propitiate, and a malevolence which no gentleness can subdue. The fact is beyond question.

In May last Mrs. Willis was broken in health by her great sufferings, and Mr. Twitchell and Mr. King, who were absent in New Orleans, were sent for. They started immediately, and as they were crossing Red River in a small boat, on approaching to within four or five yards of the shore a horseman appeared on the bank, and unbuttoning his large coat, took from under it a Henry repeating rifle, from which he discharged fifteen shots at the men in the boat. Mr. King was instantly killed. Mr. Twitchell was wounded in one leg and in both arms, and was left by the bandit for dead. After the assassin was gone, however, the faithful colored boatman, who was himself wounded, lifted the mutilated man into the boat again, out of which he had sprung for safety, and conveyed him to Springville, where the Army surgeon was compelled to save the wounded leg.

The faithful sister, smitten by shock after shock, and almost prostrate as the result of them, still came to her brother's side, and waited and watched. The surgeon also watched, and night after night sat with a rifle on his knee ready to defend his patient from the midnight assault of some chivalrous Southron.

At length the brother and sister were able to start for the North, being furnished a part of the way with a military escort. As soon as they reached a region of safety the fearful nervous tension by which Mrs. Willis had kept up gave way, and she rapidly approached her end. Chronic dread of evil from murderers became a burden too heavy for her. In her last illness in this house she would wake, look around her half bewildered and alarmed, then close her eyes again, and on opening them again and recognizing her friends, would say, weakly: "Yes, I know you; I am not afraid of you; you are Marshall's friends;" and like a soothed child she would lie quietly down to rest.

And so the weary wheels at last stood still. Her husband, her brothers, and her sisters and their husbands all sleep in Southern graves, and every male relative was murdered. In her last moments her only surviving brother was unable to do anything for her except to weep. A nurse must have hands and be able to walk. No wonder she died without dread. She was too weary of human cruelty and wrong to desire to remain longer. She sent word to her mother, now in New England, that she had no fear of dying; she gave her last requests to friends and then departed, let us trust, to where "the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest."

We are sometimes accused of flaunting the bloody shirt for political effect; of reviving memories which ought to sleep in forgetfulness; of dragging before the startled and unwilling eyes of this age the ghastly skeletons of horror which, but for our persistence, would have been forgotten before now. But this to-day is no mere memory. This is no buried horror just now newly exposed for tragic effect. This woman, whose weary body we carry to-day to a new-made grave, is almost as much the victim of Southern cruelty as though some assassin's bullet had pierced her heart. They have killed her. They have loaded her with horrors until her frail body could endure it no longer. Indianapolis is called to-day to the task of burying one of the victims of Southern hate, and the victim is a woman. And what of her only surviving male relative? Is this some ancient terror? Some forgotten wrong just now restated for effect? His wounds are not yet healed; they are almost fresh enough to be ghastly. Scarcely three months ago he was as well as any of us, and now he is so helpless that he cannot wipe away his own tears.

And this is America, "the land of the free and the home of the brave;" the land whose historic boast has been its Southern chivalry; the land where men can think as they please, and speak what they think; the land where more has been said about freedom and the rights of man than has been said in all other nations since time began. Oh, how the eloquence of these mute lips rebukes and scathes us in our boasting. Our talk of freedom is a sarcasm. These white lips do mock at us. Freedom at the South yet awaits its natal day.

I am sure I say only what these lips would say could they speak, and only what this brother will approve, when I ask not as a partizan but as a man: Has the time come for us to elevate this proscription into power? Shall we dare, with these facts before us, to enthrone the political principles with which these assailants are identified? Shall we give to such gigantic and bloody wrongs as these the sanction of a political victory? It becomes us to consider the question, not as partisans, but as men who love freedom and as Christians who love God.

THE HAWTHORN.—The following is the method in which the hawthorn is cultivated in Europe:—

The berries are collected when ripe, and buried a few feet below the surface of the earth, are allowed to remain there during the space of eighteen months. They are then taken up and sown in beds in the month of April. When the plants are one year old they are transplanted into nursery beds, and allowed to remain until they are three years old. They will then have obtained hardihood enough to withstand the severity of the winter frosts of any climate.

Wooden fences are good, so far as a fence is concerned; but what is more beautiful and picturesque than a live fence? It is cheering as well as profitable. The hawthorn blossom emits a fragrance far superior to the bean or apple, and is one of the first blossoms of spring.—*Scientific American.*

PARKER HOUSE ROLLS.—One quart of cold boiled milk, two quarts of flour, one large table spoonful of lard rubbed into the flour. Make a hole in the middle of the flour, take one half cup of yeast, one half cup of sugar, add the milk, and pour into the flour, with a little salt; let it stand as it is until morning, then knead it hard, and let it rise. Knead again at four o'clock in the afternoon, cut out ready to bake, and let them rise again. Bake twenty minutes.

The assurance of the lightning-rod man was never better illustrated than the other day when he applied to the president of a railway company and wanted to put lightning-rods on all of his cars. "Lightning-rods on our cars?" asked the latter. "Why, certainly." "What in the world do we want them for?" "Because they make good conductors," replied the man, as he closed the door hastily behind him.

"Are you lost, my little fellow?" asked a gentleman of a four-year-old on Main street Saturday, "No," he sobbed in reply, "b-but m-my mother is."

READING FAMILIES.

Books and newspapers encourage—almost create—a thirst for knowledge in children. It is far easier to give a child a practical education with six months' schooling per year, with plenty of reading matter at home, than it is with ten months' schooling and no books and newspapers at your house. This is no fancy, but a positive fact; and yet how many parents there are who will spare no reasonable expense in sending their children to school, but if asked to subscribe for a newspaper, will answer, "I can't afford it!" How stupid and inconsistent! The truth is, they cannot afford to do without it.

Children who are fond of reading very seldom seek other amusements away from home. Who would not prefer that his boy should sit reading by the fireside at home than roaming about where he is almost sure to fall into bad company and acquire pernicious habits?

Take a good assortment of papers, and let every one in the house have free access to them. Don't be too particular about their lying scattered about. When you have a few spare moments you are almost sure to be reading one if in reach. Above all things, let them mussle them over, the baby and all, for children who are brought up among books and newspapers rarely injure one. But woe be unto either that happens to fall into the hands of a family where they are a rarity! You might as well drop gunpowder upon a red-hot stove and expect to pick it up, as to look for that book again.

Never make a practice of borrowing papers. It has been truly said that "a newspaper is like a wife, because every man should have one of his own." Pay for your paper and it will read easier and be a great deal more entertaining and instructive. At all events, do not ask to borrow mine.

There is always great pleasure in sending a book to a reading person, but it is very distasteful to have one fall into the hands of one of these "Ishmaelites" who read about one book in two years. Newspapers, in particular were not printed to lend. They are too perishable and frail.

A man who pays $2 per year for a paper, and cannot get that amount of benefit from it, "is either a mighty poor reader, or else is reading a mighty poor paper."—*N. Ritter, in Country Gentleman.*

"INJUN JOE'S" CUP.

The poor unfortunate had starved to death. In one place near at hand, a stalagmite had been slowly growing up from the ground for ages, builded by the water-drip from a stalactite over head. The captive had broken off the stalagmite, and upon the stump had placed a stone wherein he had scooped a shallow hollow to catch the precious drop that fell once in every twenty minutes, with the dreary regularity of a clock tick—a dessert spoonful once in four and twenty hours. That drop was falling when the pyramids were new; when Troy fell; when the foundations of Rome were laid; when Christ was crucified; when the conqueror created the British Empire; when Columbus sailed; when the massacre at Lexington was 'news.' It is now falling; it will be still falling when all these things shall have sunk down the afternoon of history and the twilight of tradition, and been swallowed up in the thick night of oblivion. Has everything a purpose and a mission? Did this drop fall patiently for five thousand years to be ready for this fitting human insect's need, and has it another important object to accomplish ten thousand years to come? No matter, it is many and many a year since the hapless half-breed scooped out the stone to catch the priceless drops. But to this day the tourist stares longest at that pathetic stone and that slow dropping water when he comes to see the wonders of McDougal's cave. Injun Joe's cup stands first in the list of the cavern's marvels; even "Aladdin's Palace" cannot rival it.

A trick that can only be played once on the same conductor was perpetrated on the gentleman who ran the 5.40 train from New York last Thursday. A man on the train lives between New Rochelle and Mamaroneck, who evidently wanted to get home in a hurry, came to the conductor, and with feigned excitement and in earnest tones said that the train had just run over a man, and for God's sake to stop. The conductor at once pulled the bell cord and the train at once came to a stand-still. A number of passengers got off and ran back some distance, but could see nothing of the mangled remains the inexorable iron horse had made. After the train had again started, the only passenger left behind was the man who gave the information, and he having thoughtfully taken his bundle under his arm, was seen crossing lots toward his home. Some of the brakemen "allowed" that he would have more than his ticket "punched" the next time he got on that train.

A gentle Quaker had two horses, a very good and a very poor one. When seen riding the latter, it turned out that his better half had taken the good one, "What," said a sneering bachelor, "how comes it that you let your wife ride the better horse?" The only reply was, "Friend, when thee be married thee'll know."

Two men were angrily disputing in front of the post office yesterday. One said—"You're a blear-eyed, beer-beguzzled Dutchman!" The other said—"Vell, by shorge, you vas nottings, you vas a tam pig nottings, shoost like—shoost like a—a—pig crow soare, by shorge, mid out any shtumm'."

An Irish soldier, pretending to dumbness, was discharged. He in a short time afterward enlisted in another corps, and being recognized by an old comrade was questioned how he learned to speak. "By St. Patrick," he replied, "ten guineas would make any man spake."

Thompson, of the West Chester Local News, gravely cautions young men against marrying a young girl who can't do up a shirt. Why didn't he continue by advising girls who can't do up a shirt to marry editors, so that they may never be troubled with such duty?

"Circumstances alter cases," said a lawyer to his client, after losing his fourth lawsuit. "Cases alter circumstances," savagely replied the client. "By your management of my cases my circumstances have been nearly ruined."

To color fruit yellow, boil the fruit with fresh skin lemons in water to cover them, until it is tender; then take it up, spread it on dishes to cool, and finish as may be directed.

Original.

Grandma's Darlings.

Grandma sits in her easy chair,
Swaying to and fro,
Watching the little one on the floor
And thinking of long ago.

Grandma's thoughts are flying back
Life's crooked pathway o'er,
And she sees the image of her dear boy
In the little one on the floor.

Where are grandma's darlings now?
Two, loving mates have found,
Another she laid, long years ago,
Beneath the cold, cold ground.

The fourth, a sturdy, manly youth,
His mother's pride and joy,
She looks on him with loving eyes—
Her youngest, darling boy.

One, answering his country's call,
She gave him in his bright youth;
He fought and fell 'mong brave and true,
In the far-off sunny south.

Grandma catches the little one up,
Her tears are falling fast,
While her silent prayer, "Grant, my God,
I may meet them all at last.

Monson, Mass. H. E. D.

LIVING BY RULE.

Alexander Roberts, born in Detroit seventy years ago, died the other day in Leeds, England. His father took him to England but a boy, and soon after set him up in business, with the positive injunction never to spend more than eight shillings and sixpence a week. Roberts adhered closely to his instructions from that time to his death. He construed the rule to involve the rent of his store, and so in a little while, when increasing business made him enlarge his store, he gave up any outside home, and lived and slept there. As rents rose, and his business—second-hand clothes selling—increased, he had to cut down his food expenses still lower, and to move into narrower quarters. This he did time and again, until at the close of last summer he was nearly starved to death. His acquaintances finally one day found him prostrated entirely by the overwhelming filth of his narrow home and the lack of all nourishing food. They persuaded him to buy some medicine, but when he did it only gave him an appetite. He could not afford to buy any food after paying for the medicine, so he wandered out to a horsechestnut tree and filled himself with its luscious fruit. He returned to his home and died there. This is the brief story. He was reputed to be worth at least $900,000, but his early vow was kept to the end, and so long as he existed it was never at a greater expense than eight shillings and sixpence a week. His instructions were to live for that sum, and he thought he obeyed. Yet living for that sum caused his death, and it becomes a question for the logician whether the man did not by dying disobey orders. But what will be of more interest to the unwise is the fact that Roberts has left no heirs, except such claims as can be advanced by a natural son, who is somewhere in America. Have we not a "claimant" among us?

HEAVY VS. LIGHT TOOLS.—The great end at which all improvements aim is the maximum of power combined with the minimum of material and weight. A man shoveling dirt with a shovel one pound heavier than it should be will lift 6000 pounds more in a day of ten hours than he would do with a suitable shovel. All this strength is wasted. The same is true of machinery. So simple a thing as an unlubricated pulley is felt in the furnace and the cost is augmented. Every useless pound in a truck or carriage takes vitality from the horse which draws it, and costs the owner many extra dollars for his keeping.—The man who pulls an oar in the great boat races at Saratoga puts himself in training and reduces every pound of surplus flesh. The racing horse carries not one extra ounce of fat to burden him in the effort to win. Yet working men will carry through half their lives fifty pounds more flesh than is needed for the best working condition, a burden which tells against their efficiency and personal comfort through many years of their industrial life. These may seem little things; but whatever wastes power, increases expenses, and burdens the laborer is not a little thing.

OPIUM SMOKING.—A Chinese essayist on opium smoking says: "Three years ago I saw an Englishman go to the hospital at Kolangsu to get himself cured of opium smoking. I was told that this man was in a good position in life, and had excellent abilities—yet he fell like this. It seems to me that it would be difficult for this man, if pressed at some future day by weariness and exhaustion, to avoid having resort to the criminal indulgence, and just as hard to prevent his leading his companions to do the same. If, in this little Amoy, Englishmen have been smoking opium, how are we to be sure that in other places there are no Englishmen that smoke opium? Further, how are we to be sure that at some future day such men will not lead others to smoke opium? China formerly called herself a country of literary enlightenment; but since opium came to abound in China, she has come near to a tottering and helpless condition. At present, England, although she is a famous nation, having among her people a certain number of opium smokers, secretly leading others astray, if she does not stop the traffic by prohibition, will find it difficult to prevent the mischief from spreading over the entire country."

A writer in St. Nicholas for July says:—"What do you say to a flower bigger than a dining plate, and weighing three or four pounds?" It is very rarely that we say anything. Sometimes we are intimate with a vegetable as occasionally we are drawn into a controversy with a cucumber, but as a general thing we find that flowers are to be avoided, as they cost five dollars a basket, and the other man usually gets the best buds for his button-hole.

Who does not love a faithful, honest dog, man's faithful friend? And yet who is there, stretching out in the shade for a quiet afternoon nap, who has not had man's faithful friend come panting up, and in an excess of honest affection, laying a great broad, hot tongue all over one's cheek, from chin to eyebrow, that does not get up and seize man's faithful friend by the tail and one ear and try to throw him across a prairie fifteen miles wide?

It was evening. Three of them were killing a cat. One of them held a lantern, another held the cat, and the third jammed the pistol into the cat's ear and fired, shooting the man in the hand who held the cat, and the one with the lantern was wounded in the arm. The cat left when it saw how matters stood, and that ill-feeling was being engendered.

HOUSEKEEPING HINTS.

The flavor of all vegetables is affected by washing, but all kinds used for salads are especially impaired. These should, therefore, never be washed unless immediately before preparation for the table, and as rapidly as possible, all the water being removed by shaking or whirling in a net or colander.

Silk which has become wrinkled may be made like new by sponging with a weak solution of gum-arabic or white glue, and ironing on the wrong side.

Woolen articles treated by the following method do not shrink, and remain unchanged in color! The garments are soaked for several hours in a warm, moderately concentrated solution of soda, to which about half a tumbler of ammonia water has been added, more or less, according to the quantity of clothing. They are then washed out after the addition of some warm water, and rinsed in fresh water.

The best method of preserving eggs is to coat them with paraffine, of which one pound will answer for 1500 eggs. They do not experience any loss in weight, and will remain unchanged for several months. The eggs must be perfectly fresh.

To clean carpets, they must be taken up, and beaten on the wrong side first, and afterward on the right side, and care should be taken not to use sticks with points, or the carpet may be injured. If the carpet still looks dirty, procure a quart of bullock's gall from the butcher's and mix with it three quarts of soft water; rub this into the carpet, either with a clean flannel or soft brush; rinse the lather off with cold water, and rub the carpet dry with a soft cloth. If there are any very dirty places, wash them with gall only.

HOW TO TAKE LIFE.

Take life like a man. Take it just as though it was—as it is—an earnest, vital, essential affair. Take it just as though you were born to the task of performing a merry part in it—as though the world had waited for your coming. Take it as though it was a grand opportunity to do and to achieve, to carry forward great and good schemes, to help and cheer a suffering, weary, it may be a heart-broken, brother. The fact is, life is undervalued by a great majority of mankind. It is not made half as much of as should be the case. Where is the man or woman who accomplishes one tithe of what might be done? Who cannot look upon opportunities lost, plans unachieved, thoughts crushed, aspirations unfulfilled, and all caused from the lack of the necessary effort? If we knew better how to take and make the most of life, it would be far greater than it is. Now and then a man stands aside from the crowd, labors earnestly, steadfastly, confidently, and straightway becomes famous for wisdom, intellect, skill, greatness of some sort. The world wonders, admires, idolizes, and yet it only illustrates what each may do if he takes hold of life with a purpose. If a man but say he *will*, and follow it up, there is nothing in reason he may not expect to accomplish. There is no magic, no miracle, no secret to him who is brave in heart and determined in spirit.

CRYING CHILDREN.—It is astonishing how seldom well-managed children are heard to cry at all. Parents commit two faults—they indulge the child too long, and then get into a great passion with it for being naughty. I hear children ask their mothers twenty times for a ball, or a piece of bread, or a drink of milk; at last they set up a dreadful crying, and then they get what they want. Sometimes what they ask for is what they should not have but having learnt to get things by crying, they always cry for it, and often get it. The best rule is this—if a child asks for what it ought to have, as bread, milk, a ball, or anything of that kind, let it have it at once. Do not wait till the child begins to cry. If, on the contrary, the child cries for what it ought not to have, refuse it; never mind its crying, but be steady. Give it something else to play with, and it will not cry long. If you do this every day, in one week your child will find out that some things are to be had, and some are not to be had, and that crying is not useful or comfortable.

RETALIATED.—A tradesman in Lawrence, owner of a dog and cat, has been in the habit of letting the dog go to market and buy his own meat. The dog would bring the meat home and deposit it somewhere in the store, and when feeling the gnawings of hunger would go and get it. The cat acquired the habit of stealing its meat, and the dog would lie down near it, watch for the thief, and when the cat came would drive her away. But at last he became tired of this business, carried the meat down cellar, and covered it up in the sand.—One day the owner of the dog thought he would get the meat, bring it up stairs, and see what the dog would do. After taking a nap the dog went down cellar in search of his meat, and commenced digging as usual, but there was no meat to be found. He laid himself down a minute, as if in thought, and then rushed up stairs, and, spying the cat "went for her," and chased her all around the store, as closely as a police officer in pursuit of a thief. Can a dog reason?

A Plymouth lady recently caught a monstrous rat in a trap. Hardly knowing how to dispose of it, she stepped out a few moments to ask advice. On her return she was astounded to find that instead of a single one she was possessed of a round dozen of the vermin. Eleven little ones littered the floor of the trap, which, unlovely brood, had it not been for their timely capture, would have given her cause to smell a rat pretty often.

Small holes in white plastered walls can be easily repaired without sending for the mason. Equal parts of plaster of Paris and white sand, such as is used in families for scouring purposes, mixed with water to a paste, applied immediately, and smoothed with a knife or a flat piece of wood, will make the broken place as good as new. The mixture hardens very quickly, so it is best to prepare but a small quantity at any time.

His teeth began to chatter over the ice cream. He buttoned up his jacket and swallowed another mouthful. That settled it. He jumped up from the table and started to where the sun could shine on him, exclaiming, "Whoopee! Plenty d—n cold grub! No cookee nuff! Fleeze belly all same like ice wagon."

In dealing with furniture, remember to keep water away from everything soluble therein, oil from everything porous, alcohol from varnish, and acids from marble.

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 27, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

Honest Industry.—Prov. vi, 6--22.

V. 6. A study of God's works will teach many a valuable practical lesson. The ant is a wonderfully diligent and active worker.

V. 7. Solomon speaks after the common opinion of his time in not attributing any leader to the ant. She works from the love of it.

V. 8. The moral lesson is just as good whether the ant only gathers for daily use and hibernates in winter, or collects a surplus in summer upon which she lives in winter. In either case she shows great industry. Her store is made by harvest time.

V. 9. If men did not work in the early morning in the hot climate of Palestine, they did not work at all.

V. 10. Yet the lazy are here supposed to sleep in the morning. The sluggard begs longer quietude and self-indulgence. Folding the hands is putting them in a state of inaction and rest. This verse is an answer to previous questions.

V. 11. These are the consequences. Poverty comes as one who moves with the highest speed; nay, as a mounted robber, or an Arab highwayman on his swift steed, rushing upon one without notice, swiftly as the wind. Idleness *quickly* brings poverty. It acts, too, as a destroyer.

V. 12. The wickedness here described is that of guile, treachery and secret combination. A worthless man is a bad man. To be useless is to be wicked. To be froward-mouthed is to be perverse. The wicked man plots artfully and conceals his designs from his victims.

V. 13. "The Orientals are wonderfully proficient in making communications with each other by means of signs and gestures with the eyes, the hands, and the feet." Every one's memory will supply examples of like doings among intriguers.

V. 14. "He deviseth." He is an architect of mischief. He stirs up contentions between neighbors and friends. This is his habit.

V. 15. These are the results of perverse and fraudulent dealings which stir up strife. The evil which awaits is without remedy. It comes unexpectedly. Society cannot endure such crime. God cannot always delay his judgement upon it.

V. 16. The Hebrews frequently begin with one less than the full sum intended, and then add one as the sign of completion. Seven is a favorite number and indicates fulness. This enumeration was probably to aid the memory.

Vv 17. 18, 19. First, lofty eyes—breathing contempt for our neighbor's interest and welfare; second, the lying tongue, which you cannot trust, or which if you do it is at the cost of bitter disappointment; third, hands shedding innocent blood; fourth, a heart devising evil plans and plots; fifth, feet swift to run unto evil; sixth, a false witness, which differs from the lying tongue only in the circumstances, the latter suggesting a court of justice or a case of special importance; seventh, the sower of discord; all these are violaters or violations of the law of love to our neighbor and are hateful to God. All intelligent creatures are held to love and good will towards each other. For God rejoices in the happiness and weal of all men. God is under obligations to His own grace and love to do all he can to secure the happiness of all. He can do everything except to compel the human will. He must then abhor those whose malice would frustrate an object so dear to Him. Here it is implied that the sin of sowing discord among brethren is as hateful to Jehovah as the six other sins which He had most emphatically denounced.

V. 20. A great protection against sin, especially that of adultery, which is the prominent subject throughout the remainder of the chapter, is keeping the commandments of a father and heeding a mother's law.

V. 21. These are to be kept continually in the eye and close to the heart.

V. 22. Parental counsels will be a safe guide to our way; a shield from danger by night; a sweet companion in waking hours.

GOOD THOUGHTS.

Sickness of body is often health of soul.

Some rather reflect truth than practise it.

Against the fickleness of fortune oppose a bold heart.

He is not so good as he should be who does not strive to be better than he is.

Govern your thoughts while alone; your words while in company.

A man's character is to be estimated by his goodness, not by his wealth.

Be always at leisure to do good; never make business an excuse to decline the offices of humanity.

Spend the day well, and thou wilt rejoice at night.

In the morning think what thou hast to do; and at night ask thyself what thou hast accomplished.

There are but few who know how to be idle and innocent. By doing nothing we learn to do ill.

Defer not charities until death; he that doeth so is rather liberal of another man's wealth than of his own.

Avoid as much as you can the company of all vicious persons whatever; for no vice is alone, and all are infectious.

Firm faith and true honesty are not to be forced by necessity, nor corrupted by reward.

The true spirit of religion cheers as well as composes the soul. It is not the business of virtue to extirpate the affections of the mind but to regulate them.

Though it be a truth very little received, that virtue is its own reward, it is as surely an undeniable one that vice is its own punishment.

How unreasonable it is, to begin to live only when we can live no longer! That man does not live as he should, who does not live every day as though it were his last.

VEGETINE

PURIFIES THE BLOOD, RENOVATES AND INVIGORATES THE WHOLE SYSTEM.

Its Medical Properties are

ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT AND DIURETIC.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal Complaints, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald-head and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Compliants, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leuchorrhea, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration, and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness' Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet [illegible] It is a great panacea for our aged sleep at n[illegible] for it gives them strength, [illegible] fiters and mothers, [illegible] them nature's sweet quiets their nerves, and gives [illegible] aged per- sleep—as has been proved by many an [illegible] son. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegetine. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your, friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

VEGETINE for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? VEGETINE will cure these complaints.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentleman—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with salt rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw I had got the right medicine. Consequently I followed on with it until I had used seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. To benefit those afflicted with rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Pas. Agt. Mich. C. R. R.,
69 Washington Street, Boston.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

1m21

JAMES D. GILL,

Successor to

GILL & HAYES,

FINE ART STORE,

Has in stock the largest and most choice stock of goods to be found, including

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PICTURE FRAMES, BRONZES, &C.,

All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

FINE ART STORE,

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,600.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

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DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

R. J. GARDNER & SON,

HOUSE PAINTERS, GRAINERS,

And PAPER HANGERS.

Central street—House and shop formerly occupied by H. H. Perry.

All orders promptly attended to at short notice and reasonable rates. 3tf

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TEACHER OF

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Address Cards.	Letter Heads.
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Circulars.	Programmes.
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AND EVERYTHING NEEDED BY

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of labels, circulars, etc., promptly attended to at city prices.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive immediate attention.

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LUMBER DEALERS AND JOBBERS.

CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS &c., at very low Prices.

PLANING MILL at junction of B. & A. and N. L. N. Railroads, west of Depot, Palmer, Mass.

Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF PRINTING

SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

U. S.

PIANO CO.,

810 Broadway,

New York.

MAKE

ONLY ONE STYLE,

AND HAVE

BUT ONE PRICE,

$290.00.

Sent on Trial.

NO AGENTS,

NO DISCOUNTS,

NO COMMISSIONS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.

MAILED FREE.

18tf

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

FANCY WARE,

CUTLERY,

PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

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PARLORS, CHAMBERS, KITCHENS;

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all of our own manufacture, and warranted superior and at less price than at any other house in Western Massachusetts.

Carpets.

From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

Stoves.

Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

CROCKERY.

T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

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Opposite Court Square,

6m46 Springfield, Mass.

How to Paint.

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READY MIXED PAINTS!

PURE WHITE and 40 different shades.
Entirely ready for use.
Beautiful, Durable and Economical.
Made from pure material.
Tested on thousands of Buildings.
Handsome and Permanent.
No waste or loss of time in mixing.
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Cheaper and better than any other Paint.
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Sample cards on application.
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Take no other.
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AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

By the Bunch, Box or Thousand,

AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

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Palmer, July, 1876.

$5 to $20 Per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me

"OLD CORNER BOOKSTORE."

PAPER HANGINGS.

SPRING OF 1876.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN Patterns.

PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

FRESCO DECORATIONS,

and keep in stock the very finest goods.

Specimens of what can be done with Paper Decorations can be seen at our store. The best of workmen furnished.

ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS,
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Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

CURTAIN FIXTURES,

CORD, TASSELS, ETC.,

WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

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RE-OPENED!

M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

M. FOX.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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FOR INVENTIONS, TRADE MARKS OR DESIGNS.

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After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States; also, in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and papers for patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the the validity and utility of patents or inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignment recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most capital and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

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Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitations in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the patent office."

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Late Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patent, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

has fitted up an office in Allen's new block, Church street, where he will hereafter be permanently located,

Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y51

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WANTED—AGENTS to canvass for the authentic and complete Life of Gov. Hayes, our next President, by Col. H. R. Conwell. Now is the opportunity. The people are ready for it. Address B. B. Russell, Publisher, Boston, Mass. 4w19

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all throat diseases,

USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Put up only in BLUE boxes.

TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by all druggists. 4w19

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Corner of LOCUST and NINTH STS.,

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Convenient to all places of amusement and car lines in the city. No charge to and from the Centennial grounds.

Col. Watson, proprietor of the HENRY HOUSE, Cincinnati, for the past twenty years, and present proprietor, has leased the house for a term of years, and has newly furnished and fitted it *throughout*. He will keep a strictly first-class house, and has accommodations for 300 guests. Terms only $3 a day.

No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

F. M. EAGER,

Would inform the people of

PALMER AND VICINITY

that on and after July 1st, 1875, his prices for Boots and Shoes made to measure will be:

Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
Men's French Calf Pegged Boots,	5 " 6
Men's French Calf Pegged Shoes,	4 " 5

A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

If any lady or gentleman wants a good fit and something that will last, let them call on the subscriber, where satisfaction is guaranteed.

N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for everthing is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

LOOK HERE! My voyage up Salt River has been indefinitely postponed by the press of business.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf

The Journal.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1876.

THE Tilden party find it hard pulling up hill with their load, and when election day is over it will be far from reaching the top.

THE Springfield Republicans have organized for the campaign, and propose to do some heavy work before election. So it goes all along the line. There is an awakening which begins to make the Democracy feel that their cause is hopeless.

EVEN guerrilla Mosby throws overboard the Democratic party in this campaign. He says that the election of a Democratic President would hinder the progress to a settlement of national questions and put the country back in its efforts to secure peace.

AT Poughkeepsie, Thursday, in the free to all race, were entered "Goldsmith Maid" "Bodine" "Smuggler" "Judge Fullerton" and "Lula." The three last horses were distanced on the first heat, and the Maid came in first on each heat, time 2.16¼, 2.18¼, 2.20.

IT is said to be a fact that the crime of murder has decreased in Iowa since the death penalty was abolished. If we were to know the exact motives which stimulate murder, we should probably find out that any law did not have much influence in the committal of murders anywhere.

NOMINATING a candidate for Congress in the tenth district is likely to be lively business this fall. Mr. Spaulding of Northampton, who has been talked of, declines entering the canvas, and there are so many available men in the district that there is some difficulty in making a selection. The people of the district could not do better than renominate Chas. A. Stevens of Ware, who has served a fraction of a term.

FROM the Sioux country come vague rumors of a heavy battle, but nothing certain is known, farther than that Gens. Crook and Terry have effected a junction of forces. Meanwhile reinforcements are moving rapidly toward the Yellowstone, and an extended campaign is expected, as Sitting Bull seems to be in no condition to fight, and will keep out of the way as long as possible, and make the troops hunt him out.

OUT in Iowa they tell some pretty tall stories about the grasshoppers. Near Avoca, on the line of the Chicago and Rock Island R. R., they settled down so thickly on the railroad tracks that it was almost impossible for freight trains to run, and the train men were actually obliged to go ahead and shovel them off the tracks, several trains being delayed six or eight hours by the pests. Fortunately, they are said to be doing little damage to the crops.

AN advance on the price of cotton and woolen goods is one of the good signs for manufacturers and the country. Raw cotton and wool have risen two cents a pound. Cotton goods are rising a trifle, yet the market for cottons and woolens is quite dull, and they barely pay for manufacturing. Twelve per cent. of the cotton spindles of New England are now idle. It is encouraging to know that the manufacturing interest is reviving instead of growing duller.

EVANGELIST Moody was announced to preach in the First Church, Springfield, Tuesday evening; but the church was so quickly filled that an adjournment was had to the City Hall, which was soon packed to overflowing with an audience of more than 3500 persons. Judge Morris introduced Mr. Moody, who read the parable of the talents, and took from it his text, "To every man his work." The immense audience gave him the most respectful attention throughout his speaking.

SOME Springfield bucks recently played a serious joke on Mr. Albert Adams, a well known distiller, having him arrested by sheriff Blair for taking part in the Fourth of July riots, and putting him through a mock trial at the police court room. Now, Mr. Adams proposes to see what he can do about it, and some of the fellows, including deputy sheriff Blair, do not feel so nice about it. Will the police, while looking after the Modoes, take notice of these larger savages?

NEW YORK republicans will take ex-Governor Edwin D. Morgan as their standard bearer in the coming campaign. Evarts was the next strongest candidate of the convention, Mr. Cornell withdrawing his name. The platform adopted is sound on all issues of the hour. Its distinctive features are a declaration that repeal of the promise to resume is repudiation; that the reduction of taxes in the State of New York is due directly to the wisdom and the acts of the Republican Governors and legislatures of the State; and an expression of thanks to President Grant for his public services. On the other side, Lieut.-Gov. Dorsheimer and Abram S. Hewitt seem to be the most popular candidates talked of by the Democrats.

THE police and Modocs (young Irish boys) of Springfield have each declared war against the other, and are arming themselves for offence and defence. The police feel a little "skeered" at the demonstrations of the boys, and already pistol shots have been exchanged. The mayor comes to the rescue of the police, and orders a general arming, and we may expect to hear of bloody work soon. The Modocs—several hundred in number—have probably three or four worthless pistols among them, and will stand a poor chance against the valiant policemen with eight barreled revolvers. With Springfield people this course may be considered necessary and commendable, but to outsiders it indicates something essentially wrong in the management of their unruly juvenile element.

POLITICAL SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

The Boston Herald says: "It really looks as if Gov. Hayes means civil service reform when he says it."

E. D. Morgan, republican nominee for Governor of New York, is a native of Berkshire county, in this State.

Hon. Carl Schurz has been engaged to make several speeches in the German language in Ohio, beginning at Cleveland, Aug. 24th.

A Western Democratic paper admits that Gov. Hayes was a brave soldier and is an honest man; but calls these "negative qualities."

The Prohibitory State Central committee have completed their ticket by nominating Mr. Orin T. Gray, a Hyde Park lawyer, for Attorney General.

The democratic managers have organized a veteran soldier's association, with Gen. Hooker at its figure-head, to counteract the influence of the Boys in Blue, who favor the soldierly Hayes.

It is to the credit of Gov. Hayes that, in his own State, the best men of the Republican party and those disaffected with the present administration are heartily supporting him.—*Boston Herald.*

Gov. Hendricks is said to have decided to take the stump soon. He is expected to be very eloquent in showing how a promise to resume is a hinderance to resumption. He will also touch upon reform, but will be shy of any reference to that troublesome and abrupt animal the mule.

The Oakland Transcript publishes a letter, showing conclusively that in 1862 Thomas A. Hendricks, democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency, was an active member of the secret treasonable order of Knights of the Golden Circle, and as such was a participant in the plot to seize Camp Morton, liberate the rebel prisoners, assassinate Gov. Morton, and give over the State of Indiana to the Southern confederacy.

As it is rather hard times, perhaps some Democrat had better try to secure the following rewards offered by the Indianapolis Journal:

"Five hundred dollars reward will be paid for proof that the Democratic party, as a party, ever contributed to the suppression of the rebellion or preservation of the Union.

Five hundred dollars reward will be paid for any evidence that the party, as a party, was not in full accord and sympathy with the rebels."

TILDEN is having a hard road to travel in his own party. Some of them are tearing off the mask of honesty under which he seeks to hide, and exposing his hideousness. There is no longer any doubt that his reform tactics are simply to catch votes. The Brooklyn Argus, a Democratic paper, opposes him in an article with this tremendous heading:—

"Tilden; a crushing exposure; the impending national danger; a despot and trickster; climbing into the Presidential mansion upon a 'reform' ladder, held on the shoulders of the worst rogues in the nation; the public career of Samuel J Tilden; the Government cheated and laborers fleeced; 'the first railroad ring legalizer;' the head of a land ring, a railroad ring, and a mining ring; the oppressor of the people of the Northwest; extortion and the Granger rebellion; securing relief by smuggling a bill through Congress; the adviser of Tweed's ring; a defrauder of the Government on income taxes; for hard money in 1875, for soft money in 1876; a 'reformer' securing a nomination by packing conventions and suborning the press; what is thought of him by members of his own party."

MICHAEL C. KERR, Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, died at the Alum Springs of Virginia, last Saturday evening. Mr. Kerr was born in Pennsylvania in March, 1827, and was a little more than 49 years of age. He will be mourned as one who in public life was a faithful officer, and endeared to all who knew him by his good qualities of heart and mind. His funeral took place Friday afternoon at his home in New Albany, Ind., where he was held in universal respect. A long procession of Masonic, civil and military bodies followed the remains to the grave.

IN the seventh district Gen. Butler seems to be carrying everything before him, and only lacks 17 of the requisite number of delegates to give him a majority in the nominating convention. His most formidable opponent will be William A. Russell of Lawrence, a wealthy paper manufacturer, and a gentleman eminently popular and of spotless integrity, but who has never been in public life.

THE honesty of Governor Tilden is beginning to come to the surface. It has been shown that he cheated the U. S. Government out of about $250,000 by making fraudulent returns of his income, and now the matter has been laid before the proper officers to prosecute him. We should hardly credit this statement but for particulars given in the matter.

THE coal combination has collapsed under the pressure of hard times, and people should be in no hurry to buy their coal for the winter, as it must be cheaper. The coal companies have had a rich harvest for several years, but their turn comes now, and it is time. Speculating in the necessities of the people is a trade that does not deserve to succeed.

THE Fenians who escaped from the British penal colony in Australia have arrived in New York and been heartily received by their friends, who raised a purse of $5000 to provide for their immediate wants. They give a vivid description of their escape in the Catalpa, the sailing vessel that brought them over, and the efforts for their recapture.

THE Republican campaign will be opened at Worcester on the 4th of September, the day previous to the State convention. Messrs. Bristow, Jewell, George F. Hoar, Chamberlain of South Carolina, George William Curtis, James G. Blaine, Stewart L. Woodford, Harlan of Kentucky, and Ingersoll of Illinois have been invited to speak.

The Whiting Paper Co. has put up a telegraph line between its two mills at Holyoke, at a cost of $600.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

H. P. Holden and family are at the Centennial.

Buy the "Sailor's Dream." Allen & Cowan have it.

Rev. Mr. Tufts of Monson at the Cong. church last Sunday.

Dea. Wilson Brainard and sons are building a cider mill on their farm.

More enlargement—in the way of new shelving—at Mrs. Whitman's.

Chas. E. Dewey has torn away the hedge in front of his residence on South Main St.

Several of our village residences have been "viewed" the past week, by a traveling photographer.

F. B. Perkins, 68 Main street, has received Butterick's paper patterns for the fall of 1876. Take note, ladies.

The schools commence for the Fall term on the 30th—next Wednesday, with some changes in teachers.

Isaac H. Plumley of Westfield will preach at the Advent chapel to-morrow, and doubtless draw a full house.

Mr. John Holland, a railroad superintendent from Terre Haute, Ind., has been visiting friends in town this week.

Henry Jones' barber's shop has received improvements at the hands of the carpenters, in the way of new flooring, etc.

Preaching for St. Paul's church in Wales Hall to-morrow, at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M., by Rev. J. L. Marsh of Ware.

"The Sailor's Dream," G. C. Wheeler's latest piece, is having a large sale, and is commended by the musical papers.

Coal is still selling in this village at a dollar a ton less than Springfield prices, but the usual monthly advance in the price is expected.

Daniel Matteson has a chicken raised this year which has laid 18 eggs and hatched 12 chickens, all of which is a pretty good chicken story.

The Republicans will hold a caucus at the town hall next Friday evening (1st prox) to choose delegates to the Worcester Convention on the 5th.

The little folk will find lots of good reading in the "Wide Awake" for September, just received from the Boston publishers, Messrs. D. Lothrop & Co.

Diphtheria has taken off two children of James Calkins, on the Three Rivers road, within the past two weeks, but we hear of no other cases as yet.

Lots of useful information on a great variety of subjects is bound up in the new book advertised in another column—"The Useful Companion and Artificer's Assistant."

On and after Monday, the extra train on the N. L. N. R. R., which leaves Palmer for Amherst at 8.10 p. m., returning in the morning from Amherst, will be discontinued.

At Allen & Cowan's is exhibited a fine crayon portrait of a fair young face, the work of Mr. Kimball, artist for Ruggles Bros. the Three Rivers photo-copyists. It is worth noticing.

A service of prayer and praise will be held in the Baptist vestry to-morrow afternoon, at half past one o'clock, and also in the evening, at half past seven—the band of "Christian Workers" leading the exercises.

Look out for a rush to the Centennial next month. The two cheapest and most popular routes are via New London (fare $9.60 for round trip), or the Hartford boats, fare $8 for round trip from that city.

The gold watch and chain stolen from a traveler, at our depot, has been discovered at Springfield, where they were offered in pawn by the tramps. The description of the thieves arrived too late to secure their detention.

All young men who will come of age before election should be sure they have been assessed, and as this cannot be done after the 15th of September, all who are in doubt should give the matter immediate attention.

Rev. A. H. Sweetser, who has preached several times for our Palmer Universalists, was robbed of his pocket-book containing $480 at Rockland, Me., by thieves who broke into the house where he was visiting friends.

The Y. P. L. Club has divided up the unexpended balance in its treasury, giving each of its 27 members $1.00 as a dividend. W. A. Weld is the new president, Miss Hattie Cowan, vice president, and Louis Colburn, secretary of the club.

Some of our Palmer horsemen will "take in" the Hartford races next week, as an introductory to the fall meeting of the Springfield club, the week after, and the two days trotting on the E. H. A. S. park, the 21st and 22d of September.

Some hungry fellows broke into a back room at E. Brown's residence, Thurday night, and pretty thoroughly depleted his commissary department, but took nothing else. This is the fourth time he has been visited by midnight marauders, and he feels as though he would much prefer to entertain his guests by daylight.

The Boston Folio, a well-known musical journal, speaks thus of one of our village ladies:—"Miss Annie E. Feeney is the possessor of a voice of excellent quality, which is being fully developed under the instruction of her able teacher Madame Condell. She has been most favorably received by the press and public where she has appeared.

Thirty-seven emigrants from Poland, thirteen families, were taken to the State Primary School last Thursday evening. They started from Poland to join a colony of their friends in Peru. The agent of the company got them through to Boston and deserted them, leaving them penniless. They were first taken to the Tewksbury Almshouse, and then transferred to Monson.

The 27th Mass. Reg't Association hold their annual reunion at Amherst, next Thursday, Aug. 31st., and all surviving members of the regiment are invited to attend. "Rations" will be furnished members free of expense by the citizens of Amherst. The extensive cabinets of Amherst college will be thrown open for the inspection of the visitors and an enjoyable day is anticipated.

A transient boarder in one of our village hotels rather overstepped the bounds of propriety last Saturday, when he went into a room not his own, and locked the door after him. The lady's outcries caused him to reconsider his purposes, whatever they may have been, and beat a hasty retreat. The irate husband, when he returned, had the fellow arrested, but the matter has since been quietly settled, and all is peaceful again.

H. W. Munger is a victim of the concrete fever, and has laid a walk in front of his store, continuing it up to the bridge. Another strip has been laid this week on the east side of Central street, from Main street to Mr. French's block; on Thorndike street the walk is finished from Main to Pine, with a slight prospect of going still farther. An effort to extend the same walk on South Main street is blocked by the holding back of one or two small property-holders.

John Doyle, section master on the N. L. N. R. R., met with a serious accident Thursday forenoon, which necessitated the amputation of his right leg below the knee, Dr. Warren performing the operation. Doyle was on a coal car in the yard, which was being pushed up by a switching engine on which air brakes are used, when the engineer applied the brakes so sharply as to throw Doyle off and under the car, which passed over his limb. He suffered greatly from loss of blood, and also complained of pain in the back, probably caused when he fell, and died about 2 o'clock Friday morning. His funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the Ancient Order of Hibernians, of which he was a member, will attend as a body. Deceased was 28 years of age, universally respected by all who knew him, and leaves a family.

LUDLOW.

William H. Pease of Ludlow is by no means dead, as was reported by the papers last week. There was an event at his house last week, though, and Mr. Pease still lives to trot the new comer on his fatherly knee—by and by.

BRIMFIELD.

Mr. F. A. Hosmer of Woburn and Miss G. A. Woolson of Chicopee have been selected to fill vacancies in the board of teachers at the Hitchcock Free high school. There were 60 applicants for admission at Tuesday's examination.——The public schools commence next Monday.

WARREN.

Rev. Father Romana, on account of ill health, is going to Italy.

Enoch Davis had his pocket picked of about $40 in Springfield, Thursday, while getting on the accommodation train to return home.

Daniel Murphy, 12 years old, ran away from home last Saturday, and was seen Monday morning on the railroad track. His father started to bring him home, when the boy ran down the track toward West Warren. Seeing that his father gained upon him, the lad jumped into the river, struck a rock, and was dead before they could get him out.

THORNDIKE.

Mrs. King from Philadelphia, is enjoying a few week's stay with Col. Stever in her beautiful childhood home.

Mr. Stafford the book-keeper of the Thorndike Co., and William Jerald have been "doing" the Centennial. They came home tired but happy.

The Methodist church at the Four Corners was closed last Sabbath, the pastor being absent at campmeeting. Quite a number of the congregation attended at the Cong. church, to which they were heartily welcomed.

COURT RECORD.

Monday a tramp was before the court for entering the house of Selectman Calkins on South Main street, where he was found after dark. He plead that he had no evil intentions in entering the house, and was let off with a sentence of four months in the House of Correction.

Francis L. Brown was brought up accused of stealing money from a traveler at the depot, while the latter was intoxicated. The justice found the evidence sufficient to justify him in putting Francis under $500 bonds to appear before the higher court in December.

WILBRAHAM.

Rev. M. S. Howard has returned from a three week's vacation.

D. E. Penfield has made his appearance with photograph car.

G. W. Ely has had some muskmelons, one of which weighed 20½ pounds, and measured 41 inches in circumference.

Wesleyan Academy has opened with a smaller quota of students than usual, owing to the hard times.

The Rockets of Jenksville and the Paper Makers of Collins depot played a game on the grounds of the latter club. Score 18 to 6 in favor of the Rockets.

The Glendale Methodists have taken their board-and-canvas tent with them to the Northampton camp-meeting, and show how they have worshipped God under canvas, all summer long, after being turned out of house and home.

BELCHERTOWN.

The Methodists give a concert next Thursday night, with talent from home and abroad, to help them improve the sidewalk and teps of their church.

Bela P. Scarl gathered 83 potato bugs from a single hill one day last week. Between the bugs and the drouth, the late potato crop threatens to be a bad failure.

Daniel Sawin has a heifer, half-breed Jersey, which, when fifteen months and twenty days old, became the mother of a calf, which weighed 70 pounds at birth, and when six weeks old 175 pounds.

Rev. Mr. Whittemore of Brooklyn, N. Y., 60 years ago a resident member of the Belchertown Cong. church, supplied the pulpit last Sabbath in the absence of Rev. P. W. Lyman at the Centennial. Mr. Whittemore and family are summering at the Belcher House.

MONSON.

L. G. Cushman is putting up a new barn 36x30.

Business at Flynt's quarry reminds one of the busy times a few years ago.

Merrick, Fay & Co. are putting in the foundation of a box shop 60x30.

Caroline Deichmann is putting up quite an addition to her store and dwelling house.

The fall term of the Academy commenced on Wednesday, with more than usually favorable prospects.

Theodore Reynolds, A. D. Noreross, and Charles Fowler are hunting and fishing at Martha's Vineyard, the Isle of Shoals, and Old Orchard Beach.

The Skull and Bones club of Monson defeated the Dauntless of Thorndike last Saturday by a score of 34 to 4, S. S. Taft of Palmer acting as umpire. The Dauntless club appeared in their brand new uniform for the first time.

D. J. Donovan of Monson returned last week from a trip for his health. He went to Noank, Conn., from which place he joined a party, and went off in a schooner for a two weeks' fishing trip to Nantucket, caught 2900 fish, and then sailed back, continuing the trip to New York.

A sad and painful accident occurred to Arthur F., the bright, healthy, and only child of Carlos M. and Lina F. Gage, last Monday morning. Falling into a pail of hot water, he was so badly scalded that he died on Tuesday morning. The friends and neighbors deeply sympathize with the mourning parents in their great affliction.

M. F. Bacon of this town, while going from Palmer to Thorndike, last Wednesday, saw a sand poke, or sand-hill crane, by the roadside, and called on Daniel Madison for a gun. The gun proved to be a centennial affair—flint-lock—and had been loaded over a year. It was discharged on the second trial, and killed the bird, which measured 45 inches from tip to tip and was 40 inches high.

In the Scriptures, carriages or chariots are frequently alluded to. When Pharaoh made Joseph governor of Egypt, he made him ride, at his installation into office, in a chariot which was without springs and as uncomfortable as an ox cart; but times have changed somewhat since King Solomon carried on the carriage making business, and modern improvements for ease and comfort are to be had, although it is not every one who can afford his carriage these dull times. Picnic parties, base ball clubs and others will be pleased to learn that L. G. Cushman, of the Cushman House, has recently purchased a mammoth omnibus which will carry twenty-three persons, for the accommodation of the public. And while we are speaking of the improvement in carriages, we might say that Robert Murphy has a boot and shoe manufactory on wheels; so he can "whip the cat" if necessary this winter.

WARE AND VICINITY.

Many of the wells about town are dry or nearly so.

A party of eight left for the Centennial Wednesday night, at 5 o'clock.

The Sure Pops sandwiched a nine of the cricket club Saturday, 14 to 13.

One day this week, not one of the five Protestants ministers was in town.

Rev. Dr. Perkins is away to the Centennial, and will occupy Rev. Dr. Beadle's pulpit, at Philadelphia, to-morrow.

Mike Fallon was brought before the justice, Tuesday, on account of misdemeanor the previous night, but was discharged on promising to keep the peace.

The fire company will appear next Monday evening for a parade drill, clad in their new uniforms. They will march through Main street about seven o'clock.

A pleasing sight Monday night was that of a young lady trying to induce a drunken fellow home and away from the street, but it would be much more pleasing to have the saloons closed, so that the boys could not get drunk.

The fire company were out Monday night for practice, and threw a stream 133 feet, but upon trying again it was almost impossible to force the water through the nozzle, and yet such is Ware's *fire engine.* Well may insurance rates be high.

Bishop O'Reilly of Springfield will be present at the French Catholic church this (Saturday) evening, and to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock and will administer confirmation to about seventy. He will also be present Sunday evening. Sunday afternoon he will administer confirmation to about 120 at Gilbertville. All services are public.

About 50 Democrats assembled in caucus in Music hall, Wednesday evening, and chose the following delegates to the convention at Worcester, Sept. 6th: Charles S. Robinson, O. B. Owen, P. Keefe, George S. Marsh, and P. H. Monahan; also a town committee to serve for the ensuing year, as follows: C. S. Robinson, E. J. Clark, Geo. S. Marsh. A motion was made to organize a Tilden and Hendricks club, and P. McMahon C. S. Robinson, Edward Mooney, John Kennedy and Henry Fairbanks were chosen a committee to secure a room in which to hold the meetings, and John Fitzgerald, Henry Hitchcock and Fred. W. Farrar a committee to obtain signers to the petition for a Tilden and Hendricks club.

A ST. LOUIS CLUB.—They have formed an "Anti-treating Club in St. Louis, and this is its platform: 1. No man shall spend money at any time to buy cigars, beer, wine, whiskey, or intoxicating liquors of any kind, for his own sex other than himself. 2. No man shall, under any circumstances or at any time, accept from any person what is commonly known as a "treat," be it cigar, beer, wine, whiskey, or anything that the word "treat" implies. 3. We furthermore pledge ourselves to use all honorable endeavors to have the price of beer reduced to three cents, believing it to be in conformity with the general reduction in all branches of business.

HORRIBLE INCEST.—M. N. Bruns of Portland, Me., has been arrested for incest committed with his two daughters. The oldest is married, but he has compelled her to submit to him for the last six years, until the son-in-law discovered the fact and had him arrested. She has had three abortions committed. His wife had a child by another man while he was in Australia, and this child he also debauched with the full knowledge of his wife, who did not dare say anything on account of her own guilt.

A NOVEL CASE.—A young man who was engaged to be married recently committed suicide in Cincinnati, the mother of the damsel whom he was to wed brought in a bill against his estate of $128 for board, and $50 for wedding expenses incurred by the prospective bride. The court allowed $100 of the account, and the matter was finally settled by the payment of $85.

The national bank in Spencer is now one year old. With a capital of $150,000 it has had an average deposit since Jan. 1 of at least $90,000. The net profits during the year have been $13,810, of which $4093 has been applied to the premium account, and $2000 carried to the surplus fund, the balance standing as individual profits. The bank has not lost a dollar as yet, and does not hold a piece of overdue paper.

The Amador (Cal.) Ledger asserts that a garden of forty acres yields its owner, Wm. Avala, three miles from Jackson, Amador county, $3000 a year net profit. He purchased the tract eleven years ago for $100. His fruit crop this year will aggregate 100 tons.

A servant girl in New York is charged with having set fire to the crib in which her mistress' babe was sleeping, and also to some clothes in the hall, during the absence of the child's mother. The babe was slightly burnt.

Some light tin pans, set up on edge to dry in the sun at Bridgehampton, L. I., Friday last week, reflected the heat with such intensity as to set fire to the roof of a building upon which the sun's rays were focussed.

In Fall River five children were found by the police Friday evening who had been without food 48 hours. The mother had money given her to get bread, and got drunk on it.

About $1000 were subscribed at the Advent camp grounds near Springfield Friday for Southern missions, and seven persons were baptized in the river at Double Hitch.

The Chicago Irishmen are talking of raising $100,000 to establish a daily Irish paper in that city.

ALL 'ROUND THE COUNTRY.

Soaping railroad tracks is a diversion of Western hoodlums.

The announcement is made in a Tennessee newspaper that "the farmers there are suffering much from hog cholera."

The finest bottle of port wine at the Centennial from Portugal, and which was sixty years old, was sent by the jury to Com. Vanderbilt.

When a Canada girl loves she does love. In a breach of promise suit the other day, it was shown that a young lady wrote to her lover eight times per day.

A Virginia lady, whose husband died years ago, has since that time, with the aid of six daughters, successfully cultivated a farm of over 200 acres.

Fred Harmon, a Milford boy about four years of age, had one of his legs so badly injured by being run over on the Boston and Albany railroad on Saturday that it had to be amputated.

The hard times are felt even more in the smaller German towns than in this country, and it is estimated that over 200,000 Germans have of late gone into France for work.

A gentleman in Dorchester, N. B., took a drink of ammonia, mistaking it for ginger ale. He came near choking to death before he could be relieved.

Winchendon has a curiosity in the shape of a child five years old, which weighs only six pounds, having gained but four and a half pounds since it was born.

Curtain Rose, aged 85, who was burned with Masonic honors at West Suffield, Conn., Sunday, was one of the oldest Masons in New England, and the last of the founders of Apollo Lodge in Suffield, which was organized in 1819.

A serious shooting affray occurred at East Douglass on Sunday morning. Frank Marcy shot Thomas Dwyer, inflicting a dangerous wound. The men had been together drinking during the night and Marcy had gone home. Dwyer went to Marcy's house, raised a disturbance in the yard, it was claimed, and Marcy fired the shot from his window. Marcy is under arrest.

Two Baltimore policemen have been dismissed for being seen in a drinking saloon.

During the present century it is estimated that 200,000,000 copies of the Bible have been distributed.

A broken harness let a load of Westboro girls into Lake Chauncey with a rush. Happily, nothing further occurred than a general demolition of bustles and starch.

The Sioux are said to have got their name from an old due-bill for $10 given by one of their chiefs to a man named Smith, whose name was abbreviated to S. The due-bill thus read, S., I. O. U. X.

The Maine Agricultural Society offers $2550 in premiums for horse trotting and $6 for wheat and corn. The horse crop is the important one down there.

OUTRAGED.—A young Irish girl named Annie Brennan, was sent from a Springfield intelligence office to fill a place as servant in a Chicopee boarding house. At the depot she inquired the way to her destination, and some young fellows offered to show her up, and instead lead her into an out-of-the-way place, where two or three of them ravished her, but fled on the approach of a watchman. She rode about town with an officer the next day and identified two whom she thought were implicated. One of these she afterwards positively identified, and he is now awaiting trial.

ANOTHER FRAUD EXPOSED.—Many have seen the flaming advertisements in some of the Boston papers recently of a chance to make $20,000 by guessing correctly on the weight of a "veiled beauty," whose photograph would be sent on receipt of a dollar. It is now proved that the whole thing was an imposition, the "beauty" a woman of the town, and the enterprising manager now languishes in jail, awaiting trial for maintaining a lottery. All the stock in trade, books, 1150 photographs, etc, were seized by the police.

A WOMAN'S CRIME.—At Manchester, N. H., last Saturday, the body of a boy was found on the sidewalk, and an investigation seems to prove that a woman named Mary Lynch killed him with a hammer and then threw him out of the window, in a fit of passion because he provoked her. She declares her innocence, but a bloody hammer found in a closet of her room tells strongly against her, and she is under arrest.

The constable of a Berkshire town notifies the inhabitants thereof that, by virtue of a warrant issued to him by the selectmen, he is "ordered to kill or prosecute all owners of dogs that fail to get them licensed." That ought to induce them to walk up and settle.

The tide of travel to Mount Tom this summer is unprecedented, as many having already visited it this season as in the whole of 1875, when about 4000 ascended that lofty peak. The average daily attendance this month is about 80, with 150 some days.

Mr. Moody returned a check sent him by some of his Greenfield friends as a compensation for his services there on Tuesday, with the request that he might be allowed to labor in Greenfield for the pleasure it affords him to do so.

The Hampshire County Commissioners have decided to expend about $400 in addition to that expended last year in protecting the Hadley meadows opposite Northampton from the washing of the Connecticut river.

Two freight trains collided near Chatham village station, N. Y., Thursday. Charles Seryver, engineer of the "Caspian," was seriously, and it is believed fatally, scalded by escaping steam.

A New Hampshire paper says there are 2000 deserted farms in that State, and that homes for that number of families can be readily supplied, provided they are willing to work.

CENTENNIAL CHIPS.

The President and Mrs. Grant visited the exhibition, Thursday.

The Corliss engine at the Centennial has been bought by a European firm.

The local press estimates the number of persons on Fairmount Park last Sunday at two hundred thousand.

The Californians have made elaborate preparation for a grand festival on the 9th of September, which will be the twenty-sixth anniversary of the admission of the State into the Union.

In accordance with the plan of representing each of the original states at the Centennial on different days, Gov. Rice and council have fixed on September 14 as the Massachusetts day.

The Indian specialties from Arizona, Colorado and New Mexico are pottery and woolen goods, and a remarkably fine exhibit is made. Most of the pottery and stone-ware is very ancient, from the Moquis ruins.

The school of Chinese youths from Connecticut, numbering 113 boys, arrived on the exhibition grounds Tuesday morning, accompanied by teachers and attendants, and spent most of the day inspecting the exhibits in Machinery Hall and the Main Building.

With the various restaurants business is lively. During the last three months, five of the principal eating establishments inside the grounds have sold over two hundred tons of bread, two hundred tons of beef, ham and fowls, ten tons of fresh fish, and over two hundred thousand gallons of beer, besides other eatables and drinkables in like proportion.

THE FASHIONS OF THE HOUR.—There seems to be a sort of Providence guiding the fashions of the present season. The ladies were never more appropriately dressed than now—never more economically arrayed. The hats cost next to nothing. Everything is in fashion that anybody chooses to wear. Some of the Fith Avenue damsels wear hats that cost 30 cents. They are banged up this way and banged up that; and the more outre the more genteel. Some are worn like a French chapeau; some like an inverted milk-pan; some are skewered on to the back of the head; some bend down over the nose; others are sugar-loafed. Then they are bent in the crown. The most popular are the "Kiss-me-if-you-dare" style. Nearly every house has closets full of unfashionable silks, satins and alpacas. The reigning fashion to have four or five styles in one suit brings everything into play. It is fashionable to have both sleeves alike, but the sleeves and the dress bear no relationship. In color and material they have no connection with the dress. The skirt may be satin, silk, alpaca or empress cloth. The overskirt according to the fancy or ability. The gloves have no match for the dress. A fashionable outfit may be made up from a dozen different garments. It is quite popular now for young ladies in boarding schools to make up their own millinery, especially their hats. The ladies have a new hat once a month. The old article is only revamped and turned with a new twist and a new curl. If it was tipped up behind, that is let down and it is tipped up before. The right hand side is loosened and the left hand side rolled up, or vice versa. Fashion, that imperious dame, was never as considerate and merciful as now.

The Selectmen of Athol are making arrangements to put in fifty hydrants, and they are to be put in at every street corner and between the corners where the distance requires. One hundred men are employed on the new water works and many of them are mill operatives, thrown out of employment at the mills on account of low water. An old inhabitant thinks that Miller's river has not been so low for twenty-one years.

The autumn number of Vick's Floral Guide, just out, has interesting articles on "Autumn Work in the Garden," and "Window Gardening," with several illustrations; together with the usual amount of timely information. James Vick, Rochester, N. Y., will send the Guide for a year on receipt of 25 cents, and you can easily get your money's worth in one number.

The National Forest Convention will be held Sept. 7th and 8th, at Sea Grove, Cape May Point, N. J., under the auspices of the American Forest Council. Parties visiting the Centennial can take advantage of reduced fares by boat and rail from Philadelphia to the grove; also, reduced hotel rates. Address Edmund H. Knight, Cape House, Sea Grove, N. J.

Over $100,000 damage in an area of 30 square miles, was done by a storm of wind and rain which swept over Western Missouri, last Saturday evening, destroying dwelling houses and shops, damaging railway bridges, uprooting large trees, and damaging crops. Three or four persons were more or less injured.

The publisher of the Watchman (Baptist) announces that he will send it to any new subscriber from the time the money is received to the end of this year for One Dollar! This is the best bargain of the season. Eight pages of first-class reading matter each week for five cents! Send for it. Address, The Watchman, Boston, Mass.

Ex-Postmaster Jewell started his campaign work with a forcible speech last week at Bridgeport. He sees very clearly that reform is the leading issue. The only question for voters is as to which side is likely to bring about genuine reforms, and this must be judged from the record and the candidates.

Business must surely be stagnant at Amherst, for the record tells us that "thirty-nine cents stolen in one day will ruin any business in town." They have just had a case of misplaced confidence where the defaulter took just that amount. What the man's politics were is not stated.

A venturesome Yankee has won a wager of $4000 by making a voyage from Boston to Detroit via the Atlantic, St. Lawrence, and the lakes, in a skiff weighing 160 pounds. He made the the trip in 109 days, having 14 days to spare.

The Fire Record.

Fire destroyed a frame barn at East Haven, Conn., and six horses, 10 harnesses and a quantity of hay were consumed. Loss $3500.

James O'Rourke's house and barn at Paddock's Village, St. Johnsbury, Vt., was burned Thursday; loss $2000, insured half.

Six oil cars, containing 12,000 gallons of lubricating oil, were burned Thursday evening at Reading, Pa., on the East Pennsylvania railroad; loss several thousand dollars.

Heather & Allison's saw-mill and salt-works, near East Saginaw, Mich., were burned Thursday; loss $40,000. The mill had been idle a year.

William H. Bierd's sash and blind factory at Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned Wednesday night; loss $25,000, insured for $8500.

Preston & Irwin's cotton and woolen mill at Manayunk, Pa., was damaged $15,000 worth by fire, Thursday, but it was fully insured.

The warehouse and paint-shop of the Marietta chair company at Parkersburg, W. Va., was burned, Wednesday night, and the factory building was badly damaged; loss about $25,000, insurance unknown.

Two brutes met in the prize ring in Delaware Wednesday, and in nineteen minutes they fought twenty-one rounds, the younger animal pounding the face of his older antagonist into a jelly. There is a whipping post in Delaware, and it is a pity the two roughs were not subjected to its tender mercies.

A serious strike of the employes on the New York & New Jersey Railroad is reported, non-payment of wages being the cause—some not having been paid for four months. The grocery and provision dealers refuse further credit, and some of the families are said to be almost on the verge of starvation.

By a railroad accident on the New Orleans and Jackson R. R., near Jackson, Miss., Tuesday morning, four persons were killed and sixteen wounded. Very heavy rains had weakened the foundation of a bridge, which gave way under the train and caused the accident.

The finding of a skeleton in a box at Cape Elizabeth, Me., caused great excitement in that town recently. It finally turned out that Dr. Holt had dissected the body and placed the bones in the box and the box in the stream, so that the water would whiten the bones.

The most profound writer on the Indian problem who has yet appeared is the Western editor who made this sententious comment:—"The Government has saved a million dollars—sunstroke killed an Indian in New York."

Michael Allen, a Brooklyn, N. Y., politician of some note, was shot on the street and dangerously wounded Thursday night, while talking with friends, by one Thomas Shanly, whose motive for the deed is unknown.

Mrs. Prof. George Prentice, who it will be remembered received such severe injuries by a fall from "Purgatory" rocks in Sutton, last July, died on Wednesday.

A new Republican campaign paper has been started in Boston, under the name of the "Centennial Campaign."

Agricultural Fairs for 1876.

Hampden East—at Palmer, September 21 and 22.
Hampden—at Springfield, October 3 and 4.
Union—at Blandford, September 21 and 22.
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden—at Northampton, October 5, 6 and 7.
Highland—at Middlefield, September 14 and 15.
Hampshire—at Amherst, September 26 and 27.
Franklin—at Greenfield, September 28, 29 and 30.
Deerfield Valley—at Charlemont, September 21 and 22.
Berkshire—at Pittsfield, October 3, 4 and 5.
Housatonic—at Great Barrington, September 27, 28 and 29.
Hoosac Valley—at North Adams, September 19, 20 and 21.
Worcester—at Worcester, September 21 and 22.
Worcester West—at Barre, September 28 and 29.
Worcester North—at Fitchburg, September 26.
Worcester Northwest—at Athol, October 3 and 4.
Worcester South—at Sturbridge, September 14 and 15.
Worcester Southeast—at Milford, September 26, 27 and 28.
Middlesex—at Concord, September 28, 29 and 30.
Middlesex North—at Lowell, September 26 and 27.
Middlesex South—at Framingham, September 19 and 20.
Essex—at Danvers, September 26 and 27.
Norfolk—at Readville, September 28 and 29.
Bristol—at Taunton, September 26, 27 and 28.
Bristol Central—at Myricks, September 13, 14 and 15.
Plymouth—at Bridgewater, September 20, 21 and 22.
Hingham—at Hingham, September 27 and 28.
Marshfield—at Marshfield, October 5, 6 and 7.
Barnstable—at Barnstable, September 19 and 20.
Nantucket—at Nantucket, September 6 and 7.
Martha's Vineyard—at West Tisbury, October 3 and 4.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of intentional fraud.

A GOOD chance presents itself to those in want of boots and shoes at Fay's, Springfield. Their summer stock of boots and shoes, which is the largest in Springfield, is offered to the public at low prices for cash.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LYON'S KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray, renews its growth, and gives strength and vigor. It is delightfully perfumed, and makes a splendid dressing. It is the cheapest and most desirable Hair Tonic ever produced. Used by the elite. Price only 50 cents. 1y3-26

Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus.—Universally acknowledged the best in use. Each pound bears the name of JAMES PYLE. None genuine without. 1y12t

Jaundice and Biliousness.—Who knows a good remedy for these disorders? We are assured ATWOOD'S VEGETABLE, PHYSICAL, JAUNDICE BITTERS will effect a speedy cure. They have never failed to satisfy all who have used them for Jaundice, Dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. Beware of imitations. The genuine has private proprietary stamp of Manhattan Med. Co., proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO, New York, Wholesale Agents. 4w10

ALL persons afflicted with Kidney Disease, Pain in the Back, and all Urinary Diseases, Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Nervous Debility, in either sex, should at once take HUNT'S REMEDY.

Mothers can secure health for their children and rest for themselves by the use of Castoria, a perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely harmless, and is as pleasant to take as honey. For Wind-Colic, Sour Stomach, Worms or Constipation, for young or old, there is nothing in existence like it. It is certain, it is speedy, it is cheap.

Caked Breasts, Rheumatism, Sciatic, Swellings, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Burns, Scalds, Poisonous Bites, and all flesh, bone and muscle ailments, can be absolutely cured by the Centaur Liniments. What the White Liniment is for the human family, the Yellow Liniment is for spavined, galled and lame horses and animals. 13w21

BORN.

At Braintree, 17th, a son to Rev. T. M. EMERSON.
At Ludlow, 11th, a daughter to WILLIAM H. PEASE.
At Fiskdale, 16th, a son to FRANK W. WIGHT.
At Springfield, 18th, a daughter to E. B. MAYNARD.
At West Springfield, 16th ult., a son to HENRY C. DAVIS.

MARRIED.

At Three Rivers, 23d, by Rev. T. A. Leete, GEO. L. SHERMAN of Warren and CLARA E. SHAW of Palmer.
At Warren, 14th, by Rev. S. J. Austin, CHARLES S. NORRIS of Salem and LIZZIE EDDY.
At Northampton, 12th, LUTHER PAGE of Brattleboro, Vt., and HANNAH TOOME; 16th, LOUIS RUSHFORD and HANNAH DALTON.

DIED.

At Palmer, 25th, JOHN DOYLE, 28, section master on New London Northern R. R.
At Palmer, 22d, JAMES, 6, 15th, ADELBERT, 4, sons of James Calkins.
At Palmer, 9th, DELLIE GEORGE, 3; 22d, JAMES WESLEY, 7, sons of James W. Calkins.
At Brimfield, 21st, PENUEL PARKER, 83.
At West Brookfield, 20th, JONATHAN ALLEN, 60.
At Springfield, 17th, Mrs. GRACE ATCHINSON, 56, RICHARD H. PARISH, 37.
At Chicopee, 18th, DWIGHT ADAMS, 27.
At Holyoke, 18th, MARY M., 40, wife of T. L. CURRAN.
At Belchertown, 19th, CLARA F. TOWNE, 30.

THE undersigned would hereby give notice that he has given his son, Frank S. Cushman, his time, and he will collect no bills nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.
JULIUS A. CUSHMAN.
Ware, Aug. 21, 1876. 3w21

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Will be sold at public auction, at the house formerly occupied by William Soule in Wales, on Tuesday, the fifth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described personal property, to wit: A certain mortgage of real estate with the note secured thereby, given by Esek Luther to William Soule, late of said Wales, deceased, to secure the sum of five hundred (500) dollars, payable on demand, with interest annually. Said mortgage bears date December 20, A. D. 1854, is recorded with Hampden registry of deeds, book 173, page 479, and covers that parcel of land in said Wales known as the William Soule place.
ANSON SOULE, Adm'r.
West Brookfield, Aug. 24, 1876. 2w22t

To Publishers.

Wanted, by a PRINTER and NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER of ample experience, a position as editor and business manager of a Republican newspaper; can also take entire charge of a printing establishment; best of references. Address "NEWSPAPER," Palmer, Mass. *21tf

Please state in what paper you saw this advertisement.

ALL FOR $2.

THE USEFUL COMPANION AND ARTIFICER'S ASSISTANT

Containg full and complete instructions in the arts and sciences of

TELEGRAPHING—READING BY SOUND.
BOOK-KEEPING—by both DOUBLE and SINGLE ENTRY.
HARMONY—as relating to Sacred Music, exhibiting and explaining the construction of all the principal chords.
THOROUGH BASE—playing sacred music from figures, enabling the performer to play four parts by looking at two.
TUNING THE PIANO-FORTE, REED ORGAN, MELODEON and SERAPHINE, with suggestions for detecting and discovering defects.
FERROTYPE AND TIN-TYPE PICTURES, method of taking them.
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS AND FRUIT, LEAF PRESSING—How they are made and preserved, &c., &c., &c.

This is the Largest, Handsomest and most Useful book ever published.

Size 8½ by 6 inches and contains 700 pages.

Profusely illustrated, is handsomely bound in cloth, with gilt back and sides, and is one of the most valuable works ever produced.

A great amount of useful information for INVENTORS, MECHANICS, &c., will be found in these pages. It contains nearly

600 VALUABLE RECIPES AND FORMULAS, adapted to every trade, profession and occupation in Christendom.

Extensive and useful tables, or READY RECKORS, are inserted for the use of MACHINISTS, METAL WORKERS, ARTISANS, &c., &c.

Patents, and how to obtain them.

Full instructions in regard to them are given.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND CULINARY, also the MEDICAL departments, have received great attention, and these alone are worth many times the price of the book.

No one book that has ever been published "since the world began" has contained as large an amount of General Information and Instruction of practical every day use to everybody.

Every farmer, every mechanic, every apprentice, every family, should have a copy. Much of the information contained in this work has been obtained at a large outlay, and with a great deal of difficulty.

VALUABLE TRADE SECRETS

heretofore unpublished are now printed for the first time, and many of them will be found of great service. This is the

FASTEST SELLING BOOK EVER PUBLISHED.

Agents can double their money by selling it. Sold by subscription only.

Special territory will be given to Agents.

PRICE $2.00 ONLY.

Single copies will be sent by mail, post-paid, upon receipt of price.

☞ For particulars and confidential circular, address

THE EMPIRE STATE PUBLISHING CO.,
2itf 713 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By license of the Probate Court for the county of Hampden to Caroline M. O'Byron, guardian of Mary Ida O'Byron of Wales, will be sold at public auction, on the premises described below, at two o'clock p. m., on the 8th day of September, 1876, the following described real estate, to wit: The interest of said ward in the farm and buildings formerly owned and occupied by Michael O'Byron, late of Wales, deceased, situated in said Wales, on the old road leading from Wales to Brimfield and described in a deed given by Calvin Shaw of Wales to said Michael O'Byron, and recorded in the Hampden registry of deeds, book 141, page 359.

Terms made known at time and place of sale.

CAROLINE M. O'BYRON, Guardian.
Wales, Aug. 8th, 1876. 3w20

PALMER Fancy Goods Store

E. L. DAVIS,

Having removed to his new Store in French's Block, on Central Street,

IS PREPARED TO SHOW FULL LINES OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES,
TIES, HAIR GOODS,
BACK COMBS, CORSETS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUTTONS, BRAID,
HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Neck Rufflings, Collars and Cuffs,

AND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES.

New Store! Complete Stock! Special Prices!

Palmer, March 25, 1876.

SEWING MACHINES! SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds for sale at LOW PRICES.

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main St., Palmer.

REMINGTON,	"DOMESTIC,"
SINGER,	VICTOR,
WILSON,	WHEELER & WILSON,
FLORENCE,	HOWE,
WEED,	AMERICAN,

And any other in market.

Sewing Machines of all kinds.
REPAIRED, RENTED OR FOR SALE.
On easy Monthly Payments at PERKINS' Agency.

EVERYTHING in the Sewing Machine line can be had at PERKINS' Agency.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS at PERKINS' Agency

F. B. PERKINS, 68 Main Street.,
PALMER, MASS. 6m2

THE SMITH American Organ

IS THE LEADING INSTRUMENT FOR CHURCHES, CHAPELS, CONCERT HALLS, and for PRIVATE HOUSES.

Sold Low for CASH or on MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.

Also, Agent for LIGHTE and ERNST Celebrated Grand Square PIANO FORTES.

J. S. LEEDHAM, Agent,
69 Main Street, Palmer, Mass.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN ss. PROBATE COURT.—To all persons interested in the estate of James Dimmick, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, M. W. French, trustee under the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the third account of his administration of said trust;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said trustee is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.
3w19 SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

FOR SALE!

A GOOD HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS, IN THIS VILLAGE.

Good barn, wells, orchard, etc., on the place. Will be sold low if applied for soon, and easy terms of payment given. For further information apply at the JOURNAL Office.

☞ Also, A NEW HOUSE, in good locality.
Palmer, July 28, 1876. 18tf

DONDORF'S GUM LABELS,

Every Size and Style,

In quantites to suit purchasers, and at manufacturer's prices, at the JOURNAL Office.

G. M. FISK & CO.
Palmer, July, 1876.

SURVETUS LEACH,
HOUSE CARPENTER & JOINER,

Shop on Park street, Palmer, Mass.

Having put power into my shop, I am also prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, Scroll Sawing, Rabbet Door Casings and Jamb, and make Casings, etc. All work promptly attended to. ☞ See sign on east end of Tockwotton House. 19tf

DID YOU TRY THE RICE FLOUR TOILET SOAP?

If not, do so at once. It is splendid for summer use—mild, wholesome, and elegantly perfumed, just what is wanted to overcome the natural oil which exudes from the body. Sold everywhere. Made only by ROBINSON BROS. & CO., Boston. 2m16

DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, ss: Palmer, Aug. 5, 1876.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Warren Shaw of Wales, Mass., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.
3w20 CHARLES L. GARDNER, Assignee.

WANTED!

To hire on shares, or trade for, a small farm within a few miles of Palmer. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, Jan. 25th, 1876.

ENVELOPES!

ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.

Printed to order, At the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DR. HIGGINS' ORIGINAL AND GENUINE MEDICINES

are owned and controlled by us. BUY THE GENUINE and beware of imitations.

DR. HIGGINS' ANTALGICA

is acknowledged to be the best PAIN-KILLER of the age for external or internal use.

THE INDIAN COUGH BALSAM

is not surpassed for the cure of coughs and colds. If you want a medicine to purify the blood,

BUY DR. HIGGINS'

SCROFULA AND CANCER SYRUP.

We are also proprietors of some TWENTY OTHER KINDS of Dr. Higgins' Remedies.

ALLEN & COWAN.
Palmer, Mass., 1876.

Pianos, Organs,

or any other

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT,

of any style or make will be furnished by the subscribers at lowest rates. We are special agents for the

GUILD & CHURCH PIANO,
And the ESTEY ORGAN!

The ESTEY leads the world in sweetness of tone and style of finish. Call and examine.

ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

THE NEW ENGLAND

CATARRH REMEDY

is one of the best remedies for the speedy cure of CATARRH known. It is making its mark wherever used. Call and buy a bottle of the proprietors,
ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL FINDINGS, At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

Chamois Skins,

and a fine lot of SPONGES of all grades just received at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SHEET MUSIC!

A large supply of NEW MUSIC just received. ANY MUSIC WANTED obtained at short notice, at
ALLEN & COWAN'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS find the Largest and finest assortment of DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES kept in Western Mass., at ALLEN & COWAN'S.

500 VOLUMES CHOICE BOOKS —IN— 38 ALLEN & COWAN'S Circulating Library.

BIBLES—All sizes and prices!
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

SPECIAL ORDERS! For any book, piece of music, patent medicine, or anything else you may want, that may not be in stock, promptly ordered at shortest notice,
38 At ALLEN & COWAN'S.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

S. W. SMITH & CO.

Wish to inform the public that they have opened a CASH STORE in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all people who wish to buy

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES

FOR CASH. We shall endeavor to suit customers both in quality and price. We do not propose to give our goods away, but intend to sell them as low as the same can be bought elsewhere.

Respectfully, S. W. SMITH & CO.
Palmer, April 25th, 1876. 5tf

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—HAMPDEN ss. PROBATE COURT.—To all persons interested in the estate of Lyman A. Nelson, late of Palmer, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Eleanor M. Nelson, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of her administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Palmer, in said county, on the second Tuesday of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administratrix is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once a week, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the last publication to be two days at least before said court.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said court, this sixteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.
3w21t SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

ATTENTION!

I would respectfully call the attention of the people of Palmer and Vicinity to my

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Nassowanno Block, opposite the Depot. My stock consists of first-class goods of all kinds and every description, with prices to suit the times. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Yours respectfully,
T. J. SULLIVAN.
Palmer, June, 1876. 15tf

NEW MARKET.

MR. DODGE respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new market in French's Block, on Central street. A large and fresh stock of the best

MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

and CANNED FRUIT constantly on hand. Your custom solicited. Promptness guaranteed.
E DODGE.
Palmer, Dec. 17th, 1877. 38tf

PIANO TUNING!

Pianos and Organs TUNED and REPAIRED by an experienced workman from Boston manufactory. Orders left with ALLEN & COWAN, Palmer, will receive prompt attention. 10tf

75,000 BRICK FOR SALE!

In large or small quantities. Enquire of
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

TO LET!

The house near Blanchardville known as the Geo. P. Blanchard house.
S. S. TAFT.
Palmer, July 6th, 1876. 15tf

DR. C. T. STOCKWELL,
DENTIST,
SPRINGFIELD, Mass
Office, 274 Main St., Shaws' Block. 1y4-26

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 5l

G. H. CURTIS

Has bought for Cash, and at less than cost production,

$10,000

Worth of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING, and proposes to sell the same for Cash and at UNHEARD OF PRICES, in the next

60 DAYS.

Read a few of his prices and be sure you bring the list with you, as all goods are marked in plain figures. Railroad fare paid, in money, both ways on reasonable amount of goods bought for Cash. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED, or money refunded.

308 Main St.,

SPRINGFIELD, - - - - - - MASS.

GOOD THINGS.

Those Goods Curtis has just received in

MENS & BOYS' SUITS

AND WHITE VESTS,

And customers that have been in the Corner Clothing Store say

IT PAYS

To buy your goods of G. H. CURTIS. He warrants all goods as represented or money refunded, and his prices are always under the market.

CURTIS Sells $3 White Vests for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Vests for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for 75 cents.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.
CURTIS Sells White Shirts for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Boys' White Shirts for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Fancy Shirts for 90c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Socks for 10 cents.
CURTIS Sells 2 Gent's Handk'fs for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Pants for 75c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Linen Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Thin Coats for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Suits for $3.50.
CURTIS Sells Children's Suits for $1.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $8 Pants for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $6 Pants for $3.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $4.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Suits for $9.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Single Coats $5 to $7.
CURTIS Sells Gent's $4 Pants for $2.
CURTIS Sells Boys' Pants for $1.50.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $12.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Coat and Vest for $7.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $6.
CURTIS Sells Youth's Suits for $8.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 10c.
CURTIS Sells Gent's Caps for 25c.
CURTIS Sells Pants for 50c.
CURTIS Sells Hats for $1.00.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.
3m14

HARDWARE!

MECHANICAL AND

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

Pocket and Table CUTLERY

EMPIRE WRINGERS.

Lead Pipe,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Zinc.

FEED CUTTERS AND CORN SHELLERS.

PAINTS, IRON AND STEEL,

All at Very Low Prices

GEORGE ROBINSON.
Corner Central and Pleasant Sts
Palmer, April 1, 1875.

PAINTING.

H. W. HOLDRIDGE

would respectfully inform the citizens of Monson and vicinity that he is again to attend to all orders in his line. Orders by mail or in person will receive prompt attention.
Monson, May, 1876. 6m8

NOTICE.—FOR SALE!

One Second-Hand ($150.00) PIANO, Rosewood Case, reliable maker. Apply at the JOURNAL OFFICE.
Palmer, June 1, 1876. 10tf

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels, for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness,

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer,
3m11 Salem, Mass.

PALMER IRON FOUNDRY,

The undersigned having succeeded C. C. SHAW, are prepared to make all kinds of Machinery Castings, Iron and Brass. We have a MACHINE SHOP in connection with the Foundry, which enables us to do all kinds of FINISHING and JOBBING at short notice.

CAST IRON SINKS A SPECIALTY.

EDGERTON & DAVIS.
Palmer, Nov. 1, 1875. 32tf

FOUND!

A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, which the owner can have by calling upon A. V. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, July, 1876.

Notes on the International Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 27, 1876.

BY REV. B. M. FULLERTON.

Honest Industry.—Prov. vi, 6--22.

V. 6. A study of God's works will teach many a valuable practical lesson. The ant is a wonderfully diligent and active worker.

V. 7. Solomon speaks after the common opinion of his time in not attributing any leader to the ant. She works from the love of it.

V. 8. The moral lesson is just as good whether the ant only gathers for daily use and hibernates in winter, or collects a surplus in summer upon which she lives in winter. In either case she shows great industry. Her store is made by harvest time.

V. 9. If men did not work in the early morning in the hot climate of Palestine, they did not work at all.

V. 10. Yet the lazy are here supposed to sleep in the morning. The sluggard begs longer quietude and self-indulgence. Folding the hands is putting them in a state of inaction and rest. This verse is an answer to previous questions.

V. 11. These are the consequences. Poverty comes as one who moves with the highest speed; nay, as a mounted robber, or an Arab highwayman on his swift steed, rushing upon one without notice, swiftly as the wind. Idleness *quickly* brings poverty. It acts, too, as a destroyer.

V. 12. The wickedness here described is that of guile, treachery and secret combination. A worthless man is a bad man. To be useless is to be wicked. To be froward-mouthed is to be perverse. The wicked man plots artfully and conceals his designs from his victims.

V. 13. "The Orientals are wonderfully proficient in making communications with each other by means of signs and gestures with the eyes, the hands, and the feet." Every one's memory will supply examples of like doings among intriguers.

V. 14. "He deviseth." He is an architect of mischief. He stirs up contentions between neighbors and friends. This is his habit.

V. 15. These are the results of perverse and fraudulent dealings which stir up strife. The evil which awaits is without remedy. It comes unexpectedly. Society cannot endure such crime. God cannot always delay his judgement upon it.

V. 16. The Hebrews frequently begin with one less than the full sum intended and then add one as the sign of completion. Seven is a favorite number and indicates fulness. This enumeration was probably to aid the memory.

Vv 17. 18, 19. First, lofty eyes—breathing contempt for our neighbor's interest and welfare; second, the lying tongue, which you cannot trust, or which if you do it is at the cost of bitter disappointment; third, hands shedding innocent blood; fourth, a heart devising evil plans and plots; fifth, feet swift to run unto evil; sixth, a false witness, which differs from the lying tongue only in the circumstances, the latter suggesting a court of justice or a case of special importance; seventh, the sower of discord; all these are violaters or violations of the law of love to our neighbor and are hateful to God. All intelligent creatures are held to love and good will towards each other. For God rejoices in the happiness and weal of all men. God is under obligations to His own grace and love to do all he can to secure the happiness of all. He can do everything except to compel the human will. He must then abhor those whose malice would frustrate an object so dear to Him. Here it is implied that the sin of sowing discord among brethren is as hateful to Jehovah as the six other sins which He had most emphatically denounced.

V. 20. A great protection against sin, especially that of adultery, which is the prominent subject throughout the remainder of the chapter, is keeping the commandments of a father and heeding a mother's law.

V. 21. These are to be kept continually in the eye and close to the heart.

V. 22. Parental counsels will be a safe guide to our way; a shield from danger by night; a sweet companion in waking hours.

GOOD THOUGHTS.

Sickness of body is often health of soul.

Some rather reflect truth than practise it.

Against the fickleness of fortune oppose a bold heart.

He is not so good as he should be who does not strive to be better than he is.

Govern your thoughts while alone; your words while in company.

A man's character is to be estimated by his goodness, not by his wealth.

Be always at leisure to do good; never make business an excuse to decline the offices of humanity.

Spend the day well, and thou wilt rejoice at night.

In the morning think what thou hast to do; and at night ask thyself what thou hast accomplished.

There are but few who know how to be idle and innocent. By doing nothing we learn to do ill.

Defer not charities until death; he that doeth so is rather liberal of another man's wealth than of his own.

Avoid as much as you can the company of all vicious persons whatever; for no vice is alone, and all are infectious.

Firm faith and true honesty are not to be forced by necessity, nor corrupted by reward.

The true spirit of religion cheers as well as composes the soul. It is not the business of virtue to extirpate the affections of the mind but to regulate them.

Though it be a truth very little received, that virtue is its own reward, it is as surely an undeniable one that vice is its own punishment.

How unreasonable it is, to begin to live only when we can live no longer! That man does not live as he should, who does not live every day as though it were his last.

VEGETINE

PURIFIES THE BLOOD, RENOVATES AND INVIGORATES THE WHOLE SYSTEM.

Its Medical Properties are

ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT AND DIURETIC.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal Complaints, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald-head and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Compliants, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leuchorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration, and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness' Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet [illegible] It is a great panacea for our aged sleep at n[illegible] for it gives them strength, fathers and mothers, [illegible] them nature's sweet quiets their nerves, and gives [illegible] sweet per-steep—as has been proved by many an [illegible] son. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegetine. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your, friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

VEGETINE for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? VEGETINE will cure these complaints.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentleman—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with salt rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw I had got the right medicine. Consequently I followed on with it until I had used seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. To benefit those afflicted with rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Pas. Agt. Mich. C. R. R.,
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VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

1m21

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Successor to

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All now selling at Reduced Prices.

JAMES D. GILL,

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN R. R.

On and after Monday, July 17th, 1876,

Trains going south leave Palmer for New London, 8.15 a. m., 2.15, 6.35 p. m.

The 6.35 p. m. train connects at New London with boats for New York, landing at pier 40, North River, making this a desirable route for passengers going south and west.

GOING NORTH.

Palmer for Belchertown, Amherst, Miller's Falls &c., 8.20 a. m., 2.05 and 6.40 p.m., connecting for Montreal, and for Amherst at 8.10 p. m.

8.20 a. m. train connects at Barrett's Junction with trains on S., A. & N. E. R. R.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Supt.
New London, Conn.

July 13, 1876. 1tf

MONSON SAVINGS BANK,

MONSON, MASS.

Office at the Monson National Bank.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, JUNE 1, 1872.

DEPOSITS received from ONE DOLLAR to ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and put on interest the first day of each month.

DIVIDENDS are made in April and October.

All dividends, if not withdrawn, are placed on interest AT ONCE, and allowed to accumulate until the deposit amounts to $1,500.

All taxes are paid by the bank.

BANK HOURS from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.

CHARLES H. MERRICK, President.
E. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK,

PALMER, MASS.

PALMER SAVINGS BANK OFFICE, Allen Block, Palmer, Mass.

ENOS CALKINS, President.

Vice-Presidents.

H. F. BROWN, E. BROWN, P. P. POTTER

JAS. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

LEONARD GREEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—G. M. Fisk, H. P. Wakefield, S. R. Lawrence, M. W. French, R. L. Goddard, J. S. Loomis, Ira G. Potter, J. B. Shaw, Joshua Tracy, A. Norcross, E. G. Murdock.

DEPOSITS put on interest the first of each month. All deposits strictly confidential.

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Calendars.	Orders of Dances.
Cards.	Posters.
Circulars.	Programmes.
Certificates.	Price Lists.
Commercial Printing.	Postal cards.
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CAR-LOADS AT WHOLESALE

DOORS, Sash, Brackets, Scrolls, MOULDINGS &c., at very low Prices.

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Nov. 17, 1874. 25-38tf

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SHIPPING AND MERCHANDISE

TAGS!

At the lowest prices and at short notice. We keep a large stock constantly on hand.

G. M. FISK & CO.

Palmer, June, 1875.

U. S.

PIANO CO.,

810 Broadway,

New York.

MAKE

ONLY ONE STYLE,

AND HAVE

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Sent on Trial.

NO AGENTS,

NO DISCOUNTS,

NO COMMISSIONS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.

MAILED FREE.

18tf

NEW STORE.

The subscriber has removed from his old stand to the store formerly occupied by F. J. WASSUM in

NASSOWANNO BLOCK,

Opposit Depot, where he has constantly on hand a very large assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

CHINA, CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

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PLATED WARE,

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

He can offer this season even more than his usual variety of

PAPER HANGINGS!

And other goods in his line.

☞ All kinds of PLAIN and DECORATIVE Paper Hanging, Fresco Papering, Whitening, &c., done to order.

E. J. WOOD,
Under NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, April 1, 1875.

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From the best English and American manufactories at panic prices. Remember this.

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Twenty different patterns of good economical Stoves and Ranges, including the celebrated Guarantee Range, at very low prices.

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T. & R. Root's celebrated White Granite, together with several other good makes, very cheap.

In FACT, we are prepared to furnish a house complete with every quality of goods at wholesale prices, either for cash or easy weekly or monthly installments.

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AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES,

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NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

We would call attention of purchasers of Paper Hangings to our large assortment of Bronze, Satin and cheaper goods, comprising

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PAPER HANGINGS from 5c to $10 per Roll.

FRESCO DECORATIONS.

The improvement the last two or three years in Fresco decorations is such that, with the finest goods, work equal if not superior to Fresco painting can be done at much less COST and much less trouble. We make a specialty of

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ROOM MOLDING, MOLDING HOOKS,
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Our assortment of Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

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WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE.

WHITNEY & ADAMS,

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M. FOX

would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has re-opened the

RESTAURANT & DINING ROOMS

in the basement of the Commercial block, lately occupied by L. A. Nelson, and Frank Wood, where he will be happy to wait upon all of his old customers, and many new ones who may desire anything in his line.

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND FAIR HAVEN OYSTERS,

FRUIT and NUTS, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Also, good board by the day or week.

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Palmer, Jan. 7, 1875. 45tf

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No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors.

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Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patent, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges."

JOHN TAGGART.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1876. 1y

GEORGE W. RANDALL,

AUCTIONEER & DEPUTY SHERIFF,

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Palmer, Jan. 9th, 1875. 45tf-25

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No bar has ever been kept in the Henry House, nor will any be kept at the Peabody. 3m9

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PALMER AND VICINITY

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Men's French Calf Sewed Boots,	$7 to $8
Men's French Calf Sewed Shoes,	6 " 7
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A good assortment of Men's Calf Boots constantly on hand, all of my own manufacture, at from $4 to $5 a pair. Repairing neatly done at short notice. Yours truly, F. M. EAGER, Palmer, Mass.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

A nice-fitting boot or shoe is conducive to comfort, and is the pride of every gentleman. The best place in town where your foot can be fitted, and a pair made for you that will please in style and fit, is at the old boot and shoe shop of the subscriber. Any style and any material that you may wish can be procured. The PRICES ARE LOW, when the excellence of the work is considered.

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N. B.—Repairing done at the lowest possible price and in the best manner; but don't forget your pocket-book, for overthling is CASH. A fine stock of Sole Leather, French Calf and Findings constantly on hand and sold at lowest prices.

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CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, Jan. 27th, 1876. 44tf